

THE MODERN LIBRARY of the World's Best Books

THE POEMS PROSE

AND PLAYS OF

ALEXANDER PUSHKIN

The publishers will be pleased to send upor

request an illustrated folder setting forth the purpose and scope of THE MODERN LIBRARY and listing each volume in the series Every reader of books will find titles

be has been looking for bandsomely printed in unabridged editions and at an unusually low price

THE POEMS,

PROSE AND PLAYS OF

ALEXANDER PUSHKIN

Selected and Edited with an Introduction

BY AVRAHM YARMOLINSKY



NEW YORK

COPYRIGHT 1936 AND RENEWED 1964 Natable Duddington's translation of Pushkin's The Captain's Daughter 2 Differentiation of a Manage of the Colored in this volume is taken from Persyman a Labrary THE MODERN LIBRARY is published by Randon House Inc BENYETT CFRI

Manufacti red in the United States of Americs h H W off

CONTENTS

Introduction

I LYRICS AND BALLADS

I

	IKANSUALED BI	
Old Man	Babette Deutsch	51
To Chaadayev		51
To N N		52
Gay Feast		53
A Nereid		53
Grapes		54
"Ive Lived to Bury		
My Desires	Maurice Baring	54
The Lay of the Wise Oleg	Thomas B Shaw	55
The Coach of Life	Babette Deutsch	58
With Freedom's Seed		59
Epigrams		59
Beneath Her Native Skies		60
Winter Evening		60
The Prophet		61
Message to Siberia	Max Eastman	62
Arion	Babette Deutsch	6,
Three Springs		64
Remembrance		6.1

7

	CONTENTS		
Casual Gift The Man I Was of C The Upas Tree Portrait	Tn.	ette Deuts	8¥ ch 65
Lovely Youth I Loved You C			65 67
Here's Winter Stanzas To he Poet			67 68 68
Madonna Elegy My Critic, Rosy-Gilled For One Law	Constance Babette I	Garnett Deutsch	70 71 72
Verses Written During a			72 73 74
On the Translation of the Ilia "Abandoning an Alien County Work	ď	7	4
J When in My Arms" No Never Think" Autumn	.y 	75 75 76	
Funeral Song	4	77 77 78	
"Tis Time, my Friend Secular Power	"	8 ₊ 8 ₃	
	4	8 ₄ 8 ₅	

CONTE	NTS	Vii
	TRANSLATED BY	
Pure Men, and Women Too	Babette Deutsch	85
In Vain I Seel to Flee		86
"When, Lost in Thought		87
Unto Myself I Reared a		
Monument	*	88
Notes		89
II NARRATI	VE POEMS	
Poltava (from Canto III)	Babette Deutsch	93
The Bronze Horseman	Oliver Elton	95
Notes		109
Eugene Onegin	Babette Deutsch	111
Notes		303
III FOLK	TALES	
The Tale of the Pope and		
of His Workman Baldà	Ohver Elton	315
The Tale of the		
Golden Cockerel	Babette Deutsch	32
IV DRAMATIC	C WRITINGS	
Boris Godunov	Alfred Haves	333
The Covetous Knight	A F B Clark	411
Mozart and Salieri		428
The Stone Guest		438

VIII	COLTENTS		
	V PROSE		
The Tales of Bel	Lin		
Editor's Forew	ord Avrahm ?	t armolinsky	461
	TRA	NSLATED BY	
The Shot		T Keane	472
The Snowstorn	n		488
The Undertake	er		504
The Postmaste	r		514
Mistress into I	Maid .		550
The Queen of S	nades		556
Kırdjalı			590
The Captain s D	aughter Natalie	Duddington	599
Omitted Chap	ter		728
Unfinished Stori	ies		
The Negro of	Peter the Great	T Leane	777
Dubrovsky			787
Egyptian Night	s		876

POSTSCRIPT INDEX OF TITLES

The Works of ALEXANDER PUSHKIN

NOTE

The verse translations with few exceptions, keep to Pushkins metre and rhyme scheme. In particular it should be noted that the version of Eugene Onegin is strictly faulful to the form of the original. The date placed at the end of each piece refers to the year when it was composed. In some instances it has seemed de sirable to indicate as well the year when it was first published. Aside from Eugene Onegin the contents of each section are arranged. Inronologically

INTRODUCTION

ĭ

QUARTER of a century after Pushkin s death a Russian critic wrote Pushkin is our all The na hilists were a dissenting voice but with this exception the acclaim of the poet as the supreme embodiment of the national genius has been universal. In time it be came usual for his compatriots to regard him as the peer of the foremost artists of the West ranking with Shakespeare, Michelangelo Beethoven If the rest of the world has not been persuaded to accept this esti mate it allows that Pushkin is a literary figure not to be ignored. And yet abroad he is the least appreciated, as he is the least known of the major Russian authors The reason for this is not far to seek. His chief medium was verse and furthermore verse that singularly re sists translation since it is lacking in imagery and is innocent of intellection relying for its magic on pre cision clarity and a verbal felicity as palpable as it it difficult to convey There is something in Pushkin i poetry irrespective of its substance as Tschaikovsky observed which enables it to penetrate to the depths of the soul-that something is its music

The transvaluation of values that came about with he revolution in altering the approach o Pushkin served only to enhance his reputation and his popularity. The coming centenary of his death has brought out the fact that both Sowier Russia and the Dispersion are eager to claim him for their own. To the emigres he is a Find of palladium the symbol of the nations cultural tradition now temporarily in eclipse and the pledge of its renewal. To those at home in the new

regime he is equally a national figure, in fact has officially been proclaimed such but with a difference.

In 1800 on the occasion of the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of Pushkin's birth, an under ground revolutionary organization issued a leaflet in which it repudiated him on the grounds that he was never a friend of the people but a friend of the Czar, the gentry the bourgeoisie Such an attitude is now regarded as dangerously purblind. The new society, seeing itself as the heir of all the ages, accepts him as a precious part of its patrimony In connection with the centenary active efforts are being made to bring the coet to the attention of the masses Millions of copies of his works are being printed both in the original and in the various languages of the Union Critics are busy commenting on them graphic artists are illustrating them composers are setting them to music producers are staging his plays and his tales in dramatic form and for some time a Pushkin hour has been an ob ligatory feature of radio programs. His writings are looked upon as the proper pabulum for youth and as the model for young authors. Under the hammer and sickle, as under the double headed eagle exegesis and research center upon the poets life and works so that the already monumental body of Pushkin scholarship grows apace

The new Russia as did the old reveres in him the free few Russia as did the old reveres in him the hierary language and fathered its literature. But it just this delight in him in new ways. He is found to be as congenial with the present social order as he was for merly felt to be with the old Pushkin has always been the object of a cult, and by the same token a figure around whom legends clung. Today in its cruder form the legend runs that he was a rebel poet whose valunt Nuse never ceased to do battle against tyranny.

and who perished at the hands of an assassin, the tool of a reactionary clique. More responsible interpreters represent him as one who though not a man of the masses feat with them by reason of his deep humanity and had their emancipation at heart as a writer whos, work possessed a buoyant life affirming quality expressive of the attitude of a rising social class as an author who progressed from a personal lytricism to an objective realistic art as a good European a citizen of the world a Renassance man with nuiversal interests as a free spirit unhampered by skepticism and mys turism rejoicing in the clear light of reason and combating however indirectly the powers of darkness

The foreign reader in making his response to Push kin has one advantage over the poet's comparinots the innocency of the eye. True what meets this eye is only a pale reflection of the original Nevertheless the verse and prose chosen for this volume will it is hoped enable the outsider to discover for himself something of the enchatment that Pushkin has exercised over his countrymen. The essay that follows is not so much a critical appraisal as a bare outline of Pushkin a story. The work may have more meaning when one knows a little of the man behind to

1

11

ALEANDER SERGEVEVICH PUSHINN was born on June 6 (May 26 OS) 1759 in Moscow On his fathers sude he came of an old well-connected family which had long been living beyond its means Through his mother he was descended from the Negro of Peter the Great, Ibrahim Hannibal who seems to have been the son of an Ethiopian princeling Hannibal married a Balto-German gentlewoman by whom he had eleven children one of them being Push kins material grandfather. The poet was rather proud

of his sux-century-old lineage and he also liked to refer to his African origin, on one occasion speaking with sympathy of the fate of those he called my brother Negroes Whether or not this evone strain in his heredity had anything to do with his sensual tempera ment and his keen feeling for rhythm must remain a matter of consecture

Like most of the gentry the Pushkins were more Gallic than Russian in their culture French was spoken in the home the children's tutors were apt to be French and so were the books on the library shelves. Their contents were the intellectual fare of little Alexander an impulsive rather precocious child with a phenomenal memory. The home atmosphere was not unfavorable to the boy's literary interests Among the people who came to the house were prom ment men of letters. The father dabbled in French verse and one of the uncles had something of a reputa tion as an author Even the servants wooed the Muse His knowledge of the vernacular and his intimacy with native folklore Pushkin owed chiefly to them since they had charge of him most of the time. The parents were fashionable pleasure loving people, and the mother the beautiful Creole was rather flighty Neither took much interest in the four children they had brought into the world least of all in Alex ander He seem to have formed no emotional ties either with his father or his mother. At heart he re mained all his life a free spirit, hampered by his weak nesses rather than encumbered by pieties fillul or other

At the age of twelve the boy entered the Lyceum at Tsarskoe Selo (now Detskoe Selo) the Russian Ver sailles This exclusive boarding school intended to form future bureaucrats was housed in a wing of the Great Palace and enjoyed the Emperor's special protection

On the teaching staff were some men of note and the French instructor curiously enough was a brother of Marat The curriculum included besides the human ties some courses in political economy and natural law but the goal of this education was the gentleman rather than the scholar Pushkin spent six unbroken years in this genual establishment where he formed en during friendships In fact his schoolmates stood him in lieu of family and home. An indifferent student he profited chiefly by his reading of Voltaire and of the gayer and more elegant poets of the French Enlighten ment. He also dipped into the Latun classics though as he confessed later: he preferred Apuleius to Cicero

Literature was in vogue at the I yeeum Pushkin could hardly recall the time when he was not writing verse first in French then in the vernacular His earli est work in Russian was a long poem modeled on La Puccille d'Orleans Naturally he contributed to the manuscript maj azines edited by the pupils He turned out a solemn ode now and then but for the most part he scribbled anacreonitic lyrics epistles and wintful elegies madrigals and pastorals all derivative stuff, but couched in an unusually fluent and graceful style The epigrams which he tossed off early won him the reputation of a wicked wir He had just turned fifteen when he leaped into print with a poem While still at school he began to be considered the hope of Russian literature by a group of advanced young writers who met occasionally to poke fun at their stodgy (ders Never did recognition come more easily to an author

The crotte strain in Pushkin s early verse was more than a literary manner He was as premitting indice is meleties. His amatory carere began while he was still wearing the schoolboy's blue uniform with the red collar. He is said to have shared the manly pleasures of the hussars stationed in the town. His contacts with

these officers may have encouraged both the libertine and the liberal in him for the army was then the seat of opposition as the universities were to be in a later generation Moreover the L) ceium was near enough to the palace for familianty to breed contempt. The school publications sometimes contained shafts direct ed against the august person of the Emperor himself

Upon graduation from the Lyceum in June 1817
Pushkin received a nominal appointment in the For
ein Office The hot-blooded youth promptly began to
sow his wild oats with zest He drank gambled fought
duels attended the ballet—and the ballerinas—and
above all was a martyr to sensual bove, with dire
consequences to his health and rather slender purse
If wa are to credit a poem of this period this hideous
descendant of Negroes pleased youthful beauty by

If we are to credit a poem of this period this hideous descendant of Negroes pleased youthful beauty by the shameless fury of desire. All these distractions did not hinder him from composing verse He was beginning to write from experience, and his style was taking shape. In those days, however he was best known for his saucy engigams aimed at high dignitaries of Church and State including the Czar and as the author of a few civic poems deploring the evils of serfdom exioling liberty and fulminating against training A certain section of the cultivated public was then squared by the political unrest which led to the formation of secret societies and was to culminate in the conspiracy of December 18.5 so that sallies against the easiting regime were apt to be warmly received. It is noteworthly that his radicalism went hand in hand with an advocacy of the rule of law as against an arbitrary autocracy.

He was also working on and off at Ruslan and Lud mils a long narrative poem. It was completed in March, 18.0 and published three months later. In it wif this playful tale of a princess spatched away from the bridal chamber by a magician and eventually rescued by a knight was a puerile performance but its appearance was something of an event. The republic of Russian letters then a diminutive country indeed had for some time been split into two hostile camps. The and who was to become Minister of Education, sought to rid the literary language of foreign elements and preserve its traditional connection with the archaic tongue of the Church bool's They championed the dignified and decorous classicism of the preceding cen-tury A school of younger and more gifted writers adopted the new style They sought to modernize and secularize the language bringing it nearer to the speech of polite society. They cultivated a less solemn speech of polite society. They cultivated a less solemn variety of classicism and were receptive to romantic influences. Pushkins poem, severely attacked by the die hards was a finning example of the new poetics and contributed to the triumph of the progressive. The common reader was charmed by its light tone and felicitous lights. For years Pushkin was known as the singer of Ruslan and Ludmila. Glinka's opera was to enhance the popularity of the tale

н

WHEN the little book in its colored paper cover made its appearance, its author was no longer in the capital. The previous month he had been trainsferred to the South to serve under General Inzov the administrator of the colonies set up in the sparsely populared provinces of New Russia. This was deportation in disguise Early in 1820 Pushkin had been driven to the thought of suicide by the rumor that he had been subjected to the intolerable indignity of a flogging by the police Apparently imagining that overt punishment would rehabilitate him he behaved in a provoluging manner.

thus forcing the authorities to take steps against him. He was leaving Petersburg in a mood of mingled rage and relief. He had wearied of dissipation, and cule came as a release. He carried with him a letter in which the Forciga Minister recommended him to his new superior in these terms. Deprived of fihal attach ment he could have only one sentiment a passionate desire for independence. There is no excess in which this young man has not indulged as there is no perfection which he cannot attain by the high excel lence of his talents. The letter further stated that the culpits solernily promised to renounce flus errors? forever and that his future now depended on the success of the General's good counsels.

General Inzov did not burden the entant terrible enter with counsels or official diuse. Instead, he lodged and boarded him gave him frequent leaves lent him money and when he was forced to put him under domestic arrest for his escapades visited the prisoner and entertained him with talk of the Spanish revolution. Pushkin stayed for a while at YeAsterno.

lav (now Dneproperiovsk) and for two years at Kishinev There is a story that he joined a camp of gypaics and wandered with them over the steppes of Southern Bessarabia. It is certain that he travelled with some ansitocratic friends in the Northern Caucasus and in the Crimea spending several sunny weeks on their estate which was situated on the enchanted southern coast of the peninsula. He spent equally happy weeks on another friend's estate near kiev where he came in touch with several men who were to play a leading part in the Decembrist conspiracy. Here his time was divided between demagogical discussions—as he put it and champagne dinners. There were few but charm in, women including the beautiful and complaisant bostess. He continued to fall in love with all the pretty

women in sight although at least one of his flames be lieved at this time that his sole devotion was to the Muse

At first he rather enjoyed his new situation A main with his literary upbringing could not but delight in the classical associations which clung to tha outer fringe of the Mediterranean world where fate had east him He liked to think of himself as a scond Ovid lost among barbarians. But before long evile began to pall. There was the boredom and the penury the absence of cruitized amissements like the cheater the lack of m tellicitual companionship and of creature comforts. Such lines as I we lived to bury my desires would point to moods of utter dejection. As his stay in the accursed town of Kishinev lengthened he chafed more and more under the burden of his banishment. He soon slipped back into his old dissipated habits. In other ways too he proved unregenerate. His poem,

The Dagger written in 1821 to celebrate the slaying of Caesar and of Kotzebue is on a par with the bold est political lyrics of his earlier days. To an extent his puerile bravado his impudent escapade. his sartorial evitavagances his cynicism were now a protest against the constituted authorities of whom he felt himself to he the virtim.

He drew a breath of relief when in the summer of 1823 he was ordered to join the staff of Court Voront 20v Governor General of New Russia at Odessa The busy picturesque seaport contrasted favorably with the dusty landlocked Bessarbain enty For a while he enjoyed the sun and the sea and among other amenities the Italian opera the theatre and the oysters at Ottons But he was soon complaining, about his stiff ing Assute jail and forming plans of escape A new trouble was now added to the old ones he

A new trouble was now added to the old ones he did not get on with his superior The Governor Gen eral had little regard for the genius of his humble subordinite. He began by offering him patronage which the touchy poet found insulting. Then the Count at rempted to force him to perform his official distinct Pushkin was outraged, he was not a Government clert, but a professional author. True, he received an annual salar 1 of 700 rubles, but he considered this a convict's keep rather than a civil servant is emolument.

He tendered his resignation Count Vorontzov had for some time been making florts to rid himself of the troublesome fellow. He may have been partly moved by jealousy for Pushkin had fallen in love with the Countess among others And then the authorities got hold of a letter of his in which he said he was taking lessons in pure atheism from a deaf Englishman and that the doctrine though disagreeable was most plausible Real punishment was in order. He was expelled from the service and rdered to betake himself to the family estate at Mik iadovskoye in the province of Pskov and to live there i definitely under the surveillance of the police and the ecclesiastical authorities. The disguised banishment vas now an open one. He shook the dust of Odessa trom his feet in August 18-4

The tour cars spent in the South enriched his experience and stimulated his growth as a writer. Working as he did by fits and a six he managed to produce a considerable amount of verse. Literature was be grinning to count as a source of income for a man constantly in need of money. Some of his lypics reveal the influence of Andre Chenier. His verse shows more clearly the effect of his reading of Byron, with whose work he became acquainted during this period. There was much in Pushkins situation to feed a romantic malaise and a romanuc revolt against the convenions of society.

Byron's imprint is clearly recognizable in the verse narratives that he was then writing. The Caucasian Prisoner the earliest of the so-called Southern Poems is the story of a Carcasian gril who falls in love with a Ru san prisoner and drowns herself after helping him to escape Another has to do with the love of a Tartat khan for a Polish princess his prisoner and her death in the harem at the hand of a rival. The Gypsies relates the story of a young man who fleeing civilization, joins a gippy camp kills his rival for the favors of Zemphira and herself as well and is expelled from the tribe. The Brother Robbers like so many works of the period remained unfinished and is indeed a mere fragment of what was to be a long tale about out laws. These poems cortain remote echoes of Rous seauism (Pushkin was a reader of Jean Jacques) and exhibit that sensitiveness to nature in its more evotic aspects that mood of aristocratic misanthropy and world weary trustesse that are associated with Byron ism

Among the longer pieces completed in the South was The Gavriliad which is believed to have been written in 1821 during Pission Week. It is a bawdy burlesque of the Annunciation which manages to be blasphemous and ribidd in a bland graceful eighteenth century manner. Ever since the Lyceum days Pushkin had occasionally lapsed into risque verse.

His romanticism did not go very deep. He was not a rebel by nature but by force of circumstance He managed to patch up a peace with life and as he sobered down his writings came to take on a realistic character Some of the ideas and predilections that he retained through life indicate however that for all his kinship with the eighteenth century he belonged to a romantic generation To contemporaries at least he was the Byron of Russia. He was described as

such by an Englishman writing from St Petersburg on Christmas Eve 1829

ΙV

ARRIVING in Mikhailovskoye in August, 1824 the poet found himself in the bosom of his family. The homecoming was scarcely like the return of the prodigal. The elder Pushkin undertook to assist the local marshal of the nobility in exercising official surveil lance over the young man which involved, among other forms of espionage opening his correspondence. As a result there were volent scenes after one of which the father made the charge that Alexander had raised his hand against him Pushkin was in despair a fortress jail, a monastic prison would be better than this domestic hell Fortunately the father put an end to the intolerable situation by removing himself and the rest of the family to another estate, thus leaving the field clear to his unnatural son.

The latter remained alone in the shabby little manor house surrounded by Grandfather Hannbals old fashioned furniture For company he depended partly on the servants and especially on his old nurse who would entertain him with folk tales during the long winter evenings. He lived in the house like a guest taking no interest in the affairs of the estate He walk ed and rode horseback a good deal visited the country fairs and liked to mingle with the beggars who chanted the Russian equivalent of spirituals at the gates of the local monastery. He avoided the gentry, except for one neighboring estate, where there was a houseful of women. He played whist with the lady of the house, teased one of her daughters and firtted with another. Eventually both the monter, and the elder daughter fell in love with him and quarrieled over him. He was himself infatusted with a noce a married wo

man In a farnous lyrac clinited by the affair he des crified her as the genius of pure beauty, but several years fater in a private communication in which he casually announced his conquest of the lady, he spokof her as a Babylonan harlo: He also hed an affair with a serf girl, which resulted in her pregnance. Whether the child was actually born and if so what became of it is one of the few things concerning the poet which the legion of Purhkinists have so far been tinable to ferre our

For the first time he had a chance to work steadily free from the usual distractions. Always keenly aware of the gaps in his education he read a great deal par titudarly in Russian history and he wrote. He began by completing. The Gypnes. He had brought from Odessa another unfinished manuscript the first two chapters of a novel in wer e Eugene Onegin which he had begun at kishinev Since he was, as usual in great need of money he issued them in two separate volumes and went on with the tale at his lessure. To the list of his long narrative poems he added. Count Nulin. a skit in which he annused himself by porody sing. The Rape of Lucreee.

The lynes of this period illustrate the breadth of the poets sympathies. He took pleasure in adapting for eign material and he liked to set hi stage with properties from other times and countries. On one occasion he spoke of himself as the Minister of Foreign Affairs on the Russian Parnassus. He turned into Russian several stanzas from Orlando Furino paraphrased some verses of The Song of Sonics, and composed a group of poems on themes botrowed from the Koran It is possible that at the end of his stay at Mil Tailov sloope he wrote. The Prophet suggested by a passage in Issaih. This lyne bodies forth the romantic notion of the poet as the divinely impriced acties. Generations of

24

Russian readers have felt it to be one of the most

Superb examples of noble utterance in the language
During his rustic captivity Pushkin made a new
departure in composing what he described as a romanue tragedy Boris Godunoi. It was completed in the late autumn of 18.2 He is said to have written a comedy in French at the age of twelve and he never ceased to take the liveliest interest in the theatre. There is a dramatic element in his narrative poems particu larly in The Gypsies That he should next attempt a play in verse was a logical step Borts Godunov is a dramatic chronicle dealing with the initial phase of Russia's Troubled Times at the close of the sixteenth century It is not however a work of political import The upheavals of the period merely supply the mate rial for a drama of personal ambition. The principle of autocracy is not called in question-both the elective Czar and the Pretender speak and act in its name. The treatment of the collective character "the People is typical of an age when even extremists looked askance at the idea of a popular rising. The dramatist attributes to the populace a deep seated moral instinct but he sees it also as easily misguided unconscious of its might a blind unpredictable somewhat dangerous ciant

In writing his play Pushkin hoped to give the native stage a new orientation. The theatre in Russia had been dominated since its inception by French classic ism. He believed that the popular laws of Elizabeth an drama suited the Russian temperament better than the courtly habit of Racine's tragedy. Accordingly he deuberately patterned his work on the system of our father Shakespeare He read the plays, be at noted in a French translation in Boris Godunos the Aristotelian unities are disregarded the action does not revolve around a single hero tragedy and comedy are commingled and occasionally colloquial prose in trudes upon the stately blank verse. Blank verse itself was frowned upon as not sufficiently dignified and was indeed soon to be literally outlawed by the directors of the Imperial theatres

Pushkin did not influence Russian dramaturgy as he had hoped. In fact he did not even make a real contribution to the native repetitory. He produced not a Shakespearean piece, but a series of loosely connected scenes dramatically ineffective and difficult to stage Although the censor reported favorably on Boris God unov finding that the spirit of the whole was "mon archistic, the text was withheld from publication until 1831, and the first attempt to produce the play which was made nearly forty years later proved a failure. It remained a closet piece, and as such is held in high esteem because of its magnificent poetry. Its stage reputation it owes to the fact that it furnished the libretto for Musorgsky's opera as edited by Rimsky Norsakov.

The writing of the play gave Pushkin a sense of ac complishment. Further his life at Mikhailovskoye of fered other satisfactions. It held the simple pleasures that he described in the fourth chapter of Eugene One gin And yet this charming spot was after all but 7 prison and his days were fettered days. This banish ment was more inksome than the earlier one. Again the thought of expairitation haunted him. He would stelle in Western Europe he would fee to Greece to America Before the end of the first lonely year he was pet utoning the emperor to allow him to go abroad for his health. Instead he was permitted to visit the neighboring town of Pskov.

On November 19 (OS) 1825 Alexander I died For a while there was uncertainty as to which of his two brothers was his legitimate successor. The secret societies, of which there were two decided to take ad vantage of the confusion and carry out a military coup d état to the end of establishing a constitutional mon archy or possibly a republican government. It is said that when the news of the Emperor's dea h and the rumor of the rising reached Pushkin he decided, on the spur of the moment to rush to Petersburg He had not been a member of either of the societies it may be that his triends who did belong considered him too flighty to be counted on or that they wished to spare him the danger or perhaps his own prudence pre vailed Besides his enthusiasm for liberty had cooled It is probable however that had he been in the capital he would have joined the insurgents on the impulse of the moment. The fact is that the exile did not break bonds On the eve of the rising he was completing his neat and frivolous Count Nuhn and he spent the fateful December fourteenth as though it were any other day. He was safe at Mikhailovskoye during the subsequent months when the Decembrists were being rounder up and tried and he was still there when on July 13 (OS) five of the rebels with one of whom he was fairly intimate, were hanged

The failure of the conspiracy could not but sober him further He was now inclined to regard the exist ng order as a necessity. He sincerely wished to make his peace with the government An influential friend advised him to be patient he low and write well in tentioned pieces like Bosis Godunov for although the authorities knew he was not implicated manuscript opies of his poems had been found in the possession of most of the conspirators. He obeyed furning in wardly at his protracted solation and true to concent trate on Eugene Onegin. In May he petitioned the new Caar for permission to reside in Moscow or Petersburg or to go abroad assisting his monarch that

he had no intention of opposing the accepted order. Some days later he was writing to a friend that if free dom were restored to him, the would not remain in Russia another month adding. We live in a sad age but when I picture to myself London railways steam boats English reviews, or Paris theatres and brothels my god forsal en Mikhailovskoye bores and enrages me

Summer came and went and still there was not change in his situation Finally early in September a special government courser arrived in Pskot to excort him to Moscow in great haste Was he to be clapped into jail or his so many of his friends deported to Siberia? He did not know that the government had just received a favorable report on but from a special agent who had investigated him On reaching the capital Pushkin was immediately taken to see the Emperor Exactly what passed between the poet and the autocrat is not known. The outcome was that Push kin s banishment was brought to an abrupt end

Whether or not it is true that on being questioned by the Czar Pushkin sind frankly that had he been in Petersburg he would have appeared on the Senate Square with the rebels it is certain that he promised to be a loyal subject thereafter There is little doubt that at the time he suncerely admired Nicholas as a man and believed in his greatness as a ruler and a patriot Shortly after his release from Mikhailovskoye Push hin penned a memor on popular education at the Czar's request Here he expressed the hope that those who shared the ideas of the conspirators had come to their senses and that the brothers and friends of those who had perished would perceive the necessity of the punishment and forgive it in their hearts On the mar gin of the original manuscript Pushkin twice dieva gallows with five men hanging from it He may have

writing to his imperial master. Just the same he [Pushkin] is pretty much of a good for nothing but if we succeed in directing his pen and his talk, it will he useful

In April 1829 when war with Turkey broke out, he asked permission to join the army but was refused Grand Duke Constantine Paylovich wrote to Bencken dorff that the poet was guided not by patriotism but dorn that the poet was guited tools particularly by the desire to infect the young officers with his immoral principles. He applied for leave to go abroad and was again refu ed. That he was in spite of every hing still a suspect character was brought home to him with particular vividness when the police dis covered in the possession of a certain army officer a manuscript poem of his with an inscription seeming to though Pushkin explained that the lines had been written before the conspiracy the State Council even tually made him sign a paper declaring that he would submit all his writings to preliminary censorship and subjected him to secret police surveillance. As a matter of fact he had never ceased to be under such surveil lance At the time when this sentence was passed (summer of 1828) he had another lawsuit on his hands Three serfs had complained to the Metropolitan that their master was undermining their religious faith by reading them The Gavriliad Pushkin did not scruple to deny his authorship of the poem but to no avail. The charge which was a serious matter was dropped only at the personal intervention of the Em peror, to whom the poet had addressed a confidential letter presumably confessing his authorship and offer ing his apologies for having perpetrated the piece. In what Pushkin wrote during these years there was

uttle to give the authorities cause for suspicion Indeed, in his forceful if ill-constructed long poem Poltava" (1828) he celebrates imperial Russia as Virgil did imperial Rome. The traitor Mazeppa plotting the Ukraines secession from Muscovy is a villain out of melodrama while Peter the victor of Poltava and symbol of the rising empire, is pictured as a demi god One or two of his lyries go so far as to express the poets devotion to his sovereign, and on the occasion of the Polish rebellion of 180, 31, he spoke in the unimistable accents of a nationalist and a patrior. For the rest the social mort is muted in his verse It is up on the emotional commonplaces in which the personal lyric is rooted that his shorter poems dwell. There are among them manifestoes of an aristocratic aesthetic ism. With Horatian disdain of the mob and its utilitarian prococupations he declares that the poet is born not to traffic in the marketplace or engage in life's battles but

for inspiration For sweet sounds and for prayers

This aestheticism carries an emphasis on the poet i independence which in itself was an implicit protest against the tyrannical paternalism that was strangling Russia. If only now and then his dissidence and his democratic leanings do crop out in his lyries notably in Secular Power. Whateve its purpo t his verse was like a breath of pure air in the stagnant atmosphere of oppression.

While he was not precisely a new Pushkin the years were exercising a restraining effect on both his work and his conduct At the close of the sixth chapter of Eugene Onegin written toward the end of his stay at Mikhailovskoye he had already said good bye to his youth He felt that he was past his, noon It was time for him to settle down. He ran after women as before but now with the notion of matrimony at the back of his head—he who had said that marriage emas

32

culates the soull In the winter of 18.3, at a ball in Moscow he was introduced to Natalie Goneharova a sixteen year-old girl of rare beauty Then as usual he was more or less involved emotionally with several venue of the married women including the brienze Venus of whom his poem "Portrait is an idealized sketch and a young girl whom he had once called his demon and whom he seriously considered marrying Nevertheless Natalie made a deep impression on him The next spring he saw her again and forthwith pro-posed to her Since his return from banishment he had made several moves toward matrimony, but for one reason or another they had come to nothing. This time he received an evasive reply He wrote to the girl's mother (the father was in an insane asylum) to thank her for allowing him to hope and the same day-it was May I (OS) 1829—he started off on a long trip He went to the Caucasus that romantic land which

he had first visited a decade earlier but this time he traveled into the heart of the country and further south One day he came to the frontier and beheld for the first time in his life foreign land His mount forded the river that formed the border line and carried him onto the Turkish shore But alas! the ter ritory had just been conquered by Paskevich's troops It was Pushkin's lot never to escape from the im-mensities of Russia. He was now near the front—the war was still going on—and having obtained permis sion to visit his brother who was in active service, he joined the army and had a taste of military life Indeed he took part in at least one engagement in the informal capacity of half soldier half tourist as he described himself By autumn he was back in Moscow where he had to take a lecture from Benckendorff whom he had failed to apprise of his moves. His account of this trip is next to his diary and letters the most import

ant of his autobiographical writings. His Caucasian impressions are reflected in a group of lyrics written about this time.

The distractions of his travels did not erase the image of Natalie from his mind For her part she was extremely chilly He left Moscow tried to work and again applied for leave to go abroad or to join a mission to China. The authorities remained adamant The early spring found him again in Moscow and on Easter Sunday he proposed once more, and this time was accepted It was only fitting a friend wrote to him in congratulating him on the event that the foremost romantic poet should marry the foremost romanic beauty of his generation.

Hectic months followed Pushkin was marrying into a family whi h was living on the last crumbs of a for tune accumulated in the preceding century by a textile manufacture, who had been elevated to the ranks of the gentry His future mother in law a grasping medgiesome bigoted woman soon decided that she had made a bad bargain and kept on postponing the wedding She obviously repented having promised hei daughter now a celebrated beauty to this scribbler with an uncertain income who was moreover under a cloud politically To placate the Goncharovs on the latter score Pushs in obtained a statement from Ben ckendorff to the effect that far from being a political suspect he was a protege of the Emperor He also be stirred himself to raise money. He wished to pay off his gambling debts which were considerable, and to ssure his immediate future at least His father settled on him an estate near Boldino in the province of Nizhny Novgorod so that he was now a landed proprictor and the owner of two hundred male souls He mortgaged his property forthwith a good part of the proceeds going to his future mother in law who de

manded it so that Natalie might have a dowry. The money was spent chiefly on the bride s trousseau

It is doubtful if at this time he saw her as she was an empty headed frivolous girl without education in tellectual interests or even manners whose accomplish ments vere limited to dancing embroidering and a little French He must, however, have had no illusions about her feelings toward him At most, she was im pressed with his fame Himself he had like Mire Goncharova his misgivings He was thirty and Nat alie was his one hundred and thirteenth love as he said half in earnest half in jest (the year before his betrothal he jotted down in a girl's album a list of his flames and the catalogue came to thirty seven items) In spite of a passion for Natalie which allowed him to idealize her as his Midonna and to declire that he would sacrifice his freedom and his pleasure for her sake more and more often he found himself thinking of the cares of matrimony and the delights of single blessedness

In the early autumn he went off to Boldino to take formal possession of his estate and with the hope of doing some work in the country Just before his de parture Mme Goncharova had made a particularly distressing scene and he had written to Nathle that she was free As for himself he added he would either

marry her or not marry at all

You cannot imagine he wrote to a friend on ar riving in Boldino what a joy it is to have fled far from one's fiancee and to start writing verse. The verse he wrote that autumn includes some of his most famous lyrics such as Elegy Abandoning an Alien Country Verses Written During 3 Sleepless Night Autumn (early version) and The Demons that matchless untranslatable evocation of a snowstorm. In

one of the lyrics he sketches sharply the prosy de

pressing background of his days Cholera having broken out he was detained at Boldino virtually a prisoner until early in December Neither this nor the uncertainty about his status as a fiance seems to have interfered with his writing Those months perhaps because of their total lack of distraction were his most fruitful season He worked on Eugene Onegin put ting the finishing touches to Chapters VII and VIII and starting a new chapter which was to remain a fragment He also polished off The Cottage in Kol omna a narrative poem in that light vein which the poet never ceased to cultivate. It is a farcical piece a trifle in the Gallic manner delightful for its humor and its technical felicity and unusual in that it deals with the life of the lower middle class in the capital The harvest of those months included also four short

plays With the exception of The Feast in Time of Plague which is largely a rendering of parts of John Wilson's City of the Plague they are original pieces modeled on the dramatic scenes of Pushkin's Ens. lish contemporary Barry Cornwall (Bryan Waller Procter) The Covetous Knight Mozart and Sal ters and The Stone Guest are objective psychological studies of three of the original sins greed envy lu t The foreign setting (medieval France Germany Spain) is barely indicated the interest centering on the temperamental drive which the protagonist embodi s These scenes are written in blank verse but the style is nearer ordinary speech than is the blank verse of Borts Goduno: Pushkin could have said with Corn wall One object that I had in view when I wrong these scenes was to try the effect of a more natural style than that which has for a long time prevailed in our dramatic literature Mozart and Saliers the only one of his dramatic compositions staged during his lifetime (in 1822) met with no succe s

36

The years to rugged prose constrain me, Pushkin had written at the end of the sixth chapter of Eugene Onegin composed toward the clo e of his rustic exile He had previously tried his hand at criticism but it was only the year that followed his release from Mik hailovskoye that he turned to imaginative prose with "The Negro of Peter the Great This story of the un fortunate marriage of Push in s Ethiopian ancestor was conceived on a large scale but after completing the first six chapters he abandoned it The fragment is of considerable interest as an early character study of a Negro and also as a piece of historical fiction couched in a style reminiscent of pre romantic French prose As in Politava "Peter is idealized but in a more sober fashion Having given up the revolutionary velletties of his youth Pushkin pinned his faith to the western ization of Russia and thus became an admirer of the ruler who sought so vigorously to remake the empire in the image of Europe

It was during his seclusion at Boldino that he turned out his first finished piece of prose The Tales of Bel him It should be remembered that as a poet Pushkin had a certain tradition to build upon and depart from while as a prose writer he was more trilly a pioneer. His performance here calls for an historic rather than in aesthetic eviluation. It is less significant internsically than as the foundation of a tradition. He broke new ground both in his use, of the language and in his creative response to the life around him. At one time he said that he would like to eet the letterty language preserve. It is a limit of Biblical rhaldry, adding that simplicity and coarseness suited the Rus ian tongue oetter than. European fanculness and French refine ment. His own style has the clarity without meanness that Aristotle praised. He found it diff int to forego

elegance but in The Tales of Belkin he escaped the

thetoric of his few prefecessors
Here he looked away from historical issues and per
sonages and attempted to deal impersonally with contemporary life as lived by people in moderate circum stances The author chooses to conceal himself behind the pretended story teller who is the merest lay figure In these stories each character is firmly drawn against his social background, but the tales do not exhibit the imaginative power or possess the psychological signifi cance which would raise them much above the plane of the anecdote They make agreeable reading but they bear the same relation to the fiction of Pushkin's successors that a pen and ink sketch does to an oil painting

At last he had to abandon his leisure and the literary activities it allowed Back in Moscow he somehow made it up with the Goncharovs but soon new quar rels started He spent New Year's Eve with gypsy singers A week before his wedding he was writing to a friend that he had decided to get married because it was the usual thing, but he was doing it without rap ture, without boyish enchantment," and he would be surprised if the future held any joy for him He em barrassed the friends whom he entertained on the eve of the ceremony by his extreme dejection. He was cheerful on the day of the wedding. February 18 (OS) 1831 but it is said that during the ceremony several incidents occurred which the bridgeroom who was very superstitious interpreted as evil omens

VΙ

AFTER some unexpectedly happy weeks in Moscow the young couple settled at Tsarskoe Selo the scene of Pushkin's schooldays. He hoped that they might live

there quietly and cheaply but he was to be severely disappointed. With the arrival of the Court in the sum mer, Pushkin found himself singled out for special notice by the Emperor He was given a sinecute in the Foreign Office which carried with it a silary of 5000 rubles. Natalie too seems to have found favor in the Carrie yees much to her huiband's annoyance. While she gave herself wholly to the social whil into which they were now caught up he resented the havoe that the round of gauttes played with his work.

All that he produced during these months was a couple of folk tales in verse and a few lyrics. In the autumn always his most fertile season he finally wrote finis to Eugene Onegin He had begun the novel in the ebul ient days of his youth conceiving it as a satirical verse narrative in the Byronic manner. He had been returning to the manuscript on and off for eight years and not unnaturally the piece bears the impress of the changes that life wrought in the author impress of the changes that he wrough in the adult-it is a variable, work, passing re dily from grate to gay from the cynical to the sentimental, the area and ing thetoric and occasionally, many to poerry of a high order. There are some passages that are flat and un profitable but the verse always charms one by its tech nical felicity A genial spontaneous performance the narrative makes room for all manner of digressions the author moving in and out of the Picture at will introducing his friends when he pleases and freely bringing into the text echoes of and allusions to the work of his contemporaries. In no other piece did he write himself down so fully nor did any other exhibit his genius so comprehensively and effectively Push kin s successors were not to write their fictions in verse but they owed to him an awareness of men and wo men in their social setting a feeling for the minutive of life in town and country an interest in character for

all of which Eugene Onegin is remarkable and which make it the fountainhead of the Russian novel. The opera that Tschaikovsky based upon it added to its enormous popularity.

In addition to the text as Pushkin presented it to the public when it first appeared in its entirety in 1833 there exist fragments of a chapter that was to describe Onegin it travels in Russia. He intended to have it follow Chapter VII to as to make less abrupt the transition from Tatyana the provincial girl to Taty ana the grande dame Pushkin also began writing a chapter in which the hero after having been repulsed by Tatyana falls in with the Decembrists He composed as many as sixteen stanzas but fearing that they would get him into trouble with the authorities he destroyed them preserving only the first four lines of each and those in cipher. The opening quartain is an acidulous thumbanal steet of Alexander I.

A monarch weak and also cunning d fop gone bald toils arrant foe Whors fame had by strange chance beer sunning Was then our ruler as you know

During the months at Tsarshoe Selo when he first came into closer contact with Nicholas Pushkin may have had a better opinion of Alexander's successor but his illusions were not to be long lived. When winter came he followed the Court to Petersburg where he was to spend most of his time during the half dozen years that remained to him his trips to the country being rarer than in his hachelor days. He was married a little over a year when his wife presented him with a daughter and she bore him a son the year following but the cares of motherhood nowise lessened her eager nose for the more gittering side of society life. The poer found himself ref. At to accepting file role of the

husband of a prima donn? He spent his time escoting the dazzling Natalie to interminable balls durfully swallowing ites and suppressing yawns. He was at tracted by other women including one of his sisters in law and occisionally he sought entertainment in the fashion of his bachelor days, but if he aroused his wife's jealousy, on the whole he was a devoted hus bind and one who hid mple reason to be jealous on his own account. He was annoyed by the attentions shown his conjuetish wife and irritated by the company of arisocratic knaives and fools into which he was thrown. As he did not always conceal his sent ments he made enemies in high places.

Pushkin's sinceute allowed him free a cess to the archives. He took advantage of it to engage in his torical research and indeed was thought of as an official historiographer. The past had always attracted him perhaps because he felt himself less restricted in dealing with it. The subject he finally chose to investigate was the Pugashov rebellion, the bloody jacquerie which swept across Eastern Russia under Catherine the Great. In the latter part of 1833 he escaped from the hateful social round spending several months in a tout of the Pugashow country.

He had barely returned when the new year brought hum an insuluing gift in the shape of an appointment to the post of Genileman of the Hedchamber an honor usually accorded younger men. Pushkin was certain that this rank had been conferred on him so that his wife might attend Court balls without impropriety. The poet was now a courter He hated his uniform and referred to it as a jester's motley. He hated the Court and called it a cess pool. Nevertheless he wore the uniform and he attended the Court functions. Furthermore he accepted a subvention from the Cast in order to publish his history of the Pugachov rebel.

lion Financially his affairs were going from bad to worse His father having become completely insolvent he accepted the burden of managing the family estates He had no means of securing money save by his pen In order to write he needed the leisure and the peace that the life he was living denied him But Natalie would not think of burying herself in the provinces nor could he offend the Czar by running off to the country It was a vicious circle. To add to his vexations he discovered that his letters to his wife were being opened by the police.

He must put an end to this intolerable dependence for which after all he had himself to thank In June 1834 he made an ineffectual attempt to resign from the service, which only humiliated him further A year later he made another effort to free himself from his entanglement This time he pointed out to the Czar that during his married life he had incurred debts amounting to 60 000 rubles and pleaded for a four years leave of absence so that in retirement he might be free to write and thus mend his fortunes. He had to accept a four months leave and a sum of 25 000 rubles which was only nominally a loan. The Czar thought it safer to keep the poet under his eye. The more Pushkin struggled the more firmly he became enmeshed The financial assistance was of little help Living beyond his means he was reduced to pawning his valuables and he owed money even to his own valet He was aging He was irritable Work was more difficult than ever The year 1835 was particularly sterile He had no paucity of ideas but he kept pa s ing from one thing to another unable to finish any thing The one piece he had to show for his labor was a medley of prose and verse Egyptian Nights in itself the merest fragment. The critics were bury ing him Was he indeed played out?

His productivity was diminished during these years But his finest prose work was just ahead of him and it was not long since he had written some of his most powerful verse One thinks of "The Bronze Horse man technically one of his supreme works which he composed in less than a month in the autumn of 1633 Like Poltava it celebrates Peter the Great Inci dentally it is a paean to the city that he had erected on the marshes in defiance of Nature and as proof of his indomitable will Yet the poet sees not only the greatnes of the man who represents Russia's manifest destiny but also the pitiableness of the small indi vidual crushed by Leviathan The vain revolt of the elements symbolized by the Neva flooding the city, is paralleled by the equally futile threats that the crazed lutle clerk launches at Peter's statue. In the end the reader's feelings are divided between sympathy for the helpless clerk and admiration of the mighty Czar Whether or not the censors found such sympathy subversive they held the piece to be objectionable, and indeed it became accessible in unexpurgated form only in the present century

And then there were his verse renderings of folltales which are among the most precious literary heir looms of the nation Pushkin had always been inter ested in the songs and stories of the unlettered peas antry and had a keen ear for the peculiar turns of folk speech This gift, combined with his humor and his craftsmanship allow these five fairy tales to rank with his best work. The Tale of the Pope and His Workman Balda is the gem of the collection but The Tale of the Golden Cockerel is better known be ause of Rimsky Korsakov s opera Coq d Or which is based upon it It may be of interest to note that Pushkin derived the story of the magic weathercock from a chapter in Washington Irving s Alhambra, a French translation of which was in his library About this time notably in 1832 3 Pushkin also wrote The Songs of the Western Slavs which testify to his de light in folk balladry Many of these pieces are free versions of poems by Prosper Mertimee which he passed off as Serbian folk songs. In spite of their spurious origin Pushkin s Songs have the authenticity of poetry

In his final period his chief medium wasy or poer. In Ruser of Spades written in 1833 4 might have been included among The Talet of Belkin 194 tit h.s. mo body and much greater psychological depth. If there is filiat on in literature this story may be regarded as the humble ancestor of Dostoyevsky's subtle master piece Crime and Punithment. Dubrovsky an earlier tale introduces the note somewhat muffled it is true of protest against impustice which was to be echoed so resonantly by later writers beginning with the autnor of A Sportisman's Sketcher. The story is far less important as a Russian viantion on the Robin Hood theme than as the earliest story about rural Russian in which the inquiry of the courts and the evils of serf dom are so presented as to suggest that something may be wrong with the system. Perhaps because he real ized that it could never pass the censors Pushkin was content to leave the story as it has come down to us in the rough.

The piece that gives Pushkins measure as a prose writer is The Captan's Daughter practically the last thing that he published it bears the same relation to his prose that Eugene Onegin does to his verse A piece of historical fiction which resurrects the age or Catherine it interweaves a family chronicle with an account of the Pugachov rising The story of young Grin yow's love affair and marriage is a tale such as Push kin had said he would compose when in defiance of Apollo he ceased to speak the language of the gods. One can understand why Tolstoy considered it the poet's greatest achievement. Rudimentary and occasionally melodramatic though it is it has in its small way some of the qualities of War and Peace, the bal ance the soundness the affirmative attitude. It has too the best character drawing that Pushkin ever did and is couched throughout in a chaste and simple style which has been a happy influence upon generations of Russian writers.

Pushkin casts a kind of glamor over the figure of the impostor Pugachov in this novel Instinctively he sides with the daring rebel be it the peasant leader of a jicquerie or an outlawed gentleman as in the case of Dubrovsky or an heroic bandit like Kirdjali in the story of that name Yet the social implications of the rebellion which forms the background of The Captain's Daughter are slurred over the most realistic details of the conflict occurring in a portion of the story that was omitted from the t nal text. Here as in his scholarly study of the rising Pushkin's viewpoint is nevitably that of a representative of the class against which Pugachov had taken up arms "Heaven save us he has his narrator exclaim from seeing a Rus stan rebellion senseless and ruthless. In another place he interrupts the narrative to remind his reader that the best and most lasting changes are those which re sult from a gradual improvement in manners and customs

In his list years he felt more strongly than ever that the country stood to gain nothing from a violent upheaval. He had the inclinations of a liberal and his sympathies were with the downtrodden but he had his doubts about democracy and on at least one occasion he spoke with great scorn of the American eyeriment. Government by gendemen a kind of enlight ened absolutism was not without its appeal for him

He could exalt the free individual bowing to none, living at his own sweet will admiring Nature and the arts and having no care to meddle with such matters as the making of wars and the imposition of taxes. This raive attitude is expressed in some detail in a didactic poem which is among his last. In another lync however written at about the same time indifference gives way to indiquation against what he calls secular power. And when he came to sum up his life work (in Unto Myself I Rearde a Monument.) he spoke not as the aesthete who is above the battle but rather as a humane libertarian basing his claim to enduring renown on the fact that with his lyre he had roused kindly sentiments and in a cruel age had cele bratted freedom.

VΠ

THF BEGINNING of 1836 brought the distressed poet a ray of hope. He had long been wanting to pub lish a magazine, and after much delay he was at length pe mitted to do so The enterprise, he thought might prove quite profitable, enabling him to pay off his debts and free himself from his embarrassing de pendence on the Czar's bounty It was his intention to establish, with The Contemporary a solid periodical at once a literary miscellany and a journal of ideas head and shoulders above the public prints of the day He took for his pattern the English periodicals such as the Edinburgh Revieu He knew that he coulo count on the support of a group of authors some of them young men like Gogol but chiefly writers of the older generation Naturally he was to be not only the editor but a contributor as well writing special articles and drawing upon his unpublished work

Though he was engaged in the highest type of jour nalism Pushkin felt that his undertaking exposed him to all manner of indignities. He had therefore to safe guard the more carefully the venerable name he was bequesthing to his children of whom there were now four It was the devil s doing he wro e to his wife about this time that he a man with talent and a soul had been born in Russia. He was now more touchy than ever on the subject of his honor. In May he barely avoided a duel with a gentleman who had been over heard taiking frivolously with Natalie She was then giving him another and more serious cause for anxiety Already in the winter of 1835-6 which was a particu larly brilliant season gossip was coupling her name with that of a certain Georges d Anthes This dashing young officer of the Guards was a French emigre who was soon to be adopted by Baron Heckeren the Dutch Ambassador to the Russian Court Although Pushkin trusted his wife her coquetry and the young man s persistent attentions created a trying situation

The summer was a dismal one The review proved a sore disappointment There was not a sufficient public for a serious quarterly such as he was issuing More over some readers felt that he was no longer in the literary vaniguard. The money that was needed so bad by failed to materialize and what with the censorship and the work connected with the magazine, it was only a source of veration. His debts were mounting and the demands made on him by his relatives were increasing Furthermore when autumn came he had to forego his customary retreat to the country. He was unable to work, and he was in a state of irritability which was doubtless aggravated by calousy of dAnthes The latter, in pursuing Natahe had the help of his adoptive tather who seems to have played the part of pander while spreading rumors to the effect that Natahe was having a liaison with the Emperor

Scandal mongers were eager to enlarge upon the Push kins quarrels and infidelities

On November 4 (OS) Pushkin received an anony mous letter informing him that the Most Serene Order of Cuckolds had elected him coadjutor to the Grand Master as well as historiographer It was plain that the purpose of the communication was to insinuate that the new member of the Order had the Czar to thank for his horns Pushkin's first step was to make an ineffectual attempt to repay the loan he had re ceived from the Czar as a preliminary to severing his relations with the Court Assuming that Baron Heck eren was responsible for the letter he then challenged d Antnes to a duel The challenge was accepted but Pushkin withdrew it on learning that a match had been arranged between his sister in law Catherine Goncharova and his opponent When pressed to do so Pushkin declared that in proposing to Catherine, d Anthes was acting as a man of honor but privately he held to the belief that the marriage was a cowardly dodge to avoid the duel and perhaps intended as a cover for clandestine relations with Natalie There is some reason to believe that d Anthes had previously had a haison with Catherine and that there was urgent cause for hurrying the nuptials which occurred on January 10 (OS) 1837

After the weeding of Anthes continued to press his attentions upon his newly acquired sister in law act ing with a boldness that was bound to provoke Push hin and aided as before by Heckeren. An anonymous letter informing Pushhin that his wrife had had a rendezvous with d Anthes incited him to write a volently abusive letter to the old baron Ag a result, d Authes challenged Pushkin to, a duel, which not place on February 8 (January 27 OS) 1837 His op.

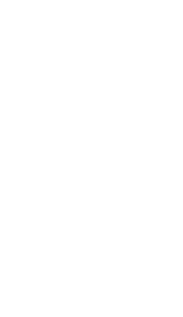
48 INTRODUCTION

ponent was only slightly wounded but Pushkin was seriously hurt. Two days later death freed him from Benckendorff's officiousness from the Czar's burden

some generosity from the pangs caused by Natalies careless frivolity from malice and intrigue, espionage and columny from his own crippling weatnesses. He loved life too well however to have welcomed the bullet which gave him his romantic conse And al though he made a Christian end one cannot be cer tun that he had the comfort of a belief in an after life Yet he achieved immortility of the kind that poets desire- on the lips of living men AVRAHM LARMOLINSKY

Ţ

Lyrics and Ballads



Old Man

(After Marot)

I am no more the ardent lover Who caused the world such vast amaze My spring is past my summer over And dead the fires of other days Oh Eros god of youthl your servant Was loyal—that you will avow Could I be born again this moment, Ah with what zest I d serve you now!

[1815]

To Chaadayev

Not long we basked in the illusion Of love, of hope, of quiet fame Like morning mists a dream's delusion Youth's pastimes vanished as they came But still with strong desires burning Beneath oppression's fateful hand, The summons of the fatherland We are impatiently discerning In hope in torment we are turning Toward freedom waiting her command-Thus anguished do young lovers stand Who wait the promised tryst with yearning While freedom kindles us my friend While honor calls us and we hear it, Come to our country let us tend The noble promptings of the spirit Comrade, believe 10v s star will leap

52

Upon our sight a radiant token Russia will rouse from her long sleep And where autocracy lies broken Our names shall yet be graven deep

[1818]

To N N

From Aesculapius escaping I m lean and shaven but alive

His cruel paw no more torments me, And there is hope that I may thrive Now health the light friend of Priapus And sleep are entering my door And in my plain and crowded corner Repose becomes my guest once more Then humor this poor convalescent, You too-he longs to see again Your face you lawless carefree creature. You Pindus lazy citizen True son of Freedom and of Bacchus Who worships Venus piously A masterhand at every pleasure From Petersburg society Its chilly charms its idle bustle Its clacking tongues that nothing stills Its various and endless boredom I m summoned by the fields and hills, The shady maples in the garden The bank of the deserted burn The libertie the country offers Give me your hand I will return At the beginning of October Well drink together once again And o er our cups with friendly candor Discuss a dozen gentlemen— We'll talk of fools and wicked gentry And those with flunkeys souls from birth And sometimes of the Ozar of Heaven, And sometimes of the one on earth

[1819_]

Gay Feast

I love the festive board
Where joys the one presiding
And freedom my adored
The banquet's course is guiding
When Drink! half-drowns the song
That only morn ing throttles
When wide fluing is the throng
And close the jostling bottles

[1819]

✓ A Nereid

Below the dawn flushed sly where the green billow lies Caressing Tauris flank, I saw a Nereid rise

Caressing Tauris flank, I saw a Nereid rise Breathless for joy I lay hid in the olive trees And watched the demi goddess riding the rosy seas The waters lapped about her swan white brea t and

As from her long soft hair the wreaths of foam she wrung

[18_0]

Grapes

I shall not miss the roses fading As soon as springs feet days are done, I like the grapes whose clusters ripen Upon the hillside in the sum—The glory of my fertile valley, They hang each lustrous as a peatl Gold auturns 190 bilong transparent, Like the shim fingers of a gard

[1820]

I ve Lived to Bury My Desires

I ve lived to bury my desires
And see my dreams corrode with rust,
Now all that's left are fruitless fires
That burn my empty heart to dust

Struck by the storms of cruel Pate My crown of summer bloom is sere Alone and sad I watch and wait And wonder if the end is near

As conquered by the last cold air, When winter whistles in the wind, Alone upon a branch that's bare A tremoling leaf is left behind

[1821]

The Lay of the Wise Oleg

Wise Oleg to the war he hath bouned him again. The Khozars have awaken d his ire For rapine and raid hamlet city and plain He gives over to falchion and fire In mail of Byzance with his host in the rear The Prince pricks along on his faithful destrer

From the darksome fir forest to meet that array, Porth paces a gray haired magician To none but Perun did that sorcere pray, Fulfilling the prophet's dread mission

His life had wasted in penance and pain —
And beside that enchanter Oleg drew his rein

Now rede me, enchanter beloved of Perun

The good and the ill that s before me Shall my foes find a cause for rejoicing right soon When the earth of the grave is piled o or me? Unfold all the truth fear me not and for meed, Choose among them—I eve thee my best battle steed."

Oh enchanters they care not for prince or for peer,
And gifts are but needlessly given

The wise tongue ne er stumbleth for falsehood or fear
Tis the friend of the councils of Heaven!
The years of the future are clouded and dark,
Yet on thy fair forehead thy fate I can mark

Remember now firmly the words of my tongue
The warrior delighteth in glory
On the gate of Byzantium thy buckler is hung
Thy conquests are famous in story
Thou holdest dominion oer land and oer sea

Thou holdest dominion o er land and o er sea And the foe views with envy thy great destiny 56

Not the rage of the deep with its treacherous wave, At the stroke of the hutricane hour-

Nor the knife of the coward the sword of the brave, To undo thee shall ever have power

Within the strong harness no wound shalt thou know, A miardian attends thee where er thou dost go

Thy steed fears not labor, nor danger nor pain

His lord's lightest accent he heareth Now still though the arrows fall round him life rain, Across the red field he careereth.

He fears not the winter, he fears not to bleed-Yet thy death wound shall come from thy good battle

steedl Oleg smiled a moment, but yet on his brow,

In his eye thought and sorrow were blended In silence he leaned on his saddle and slow The Prince from his courser descended

And as though from a friend he were parting with nain

He strokes his broad neck and his dark flowing mane.

Farewell then my comrade, fleet faithful, and hold! We must part-such is Destiny's power

Now rest thee- I swear in thy stirrup of gold No foot shall be set from this hour Farewell! we've been comrades for many a year-My squires now I pray ye come tale my destrer

The softest of carpets his horse-cloth shall be And lead him away to the meadow

On the choicest of corn he shall feed daintily. He shall drink of the well in the shadow Then straightway departed the squires with the steed And to valuant Oleg a fresh courser they lead

Oleg and his comrades are feasing I trow, The mead-cups are merrily clashing

Their locks are as white as the glimmering snow When the sun on the grave mound is flashing They talk of old times of the days of their pride And the frays where together they struck side by side.

But where quoth Oleg is my good battle horse? My mettlesome charger—how fares he? Is he playful as ever as fleet in the course? His age and his freedom how bears he?

His age and his freedom how bears he?
They answer and say on the hill by the stream
He has long slept the slumber that knows not a dream

Oleg bent his head and in thought knit his brow What hath all thy magic effected?

A false lying dotard Enchanter art thou
Thy counsels I should have rejected
My horse might have borne me till now but for thee

My horse might have borne me till now but for thee Then the bones of his charger Oleg wished to see Oleg rode with Igor the Prince at his side

Behind him his spearmen were serried And there on a slope by the Dnieper's swift tide Lay the bones of his charger unburred They are washed by the rain the dust o'er them is cast And above them the feather grass waves in the blast

Then the Prince set his foot on the courser's white skull

skull
Saying Sleep my old friend in thy glory!
Thy lord hath outlived thee his days are nigh full

Any lord hath outlived thee his days are nigh full
At his funeral feast red and gory
Tis not thou neath the axe that shall redden the sod.

That my dust may be pleasured to quaff thy brave blood

blood

And I am to find my destruction in this?

My death in a skeleton seeking? From the skull of the courser a snake with a hiss Crept forth, as the hero was speaking Round his legs like a ribbon it twined its black ring And the Prince shriek d aloud as he felt the keen string

The mead cups are foaming they circle around At Oleg's mighty death feast they re ringing

At Oleg's mighty death feast they re ringing Prince Igor and Olga they sit on the mound

The warriors the death song are singing
And they talk of old times, of the days of their pride,
And the frays where together they struck side by side
[1822]

√The Coach of Life

Though often somewhat heavy freighted The coach rolls at an easy pace And Time, the coachman grizzly pated, But smart alert—is in his place

We board it lightly in the morning And on our way at once proceed Repose and slothful comfort scorning We shout Hey there! Get on! Full speed!

Noon finds us done with reckless daring And shaken up Now care's the rule Down hills through gulle's roughly faring We sulk and cry Hey easy fool

The coach rolls on no pitfalls dodging At dusk to pains more wonted grown We drowse while to the night's dark lodging Old coachman Time drives on, drives on

With Freedom's Seed

Behold a soner went forth to sow With freedom's seed the desert sowing I walked before the morning star From pure and guiltless fingers throwing-Where slavish plows had left a scar-The fecund seed the procreator Oh vain and sad disseminator I learned then what lost labors are Graze if you will you peaceful nations Who never rouse at honor's horn! Should flocks heed freedoms invocations? Their part is to be slain or shorn Their dower the voke their sires have worn Through snug and sheeplike generations [1823]

Enigrams

On Count M S Vorontozov

Half hero and half ignoramus What's more half scoundrel don't forget But on this score the man gives promise That he will make a whole one vet

[1824]

п

Though soporific not a little He s so pugnacious you would think That with a mad dogs foaming spittle This critic thins his opiate ink

[1824 (?)]



With Freedom's Seed

Behold a sower went forth to sow

With freedoms seed the desert sowing
I walked before the morning star
From pure and guildess fingers throwing—
Where slavish plows had left a scar—
The frecund seed the procreator
Oh vain and sad disseminator
I learned then what lost labors are
Graze if you will you peaceful nations
Who never rouse at honors shorn!
Should flocks heed freedom's invocations?
Their part is to be slain or shorn
Their dower the yoke their sires have worn
Through snug and sheeplike generations

Epigrams

On Count M S Voronto-ov

Ι

Half hero and half ignoramus What's more half scoundred don't forget But on this score the man gives promise That he will make a whole one yet

[1824]

Π

Though soporific not a little He s so pugnacious you would think That with a mad dogs foaming spittle This critic thins his opiate ink

[1824 (?)]

Beneath Her Native Skies

Beneath her native skies she languished and she

And now she has at last departed

Perchance the fair young ghost a moment o er me stooped

A shadow broken hearted

But twirt us twain is drawn a line I may not cross How strange seems now the old devotion! Indifferent lips were those that told me of my loss

Indifferent lips were those that told me of my loss
I heard of it without emotion

30 that is she who set my careless heart afire, And whom I loved with tender sadness I oward whom I strained consumed with anguish and desire

Who brought me to the verge of madness!

Where is the pain and where the love that hurt me

Sweet memories awhile outlive you But not for long you credulous poor ghost— I ve no remorse, no tears to give you

[1825 (?)]

Winter Evening

Storm clouds dim the sky the tempest Weaves the snow in patterns wild Like a beast the gale is howling And now wailing like a child On the worn old roof it rustles The piled thatch and then again Like a traveler belated Knocks upon the window pane

Sad and dark our shabby cottage Indoors not a sound is heard Nanny sitting at the window Cant you give me just a word? What is wrong dear? Are you weaied By the wind so loud and rough? Or the buzzing of your distaff— Has that set you dozine off?

Let us drink dear old companion You who shared my sorry start Get the mug and drown our troubles That is the way to cheer the heart Sing the ballad of the tutmouse Who beyond the seas was gone Or the song about the maiden Fetching water just at dawn

Storm-clouds dim the sky the tempest Weaves the snow un patterns wild Like a beast the gale is howling And now wailing like a child Let us drini dear old companion You who shared my sorry start Get the mug an I drown our troubles, That is the way to cheer the heart

[18 5]

The Prophet

Athirst in spirit through the gloom Of an unpeopled wa te I blundered And saw a six winged seraph loom Where the two pathways met and sundered. бz

He laid his fingers on my eyes His touch lay soft as slumber lies -And like an eagle s his crag shaken, Did my prophetic eyes awaken Upon my ears his fingers fell And sound rose-stormy swell on swell I heard the spheres revolving chiming The angels in their souring sweep The monsters moving in the deep The green vine in the valley climbing And from my mouth the seraph wrung Forth by its roots my sinful tongue The evil things and vain it babbled His hand drew forth and so effaced And the wise serpent's tongue he placed Between my lips with hand blood-dabbled And with a sword he clove my breast Plucked out the heart he made beat higher. And in my stricken bosom pressed Instead a coal of living fire Upon the wastes a lifeless clod. I lay and heard the voice of God Arise oh prophet watch and hearken And with my Will thy soul engitd Roam the gray seas the roads that darken And burn men s hearts with this, my Word

[1826]

Message to Siberia

Deep in the Siberian mine Keep your patience proud The bitter toil shall not be lost The rebel thought unbowed

ARION

The sister of misfortune Hope In the under-darkness dumb Speaks joyful courage to your heart The day desired will come

And love and friendship pour to you Across the darkened doors Even as round your galley beds My free music pours

The heavy hanging chains will fall, The walls will crumble at a word And Freedom greet you in the light And brothers give you back the sword

[1827]

6.

Arion

We numbered many in the ship Some spread the sails some pulled together The mighty oars twas placed weather The rudder in his steady grip Our helmsman silently was steering The heavy galley through the sea While I from doubts and sorrows free Sang to the crew When suddenly A storm! and the wide sea was rearing The helmsman and the crew were lost No sailor by the storm was tossed Ashore-but I who had been singing I chant the songs I loved of yore And on the sunned and rocky shore I dry my robes all wet and clinging

[18_7]

Three Springs

Three springs in life's immense and joyless desert Mysteriously rise and hurry on The spring of youth unsteady and rebellious. Bubbling and seething tosses boils is cone Life's exiles at the bright Castalian fountain Drink draughts more pure more heady than the first But us the deep cold wellspring of oblivion That slakes most sweetly ecstasy and thirst.

[1827]

Remembrance

When noisy day no more assails the ears of men And on the silent city slowly Night's palled shadow falls, while after toil again The wage of sleep repays them wholly-Then in the hush my hours drag out their dismal

No peace my weary vigils bring me But through the listless night the serpents of remorse With piercing fangs more shrewdly sting me Obsessed by seething dreams the over burdened soul Can neither bear its pain nor cure it

In silence Memory unwind her lengthy scroll Before me, and I must endure it And loathing it I read the record of the years.

COURSE

I curse and tremble like one barred For all my bitter groans for all my bitters tears

The lines are not obliterated

[1828]

Casual Gift

(May 20 1828)

Casual gift oh gift inutile
Life, why wert thou given me?
Why should fate thus grant us futile
Terms of doored mortality?

Did a cruel power fashion Beings for itself to flout? Who thus storms my soul with passion? Who thus fills my mind with doubt?

Goal there can be none before me Empty hearted idle willed Life's monotony rolls o'er me Tired with longings unfulfilled

[1828]

The Man I Was of Old

Tel 1 etais autrefois et tel 1e suis encor

The man I was of old that man I still remain Lighthearted, soon in love You know my friends tis vain

To think I can behold the fair without elation
And timid tenderness and secret agutation
Has love not played with me and teased me quite
enough?

In Cytherea's nets wrought of such sturdy stuff
Like a young hawk have I not struggled long and
striven?

Unchastened by the pangs whereby I have been driven Unto new idols I my old entreaties bring

[18_8]

The Upas Tree

Within the desert like a scar On wastes the heat has desolated, Like a dread sentry an antiar, From all the world stands isolated

Nature who made the thirsting plains, Upon a day of anger bore it And root and branch and inmost veins, With foulest poison did she store it

Down through the bark the poison drips, To melt as noontide sunlight quickens, But when the sun at evening dips, Irto transparent pitch it thickens

No bird upon those boughs draws breath, No uger nears—the tempest solely Dares run upon that tree of death And then flies onward poisoned wholly

And if its foliage be bedewed By some stray cloud above it roiming The rain from poisoned branches spewed Falls on the sands with venom foaming

But by a man a man was sent To the annar a look commanded He brought the venom virulent Back f om the tree that Fate had branded.

He brought the deathy pitch and yet Besides a withered bough he carried In chilly drops the dreadful sweat Poured from his face his look was harried

Upon a bed of bast he lay, The stricken bearer of disaster, And perished that he might obey His calm unconquerable master

And in the pitch the mighty Czar His arrows soaked without contrition, And to his neighbors near and far He sped the couriers of perdition

[1828]

Portrait

When she, the fiery souled appears O women of the North among you It is a brilliant challenge flung you Your fixed conventions, worldly fears She flies against them bright and daring And spends herself and falling sears Like an anarchic comet flaring Among the calculated stars

[1828]

Lovely Youth

Camp on the Euphrates

Lovely youth when war-drums rattle Be not ravished seal your ears Do not leap into the battle With the crowd of mountaineers We'il I know that death will shun you And that where the sabres fly Azrael will look upon you Note your beauty and pass by! But the war will be unsparing You I fear must suffer harm—Lose your timid grace of bearing Lose your shy and langual charm

[1829]

I Loved You Once

I loved you once nor can this heart be quiet For it would seem that love still lingers here But do not you be further troubled by it, I would in no wise hurt you oh my dear

I loved you without hope a mute offender What jealous pangs what shy despairs I knew! A love as deep as this as true as tender, God grant another may yet offer you

Here s Winter

Here's winter Far from town what shall we do? I

The servant bringing in my morning cup of tea

How is the weather—warm? Not storming? The
ground's covered

With feathery fresh snow? Come is it best to be Astride a horse at once or rather until dinner Shall we stay in and thumb the neighbor's old re

The snow is fresh and fine We rise and mount our

horses And trot through fields whose gleam the early ligh

renews
We carry whips the dogs run close behind our stir rups

With careful eyes we search the snow we scour the

For tracks ride round and round and tardily at twilight

After we ve missed two hares at last turn home again

How jolly! Evening comes without the storm is

howling The candle light is dim. The heart is wrenched with

Slow drop by drop I drink my boredom's bitter poison I try a book. The eyes glide down the page—in vain My thoughts are far away and so I close the

volume

Sit down take up my pen I force my Muse to say Some incoherent words but harmony is wanting Sounds do not chime together where now is my

Over my rhyme? I can't control this curious hand

The verse is shapeless coad so lame it cannot walk So I dismiss the Muse I am too tired to quarrel I go into the parlor where I hear them talk. About the sugar works about the next election. The hostess like the weather frowns her only arts. Are plying rapidly her long steel knitting needles. Or telling people's fortunes by the king of hearts. What boredom! Thus the days go by in lonely set.

quence!
But if while I play draughts on a gray evening
Into our dreary willage a closed sledge or carriage
Some unexpected guests should oddly chance to bring
Say an old woman and two girls her two young
daughters

(Tall fair haired creatures both) the place that was so dull

So God forsaken all at once is bright and lively And suddenly good heavens! life grows rich and full' Attentive sidelong looks by a few words are followed Theres talk then friendly laughter and songs when Immos are lit

And after giddy waltzes there come languid glances

There's whispering at table sly and ready wit, Upon the narrow stairs a lingering encounter, When twilight falls a girl steals from her wonted place

And out onto the porch bare throated chest uncov

ered —

The wind is up, the snow blows straight into her facel

The wind is up, the snow blows straight into her face! But never mind! Our fair is heedless of the snow

storm

Unhurt in northern blasts the Russian rose will blow How hotly burns a kiss in keen and frosty weather! How fresh a Russian girl abloom in gusts of snow!

Stanzas

Along the noisy streets I wander, A church invites me it may be, Or with mad youths my time I squander. And still these thoughts are haunting me This year will fly the next will follow As fast and all whom you see here Eternity will swifty swallow For some the hour is drawing near When I behold a lone oak thriving I think when I age and decay This patriarch will be surviving As it survived my fathers day If I caress a babe. I m thinking Thus soon Farewell! I must make room For you and out of sight be sinking-My time to fade is yours to bloom Each day, each year ir thought addressing, I ask in turn as it goes past

How it will be remembered guessing Which will be reckoned as my last

And when fate strikes where will it find me? In battle, on the road at sea? Will that near valley be assigned me Where my cold clay at home may be?

The witless body s unaffected Nor recks where it decays tis clear Yet in my heart I have elected To rest near places once held dear

At the grave's portals, unrepining May young life play and where I lie May heedless Nature still be shining With beauty that shall never die.

[1829]

✓ To the Poet

Thou shalt not, poet, prize the people's love. The noise of their applians will quickly die Then shalt thou hear the judgment of the fool and chiling laughter from the multurde. But stand thou firm untroubled and austere Thou art a king and langs must live alone Thine own free spirit calls to thee pass on Make perfect the fair blossom of thy dreams Nor ask for praises of achievement won Praise lives within its thou that art the judge And thine the stratest judgment of them all Art thou content? Then leave the herd to how! Leave them to spit upon thine altar fires And on the dancing incense of thy shrine

[1830]

Madonna

Not by old masters rich on crowded walls, My house I ever sought to ornament That gaping guests might marvel while they leant To connoisseurs with condescending drawls Amidst slow labors for from garish halls Before one picture I would fain have spent Eteraity where the calm canvas thralls As though the Virgin and the Saviour bent From re, nant clouds the Glorious and the Wise The meek and hallowed with unearthly eyes, Beneath the palm of Zion these alone My wish is granted God has shown thy face (To me here my Madonna thou shalt throne Most pure exemplar of the purest grace

Elegy

The muth now dead that once was madly bubbling Like fumes of last nights cups is vaguely troubling. Not so the griefs that to those years belong. Like wine, I find with age they grow more strong IAV path is bleat—b fore me stretch my morrows. A tossing sea forebyding toil and sorrows. A tossing sea forebyding toil and sorrows. And yet I do not wish to the be sure. I want to live—think suffer and endure. I want to live—think suffer and endure. And I shall know some soar of elation. Amidst the cares the woes and the vexation. At time. I shall be drund on music still. Or at a moving tale my eyes will fill. And as sad dusk tolds down about my story. Loves a farevell smile may shed a parting glory.

My Critic, Rosy-Gilled

My critic rosy gilled who are so quick to offer Our gloomy Muse affront you plump por bellied scoffer

Come here I beg sit down and have a little nip Together we may get the better of the hyp Behold the view a row of wretched huts and ponder The black earth of the plain that slopes behind them vonder

Above the hovels hang low clouds thick massed and gray

But the bright meadows friend the dark woods-

where are they? Where is the stream? Beside the low fence in the court

Two trees ejoice the eye they re of a meager sort Such pitiable things the two of them together

And one is stripped quite bare by autumn's rainy weather The other's yellow leaves wait sopping to be strewn

On puddles by the wind that will be raging soon There s not a living cur True here a peasant trudges Across the empty court and at his heels two drudges The coffin of a child beneath his arm no hat Upon his head-he calls to the priest s lazy brat To bid his dad unlock the church- You've legs to run with!

Be quick! We re late-high time the funeral were done with!

Why do you frown my friend? You've kept this up too long

Can't you amuse us with a merry sort of song?

Where are you off to now? To Moscow, I am settine

74 Out for the birthday ball But are you quite for

getting That we are quarantined? The cholera's with us Come cool your heels here as in the grim Caucasus Your humble servant did-there's nothing else to do

Well brother you don't scoff so you've got the hyp too now!

[1830]

For One Last Time

For one last time I am embracing Your image all but lost to me The heart is eager to be tracing A dream that time will be effacing And dwells upon love a memory

Our years roll onward ever changing They change and we change in the end-Far from your poet you are ranging And darkness like the grave s estranging Has rapt you from that passionate friend This heart its leave of you has taken Accept, my distant dear love s close

As does the wife death leaves forsaken As does the exile's comrade, shaken And mute, who clasps him once, and goes

T18201

Verses Written During a Sleepless Night

Sleep evades me the es no light Darkness wraps the earth with slumber. Only weary tickings number

The slow hours of the night Parca chattering woman fashion Night that offers no compassion Life that surs like rusting muce— Why eneage me in your vise? Why the whispering insistence— Are you but the pale persistence Of a day departed twice? What black failures do you reckon? Do you prophesy or beckon? I would know whence you are spring I would study your dark tongue

[1830]

On the Translation of the Iliad

Sacred sonorous is heard the long muted speech of the Hellenes

Shaken my soul knows thee near shade of the mighty old man

[1830]

Abandoning an Alien Country

Abandoning an alien country

You sought your distant native land How could I stop the tears at parting When sorrow was beyond command? With hands that momently grew colder I tred to hold you wordlessly I begged that our farewells our anguish, Might be prolonged eternally

But from the bitter kiss and clinging You tore away your lips and from The gloomy land of lonely exile To a new country bade me come You said When we are reunited, Beneath a sky of endless blue, In the soft shadow of the olives, Then lip to lip, I ll solace you

But yonder where the blue is radiant And where the olives from the shore Cast tender shadows on the waters, You fell asleep to wake no more The funeral urn alas is holding Your beauty and your sorrow now, But the sweet his of our reunion I water-I hold you to your yow

F1830]

Work

Here is the long bided hour the labor of years is

Why should this sadness unplumbed secretly weigh on

Is it my work being done, I stand like a laborer use

One who has taken his pay a stranger to tasks that

Is it the work I regret the silent companion of mid

Friend of the golden haired Dawn friend of the gods of the hearth?

118301

√ When in My Arms

When in my arms your slender beauty Is locked O you whom I adore, And from my lips between the kisses, Love's tender words delight to pour In silence from my tight embraces Your supple form you gently free And with a skeptic's smile my dear one You mockingly reply to me The sad tradition of betrayal You have remembered all too well You listen dully scarcely heeding A syllable of what I tell I curse the zeal the crafty ardors I curse the criminal delight Of youth and the appointed meetings The garden trysts in the hushed night I curse the whispered lovers discourse The magic spells that lay in verse The gullible young girls caresses Their tears their late regrets I curse

[1831]

√ No, Never Think

No never think my dear that in my heart I treasu of The tumult of the blood the frenzied gusts of pleasure Those groans of hers those shrieks a young Bar chantes cries

When writhing like a snake in my embrace she lies

78

LYRICS AND BALLADS

And wounding kiss and touch urgent and hot, en

The final shudderings that consummate surrender

How sweeter far are you, my meek my quiet one— By what tormenting bliss is my whole soul undone When after I have long and eagerly been pleading With bashful graciousness to my deep need conceding You give yourself to me, but shyly turned away To all my affors cold, scarce heeding what I say, Responding growing warm oh in how slow a fash

To share, unwilling, yet to share at last my passion! [1832 (?)]

Autumn

(Fragment)

What does not enter then my drowsy mind ?
Derzhavin

1

October comes at last. The grove is shaking
The last reluctant leaves from naked boughs
The autumn cold has breathed the road is freezing—
The brook still sounds behind the miller's house
But the pond's hushed now with his pack my neigh
bor

Makes for the distant field—his hounds will rouse The woods with barking and his horse's feet Will trample cruelly the winter wheat

Ή

This is my time! What is the Spring to me?
Thaw is a bore mud running thick and stinking—
Spring makes me ill my mind is never free
From dizzy dreams, my blood s in constant ferment.
Give me instead Winter's austerny
The snows under the moon—and what is gayer
Than to glide lightly in a sleigh with her
Whose fingers are like fire beneath the fur?

ш

And oh, the fun, steel shod to trace a pattern In crystal on the river's glassy face! The shunng str of festivals in winter! But there's a limit—nobody could face Six months of snow—even that cave-dweller, The bear would grow! "enought" in ruch a case. Sleigh rides with young Armidas pall, by Jore, And you turn sour with loafing by the stove.

ıv

Oh darling Surumer I could cherish you If heat and dust and gnats and files were banished These dull the mind the heart grows weary too We like the meadows, suffer drought thought withers Drink is our only hope, and how we rue Old woman Winter at whose funeral banquet Pancakes and wine were served but now we hold Memoral feasts of ices sweet and cold

٦

They say ill things of the last days of Autumn But I friend reader not a one will hear Her quiet beauty touches me as surely As does a wistful child to no one dear She can rejoice me more I tell you frankly, Than all the other seasons of the year I am a humble lover and I could Find singularly, much in her that s good

VΙ

How shall I make it clear? I find her pleasing As you perhaps may like a sickly girl Condemned to die and shortly who is drooping Without a murmur of reproach to hurl At life forsaking her—upon her paling Young lips a little smile is seen to curl She does not hear the graves horrific yawn Today she lives—domorrow she is gone

VII

Oh mournful season that delights the eyes, Your farewell beauty captivates my spirit I love the pomp of Natures fading dyes. The forests garmented in gold and purple, The rush of noisy wind and he pale skies. Half hidden by the clouds in darkling billows, And the rare sun ray and the early frost, And threats of grizzled Winter heard and lost

VIII

Each time that Autumn comes I bloom afresh For me I find the Russian cold is good Again I go through life s routine with relish Sleep comes in season and the need for food Desire seethers—and I am young and merry, My heart beats fast with lightly leaping blood I m full of life—such is my organism (If you will please excuse the prosaism)

Iλ

My horse is brought far out onto the plain. He carries his glad rider and the frozen. Dale echoes to his shining hooves his mane. Streams in the keen wind like a banner blowing. And the bright ice creaks under him again. But day soon flickers out. At the forgotten. Hearth where the fire puris low or leaps like wind, I read or noursh long thoughts in my mind.

x

And I forget the world in the sweet silence, While I am lulled by fancy and once more The soul oppressed with the old lyric fever Trembles reverberates and seeks to pour Its burden freely forth and as though dreaming I watch the children that my visions bore, And I am host to the invisible throngs Who fill my reverse and build my songs

ΧI

And thoughts sur bravely in my head and rhymes Run forth to meet them on light feet, and fingers Reach for the pen and the good quill betimes Asks for the foolscap Wait the verses follow Thus a still ship sleeps on still seas Harl. Chimes! And swiftly all hands leap to man the rigging The sails are filled they belly in the wind—The monster move—a fooling track behind

XII

It sails but whither is it our ship goes?

[1833]

Funeral Song

God be your guide on the long rough way! No fear praise God that you go astray The night is clear and the moon is up Set down, set down the empty cup

The bullet is quick and fever slow You died as you lived—free Your foe fled when he d struck the blow, But your son was swift as he

Brother do not forget us now And when somehow you meet, Greet our father for me and bow Bow down before his feet

Tell him my wound is already healed The pains are past and done Tell him when I came back from the field My wife had borne me a son

For grandfather's sake we named him Yan He is a clever lad Already he wields a yataghan And his rifle shot's not had

My daughter lives at Lisgora she Has not tired of the man she wed Tvark long since went down to the sea— You'll learn if he s living or dead

God be your guide on the long rough way! No fear, praise God that you go astray The might is clear and the moon is up Set down set down the empty cup

[1833]

I Visited Again

That corner of the earth where once I spent, In placid evile two unheeded years A decade s gone since them—and in my life There have been many changes—in myself Who from the general law am not exempt There have been changes too—but here once more The past envelops me and suddenly It seems that only yesterday I roamed These groves

Here stands the exile's cottage where I hved with my poor nurse. The good old woman Has passed away—no longer do I hear Through the thin wall her heavy tread as she Goes on her busy rounds.

Upon whose wooded crest I olfen sat Unstirring staring down upon the lake—Recalling as I looked with melancholy Another shore, and other waves I knew Among the golden meadows the green fields, its stretches is blue breadth the same still lake A fisherman across its lonely water is rowing now and dragging in his wake A weetched net Upon the sloping shores Are scattered hamlets—and beyond them three A mill squats crookedly—it scarcely stirs I to wangs in this soft wind

Upon the edge
Of the ancestral acres on the spot
Where the rough road trenched by the heavy rains.

LYRICS AND BALLADS 84

Begins its upward climb three pine trees rise-One stands apart, and two are close together And I remember how of moonlight nights, When I rode past their rustling greeted me Like a familiar voice I took that road I saw the pines before me once again They are the same, and on the ear the same Familiar whisper breaks from shaken boughs But at the base, beside their aged roots (Where I remembered only barrenness), Has sprung a fair young grove and I observe A verdant family the bushes crowd Like children in their shadow And apart, Alone as ever their glum comrade stands Like an old bachelor, about whose feet There stretches only bareness as before I hail you race of youthful newcomers! I shall not witness your maturity When you shall have outgrown my ancient friends. And with your shoulders hide their very heads From passers by But let my grandson hear Your wordless greeting when as he returns Content light hearted from a talk with friends He too rides past you in the dark of night, And thinks perhaps of me

[1835]

Tis Time, My Friend

Tis time my friend tis time! The heart for rest is crying-

The days go by each hour bears off as it is flying A shred of our existence-we two we plan to live But death may come how soon? And joy is fugitive Not happiness but peace and freedom may be granted On earth this is my hope who by one dream am haunted---

A weary slave, I plan escape before the night To the remote repose of toil and pure delight [1836 (?)]

Secular Power

When the supreme event had at long last transpired And God upon the cross in agony expired On either side the Tree two looked on one another One Mary Magdalene, and one the Virgin Mother—

In grief two women stood

But now whom do we see beneath the holy rood
As though it were the porch of him who rules the

Not here the holy twain borne down by pain and

But shakos on their heads and bayonet in hand Beside the crucifit two bristling sentries stand Are they set here to guard the cross as twere State cargo?

Is it on mice or thieves you thus lay an embargo?
Would you add dignity unto the Aing of kings?
What honor do you think your patronage thus brings
You mighty of the earth what help by you is rendered
To Him who's crowned with thorns to Him who
freely tendered

freely tendered His body to the scourge without complaint or fear The Christ who had to bear the cross the nails the

spear?

Fear you the mob s affront to Him who won remission,

86 LYRICS AND BALLADS

Whose death has saved the race of Adam from perdi tion? Is it to keep the way for strolling gentry clear

That thus the common folk are not admitted here? [1826]

Pure Men. and Women Too

Pure men, and women too all of the world unspotted, That they might reach the heights to holy saints allotted

That they might fortify the heart against life's stress Composed such prayers as still comfort us and bless But none has ever stirred in me such deep emotions

As that the priest recites at Lententide devotions, The words which mark for us that saddest season rise Most often to my lips and in that prayer lies

Support meffable when I a sinner hear it Thou Lord of all my life avert Thou from my spirit

Both idle melancholy and ambition s sting That hidden snake and joy in foolish gossiping But let me see O God my sins and make confession So that my brother be not damned by my transgression.

And quicken Thou in me the breath and being of Both fortitude and meekness chastity and love

[1836]

In Vain I Seek to Flee

In vain I seek to flee to Zion's lofty height Rapacious sin pursues alert to watch my flight
"Tis thus with nostrils thrust in yielding sandy hol lows

The shy deer s pungent spoor the hungry lion follows.

[1836]

When, Lost in Thought

When lost in thought I roam beyond the city's

bounds And find myself within the public burial grounds The fashionable tombs behind the railing squatting Where the great capital's uncounted dead are rotting All huddled in a swamp a crowding teeming horde Like greedy guests that swarm about a beggar s board Officials sepulchers and merchants too all fizzles The clumsy products of mexpert vulgar chisels Inscribed in prose and verse with virtues service rank Outlandish ornaments displayed on either flank A widow's fond lament for an old cuckold coffined

The urns screwed from their posts by thieves the

earth that s softened

And slippery where graves are gaping dark and wide To welcome tenants who next day will move inside-All this brings troubled thoughts I feel my spirits fail

As I survey the scene and evil blues assail me One wants to spit and run!

But what calm pleasure lies-When rural autumn sheds its peace from evening

skies-In seeing the churchyard where solemnly reposing

Among their ancestors the country dead are dozing! There, unadorned the graves have ample elbow room At midnight no pale thief creep forth to rob the tomb The peasant sighs and says a prayer as he passes

The time worn stones o ergrown with yellowed moss and grasses

No noseless angels soar no blowsy Graces here, No petty pyramids or idle urns appear

But a broad oak above these dignified graves brooding Bestirs its boughs in music

T18361

Unto Myself I Reared a Monument

Exect monumentum

Unto myself I reared a monument not builded By hands a track thereto the people's feet will tread

Not Alexander's shaft is lofty as my pillar That proudly lifts its splendid head

Not wholly shall I die-but in the lyre my spirit Shall incorruptible and bodiless survive-And I shall know renown as long as under heaven One poet vet remains alive

The rumor of my fame will sweep through vasty

Russia And all its peoples speak this name whose light shall

reign Alike for haughty Slav and Finn and savage Tungus. And Kalmuck riders of the plain

I shall be loved and long the people will remember The Lindly thoughts I stirred-my musics brightest

crown How in this cruel age I celebrated freedom And begged for ruth toward those cast down

Oh Muse as ever now obey your God's command ments

Of insult unafraid to praise and slander cool Demanding no reward sing on but in your wisdom Be silent when you meet a fool

[1836]

NOTES

To Chaada; ev—Pushkin was at school when he met Pyott Chaadayev who was then an officer in a hussar regiment stationed at Tsarskoe Selo Eventually Chaadayev gave up the liberalism of his youth and turned mystic In middle life he published a series of essays in which he denied the greatness of his country and in consequence was officially declared insane See also note to Eugene Onegm Ch. I, stanza xxv, 1 5 With Preedom's Seed — This is my last liberal

raving Pusnkin wrote in a letter from Öcessa dated Dec 1 (O.S.) 1823 alluding to his poem on the death of Napoleon. I have given up all that and the other day I w ote an imitation of the parable by that mod crate democrat, Jesus Christ. The poem. With Free dom s Seed. is transcribed therewith In a rough draft of this letter he said that he had written his imitation as he looked about him and cast a glance at Western Europe. The early twenties witnessed the triumph of political reaction on the continent.

Epigram I-This shaft was directed against Push

kin's superior at Odessa

Winter Evening—The Nanny of this poem is Pushkin's old nurse Arina his companion during his confinement at Mikhailovskoye Another reference to her occurs in the poem I visited again

The Prophet-Cf Isaiah VI 1 10

Message to Siberia—This poem addressed to the Decembrists was published posthumously

Casual Gift -May 20 1828 was Pushkin's twenty

ninth birthday The Man I Was of Old -The epigraph is from

Andre Chemer Verses Written During a Sleepless Night-It is be lieved that Zhukovsky the editor of this posthumously published lyric is responsible for the last line, and that as Pushkin originally wrote it, it ran simply I seek

your meaning On the Translation of the Iliad-The translation re ferred to was made by Nikolay Gnedich, who devoted

seventeen years to the task Work-Probably occasioned by the completion of

Eugene Onegin No Never Think -This lyric, which was pub

lished posthumously may have been written in 1830 in which case the lady is not as has been thought the

noet a syste

Funeral Song—One of the Songs of the Western Slavs adapted by Pushkin from Merimee's literary forgery La Guzla in the belief that it was genuine

Merimee attributed this piece to Hyacinthe Maglano vich an Illyrian minstrel who was a figment of his imagination

Secular Pou er-The reference is to The Crucifixion a canvas by K. P. Bryullov exhibited in Petersburg in 18.6 sentries were placed about it to keep off the crowd

Pure Men and Women Too -The prayer re ferred to was composed by St Ephraim the Syrian who flourished in the fourth century

II

Narrative Poems



POLTAVA

(From Canto III)

The Fast is bright with dawn Already From field and hill the cannon roars The purple smoke in swirl and eddy Towa d'a cloudless heaven soars To meet the beams that morning pours The ranks are closed The marksmen scat er-They lie awhile in ambush yet The balls go rolling bullets spatter And coldly slants the bayonet The Swede long crowned with Victory's favors, Tears through the trench fire nor wavers The frantic cavalry in force Rides forth-the infantry impassive, With solid t ead and firm front massive Moves forward to support the horse And here the battlefield is burning And there with fatal thunder lours But now the tide of war is turning And fortune it is plain is ours Rebuffs from every quarter meeting The troop are strewn about the field Roser goes through the pass retreating And fiery Schlippenbach must yield We crowd the Swedes about them rattles The din of war their banners shake Beclouded as the God of Battles Sheds grace on every move we make

Then like the voice of Heaven, urging The victors, Peter's voice sounds clear Now, with God's help to work! And here, His favorites about him surging Comes Peter from the tent His eyes Dart fire his face commands surrender. His steps are swift. The tempest's splendor Alone with Peter's splendor vies He goes They bring his charger panting High strung yet ready to obey, He scents the fire of the fray And quivers Now with eyeballs slanting

Proud of the rider that he bears Noon nears The blazing heat bores deeper The battle rests-a tired reaper The Co ...ck steeds paraded shine

The regiments fall in a line No martial mu ic is redounding And from the hills the hungry roar Of the calmed cannon breaks no mere And lo! across the plain resounding A deep Hurrahl rolls from afar

Into the dust of war he fares.

The regiments have seen the Czar

f18281

THE BRONZE HORSEMAN

A Petersburg Tale 1833

FOREW ORD

The occurrence related in this tale is based on fact. The details of the flood are taken from the journals of the day. The curious may consult the account composed by V I Berkh ¹.

INTRODUCTION

There, by the billows desolate
He stood with mighty thoughts elate,
And gazed out in the distance only
A sorry skiff on the broad spate
Of Neva drifted seaward lonely
The moss grown nury banks with rare
Hovels were dotted here and there
Where wretched Finns for shelter crowded,
The murmuring woodlands had no share
Of sunshine all in mist beshrouded
And thus He mused From here indeed

Shall we strike terror in the Swede And here a cut by our labor Founded shall gall our haughty neighbor Here cut—40 Nature gives command— Your window through on Europe stand Firm footed by the sea unchanging⁴ Ny, ships of every flag shall come By waters they had never swum And we shall revel freely ranging 96

A century-and that city young Gem of the Northern world, amazing, From gloomy wood and swamp upsprung, Had risen in pride and splendor blazing Where once by that low lying shore In waters never known before The Finnish fisherman sole creature And left forlorn by stepdame Nature Cast ragged nets-today, along Those shores astir with life and motion. Vast shapely palaces in throng And towers are seen from every ocean From the world's end the ships come fast. To reach the loaded quays at last The Neva now is clad in granite With many a bridge to overspan it The islands he beneath a screen Of gardens deep in dusky green To that young capital is drooping The crest of Moscow on the ground. A dowager in purple, stooping Before an empress newly crowned I love thee city of Peter's making I love thy harmonies austere And Neva's sovran waters breaking Along her banks of granite sheer Thy traceried iron gates thy sparkling

Yet moonless meditative gloom And thy transparent twilight darkling And when I write within my room Or lampless read-then sunk in slumber. The empty thoroughfares past number Are piled stand clear upon the night, The Admiralty spire is bright Nor may the darkness mount, to smother The golden cloudland of the light

For soon one dawn succeeds another With barely half an hour of night I love thy ruthless winter lowering With bitter frost and windless air The sledges along Neva scouring Girls cheeks-no rose so bright and fair! The flash and poise of balls the chatter The bachelor's hour of feasing too The cups that foam and hiss and spatter, The punch that in the bowl burns blue I love the warlike animation On playing fields of Mars to see The troops of foot and horse in station, And their superb monotony Their ordered undulating muster, Flags tattered on the glorious day Those brazen helmets in their lustre Shot through and riddled in the frav I love thee, city of soldiers blowing Smoke from thy forts thy booming gun —A Northern empress is bestowing Upon the royal house a son! Or when another battle won Proud Russia holds her celebration Or when the Neva breaking free Her dark blue see bears out to sea And scents the spring in exultation Now city of Peter stand thou fast Foursquare like Russia vaunt thy splendorl

Foursquare like Russia vaunt thy splent. The very element shall surrender. And make her peace with thee at last. Their ancient bondage and their rancors. The Finnish waves shall bury deep. Nor vex with idle spite that cankers. Our Peter's everlasting sleep! There was a dreadful time, we keep. Still freshly on our memories painted, And you my friends, shall be acquainted By me, with all that history A g ievous record it will be

PART 1

Oer darkened Petrograd there rolled November's breath of autumn cold And Neva with her hoisterous billow Splashed on her shapely bounding wall And tossed in restless rise and fall I ske a sick man upon his pillow Twas late and dark had fallen the rain Beat fiercely on the window pane A wind that howled and wailed was blowing Twas then that young Yevgeny came Fome from a party-I am going To call our hero by that name For it sounds pleasing and moreover My pen once liked it-why discover The needless surname?-True it may Have been illustrious in past age. -Rung through tradition in the pages Of Karamzin and yet today That name is never recollected By Rumor and the World rejected Our hero-somewhere-served the State. He shunned the presence of the great Lived in Koloman for the fate Cared not of forbears dead and rotten Or antique matters long forgotten So home Yevgeny came and tossed

His cloak aside undressed and sinking Sleepless upon his bed was lost In sundry meditations—thinking Of what?—How poor he was how pain And toll might some day hope to gain An honored free assured position How God it might be in addition Would grant him better brains and pay Such idle folk there were and they Lucky and lazy not too brightly Gifted lived easily and lightly And he—was only in his second Year at the desk

He further reckoned
That still the ugly weather held
I fhat still the river swelled and swelled
That almost now from Neva's eddy
The bridges had been mwed already
That from Parasha he must be
Parted for some two days or three
And all that night he lay so dreaming
And wishing sadly that the gale
Would bate its melancholy screaming
And that the rain would not assail
The glass so firerely
But sleep held selected
His eyes at last and he reposes
But see the mists of that rough night

Thin our and the pale day grows bright That dreadful dayl—For Neva leaping Saward all inght against the blast Was beaten in the strife at last Against the frantic tempers tweeping And on her banks at break of day. The people swarmed and crowded curious And reveled in the towering spray. That spattered where the waves were funous But the wind driving from the bay Dammed Neva back, and she receding Came up in wrath and not speeding And soon the slands flooded lay.

Madder the weather grew and ever Higher upswelled the roaring river And bubbled like a kettle, and whirled And like a maddened beast was hurled Swift on the city All things routed Fled from its path and all about it A sudden space was cleared the flow Dashed in the cellars down below Canals up to their gratings spouted Behold Petropol floating he Like Triton in the deep waist high! A stegel the wicked waves attacking Climb thief like through the windows backing, The hoars stern foremost smite the class Trays with their soaking wrappage pass And timbers roofs and huts all shattered The wares of thrifty traders scattered

And the pale beggar's chattels small Bridges swept off beneath the squall Coffins from sodden gravevards- all

Swim in the streets! And contemplating

God's writh the folk their doom are waiting All will be lost ah where snall th v Find food and shelter for today? The glorious Emperor, now departed

In the grim year was sovereign Of Russia still He came sick hearted Out on his balcony and in pain He said No czar tis su e is master Over God's elements! In thought

He sat and gazed on the disaster Sad-eved and on the evil wrought For now the squares v ith lakes were studded

Their torrents broad the streets had flooded And now forlors and islanded

The palace seemed The Emperor said One word-and see, along the highways His generals 5 hurrying through the byways! From city's end to end they sped Through storm and peril bent on saving

The people, now in panic raving And drowning in their houses there

New-built, high up in Peter's Square A corner mansion then ascended

And where its lofty person ended Two sentry lions stood at guard Like living things and kept their ward

With paw uplifted Here, bare headed, Pale rigid arms across his breast Upon the creature's marble crest

Sat poor Yevkeny Put he dreaded Nought for himself he did not hear

The hungry rollers rising near And on his very footsoles plashing Feel on his face the rainstorm lashing

Or how the riotous moaning blast

Had snatcht his hat His eyes were fast

Fixt on one spot in desperation Where from the deeps in agitation

The wicked waves like mountains rose,

Where the torm howled and round were driven F agments of wreck There God in Heaven'

Hard by the bay should stand and close Alas too close to the wild water A paintless fence a willow tree,

And there a frail old house should be Where dwelt a widow with a daughter Parasha-and his dream was she!

His dream-or was it but a vision All that he saw? Was life also An idle dream which in derision

Fate sends to moc! us here below?
And he as though a man enchanted
And on the marble pinned and planted,
Cannot descend and round him he
Only the waters There, on high
With Neva still beneath him churning,
Unshaken, on Yevepn turning
His back, and with an arm flung wide,
Behold the Image sit and ride
Unon his brazen horse astride!

PART II

But now with rack and ruin sated And weary of her insolence And uproar Neva still elated With her rebellious turbulence Stole back and left her booty stranded And unregarded So a bandit Bursts with his horde upon a village To smash and slay destroy and pillage Whence yells and violence and alarms, Gritting of teeth and grievous harms And wailings then the evildoers Ruish home but dreading the pursuers Ruish home but dreading the pursuers And sagging with the stolen load They drop their plunder on the road

Meanwhile the water had abated And pavements now uncovered lay And our Yeygeny by dismay And hope and longing agitated 'fore hearted to the river sped But still it lay disquieted And still the wel ed waves were seetling In pride of victory as though A flame were moldering below And heavily was New abreathing

Like to a horse besprent with foam Who gallops from the battle home Yevgeny watches and descrying By happy chance a boat goes flying To hail the ferryman and he Unhired and idle willingly Convoys him for a threepence plying Through that intimidating sea The old tried oarsman long contended With the wild wa ers hour by hour Sunk in the trough the shiff descended Mid rollers ready to devour Rash crew and all—at last contriving To make the farther shore.

Arriving Yevgeny--evil is his lot!-Runs to the old familiar spot Down the old street -and knows it not All to his horror is demolished Leveled or ruined or abolished Houses are twisted all awry And some are altogether shattered Some shifted by the seas and scattered Are bodies flung as bodies lie On battlefields Unthinkingly Half fainting and excruciated Yevgeny rushes on awaited By destiny with unrevealed Tiding as in a letter sealed He scours the suburb and discerning The bay he knows the house is near

And then stops short ah what is here? Retreating and again returning He looks—advarces—looks again Tis there they dwelt the marks are plain There is the willow Surely yonder The gate was standing, in the past Now, washt away! No house!—O ercast With care behold Yevgeny wander For ever round and round the place And talk aloud and strike his face With h s bare hand A moment after

He breaks into a roar of laughter
The vapors of the night came down
Upon the terror stricken town
But all the people long debated

But all the people long debated
The doings of the day and waited
And could not leep The morning light
From pale and weary clouds gleamed bright
On the still capital no traces
Now of the woes of yesternight!
With the large large of the people of the still capital in the large large of the people of the still capital in the large large of the people of

With royal purple it effaces
The mischief all things are proceeding
In form and order as of old

The people are already treading Impassive in their fashion cold

Through the cleared thoroughfares unheeding And now official folk forsake Their last pight's refuse as they make

Their last night's refuge as they make Their way to duty Greatly daring The huckster now takes heart, unbaring His cellar late the prey and sack

Of Neva—hoping to get back His heavy loss and wasted labor Out of the pockets of his neighbor The drifted boats from each courtyard Are carried

A count a favorite of heaven
To one Khvostov the theme was given
To chant in his immortal song
How Nevas shores had suffered wrong
But my Yevgeny poor si k fellow!—

In a certain hard

Alas the turnult in his brain Had left him powerless to sustain Those shocks of terror For the bellow Of riotous winds and Neva near Resounded always in his ear A host of hideous thoughts attacked him A kind of nightmare rent and racked him, And on he wandered silently And as the week the month went by Never came home His habitation As time ran out the landlord took And leased the now deserted nook For a poor poets occupation Nor ever came Yevgeny home For his belongings he would roam A stranger to the world his ration A morsel tendered in compassion Out of a window he would tramp All day and on the quay would camp To sleep his garments old and fraying Were all in tatters and decaying And the malicious boys would pelt The man with stones and oft he felt The cabman's whiplash on him flicking For he had lost the skill of picking His footsteps -deafened it may be By fears that clamored inwardly So dragging out his days ill fated He seemed like something miscreated No beast nor yet of human birth Neither a denizen of earth Nor phantom of the dead

Belated
One night on Neva what he slept
Now summer days toward autumn crept
A wet and stormy wind was blowing
And Neva's sullen waters flowing

Plashed on the wharf and muttered there Complaining—beat the slippery stair As suitors beat in supplication Unheeded at a judge's door In gloom and rain amid the roar

Officered at a jugges door.

In gloom and rain amid the roar
Of winds—a sound of desolation
With cries of watchmen interchanged
Afar, who through the darkness ranged—
Our poor Yevgeny woke and daunted,
Ne well remembered terrors haunted.

Our poor Yevgeny woke and daunted By well remembered terrors haunted, He started sharply rose in haste And forth upon his wanderings paced

 And halted on a sudden, staring About him silently and wearing

A look of wild alarm and awe Where had he come? for now he saw The pillars of that lofty dwelling

The pillars of that lotty dwelling Where on the perron sentineling, Two hon figures stand at guard Like living things keep watch and w

Like living things keep watch and ward With lifted paw Upright and glooming Above the stony barrier looming

The Image, with an arm flung wide, Sat on his brazen horse astride ⁶ And now Yevgeny with a shiver

He knew the place for it was here
The flood had gamboled, here the river
Had surged here rioting in their wrath,

Had surged here rioting in their wrat The wicked waves had swept a path And with their tumult had surrounded Yevgeny lions square—and Him Who moveless and aloft and dim

Our city by the sea had founded Whose will was Fate Appalling there He sat begirt with mist and air

What thoughts engrave H s brow! what hidden

Power and authority He claims! What fire in yonder charger flames! Proud charger whither art thou ridden Where leapest thou? and where on whom, Wil plant thy hoof?—Ah lord of doom And potentate twas thus appearing Above the void and in thy hold A curb of iron thou sat st of old Oer Russia on her haunches rearing! About the Image at its base

Poor mad Yevgeny circled straining His wild gaze upward at the face That once o er half the world was reigning His eye was dimmed cramped was his breast, His brow on the cold grill was pressed While through his heart a flame was creeping And in his veins the blood was leaping He halted sullenly beneath The haughty Image clenched his teeth And clasped his hands as though some devil Possessed him some dark power of evil, And shuddered whispering angrily Ay architect with thy creation Ah heware of me Of marvels And then in wild precipitation He fled

For now he seemed to see
The awful Emperor querely
With momentary anger burning
His visage to Yevgeny turning!
And rushing through the empty square
He hears behind him as it were
Thunders that rattle in a chorus
A gallop ponderous sonorous
That shakes the paxement Ar full height
Illumined by the pale moonlight
With arm outfung behind him riding

See the bronze horseman comes bestriding The charger changing in his fligh All night the madman flees, no matter Where he may wander at his will Hard on his track with heavy clatter There the bronze horseman gallops still

Thereafter whensoever straying Across that square Yevgeny went By chance his face was still betraying Disturbance and bewilderment As though to ease a heart tormented His hand upon it he would clap In haste, put off his shabby cap, And never raise his eyes demented And seek some byway unfrequented

A little island lies in view Along the shore and here, belated Sometimes with nets a fisher-crew Will moor and cook their long awaited And meager supper Hither too Some civil servant idly floating Will come upon a Sunday boating That isle is desolate and bare. No blade of grass springs anywhere Once the great flood had sported driving The frail but thither Long surviving It floated on the water there Like some black bush. A vessel plying Bore it last spring upon her deck They found it empty all a wreck And also cold and dead and lying Upon the threshold they had found My crazy hero In the ground His poor cold body there they hurried And left it to God's mercy, buried

> [1833] [1827]

NOTES

¹The work referred to 1s 4 Detailed Historical Account of all the Floods that Occurred in St Petersburg by \ N Berkh—Pushkin was mistaken about the author's pat tonymic—St Petersburg 1826

EDITOR S NOTE

Algarotti has somewhere said Petersbourg est l' fenetre par laquelle la Russie regarde en Europe

Francesco Algarotti a friend of Voltaure 3 left an ac count of a trip to Russia he made in 1739. Letters from Count Algarotti to Lord Hersey and the Marquis Scipion Maffel. Containing the State of the Trade Marine Revenue: and Forces of the Russian Empire translated from the Italian in two vols London 1769. In his letter dated Petersburg June 30 1730 occurs this passage. I am at length going to gue you some account of this new city of the great window lately opened in the north throwhich Russia looks into Europe.

EDITOR 5 NOTE

³ Mickiewicz in one of his best poems Oleszkiewicz has in most beautiful lines described the day preceding the Petersburg flood. It is only a pity that his description is inaccurate. There was no snow—the Neva was not covered with ice. Our description is more correct although it has none of the brilliant colors of the Polish poet.

AUTHOR'S NOTE

Oleszkiewicz painter mystic and friend of Mickie wicz in this poem appears at night in a bost on the Neva TTO

hears the storm rising and forebodes the flood that is coming on the morrow He also under the palace walls apostrophizes the sleepless czar Alexander I not like Pushkin as a benevolent and sorrowing monarch but from the Polish standpoint as one in whose soul the evil principle has prevailed God will shake the steps of the Assyrian throne

TRANSFATOR S NOTE

⁴ The Russian form of Eugene

5 Count Miloradovich and Adjutant-General Bencken dorff

ATITUOR'S NOTE

6 See description of the monument in Mickiewicz It is borrowed from Ruban as Mickiewicz himself observes AUTHOR S NOTE

The reference is to Pomnik Piotra Wielkiego by the great Polish poet and patriot

ENTYPE & NOTE

EUGENE ONEGIN

A Novel In Verse

Petrs de vanite il avait encore plus de cette espècu d orgueil qui fait avouer avec la meme indifference les bonnes comme les maus asses actions suite d'un senti ment de superiorite peut etre imaginaire Tire d'une lettre particuliere

Dedication

Not with a notion of delighting Proud worldlings but to pleasure you For friendship's sake would I were writing A nobler page more fine and true Worthy of him I am addressing Whose days are living poetry-Affection's pledge indeed expressing Your dreams your high simplicity No matter-ah but look with favor Upon the chapters in your hand Half grave half gay and with a flavor Of what is common what is grand To this were fribbling hours devoted, Late nights yes and a facile art Fruit of spoiled years or green and tart, The mind's reflections coldly noted The bitter insights of the heart

Chapter One

Makes haste to live and cannot wait to feel

K Vyazemsky

My uncles shown his good intentions
By falling, desperately ill
His worth is proved of ill inventions
Where will you find one better still?
Hes an example I in averting
But God what boredom—there unstitting
By day by night thus to be bid
To sit beside an invalid!
Low cunning mist assist devotion
To one who is but half alive
You puff his pillow and contrive
Amusement while you mix his potion
You sigh and think with furrowed brow—
Why can't the devil take you now?

TT

Tis thus the gay dog s thoughts are freighted, as through the dust his horses fare Who by the high gods will is fated To be his relatives sole heir You knew Ruslan and fair Ludmila For this new hero prithee feel a Lale fellowship as I regale You readers with another tale Onegin meet him born and nourished Where old Neva's gray waters flow Where you were born or as a beau It may be in your glory flourished I moved there also for a while But find the North is not my style

Ш

A man of rank. his worthy father Would always give three balls a year He lived in debt and did not bother. To keep his hopeless ledgers clear Fate guarded Eugene our young waster While in due time Monseur repla ed her At first Madame controlled the child The charming lad was rather wild Monseur I Abbe a Frenchman seedy Thought sermons fashioned to annoy He spared the rod to spoil the boy And in a voice polite but reedy Would chide him would forgive him soon, And wall him in the afternoon

īν

When Eugene reached the restless season Of seething hopes and giddy play And melancholy, minus reason Monieur was sent upon his way. Now my Onegin keen as brandy Went forth, in dress—a London dandy His hair cut in the la est mode He dimed he danced he fenced he rode In French he could converse politely, As well as write and how he bowed! In the mazurka twas allowed No partner ever was so sprightly What more is asked? The world is warm In prasse of so much wit and charm

v

S nee but a random education
Is all thry give us as a rule
With us to miss a reputation
For learning takes an utter fool
Onegin wiseacres aplenty
Pronounced most learned though not yet twenty,
And some harsh judges found forsooth
A very pedant in the youth
In talk, he showed true talent swerving
About with great felicity
On weighty matters carefully
The silence of the sage preserving
And with the spark of a bon mor
He set the ladies eyes aglow

VΙ

Since Latin's held not worth attention His knowledge of the tongue was slight Of Juvenal he could make mention Decipher epigraphs at sight Quote Virgil, not a long selection And always needing some correction, And in a letter to a firend Place a proud vale at the end He had no inch to dig for glories Deep in the dust that time has laid He let the classic laivel fade But knew the most amusing stories That have come down the years to us Since the dead days of Romulius

VΙΙ

The art of verse that lofty pleasure, He never mastered never knew Trochaic from iambic measure, In spite of all we tried to a. Theoritis and Homer bored him If true delight you would afford him You d give him Adam Smith to read A deep economist indeed He talked about the wealth of nations The state relied his friends were told Upon its staples not on gold—This subject filled his conversations His father listened frowned and groaned, And mortgaged all the land he owned

VIII

All Eugene knew is past relating B But on one thing he had a bent And I am not evaggerating His principal accomplishment From early youth his dedication Was to a single occupation He knew one torment one delight Through empty day and idle night Through empty day and idle night The science of the tender passion That Ovid sang that brought him here, And closed his turbulent career in such a brief and tragic fashion—Ovid who here so far from Rome Found in the steppes an earlie's home.

IX-X

He early played the fond decewer
And feigned the pang of jealousy
Rejoiced the fair one 'but to grieve her,
Seemed sunk in gloom or bold and free
Would turn quite tacitum with languor
Then flash with pride and flame with anger
Show rapture or indifference
Or burn with sudden eloquence!
The letters that he wrote so neatly
So easily with passion seethed
One thing alone he loved he breathed
He could forget himself completely
His eyes, how tender quick and clear
Or shaning with the summoned tear!

ΧI

He knew the ruses that would brighten The eyes of the ingenuous young He could pretend despair to frighten Or use the adulator's tongue He d'eatch the moment of emotion And out of an old fashioned notion The strait laced innocent begule With skill and passion, touch and smile He would implore the shy confession Catch the first stirrings of the heart Sectire a tryst with tender art, And at the following sweet session Would tete à tete where no one heard Instruct the fair without a word

XII

Twas early he learned how to flutter The heart of the confirmed coquette! What biting words the rogue would utter Of those he wished her to forget! Whome was so quick as he at trapping A rival or to eatch him napping? You men who lived in wedded bliss Remained his friends I grant you this The married rales no looger naughty Would show him every friendliness Suspicious age could do no less Nor yet the curchold stout and haughty Whose satisfactions were through life Himself, his dinner and his wife

XIII-XV

After an evening a dissipations He will lie late and on his tray Find notes piled high What? Invitations? Three ladies mention a source Here is a ball and there a party His appetite for pleasures he_try—Where will my naughry lad repair? For he is welcome everywhere Meanwhile in morning costume gaily Donning his wide brimmed Bolivar He joins the throng on the boilet and To promenade as all do dally Until Breguets unsleeping chime Announces A is dinner time.

XVI

At dush a sleigh is the thing and calling Make way! Mahe way! along they fly Upon his beaver collar falling Like silver dust the snowflakes he Talons his goal no hesitating His friend [Kaverni] must be waiting He comes a cork pops up it goes, The vintage of the comet flows A bleeding roastheefs on the table And truffles, luvury of youth And Strasbourg pies imperishable Heres every dainty that you please Gold pines and live Limburger cheese

VII

Glass after glass is drained in drenching The hot fat cutlets you would say They ve raised a thirst there is no quenching But now it is time for the ballet. The theatre is wucked legislator. Who unto every fascinator. In turn his fickle flattery brings. And boasts the freedom of the wings. Onegin flies to task the blasses. And breathe the free air of the stage. To graise the dancer now the rage. To great a luckless Phedre with hisses, Or great a luckless Phedre with hisses, Or all the actress he preferred.

XVIII

Oh land of boundless fascination! There bold Fonvizin freedoms friend, Sped shafts of satire at the nation Knyazhnin played ape there without end, Semyonova there wrough her magic With Ozerov s grave lines and tragic Katenin at a later day Revived the grandeur of Corneille There Shakovskoy brought noisy laughter With his sardonic comedies Didelot enjoyed his victories Upon those very boards thereafter Where in the shadow of the wings My youth field by remembrance clings

XIX

My goddesses! How shall I trace you? I sadly call on each sweet name Can others ever quite replace you? And you can you remain the same? On once again will you be singing For me? Shall I yet see you winging Your way in soulful flight and free My fair Russian Terpsichore? Or must I with dull glances follow Strange faces mid the painted set And having stared through my lorgnette At the gay speciacle turned hollow, Observe it with a yawn at last And sliently recall the past?

XX

The theatre's full the boxes glitter, The stalls are sectioning the pit roars, The gallery claps and stamps atwitter, The guilery claps and stamps atwitter, The curtain rustles as it soars. A fairy light about her playing The magne of the bow obeying A crowd of nymphs around her—lol latonina on lifted toe One foot upon the floor is planted, The other slowly circles thus Then wanted as by Eolius She flies a thing of down enchanted, Now serpenium the trustirs and wheels And now she leaps and claps her heels

XXI

The house rocks with appliause undaunted, And treading toes between the chairs Onegin presses with his vaunted Aplomb he lifts his eye glass stares Askance at fair unwonted faces Remarks the jewels and the laces And notes complexions, with a sneer Briefly surveying every tier He bows to sundry friends his mocking Slow eyes come last to rest upon The lighted stage and with a yawn He sighs They re past the age—it s shocking! I ve haunted the ballet—what for?

XXII

The imps and cupids quick as monkeys, Upon the boards still flutter free While in the lobby sleepy flunkeys Are guarding fur-coast faithfully Within you hear the feet still pounding The coughs the shouts and hisses sounding The noses blown, and without pause Above it all, the wild applause The carriage horses childed with waiting impatient twitch beneath the lamp The coardner round the bonfires tramp Their masters wearily berating But our Onegin's out of range Of curses he so gone home to change

XXIII

Shall I deptct less with a prudent
Than with a quite impartial pen
The cabinet where fashion is student
Is dressed undressed and dressed again?
What London haberdashers hallow
We buy with timber and with tallow
Tis here to please a lavish whim
With all a dandy's mind can limn
And all that Paris in her passion
For the most costly merchandise
So elegantly can devise
To tempt the sporting man of fashion.
Observe his closet well and gage
Threeby our eighteen year-old sage

XXIV

Here s bronze and china in profusion, And Tarkish pipes of amber rare And for the senses sweet confusion, Perfumes in crystal cut with care. Steed files and combs of various guises, And brushes thirty shapes and sizes That teeth and nails may both be served, Are here with scissors straight and curved. Roisseau (forgive me if I chatter) Could not corceive how pompous Grimm Dared clean his nails in front of him—The lofty madcapl—but no matter In this case it is not too strong. To call that frend of freedom wrong

XXV

A man of sense I am conceding
Can pay attention to his nails
Why should one quarrel with good breeding?
With most folk, customs rule prevails
Wy Eugene was [Charlayev] second
With every jealous word he recl oned
No rung would suit him but the top—
In dress a pedant and a fop
To prink and preen hed ask, no urging
But spend three hours before the glass
Till from his dressing room hed pass
Lake Venus very self emerging
When as a man at masquerade
The frivelous great godders played

XXVI

Now having given due attention
To a tollette you must admire
The learned world would have me mention
Each detail of our friends at 'e
One takes a risk in such discussion
Because there are no words in Russian
For trouters dress-coat and for sest
But then it puts me to the test
For as it is my style is peppered
With foreign words their frequency
I trust that you will pardon me
With French it's sported like a leopard—
Although I we glanced at in times gone,
The Academic levicion

XXVII

But never mind let's rather hurry
Off to the ball as is required
Whither Onegin in a flurry
Is dashing in the cab he hired
Along darl streets wrapped deep in slumber
Gay carriages a goodly number
Shed rainbow lights across the snow
From their tivin lanterins as they go
With lampions bright on sills and ledge.
The splend d'mansion shines and gleams
Ard silhouetted by the beams
Across the pane a shadow edges
The profile that a more 1012 o' at
Of lovely laddy, modish si

XXVIII

Straight past the porter, like an arrow
Our here took the marble starf
But then he paused and with his narrow
White hand he swiftly smoothed his hair,
And entered Here the throng is trooping
The orchestra s already drooping
A gay mazurla holds the crowd
The peess is tuck the hubbub loud
The Horse Guard's spurs clanh as he dances
And hand meets hand and hearts beat high,
The Isdaes hitel feet fly by
Pursued in flight by flaming glances
While wildly all the fiddles sing
To drown the jealous whispering

XXIX

When I knew ardor and elation
On halls I also used to dote
There one can make a declaration.
And cleverly convey a note
Husbands esteemed to you I tender—
Your honor's most astute defender—
My services in time of need
My earnest counsels prithee heed
And guard your daughters more severely,
You mothers as your own once did
Or else—or else—else God forbid!
Hold your lorgnette up watch them nearly
These warnings in your east are dinned
Because it's long since I have sinned

EUGENE ONEGIN

$\chi_{\lambda\lambda}$

Obeying folly s least suggestion How much of life I spent in vain And yet were morals not in question Id live through every ball again I love fierce youth my private passion Is the shrewd elegance of fashion The crowd whose sparl le nothing duns, The little feet and lovely limbs Search Russia through you'll scarce discover Three pairs of truly pretty feet Ah once how fast my heart would beat When two feet tupped toward their lover! Im sad and cold yet they can start In dreams a tumult in my heart

 λXXI When will you lose remembrance of them? Where go you madman to forget? Ah little feet how I did love them! Now on what flowers are they set? In Orient luxury once cherished The trace you left has long since perished From Northern snows you loved to trend Upon voluptuous rugs instead It was for you that I ne lected The call of fame for you forgot My country and an eviles lot-All thoughts but those of you rejected Brief as your footprints on the grass The happiness of youth must pass

IIXXX

Danas breast, the face of Flora Are Charming, frends, but I would put Them both aside and only for a Glimpise of Terpsichore's sweet foot Prophetic of a priecless pleasure, A clue to joyz beyond all measure, Its classic grace draws in its wake Dearres that are too keen to slake Where'er it goes I am its lower When on the grass in Spring it's pressed Or by the fireplace set at rest A table neath the damask cover Crossing the ballroom's polished floor Or climbing down the rocky shore

IIIXXX

Well I remember waves in riot Before a storm I wanted, too, Thus to rush forth then lapse in quiet There at her feet as they would do The billows covered them with Lisses My lips were envious of their blisses! No when with youth and love on fire I did not ache with such desire I do to the store I do to the shy lips of a maiden Or touch to flame a rosy cheek. Or with such urgent ardor seek. To kiss the breast with languor laden No passion never wrought for me The same consuming agony

XXXIV

With sighs I think bermised adorer Aghast at times swift slipping sands. How once I held her surrup for her. And caught that foot in these two hands Again imagination is handled. The heart that thought its fires had dwindled. The heart that thought its fires had dwindled. Flames up the embers glow again. With sudden passion sudden pain. But in their prises why be stringing. Anew the garrulous fond lyre? The haughty creatures may inspire. Our songs but are not worth the singing. Their looks enchant their words are sweet. And quite as faithless as their feet.

VXXX

And what of my Onegan' Drowsing Hes driven from the ball to bed The drum is heard the city's rousing For Petersburg's no sleepyhead The peddler piods the merchant dresses, While into town the milk-maid presses Bearing her jar o'er creal ing snows And to his stand the cabby goes The cheeful morning sounds awaken The shutters open chimneys spout The baker's wicket opens out A loaf is proffered coins are taken A white cap shows all in a trice The baker's German and precise

XXXVI

The ball's wild gaiety was wearing So turning morting into night, To darkness kind abode repairing Now sleeps the scion of delight By afternoon he will be waking He II then resure till day is breaking. The merry and monotonous round, And then once more till noon sleep sound But was true poy to Eugene granted Then in the flower of his youth? Was pleasure happiness in sood Mid all the conquests that he viunted? When in the banquet hall he beamed Was he the carefree soul he seemed?

λλΧ۷ΙΙ

No soon the world began to bore him, The senes soon grew blunt and dull In vain the belles might clamor for him He found the fairest faces null Seduction ceased to be amusing And friendships claims he was refusing Because he could make no bon mot Could not wash down with Vetus Chiquot The bectivest and the Strabourg party When his poor head began to ache And though he was an ardent rake An exquisite both bold and natty, The time came when he quite abhorred Even the pistol and the sword

λXXVIII

But there s no need that I dissemble His illness—amme it how you choose, The English spleen it may resemble Twas in a word the Russian blue. He spared us true, one piece of folly, Although he grew more melancholy Was bored with everything he tried He did stop short of suicide Soft glance, nor welcome sweetly caroled, Nor cards nor gessup chased his gloom He d stroll into the drawing room Surly and languid as Childe Harold A wanton sigh was not worth menuon Nothing attracted his attention

XXXIX-XLII

He first abandoned you capricious Great ladies of whom he d been fond Indeed, today there is a vicious Enniu pervading the haut monde Perhaps some lady may find matter In Say and Bentham for her chatter, But the discussions I have heard Though innocent, are quite absurd If you have any mind to first you Are turned by one cool glance to ice So pious are they so precise, And so inflexible their virtue They are so clever, so sceen, The sight of them produces spleen

XLIII

You also youthful belles belated Oer Petersburg s dark, pavements borne In dashing cabs you too were lated To learn my Eugene's air of scorn To stormy gaety a traitor Onegin now deedes he ll cater To an ambitious author's whims His door he locks his lamp he trims He yawns for serious labor tries him His page is empty as can be, The pen makes mock of such as he And so the bumptious guild denies him, And I can t say the clique is wrong To which, God help me, I belong

XLIV

At length our hollow hearted hero A worthy course of action finds. The sum of all his thoughts is zero And so hell fille keener minds. A shelf of books he s been perusing But who does that is only choosing. Between a rascal and a pore He s read and read and pray what for? Old fogues all channed to tradution. The newcomers but ape the old Behind the curtain s funeral fold. He soon consigns them to perdition. He s done with women and it looks. As though he s wirely done with books.

XLV

The beau monde's burdensome conventions I too had dropped and found him then—As bored as I with vain inventions—The most congenial of men His way of dreaming willy nilly, His sharp intelligence and chilly I liked and his peculiar pose I was embittered he morose We both had played with passion early We both had wearred of the game The hearts of both now spurraed the flame And had grown ashen cold and surfy And both though young could but await Mens malice and the stroke of Fate

XLVI

One who has lived and thought grows scornful, Distains sits silent in his eye
One who has felt is often mournful Disturbed by ghosts of days gone by He can no longer be enchanted
No respite to his heart is granted—
Remembering the post perforce
He is the victim of remorse
All this lends charm to conversation
And though the rall of my young friend
At first disturbed me in the end
I listened not without elation
To his sharp judgments sullen wit

And epigrams that scored a hit.

XLVII

Of quiet summer nights, how often When with diaphaneus pale light Oer the Neva the sky would soften And the smooth waters mirror bright, Would fail to show Diana gleaming We yielded to delicious dreaming Recalling in the soft sweet air Many a distant love affair—
The pleasures relished, triumphs thwarted Lake prisoners released in sleep To roam the forests green and deep, We were in reverie transported, And carried to that region where All life before us still lay fair

XLVIII

Onegin leaned above the river
Upon the granite parapet
As did the bard—yet not aquiver
With cesta y but with regret
Here one heard naught but echoes dying
From dustant streets where cabs were flying,
And senuncl to sentinel
Sounding the cry that all was well
Alone a lazy boatman lifted
His oars above the drowsy stream
A horn rang out, as in a dream
A song across the waters drifted
But Tassos murmured octaves are
B, night in dillance, sweeter far

XLIX

Oh waters of the Adriante!

Oh Brenta! I shall yet rejonce
When once again inspired cestatic,
I hear the magic of your voice
Sacred to scions of Apollo!
No bard was keen as I to follow
The strains of Albion a proud lyre
Extolling you in tones of fire!
Once free and night will find me gloaung
Upon a fair Venetian face
Within the gondola's embrace
In golden langour vaguely floating,
And she will learn my knowledge of
The tongue of Petrarch and of love

L

Tis time to loose me from my tether I call on freedom—naught ava s I pace the beach, await good weather And beckon o the passing sails When wrapped in storm shall I be battling The billows while the snrouds are rattling And roam the seas expanse unpent, Quit of the shore's dull element? Tis time to seek the southern surges Beneath my Afric's sunny sky And there at home for Russia sigh Lamenting in new songs and dirges The land that knew my love my pain Where long my burned heart has lain

T.J

The pair of us had planned to wander On foreign scenes to feast our eyes But I am here and he is yonder Fate had arranged it otherwise. Upon the death of his dear father The creditors began to gather And Eugene when he saw these sirs—Each man must do as he prefers—Because he hated lugation Surrendered his inheritance. He though it in ogreat loss—perchance He had some other expectation? Had Eugene from a luttle bird Of his old uncles illness heard?

LI

Indeed he soon received a letter Which told him that his uncle lay Too ill for hopes of getting better, And had his last farewells to say Eugene perused the sad epistle Thoughts of the future made him whistle He caught the post with eager haste But soon was yawning while he raced He knew the tail would sorely try him For (as I ve said) there he must sit And fawn and play the hypocrite But when he comes they nouty him His uncles in his coffin laid His debt to nature has been paid

LHI

The servants gave him all assistance, The house hummed like a hive of bees With friends and foes come from a distance Just to enjoy the obsequies. The dead man burned they were able. To do full justice to the table. And feeling they had done their best, Gravely departed priest and guest. Here was Onegin then possessing. His stables forests streams and land. He who could never understand. An ordered way of life confessing. His early years were all a waste. And this routine was to his taste.

LIV

Two days he found it quite diverting. The meadows solitary look. The shady thickets cool begirting. The purling of a gentle brook. The third day interest abated. And he was not the least elated by grove and stream and field and steep—They only sent him off to sleep. For though the country boasts no palace, No card game, poetry or ball its pleasures like the city's pall. He noted with accustomed malice. A shadow or a wife pursues. As he was followed by the blues.

LV

I like a life of country quiet,
There may the lyre sound clear and free,
There fancies bloom and dreams run riot—
It suits my Mu e as it suits me
At peace it is my artless pleasure
To wander by the lake at leisure,
In solitude without a flaw
And far neate is my law
Each morning I awake proposing
Another day without an aim
I have no care for flighty fame
I hardly read I m often dozing
Was it no thus I long since spent
My youth in slothful s veet content?

LVI

To lowe and idleness devoted
To flowery field and village sport,
With pleasure I have often noted
That I am not Onegin s sort
Let no sly reader be so daring—
Onegin s traits with mine comparing—
And no calumnous friend so pert
As some time later to assert
That here for all the world to know it,
I ve drawn a likeness perfectly
A portrait of none cles but me
Like Byron prides consummate poet
As though there were a tactt ban
On writing of anorher man

LVII

Poets it is my observation,
Indulge in lovers dreams with case
I too made it my occupation
To play with tender revenes
First memory would trace the features
In secret of dear distant creatures
And the rare magic of the Muse
The breath of life would then infuse
The mountain maid untained inspiring
The prisoned girls of the Salgir
Twas thus I sang them—both were dear
Now my companions are inquiring
In all the jealous crowd what she
Commands your tender ministrely?

LVId

Whose glances quickening emotion Caresingly repaid your song?
To whom did your confessed devotion To whom your pensive verse belong?
To no one frends you must believe me I lord and nothing could relieve me That man alone knows blessedness
Who is inspired in his distress
For thus he brings his passion is fuel
To poetry a evalted flame
And when consoled by art—and fame
Lake Petrarch he finds love less cruel
But feeling the blind archer's sting
I was a dolt and could not sing

LIX

The Muse has come, and love departed, The darkened mund is clear again. And as of old I mix free hearted, Feeling and thought with musics strain. I write, and longing is diminished. No more the casual pen is led To sketch a woman's legs or head. Cold ashes hide no smoldering ember, I have no tears in spite of grief. The storms which shook it like a leaf. Soon soon my soul will not remember Then what a poem I II contrive. In cantos numbering twenty five!

LX

The plan I had no pains to settle The hero's named the work's begun, My novel finds me in good fettle And I ve completed Chapter One I ve scanned the pages most severely, The errors are a trille merely And those I do not greatly rue I ll give the censorship its due Let critics wreak their indignation Upon the finished product them Neva oh offspring of my pen Shall greet you Go my dear creation Be sentenced by a crooked jury And earn me fame and sound and fury

Chapter Two

O rusl

Horace

O Rus!

The village where Onegin's leisure
But left him bored to a degree
Would rawsh one who prized the treasure
Of innocent felicity
The mansion by a bill well hidden
Where winds and tempests were forbidden
And near a stream stood calm and proud
Surveying fallow land and plowed
Beyond the plain with hamlets dotted
And chequered brown and gold and green
A haleyon bucolie seene
With reaming flocks was lightly spotted
While in the garden's lavish shade
The contemplative dryads played

II

The mansion from its firm foundation Up to its roof was past all praise Expressing the discrimination. The noble taste of bygone days. The stove with colored tiles appealing If out of date the lofty ceiling. Ancestral portraits in the gloom. And damask of the drawing room—All this is now outworn and faded. The glory some I know not why. But the sad ruin brought no sigh From Eugene he was fa. 06 jadeo—In time worn halls and those that just Had been refurbished yawn he must.

ш

The room where the old man berated His housekeeper for forty years kulled files and snugly rustrated, Is now our heros it appears The furnishings are plain and stable The floor is oak two chests a table, A down stuffed couch are all I think, And nowhere is a spot of ink. Onegin searched the cupboards finding Liqueurs a ledger, appleack, And tucked away an almanae For 1808 without a binding The old man had no time to look Into a more exacting book

IV

Alone among his new possessions At first Eugene began to dream Of making certain grand concessions And setting up a new regime For the corvee he substituted Light quit rent, and the slave, well suited Because there was not much to pay Blessed the new master every day Not so his calculating neighbor Who thought our Eugene was a guil Another neighbor tapped his skull Why thus dispense with lawful labor? The youth was cailed on every hand A faddist and a firehead

v

The neighbors promptly called and twaddled Of this and that, to his distress Hence of the had his stallion saddled At the back, porch in readiness That he, when wheels were within hearing Might dash away as they were nearing The gentry all cried out 1 scorn This insult was not to be borne Onegin is a boor, a mason He leaves the ladies hands unkissed Drinks wine in tumblers it was hissed He never puts a civil face on Says yes and no but never sir In this opinion all concur

VI

Another landowner come newly
To his estate about this time
Was also picked to pieces duly
For gossip is not held a crime
Vladimir Lensky handsome youthful
A kantian unspoiled and truthful
Whose soul was shaped in Gotungen
Ard who could wield the poet's pen
From misty Germany Vladimir
Had brought the fruits of learning's tree
An arden faith in liberty
The spirit of an oddish dreamer
Rapt eloquence in speech and song
And curth as black as they were long

VII

Unspoiled by the vain show and fleeting Of this cold world his soul would bless With equal warmth a comrade's greeting And a shy maiden's pure caress. His heart the nest of fond illusion. In worldly dazzle and confusion. In worldly dazzle and confusion. The hopeful youth was quick to find Much to enchant his virgin mind. His doubts were never past the curing. In reverie they would dissolve. Life was a riddle he would solve. He found it puzzling but alluring. He racked his brains and still believed. That imraelies could be achieved.

VIII

A kindred soul he held was burning To be united to his own And day by day in pensive yearning It waited on for him alone. He held that loyal friends and steady To save his honor stood quite ready To suffer prison and would fly At once the slanderer to defy He held that some by Fate were chosen

IX

He early knew the agnation Of flow for virtue sore regret, The str of noble indignation Hope of a name none might forget He was none of your poctasters, Goethe and Schiller were his masters, Beneath their sky he plucked his lyre His spirit knew their lyric fire And fortunes darling in his rhyning He paid the Muses honor due His sentiments were fine and true His music therewith sweetly chimning His were the dreams that move the hean And his the charm of simple art

x

The theme from which he neer departed Was love he sang it late and soon, Serene as maidens simple hearted As infant slumbers as the moon in the unruffled heavens shining He sang of parting and repining The mystic, waisful hours of night of distance promising delight He sang the rose, romantic flower And lands remote where on the breast Of islence he had lain are standed to the sang three sang the standed to the standed to the teast and let his tears unheeded shower He sang life is bloom and early blight His uncreasint year was scarce in sight.

X:

Eugene alone was frarred to mensure
The gifts the newcomer possessed
The local gentry sround of pleasure
Could scarce inspire young Lensky's zest
He fled rheir noisy conversation
And found their prudent talk veration
All I in and I ennels crops and wine
Here not a wit was sound to shine
(Not with fine words are parsnips buttered)
No syllable of sentiment
No grace no flash of merriment
Lay hid in all the prose they uttered—
No savour ever no hint of verse
And when their wives talked, it was worse

XII

Lensky was thought an eligible A wealthy youth and handsome too There nar something intelligible About this common rustic view The talk would turn with strange persistence Upon the bachelor's sad existence Upon the bachelor's sad existence All wish to see fifter daughters wed To this half Ru sian German bred The samovar that blest invention is brought and Dunya pours his tea, And next the girl's guitar we see They whisper Dunya pay attention! And Dunya squeaks (would she were dumb!) Into my edden chamber come!

XIII

Of course young Lensky felt no yearning For marriage bond or marriage bell Instead of that our friend was burning To know Onegin really well They met except that both were human They were unlike as any two men As rock and wave or ice and flame Or prose and verse—in naught the same So different first they bored each other Then liking grew they met each day On horseback such close friends were they They clung as brother clings to brother Thus people frankly I confess Grow fond—out of sheer idleness

XIV

Such fauthful friendship as my hero s
Is in these parlous days unknown
We think all other people zeros
And integers ourselves alone
Were all Napoleons we re certain—
On sentiment we draw the curtain
Two-legged millions are our tools
Emotion is for clowns and fools
Eugene more tolerant than many
Yet, as a rule despised mankind
Evceptions may be hard to find
But there is no rule that has not any
He scorned most men (not everyone)
Estermed emotion feeling none

λV

He listened to young Lensky, smiling The poet's ardent speech the mind So immature and so beguing The fiery glance, he could but find A novelty framed to divert him He thought I must not disconcert him By mocking glance or chilly word,—Such bliss is transient if absurd Since time without my interference Will cure the lad, for good or ill, Let him believe in wonders still And credit the world's fair appearance, Youth's fever is its own excuse.

XVI

In deep reflection, hot discussion, Their meetings passed in turn they spoke of foreign history and Russian Of prejudice s ancient yoke Of good and evil and of science Of destiny and its defiance Of that dread mystery the grave Their judgment both men freely gave The judgment both men freely gave The poet in his evaluation Would cite a verse he had by heart, Some fragment of his Northern art, And clinch the point with a quotation. Thouga Eugene lent a willing ear, He found the matter not too clear

XVII

The passions though concerned more often Our talkative young eremites Onegan's mocking voice would soften As he depicted their delights He sighed no longer subject to them Most blessed is he who never knew them And blessed the man who rids him of Their pangsl and he, remote from love, Who never longed and never hated, Who yawning with his friends and wife, In gossip finds the spice of life All jealous thoughts evaporated—The happy man who took no chance At cards with his inheritance!

XVIII

When we seek refuge growing colder Beneath the prudent flag of peace When passions fires no longer smolder, And all their wayward stirrings cease And when we find our old devotion No more a reason for emotion And its late sequel as absurd We yet attend upon the word That trembles with another's passion The heart recalls its ancient scars As one who fought forgotten wars Reviews the past in wistful fashion A veteran who never fails To hang upon the young bloods tales.

XIX

But fiery youth cannot dissemble Its love or anger, graef or joy It all pours forth from lips that tremble With the avowals of a boy Wearing a look of self possession Onegun heard the sweet confession His friend unburdened himself of—He was a veteran in love Freely the poet spoke and truly His heart was pure, his conscience clear, Onegun was allowed to hear In full the tender story duly A tale of entiment not rew These many years to me or you

XX

He loved as propie love no longer Whose hearts the years at length anneal His was the love of poets stronger Than other men are doomed to feel He henev one constant inspiration And not long years of separation Nor distance changed his earnest mood Or brought his longing quietude Not hours when he fulfilled the dunes That poets owe unto the Muse Nor studies such as pedants choose, Nor noisy games nor foreign beauties Could alter Lensky's virgin soul Where love burned like a living coal

XXI

When scarce a lad his heart was captured—A heart that had not felt a pang—By little Olga and enraptured. He watched her as she played and sang And one would find the children roaming Together in the for st gloaming. The fathers indeed all could see Their marriage was a certainty. Watched fondly, in seelus on, growing. The charming and ingenious maid. Bloomed like a finite rink shade. A lily of the valley blowing. In the thick grass where none can see, Unknown to butterfly and bee.

XXII

The poets earhest elation
Young Olga was the first to stir
She was his lyrea first inspiration
His urgin lyric was of her
But now "dient oh, golden playtime"
He loved the dark and shunned the daytime,
And crazed the forest's shady boon
The slent stars the brooding moon—
The moon the lampion of heaven
To which we wowed our walks apart
Whose secret solace on the heart
Would drop so tenderly at eyen
Though now a light of no repute
The street lamps pallid substitute

WXIII

As grateful as a kiss as simple As Lensky's life that knew no guile, Was gentle Olga-in her dimple One saw the cheerful morning smile Her sky blue eyes her cheeks like roses, Her flaxen hair, her graceful poses, Her voice, were such as they portray In all the novels of the day There was a time when the portrayal Was one that I found exquisite, But now I am fed up with it Dear reader pardon the betrayal, And I shall speak if you allow, About her older sister now

YXIV Though it suggests a peasant's hovel, Tatyana was her sister's name For the first time in any novel It humbly asks romantic fame Why not? You can have no objection. Though it is true your recollection Of syllables so musical Is bound up with the servants hall With olden days and doddering nurses We can t please the fastidious For there's a lack of taste in us And in our names (and in our verses) Enlightenment makes such as we No finer, but just finicky

XXV

Tatyana was her name then—granted She would not win you by her face She kould not win you by her face he resister scharm and wanted Her rosy innocence and grace No silent, wild and melancholy And swift to fice from fun and folly Shy as the doe who runs alone, She seemed a stranger to her own To fondle either parent never Was our morose Tatyanas way, And as a child she d romp and play With other children scarcely ever But by the window she would brood The whole day through in solitude

xxvi

Since infancy her only pleasure Was reverie she wreathed with dream The placid course of rusice lessure Her tender fingers sewed no seam Nor was she found with head inclining Oer her embroidery designing In colored sills a pattern fit To make a guest exclaim at it The will to rule is seen thus early The child while still at play prepares For all her future social cares And the polite world's hurly burly And tells her doll with anxious thought The mavium sher mamma has taught

XXVII

But even then, and more s the puty Tayyana had no doll at all To gossip to about the city And what the fashions were that fall She was not one of those who glores In mischef but horrific stories Enchanted her while yet a child, In winter when the nights were wild And when the little girls collected To tag each other or to roam The woods Tayyana stayed at home, By solitude nowise dejected Her dreamy mood did not con ort With laughter and with noisy sport

XXVIII

Tatyana might be found romancing Upon her balcony alone Just as the stars had left off dancing When dawn a first ray had barely shown When the cool messenger of morning The wind would enter, gently warning That day would soon be on the march, And wake the birds in beech and larch In winter when night s shade encloses More lingeringly half the world And in the misty moonlipht furled, The lazy Orient longer dozes Roused at her wonted hour from rest By candle light she rose and dressed

XXIX

She found in a romantic story
All one might care to be or know
Living the chapters through she d glory
In Richardson as in Rousseau
Her father saw no harm in reading
(He was a decent chap conceding
He lived in quite another age)
But then he never read a page
He did not know that books could say things
To move you even while you slept
He thought the tomes his daughter kept
Beneath her pillow empty playthings
While on the other hand his wife
Held Richardson as dear as life

VXX

The lady's lasting admiration
The novelist had long since won
She had not read with fascination
Of Lovelace or of Grandison
But she had heard of them a doz-n
Or more times from her Moscow cousin
Princess Aline when she was young
And when besides her heart was wrung
She was affianced but her mother
Had made the choice twas not her own
Her heart was filled with one alone,
For sad to say she loved another
A Grandison attached to cards
A beau a sergeant of the Guards

IXXX

She followed as he did the fashion,
On elegance her mind was bent
But what availed her urgent passion?
They married her sans her consent
Her prudent husband to distrate her
Off to the country promptly packed her
Hoping her grief might thus abate
They seriled down on his estate
Where she with God knows who for neighbors,
At first but wept and tore her hair
Spoke of divorce in her despair
Then plunged into domestic labors
Content since habit more or less,
Is surrogate for happiness

XXXII

And habit soothed her sorrow sweetly Until a great discovery Consoled the lady quite completely And grief changed to serenity Between her hours of toil and leisure The good wife took her husbands measure And kept him underneath her rule She did the overseeing cool And resolute she shipped the peasant For army service kept the books She pickled mushrooms with her cooks Slapped servant girls who were unpleasant And steamed herself on Saturday—Her spouse had not a word to say

XXXIII

Time was when she would be composing An album verse with tender men. She used a sing song voice and posing Praskovya she would call. Pauline She punched her waist with ughtened laces, Affected a most nasal. In But years went rolling by and then She lost her Frenchy airs and graces. The album and the corset vanished, The tender verse Princess Pauline. She said. Akulka for Celine. The nasal twang she also banished. And wore—her last defences down—A mob-cap and a dressing yown.

VIXXY

But her good husband loved her dearly And trusted her with house and pelf And never looked at her too nearly—He wore a dressing gown himself His life that knew no cares or labors Rolled by in peace at times the neighbors Some friendly family—at eve Dropped in to gossip laugh or grieve Together o er some imple matter And time would pass and there would be Young Olga coming to make tea And put a finis to their chatter They d sup then time tor sleep drew nigh, And so the guests would say good-bye

XXXV

They loved the good old ways, and wallowed At Carnwal in savory cheer, Lating the pancakes custom hallowed They took communion twice a year At Christmas, carols were their pleasure They liked to tread a country measure At Whitsun when he populace Yawned through the long thanksgiving mass They too were of their duties heedful And on the lovage dropped a tear Holding their pious habits dear As men need air, they found kyaas needful Liked hearty guests who ate and drank, And served each course to them by rank

XXXVI

And so they aged like all things mortal And in due time the husband passed Submassive through the grave s dark portal, And wore the funeral wreath at last A tender father a good master, His passing came as a disaster To friend and child and fai hful wife, He died a kind and simple life He cied a short hour before dinner His epitaph is plain as he Graved on the monument you see Dmitry Larin a poor sinner, God s servant and a brigadier

XXXVII

Come home again young Lensky duly Beheld the bed where all must lie And by those ashes mourning truly, Paid them the tribute of a sigh Alas poor Yorick! he lamented Once in those arms I lay contented, And took his medal for a toy When I was but a tiny boy! He hoped that in good time I d marry His Olga I can hear him say May I but live to see the day! When we were young we did not tarry "And Lensky greeving honestly Wrote, on the spot an elegy

XXXVIII

And there he also wrot- another Upon the patriarchal dust And wept his father and his mother Alast by God's strange will we must Behold each generation flourish And watch life's furrows briefly nourish The perishable human crop Which ripens fairly but to drop And where one falls another surges The race of men reel's nothing save Its reckless growth into the grave The grandfathers it promply urges Our time will come when it is due, Our grandchildren exict us too

XXXXX

Meanwhile, forget a l toil and trouble, Take what is offered of delight I know that life is but a bubble My fondness for it is but slight I am deceived by no illusion But I salute hope s shy intrusion, And ornetimes in my heart I own I would not leave the world unknown I have no faith in its requiting My labors yet perhaps this name May wear the laurel crown of fame, And yet win luster from my writing, One line held in the memory, May speak, like a fond friend of me

XL

My words may move some unborn lover My stanza saved by jealous fate It may be Lethe will not cover Ah yes at some far distant date, When I am gone and cannot know it The cordial words There was a poet to Some dunce may yet pronounce as he Points out my portrait unctuously Such are the bard's gratifications, My thanks friend you will not refuse, You venerator of the Muse Who will recall my poor creations You who will smooth in after days With kindly hand the old man s bays

Chapter Three

Elle etost fille elle etost amoureuse

Malfilatre

1

"These poet ! What! another visit? Good bye Onegin! I must go! I shan it detain you but where is it? You spend your time! Id like to know? These ev-migs? At the Larins Splendid But Lord before the evening's ended How is it that you do not fall. Askep from boredom? Not at all I cannot grasp it! Ill be betting. Here swhat you find there (am I right?) The guests are greeted with delight fout have a Russian family setting. With it and jam and endless tattle. About the weather flax and cattle.

т,

I see no harm in that I m grateful But it's a bore my friend that's clear Your fashionable world is hateful I find the plain home circle dear Where I can Ah another pretty Bucolic piece! Good Lord have pity! Well must you go now? Not so fast! When shall I meet the girl at last When shall I meet the girl at last When shall I meet the girl at last Your you have found so interesting? I dike to see with my own eyes Your Phyllis whom you dolize Prey introduce me You are jesting No "Gladly When?" At once You'll see How very welcome you will be

Ш

Let s go

The friends without delaying Dashed off arrived and heartily Were greeted with almost disnaying Old fashioned hospitality The table shone with wax they handed The saucers of preserve about Set huckleberry syrup out, Just as the social rites demanded

IV

They travel homeward quickly choosing or it is late, the shortest way, And reader, you are not refusing To overhear what they may say Well, now Onegan Yawing?" Merely A habit Lensky Oh but clearly four to bored "As ever But I mark. That we are driving in the dark. Be quickl Drive on! he bids the peasant "This silly landscape! Never mind Your Madam Larina s, I find A nice old woman plain but pleasant. That huckleberry syrup will I ve a suspicion, make me ill."

V

But rell me which one is Tatyana? She sat beside the window She Is like the poet's maid Svetlana Given to mournful reverie You love the younger? Curious creature! Why do you say so? Not a feature Of Olgas a look alive to me Her isster tempts the Muse not she or to the younger? Curious and blooming Is like Yan Dyck's Madonan Fie! Or like up in the silly sky That silly mon you see there looming Vladmir made a dry response And then sat selent for the nonce.

VI

The neighbors pleasantly diverted Ask-d what Onegin s visit meant And one and all of them everted Themselves to find out his intent Tatyana's match was all the rumor They gossiped on in high good humor If there was carping comment, too And there were those who said they knew The plans to have been consummated But that the wedding was deferred Because they lacked—ladnt one heard?—The rings that the new mode dictated Of Lensky's troth there was no chatter His wedding was a settled matter.

VII

Tatyana listened with vexation
To gossip but her heart would fill
With a strange, secret exultation
She conned the talk against her will
A thought was born and grew, unbidden,
Thus grows a seed the earth has hidden
When springtimes sun shines warm above
The time had come—she was in love
Long since her dreams had set her yearning
And coveting the fatal food
Long since with sweet disquiettide
Had her shy wistful heart been burning,
And freighted with a youthful gloom
Her soul was waiting ah, for whom?

VIII

He came And her eyes opened Quaking She whispered to hersell. "It's hel Alas in dreams, asleep or waking From thoughts of him she is not free Alf speaks of him, but to confound her His magic presence hovers round her, And so from old et alls, she life: And from the servaint anxiotis eyes Plunged into sadness beyond measure, When guests arrive she pays no heed But wishes them away with speed And curest their inwelcome. Justice She hates their having come at all, Their endlessly protracted call

Tλ

Now with what eager concentration She reads the sweet romance and how Discovers a new fascination In its seductive figments now! The creatures fancy animated Wer her to be a martyr fated Malel. Adhel and de Linar St. Preux the rival of Wolmar St. Preux the rival of Wolmar And Grandison who leaves us sleeping The matchless bore—on these she mused, And all our tender dreamer fused Into one image her heart leaping As fancy in the lot would trace Onegins form Onegins face

х

And so her quick imagination Reveals herself in every scene She is the novelist s creation Julie Clarissa or Delphine She wanders with imagined lovers Through silent woods and she discover Her dreams in every circumstance Of some imported wild romance Another's gipel is hers to rue And in her mind a billet down To her dear hero she addresses The hero were intent upon However was no Grandison

VII

Tatyana listened with vexation
To gossip, but her heart would fill
With a strange secret exultation
She conned the talk against her will
A thought was born and grew unbidden
Thus grows a seed the earth has hidden
When springtime s sun shines warm above
The time had come—she was in love
Long since her dreams had set her yearning
And covering the fatal food
Long since with sweet disquietude
Had her shy wistful heart been burning,
And freighted with a youthful gloom
Her soul was waiting

ah for whom?

VIII

He came And her eyes opened Qualing She whispered to herself. The hel Alas in dreams, siden or wiking From thoughts of him she is not free, All speals of him, but to confound her His magic presence hovers round her And so from tile talk she files And from the servant's anvious eyes Plunged into sadness beyond measure When guests arrive she pays no heed But wishes them away with speed And Guesse their nawledness. Been all, Their guidesty protacted call

XIII

All this is futile and you know it My friends Perhaps, by heaven's decree, I shall yet cease to be a poet Another demoi seizing me I shall dey the dread Apollo Content in my old age to follow The fashion of an older day Write prose and take the humbler way Ill tell no ghostly rales or gory Or paint the villain's agony A simple Russian family Will be the subject of my story And love's dehicious dream and too The customs that our father's heave

ΧIV

The father's simple words repeating Or the old uncles I shall tell Nevt of the children's breathless meeting Where Indens hide the lovers well Of yealous pangs and separation And tears of reconciliation After they we quarreled once again III bring them to the altar then I shall recall the tongue of longing The languors of a distant day When at my mistress feet I lay And to my lips the words came thronging The lover's language the sweet vow Of which I we lost the habit now

χV

Tatyana dear Tatyanal Weeping. I share the scalding tears you drop Your fate is put into the keeping Of a most tyrannous young for perish, But_lirst what dark delight you cherish, But_lirst what dark delight you cherish, What dazzling hopes awhile are yours As you discover life a allures, And drink desires sweet poisoned potion You dwell in dreams, and you persist In fancying a happy tryst. In every nooh, with strange emotion And everywhere that you may turn Your marked seducer you discern

ΧVI

Her grief into the garden taking

Taryana goes impélled by love
She drops her eyes her heart is aching
Her languor will not let her move
Her eyes shine and her breath has dwindled
Her chest heaves and her cheeks are kindled
With flame that fails as it appears,
There is a roaring in her ears
Night falls the moon already riding
Aloft, the whole of heaven sees
The nightingale's keen melodies
Pour from the boughs where she is hiding
Sleepless, Tatyana would converse
In gentle whispers with her purse

XVII

I cannot sleep nurse it is stifting!
Open the window come sit here
What ails you Tanya? Oh it is trifling
Im bored tell me a story dear
A story? a sked the good old woman
"Of maids and creatures superhuman?
Ah yes I knew such old wives tales
But I grow old and memory fails
How sad it is to be forgetting?
I ve fallen on black days my dear—
I lose the thread my minds not clear
It is no wonder I am fretting
But nurse you still can tell me of
Your own young days Were you in love?

XVIII

What notions! You may find it blameless But in my youth no one engaged In talk of love. It was thought shameless—My mother in law would have raged. But you were married nurse said Tanya How was it? By God's will my Vanya Was but a boy if truth were told. And I was just thriteen years old. The marriage broker kept on pressing. The matter for a fortinght oh. What tears I shed you do not know. The day my father gave his blessing. They loosed my braids and singing fow. Led me to church I had to go.

XIX

I lived by strangers quite surrounded,
My husband's folk But do you hear?
Ah nurse nurse darling I am hounded
By longing I am ill I fear
I want to cry to sob—oh, nursey!
My child you re ill! The Lord have mercy!
God grant it's nothing! Welladay!
How can I help you only say!
I'll sprinkle you with holy water
You have a fever Fever no
I Im love, she mutmured low
The nurse replied God save you daughter!
And crossed the girl and as she made
The sign with shaking hand, she prayed

XX

I am in love poor Tanya uttered The words again with suffed moon Dear you are ill the old nurse muttered I am in love leave me alone Meanwhile the moon her silver duty Performing lit the girls pale beauty And with a somber splendor shone On her loose hair her tears and on The bench where the old nurse was seated In kerchief and long gown of wool Before her charge whose eyes were full Whose posture was of one defeated And while the world in silence slept, The moon her magic vigil kept

XXI

The moon's enchantment so obsessed her Her soul to distant regions fled And then a sudden thought possessed her Go leave me nurse, Tatyana said Move up the table give me paper And pen good night. Her single taper Is the benign and silent moon Alone Tatyana broods and soon Propped on her elbow she is writing Thinking of Eugene all the while A young girl's ardor clear of guile Breathes through the words she is inditing The letter's ready to be sent

XXII

I have known women stern and rigid Great lades far too proud to fall As pure as winter and as frigid I understood them not at all marveled at their iron virtue, Their freezing glances framed to hurt you And sooth I fled these haughty belles Upon whose brows methought was hells Inscription written. Ye surrender All hope for aye who enter here They like to fill a man with fear And shun the heart that would be tender By the Neva it may be you live some such ladies not a few.

IIIXX

And where the faithful suitor hovers, I have seen other belles who bent A glance upon their urgert lovers Self-centered and indifferent And what was my amazement, finding They sought to make love s ties more binding By an assumed austerity And fright but bred fidelity Ant least if pity seemed to soften Their voices and their words were kind, Young love because it is so blind Would grow more ardent very often, And the fond fool would then pursue The unconcerned belowed anew

XXIV

Why is Tatyana an offender? Is it because she cannot deem Deceit exists but clings with tender Simphety to her young dream? Is it because her Doye is artless And she, not knowing men are heartless Obeys her feelings sams demur? Or because Heaven guited her With fiety imagination. With rebel will and lively mind And with a heart for love designed A spirit brooking no dictation? And can you not forgive if she Showe passions wouldlit?

XXV

Not like a cool coquette who tenders Her heart and when she likes withdraws Tatyana like a child surrenders Herself to love and all its laws She does not argue by delaying We win the game that we are playing And raise loves value clevely. First let us prick his vanity With hope then prove it an illusion Raise doubts that leave his heart perplexed With jeadousy revive it next And thus reduce him to confusion Lest sick, of pleasure momently The sly thrial struggle to be free

XXVI

But I forese a fresh objection
And I confess I am perplexed
Could Russa pardon my defection
Should I not give the letters text
In Russana And the task is infernal
Tatyana read no Russian journal
She did not speak, the language well
And so of course the girl decided
And so of course the girl decided
To write in French
What's to be done?
For lady never no not one
Her love in Russian has confided
Our native tongue turns up its nose
At mere epistolary prose

XXVII

They say the ladies should read Russian But though the arguments are keen I cannot suffer the discussion—
To find a Moscow magazine In those white hands would be distressing! The fair ones, whom you were addressing With flattering pen and heart aglow Were all of them, as well you know My poet friends inclined to stammer When they employed the mother tongue Weloved them though when we were young For just those livel sings of grammar The foreign tongue is native to Those lovely hips is it not true?

XXVIII

To see a pedant in a bonnet! A scholar in a yellow shaw!! Pray God I do not come upon it Where guests disperse or at a ball! I hate red lips that are unsmling And likewise do not find beguining The sound of Russian when correct Slight errors have a choice effect Perhaps heeding the journals clamor The younger beauties will declare That poetry is their affair And will accustom us to grammar But as for me my loving prase Is for the good old fash oned ways

XXIX

My heart will as of old be shaken Touched by the careless twittering The phrasing awkward or mistaken Of some attractive little thing I am not given to repentance—French turns will please me in a sentence As do the sins of years long fled Or light verse that our fathers read Enough. Tis time that I presented The letter to you quite intact By God I I wish I could retract Was ever harder task, invented? Parnys and tenderness is now No more the vogue you will allow.

XXX

Singer of feasts and tender sorrow If only you were with me still I might indeed make bold to borrow Your magic music and your skill. Your version of Tatyana's letter Would be in every way far better Than anything that I could do—I bow and cede my rights to you But no our paths have separated To praises unaccutomed grown Beneath the Finnish sky alone Among sad cliffs he moves I m fated To mourn his absence and in vain He does not even guess my pain

IXXI

Tatyana's letter lies before me,
I treasure it most piously,
These artless lines can never bore me,
They touch the springs of reverie
Who taught her how to be so lavish.
With ardent words and how to ravish
The heart with virgin tenderness?
Where did she learn this wild excess?
Love's discourse perilous delicious,
She hnew I wonder how I fear
The version of it given here
Is like a copy pale and vicious
or like an air from Treischütz played
By someone awkward and afraid

Tatyana's Letter to Onegin

I write you and my act is serving
As my confession Why say more?
I know of ushal I am deserting—
That you should scorn me or spnore
But Jor my wretched jate preserving
A drop of pity you! Il forebear
To give me over to despair
I first resolved upon refraining
From speech you never would have learned
The secret shame outh which I burned
If there had been a hope remaining
I there had been a hope remaining
That I should see you once a week
Or less that I should hear you speak
And answer with the beste greeting

But have one thing u hen you uere gone
One thing alone to think upon
For days until another meeting
But you're unsociable they say
The country and its dulness bore you
We we don't shine in any uay
But have a warm frank uelcome for you

Why did you come to visit us?
Here in this ullage unfrequented
Not knowing you I would not thus
Have learned how hearts can be formented
I might (who knous?) have grown contentea
My grish dreams forever stilled
And found a partner in another
And bored the duties well julifiled

Another! No I could have given My heart to one and one alone! It was decreed the usll of Heaven Ordains it so I am your own All my past life has had one meaning-That I should meet you God on High Has sent you and I shall be leaning On your protection till I die You came in dreams I feared to waken Noved your image even then I trembled at your glance and ulen You spoke my very soul was shaken Only a dream? It could not be! The moment that I saw you coming I burned my pulses started drumming And my heart whispered it is he! Yes deep within I had the feeling When at my tasks of charity

Or when the world about me recling I looked for peace in prayer kneeling That silently you spoke to me Just nou did I not see you flitting Through the dim room where I am sitting, To stand dear vision by my bed? Was it not you who gently gave me A word to solace and to save me

The hope on which my heart is fed? Are you a guardian angel to me? Or but a tempter to undo me?

Dispel my doubts! My mind s awhirl Perhaps this is a mad delusion The folly of a simple girl

Fate plans a different conclusion So be it! Now my destiny

Lies in your hands for you to fashion Forgive the tears you turing from me I throw myself on your compassion

Imagine here I am alone

With none to understand or cherish My restless thoughts and I must perish Stifled in solitude unknown I wast when once your look has spoken The heart once more with hope will glow,

Or a deserved reproach will show The painful dream forever broken!

Reread I cannot I must end The fear the shame are past endurance Upon your honor I depend

And lean upon it with accurance

λXXII

Tatyana moans, and as she shivers
The letter shakes she heaves a sigh
Upon her tongue the wafer quiverseBoth tongue and seal are pink are dry
Her nightgoon slips from off her shoulder,
And her head sinks The dawn grows bolder
And soon the east will be alight
The moon is fading with the night
The moon is fading with the night
The strong with the pleasant
Pale valley and the silver stream
The first shy rays begin to gleam
The shepherds horn awakes the peasant
Tis morning all the world's satur
It makes no difference to ber

xxxIII

Dawn s air is sweet she does not feel it She sits with downcast head too lax To take the letter up and seal it With her neat monogram in way. The old gray nurse thinks she is napping And enters sofily without rapping And enters sofily without rapping Upon her tray a steaming cup. Come now my child it's time get up But you re already dressed! God save me, You are an early bird! Last night I left you in a dreadful fright But never mind the turn you gave me I see the pain has left no trace. A poppy could not match your face.

VIXXX

"Ah, nurse I know you wont refuse me
"Of course not, darling only say
Don think but really don t accuse me
Do me this favor nurse I pray
God knows how gladly only say it
Then bid your grandson—don t delay it—
Carry this letter secretly
To O our neighbor Oh, but he
Must breathe no word must never mention
My name Yes but to whom, my dear?
I must be errowing dull I fear

Although indeed I paid attention We have so many neighbors I Could scarcely count them, should I try

XXXV

"How dull writed you are, nurse truly!
The mind grows blunt as one grows old,
Age comes to all, my darling duly
The master had no need to scold
When I was young—a mere suggestion
Ah nurse your mind is not in question
What difference does that make to me?
It is my letter don t you see,
My letter to Onegin Bless me
Do not be cross because I fail
To grasp things
But you're growing pale,
Tanya my dear your looks distress me
Oh, it is nothing nurse I I now
Be sure you have your grandson go

XXXVI

The day is done he's not replying Another day he still is dumb Dressed early shadow pale and sighing She waits when will the answer come? Then Olga's suitor paid a visit Has he forgotten us—what is it? Where is your frend? the hostess said Tatyana trembled and grew red Something detsined him He intended To come today and without fail Perhaps what kept him was the mail Thus Lensky his good frend defended

A black reproach in every word

Tatyana looked as though she heard

At dusk, the samovar is gleaming Upon the table piping hot And as it hisses gently steaming The vapor wreathes the china pot Now Olga sits before it filing The lustrous tea-cups never spilling A drop of the dark fragrant stream A serving lad hands round the cream Apart Tatyana can but Inger Beside the window on the pane She breathes again and yet again And in the must her little finger Describes in pensive tracery The hallowed letters O and E.

XXXVIII

But her soul aches and nothing pleases, Her eyes betray her with a tear She freezes The sudden sound of hoofs! and here Now nearer! Galloping Is Eugene! By another portal Tatyana leaps like nothing mortal From porch to court and shadow light She flies she flies, nor in her flight Looks backward lightning like she rushes On past the bright parterre the lawn The grove, the bridge the lake and on, And fleeing breaks the lilac bushes, And gains the brookside breathing fast, Where on a rustic bench at last

XXXIX

She falls

Hes here! Eugene! she panted Oh God what can be think of me? Her anguished heart some peace was granted By a dark hope of what might be Tatvana burned and shivered asking He's coming? But in silence basking
The country round about was still Save for the chorus on the hill Where the maids sang to keep from cheating The masters of the berry-crop They dared not let their voices drop For if they sing they can t be eating (A shrewd command that perfectly Proves rustic ingenuity!)

Maids Song

Merrily my laughing ones Maidens come and trib it now Come and form a circle and Foot it neatly on the green! Girls strike up a melody Sing a song a happy song Sing and bring a dashing lad Hither to our frolic and When he comes ah when he comes When we see him nearing us Fly my darlings run away Pelt the lad with cherries rive Cherries and red raspberries Fling him currents ripe and red Eavesdroppers be off away! Not for you our songs are sung Do not spy upon our games Come away girls come away!

λL

Tatyana hears the chorus sounding But heedlessly, she cannot school Her shaken heart to stop its pounding Or want for her hot cheeks to cool But still she pants, her terror growing. And hotter yet the blush is glowing Upon her shamed and flaming cheeks, Thus a poor moth imprisoned seeks To free its wings and frantic, pushes Against the palm that holds it tight Thus a gray hare will quake with fright Glimpsing behind the distant bushes A crouching huntsman ill-concealed, And stop defenceless in the field

XLI

At last she rose and gently sighing She sought the path, but as she turned Before her, there was no denying Eugene himself with eyes that burned Stood like a threatening appartion As though she feared an inquisition She halted, like one scorched by fire But what was further to transpire After this unexpected meeting I cannot say I ve talked so long That I am feeling far from strong Forgive me, then for thus retreating Just now a walk would suit me best In time I shall relate the rest

Chapter Four

La morale est dans la nature des choses

I_VII

Necket

A woman's love for us increases
The less we love her sooth to say—
She stoops she falls her struggling ceases
Caught fast, she cannot get away
Once lechery that took its pleasure
And boasted bold beyond all measure
And never loved where it desired
Was all the art of love required
In this important sport the jaded
Old monkeys of another age
Were proper people to engage
Now Lovelace's renown is faded
Gone with the styles we do not use
With proud perukes and red heeled shoes

VIII

Who would not weary of evasion And of repeating platitudes Of holding forth with great persuasion On themes to which none now alludes Of finding worn-out prejudices That even thirteen jear-old misses Would scarcely call intelligent The subject of an argument? Who would not tire of threats and rages Entreaties yows and foolish fears Decett and gossip rings and tear Of letters running to siv pages Mammas and aunts who pry and peer And friendly husbands heavy cheer?

ĭΧ

Thus Eugene thought with melancholy In his first youth he was the prey Of many a wild fit of folly And never said his passions nay A pampered boy allured by pleasure, Then disappointed beyond measure, Wearied by what he had desired By facile conquest swiftly tired At noisy gatherings and after, In silence hearing still the faint Sad murmur of the soul so complaint And covering a yawn with laughter—He killed eight years thus like a dunce—The flower of life that blooms but once

\mathbf{x}

Allured by neither looks nor station
His courting now was minus zest,
Refused—he soon found consolation
Betrayed—he took a welcome rest
Though he pursued, the chase was palling
Both love and malice scarce recalling
Ladies he left he never missed
Thus for an evening game of whist
A guest comes an indifferent player
Sits down the game is done—he goes
Drives home to take his night's repose
His mood no gloomer no gayer
Not knowing in the morning where
When evening comes he will repair

ΥI

But our Onegin's heart was stricken When Tanya's tender message came Its girlish fire began to quicken A swarm of thoughts evempt from blame Again her pale face looms before him— And as on these his fancy dwelt Onegin a pure rapture felt Perchance he briefly hnew the fever That thrilled him in the days gone by And yet her trust hed not belie He would not play the base deceiver But to the garden let us race Where Tanya met him face to face

XII

Two munutes passed with neither speaking Then he came up to her and said You wrote me There is no use seeking To disavow it now I read A pure love is innocent effusion Your candor filled me with confusion I read a shy confiding word And feelings long quiescent stirred I would not praise you but sincerely I would requite sincerity I would requite sincerity You may expect no less from me Your frank avowal touched me nearly Hear my confession then I pray And you shall judge me as you may

XIII

If I were one of those who rather Enjoy stand domesticity, If as a husband and a father. The kindly fates had fancied me Where should I seek a dearer treasure? If for a moment I found pleasure In cosy scenes of fireside life. You you alone would be my wife. This is no rhetoric I m using Pinding my youthful dream come true—All candor and all grace in you. You are the helpment I d be choosing. A pledge of every loveliness. And I d be happy more or less!

XIV

I must confess though loth to hurt you, I was not born for happiness I am unworthy of your virtue I d bring you nothing but distress My conscience speaks—pray let me finish, My love, first warm would soon diminish killed by familiarity Our marriage would mean misery Then you will weep but who supposes Your grief will bring me to remorse? II shall lose patience then of course Hymen will choose no other roses To make the path before our feet Alsa too thorny to be sweet

xv

What is there more to be lamented Than this a household where the wife Whose spouse has left her discontented Grieves for the wretch throughout her life While the dull husband fully knowing Her worth each year more sullen growing And jealous in a frigid way. Can only curse his wedding-day! Can only curse his wedding-day! And I am such Was it naught better Than that you sought poor innocent When writing that intelligent That ardent and most charming letter? The cruel fates have surely not Designed for you so sad a lot!

XVI

His days and dreams what man recovers? Never shall I my soul renew I feel if not indeed a lover s More than a brother s love for you Be patient then as with a brother One cherished fancy for another A girl will more than once forego As every spring the suplings show New leaves for those the tempests scatter So Heaven wills it Your young soul Will love again But self-control My dear is an important matter Though I was worthy your belief Impulsiveness may lead to giref

XVII

So Eugene preached and Tanya listened, Scarce breathing making no replies And blinded by the tears that glistened Unheeded in her great dark eyes He offered her his arm Despairing With drooping head and languid bearing (Mechanically as they say) Tatyana took her silent way Homeward along the kitchen garden, And when they entered, arm in arm The company could see no harm And nothing to remark or pardon For rustic freedom thus delights As does proud Moscow, in its rights

XVIII

In this affair our friend was tested And behaved well you will agree Thus once again he manifested this soul's innate nobility Though there are people most malicious Who called him everything that s vicious And had no word for him but blame—Both friends and foes (they re all the same) We need the wit that nature gave us To face our foes as all men must But from the ones we love and trust, From our good friends may Heaven save us These friends! twas not for nothing that They came into my mind so pat

XIX

My meaning? Nothing My intention Is but to full dark thoughts to sleep But in parenthesis I mention There is no calumny so deep Born of a lat in an attue There is no notion so erratic No fancy of a worldly mob No coarse most of a wittly snob No coarse most of a wittly snob That will not be ten times repeated To decent folk and with a smile By your good friend all without guile, And no a single word deleted But he will back you while you live He loves you as a relative!

XX

H m h ml dear reader pray apprise me, Are all your relatives quite veil? You might be pleased—if so advise me—To have your humble se via tell. What the word relatives embraces It me.ns the people to whose faces. We show at all times due respect, And whom we lass as they expect. And whom we lass as they expect. And whom the Christimas season. Unless indeed we send a card in token of our warm regard. Lest they should miss us beyond reason. All during the ensuing year. And so God grant them health and cheer!

XXI

If frends and kin are undescruing You may rely upon the fair, And firmly count upon preserving Their love, though tempests fill the air Oh yes But there's the whirl of fashion, And then the wayward course of passion, And theo pinnon of the town The sex of course is light as down And while a husband is respected By any wife who s'urtuous By words and lool's insidious The faithful one is soon affected For woman is a tender fool, And love is but the dewil's tool

IIXX

On whom shall we bestow affection, And whom shall we confide in pray? In whom discover no defection? Who will assent to all we say? Who will not seek, our faults to flout us? Who will not spread vile lies about us? Who will not weary us with speed? Who will supply our every need? It is a phantom you are chasing And vainer labor there is none—Love your own self and so have done! This estimable friend embracing. You prove you know beyond a doubt, Dear reader what you are about

XXIII

What of the tryst then so ill fared? Alas it is not hard to guess? The pains of love still agitated The soul so shy of happiness The promise of her spring was blighted But love grew greater, unrequited. She could but peak and pine and weep, And a ght would find her far from sleep Lost like a muted sound and varished Her virgin calm is of the past Poor Tanya's youth is fading fast. And health and hope and joy are banished Thus darkly drives the storm that shrouds The blithest dawn in sullen clouds

XXIV

Tatyana's bloom is all but faded
She sighs she pines both day and night!
And all distraction finds her jaded
She looks on nothing with delight
The neighbors heads and tongues are wagging
High time she wed! But I am draggir g
My story out and it is wrong
To dwell on sorry things so long
Now let me speak of something jolly
Portraying happy love for you
Yet bidding the poor gril adieu
I am assailed by melancholy
Forgive me Tany's from the start

Has held the first place in my heart

XXV

From hour to hour yet more enraptured By the young Olga s winning ways Vladimir was completely captured And found his chains a thing to praise Always together now they te sitting In her room while the light is filting. Or in the morning arm in arm the two explore the garden's charm. And think of it! So turnd is he That only once in a great while, Emboldened by his Olga s smile, And with love a sweet corilusion dizzy, He dares to rufie with a tress.

Or hiss the hem of her dear dress

λXVI

Sometimes he reads to Olga trying To choose such rioral tole ... might Have passages on nature ying. With those Chateaubriand could write, And certain pages (fabrications, A snare to maids irraginations). He passes over in a rush. And not without at 1! tale blush. And most without at 1! tale blush. And most without at 1! tale blush. It grate sections as is fit, Above the chess-board they will sit, Above the chess-board they will sit, And ponder each moves secret meaning. Till Lensky too absorbed to look. With his own pawer takes his own rook.

XXVII

If he goes home, his dreams still linger
Abot this Olga, it may be
Having her album there to finger
He decorates it earnestly
In ink or colors he is sketching
A rustic view that she found fetching
A tomh a temple vowed to love
A lyre that bears a little dove
Or on the sheet another wrote on
A sweet remembrance to ensure
Below h. other is signature

 He writes a ver e for her to dote on— A passing thought's enduring trace That time and change may not crase.

XXVIII

Of course you we often seen that treasure, The album of a country mass Scrawled over Ly her friends at leasure With lotted rhyme and criss-cross kiss—Werer spelling has be as sadly spited And an eternal fr endship plighted In hade did as well as hackneed verse That could not very well be notse On the first page there's this confection Qui ecrites vous sur ces sublettes?

Quecrirez vous ser ces tablettes?
Beneath it t à t Annette
And on the last page this reflection
You are the one that I adore,
Who loves you more may write yet nore

XXIX

Here you will find as decoration
Two hearts a torch and flow rs be sure,
And many a solemn protestation
Of loves that to the grave endure
But for my part I do not mind
Inscribing albums of this kind
I know there II be a warm reception
Of any nonsense I set down
And critics later with a frown
Or else a smile that's pure deception,
Will not debate and ponder it
And search my nonsense for some wit

XXX

But you chance volumes that in Hades Once graced the devil s own abode You tomes wherewith resplendent ladies Torment the thymesters à la mode You handsome albums decorated By what Tolstoy s fine brush created, Or graced by Baratynsky s pen May Heaven blast your page amen! When a fine lady seeks to win me Her well bound quarto to inscribe, I fain would write a diatribe—A mockang demon stirs within me And prompts something satureal, But they demand a madrigal!

XXXI

No smart conceits does Lensky fashion For Olgas albium—not a bit! His lyrics breathe a candid passion There is no sparkle here of wit Dear Olga is his only matter Her looks her words—he does not flatter Blut with the living truth aglow His verses like a river flow Thus you Yazykow when affection For God knows whom inspired your soul Let the sonorous stanzas roll And your remarkable collection Of clegies at some far date Will tell the story of your fate

XXXII

And bids us cast away the wreath Of elegy that he despises And throws this challenge in our teeth Stop crying stop this tiresome quacking About the self same thing this clacking About the past what's done and gone Enough sing other tunes move onl

But hush! Our sternest critic rises

Correct you'll bring for our inspection. The classic trumpet sword and mask. You'll bid us free to speed our task, The frozen funds of intellection— Eh friend? But no attend again. Write odes odes only gentlemen.

MXXXIII

"As in the old days poets wrote them— That ancient glory still shines bright What! only solemn odes? Just quote them They re duller than the things we write Recall Dmiriyev's castigation Why should you have such veneration For all that musty rhetoric While our sad rhymesters earn a kick? Ah but the elegy is flighty Inane and petry while the ode Travels how different a road— Its aim is high its meaning mighty Ill not debate the point 'Ye gods!

Why set two ages thus at odds?

XXXIV

Admiring glory loving freedom
Vladimir too had odes to write
But seeing Olga wouldn't read em
The lovelorn boy ignored them quite.
Lives there a poet who rehearses
To his dear charmer his own verses?
They say that life does not afford
A more magnificent reward
How blessed the lover who is granted
The chance to read his modest songs
To her to whom his heart belongs
And watch her, languidly enchanted!
How blessed indeed though she might doose
Something more certain to amuse.

XXXV

The things that I concoct in lonely Long hours the melodies I mend I read not to the crowd but only To my old nurse, my childhood's friend Or after dinner I may vary The boredom nabbing the unwary The boredom nabbing the unwary Good neighbor who s dropped in on me I choke him with a tragedy or else (joking aside) while strolling Beside my quiet lake, beset By utresome triymes and vann regret I frighten the wild ducks by rolling My tuneful strangs forth nill they Take off and smoothly sour away

ΥΧΧΥΙ-- ΣΥΣΥΙΙ

And now what of Onegun? Truly I fear frends lest your patience fail His daily occupations duly I shall to pleasure you detail As hermist live who hope for heaven He lived—in summer rose at seven And lightly clad though airs were chill Walked to the stream below the hill Gulinare's bold singer emulating He swam this Hellespont anew Then dipped into some vile review keeping his morning coffee waiting And next he dressed

XXXVIII-XXXIX

A book, a walk where shadows fluted And brooklets murmured pleasantly, And if a black-eyed girl permitted Sometimes a kiss as fresh as she A lively horse but not too restive, A dinner that was rather festive, Therewith a bottle of light wine, And solvuide—this was, in fine, Onegin's holy life unheeding He let the summer season fly Nor rectlo noed days as they went by, No other entertainment needing Forgetting friends and city ways And tedious planned holidays

XL

Our northern summer, swiftly flying, Is southern winters travesty And even as we are denying Its passage it has ceased to be More often now the sun was clouded The sky breathed autumn, somber, shrouded Shorter and shorter grew the days Sad murmurs filled the woodland ways As the dark, coverts were denuded Now southward swept the caravan Of the wild geese a noisy clan And mists above the meadows brooded, A tedious season they await Who hear November at the gate

XLI

The hazy dawn commences coldly,
The silent fields abandoned want
And on the highway marches boldly
The wolf besade his hungry mate
The horse who scents him snorts and quivers,
The traveler observes and shivers
And dashes uphill and is gone
Now from the shed at crack of dawn
The herd no longer drives his cattle,
Nor calls them noons for mustering
Indoors the maid will softly sing
Above her spinning wheel i low rattle
Her work the crackling matchwood lights
The friend of wintry cottage nights

XLII

The frosts begin to snap and glearning With silver hoar the meadows lie (The reader waits the rhyme word beaming Well take it since you are so sly!) The 127 respective shows a luster That fine parquet can never muster And on their skates the merry boys Now cut the 126 with scraping noise Down to the waterfront there stumbles A clumsy goose and thinks to put Into the stream her red webbed foot But stepping forth she ships and tumbles The first gay snowflakes spin once mor And drop in stars upon the shore

XLIII

What, in the country, when it is dreary, Can a man do? Go walking there? This is the season eyes grow weary Beholding bareness everywhere. On the bleak steppe go horseback riding? Yes but your horse will soon be sliding! His worn shoe slipping on the ice. And he will throw you in a trice. Stay indoors by a bool befriended? Heres Pradt and Scott. You do not think. You care to? Check accounts or drink. Till somehow the long evening's ended. And so the morrow passes too—Your winter is cut out for you.

λLIV

Onegin like Childe Harold scorning All labor took to pensive ways An sey bath begins his morning And then it home all day he stays Alone and sund, in calculation He finds sufficient occupation In billiards with a good blunt cue And ivory balls not more than two But as the rural dush, advances The game he can at last forget Beside the fire a table s set He waits and up a troika prances His roans bring Lensky to the door, Come it is time to dine once more

XLV

The pail is brought the see is clinking Round old Moet or Vewe Cliquot
This is what poets should be drinking
And they delight to see it flow
Lake Hippocrene it sparkles brightly,
The golden bubbles rising lightly
(The image why of this and that
I quote myself and do it pai)
I could not see it without gloating
And once I gave my meager all
To get it friends, do you recall?
How many follies then were floating
Upon the magic of that stream—
What verse what talk, how fair a dream!

XLVI

But this bright sibilant potation Betrays my stomach and although I love it still at the dictation Of prudence now I drink Bordeaux Ay is risky if delicious It's like a mistress gay capricious Enchanting sparkling frivolous And empty—so it seems to us But you Bordeaux I always treasure As a good comrade one who shares Our sorriows and our smaller care, And also our calm hours of leisure, One whose warm kindness has no end—Long live Bordeaux, the faithful frend!

XLVII

The fire is out the ashes shifting Have dimmed the golden coal half seen, A thread of smoke is upward drifting, The hearth breathes warmth, and all s serene, Up through the flue the pipe smoke passes Upon the table glearn the glasses Their rapid bubbles hissing till The shadows creep across the sill (A friendly glass and friendly chatter I ve always thought well suited to The hour called entre chien et loup The reason doesn't really matter) But let us rather now inquire What is said beside the fading fire

XI.VIII

Well how are the young ladies faring? Your Olga? And Tatyana too? Pour me a lute more be sparing Hold on, old fellow, that will do The family is well they send you Regards But Olga, oh my firend you Should see how lovely she has grown! Such shoulders! I have never known! And what a throat! And what a spirit L-t s call some time. Take my advice You looked in at the house just twice (And nexer after that went near it But! I m a dunce! They bade me say You are to come and named the day

XLIX

Ir Yes a brithday celebration— Tayatanas—comes next Saturday You have her mother s invitation And Olenkas Why say them nay?" Oh there will be a dreadful babble And such a crowd a perfect rabble No nobody! You re quite secure Only the family I m sure Only the family I m sure Only greed Is it such hard labor? Agreed Now that is good of you! He said and found his words the cue To drink a toast to his fair neighbor Then fell again to talking of His precious Olga such is love!

L

The day was set his heart clated When but a fortinght more had fled He d greet the hour so long awaited The secrets of the nupral hed And dreaming of his evultation He never thought of the veration That Hymen hrings, the greef and pain, And the cool yawns that come amain While we with marized life not smitten Are certain that it only means A series of fainguing scenes Such stuff as Lafontaine has written Ah my poor Lensky he was made For such a life I am afracie.

LI

Beloved or such was his conviction, He was in bliss Indeed thrice blessed Is he who can believe a fiction Who lulling reason comes to rest In the soft luxury of feeling Like a poor sot to shelter reeling Or (since its ugly to be drunk) An insect in a flower sunk But wretched is the man who never Can be surprised, who is not stirred By a translated move or word Who cannot feel he is too clever, Whose heart experience has chilled Whose raptures are forever stilled

Chapter Five

Be thou spared these fearful dreams Thou my sweet Svetlana

Zhukovsky

1

That year was extraordinary,
The autumn seemed so loth to go
Upon the third of January
At last by night arrived the snow
Tatyana, still an early riser,
Found a white picture to surprise her
The courtyard white a white parterre
The roofs, the fence all molded fair
The frost work o er the panes was twining
The trees in wintry silver gleamed
And in the court gay magpies sereamed
While winters carpet softly shining
Upon the distant hills lay light
And all she looked on glistened white

II

Here s wanter! The triumphant peasant Upon his sledge tries out the road His mare scents snow upon the pleasant keen air and trots without a goad The bold kinhta swiftly traces Two fluffy furrows as it races The driver on his box we note With his red belt and sheepskin coat A serf boy takes his dog our sleighing Himself transformed into a horse One finger's frostbitten of course, But nothing hurts when you are playing And at the window not too grim Jis mother stands and threatens him.

Ш

Such vulgar scenes as these despising You may dismiss them as unfit For verse—it would not be surprising, Theres little here that's exquisite Another at a god's dictation Described with frenzied inspiration First snow and deletately wrote Of wintry pleasures, you will dote Upon those lines of his commending The glories of these frosty days Like secret promenades in sleighs But I my friend am not contending With you now yet with you who spin Fine tales about your fair young Finn Fine tales about your fair young Finn

IV

Tanya, though she could give no reason, Was yet a thorough Russian, hence She loved the Russian winter season And its cold white magnificence.
The hear frost in the sun a shimmer And sleghing and, when light grew dimmer, The snows still gleaming softly pink, And the long evenings black as ink. Yuleude they duly celebrated As custom bade with charm and spell. The maids would gleefully foretell. To the young laddes what was fated, And promised them each year again A soldier spouse and a campaign.

V

Tanya with simple faith defended The people's lore of days gone by She knew what dreams and cards portended And what the moon might signify. She quaked at omens all around her Were signs and warnings to confound her—Her heart assuled where er she went By some obscure presentiment Upon the stove the cat elected. To wash his face with cateful paw. And pur the while Tatyana saw. At once that guests might be expected. If on the left she would spy. A slender crescent riding high.

VI

Her face would pale her body quivered And when a star dropped down the sky And into golden fragments shivered She d watch its flight with anxous eye, And hurriedly before it perished Confide to it the wish she cherished If she encountered unaware hare Ablack free-ked monk or if a hare Should cross her path while she was waiking She would go stumbling down the road In dread of what this might forebode She fancied ghosts behind her stalking And terror stricken would await. The blow of a malignant fate.

vii

And yet she found it no affliction—
Her terror held a secret charm
Since nature, fond of contradiction,
Allows a zest to our alarm
(Now Yule tide brings its fun and folly
The young tell fortunes, all are joily,
For carefree youth knows no regret
Life vista gleams before it yet
The aged at the graves grim portal
Unrough spectacles with failing, eyes,
Tell fortunes too but otherwise
The joys they knew have all proved mortal
No matter Isping like a child,
Hope lies to them, and they re beguled

TIT

Tatyana stares in fascination, Seeing the molten was assume A shape wherein imagination Prefigures poy to come, or doom Now from the dish where they are lying The rings are plucked each maiden, sighing Seeks omens in the song they sing This dirty sounds for Tanyas ring Their peasants, rich beyond all measure, Can shovel silver with a spade We sing about a lucky maid For glory will be hers, and treasured The time thowever, threatens her, Purty is what the girls prefer

IX

A frosty night the heavens muster A starry host of choiring spheres That shine with an harmonious luster Tatyana in the court appears And careless of the cold is training A mirror on the moon now waning The image trembling in the glass Is but the wistful moon is alse! The crunch of snow a step approaches Straight to the stranger Tanya speeds Her tender voice is like a reed is And rash the question that she broaches Your name 15—what? He passes on, But first he answers Agafon

х

Tanya prepared for fortune telling As her good nurse would have her do And in the bath house not the dwelling They set a table laid for two But she took fright our shy Tatyana I too recalling poor Stetlana As suddenly grew tumorous So fortune tellings not for us Tanya her silken belt untying Undressed at last and went to bed Sweet Lel now hovers oer her head, And one may find a mirror lying Beneath her pillow Darkness keeps All scretts safe Tatyana sleeps

XI

She dreams And wonders are appearing Before her now without a doubt She walks across a snowy clearing There's gloom and darkness all about Amid the snowdrifts, seething roaring A torrent gray with foam is pouring Darkly it rushes on amain, A thing the winter could not chain By a slim iccle united Two slender boughs are flung across The waters, where they boil and toss And by this shaking bridge affrighted, The helpless girl can do no more Than halt bewildered on the shore

XII

She cludes the waters that impede her But naught avails her grilish wrath No helping hand is near to lead her Across in safety to the path A snowdrift stirs it falls asunder Just fancy who appears from under! A shagey bear! At Tanyas c ry The creature bellows in reply As his repellent aid he proffers, The frightened maiden gathers strength And puts her little hand at length Upon the sharp-clawed paw he offers And steps across her blood congeals The bear is marchung at her heels

THY

Look back she dare not fear would blind her She hurries but the dreadful shape Of her rough lackey is behind her In van she struggles to escape Forward with groin and gruin he lunges And into the deep forest plunges And into the deep forest plunges And into the deep forest plunges In still and somber beauty stand The pines their boughs on every hand Tufted with snow the stars are shining Through lofty tree tops everywhere, Birch linden aspen all are bare The road is lost and past divining The rapids and the underbrush Deep diffield in the snowy hush

XIV

Into the woods pursued she presses
The snow is reaching to her kine
A branch leans down to share her tresses
To scratch her neck, and stubbornly
Plucks at the ear rings she is wearing
Her strinkets rudely from her tearing
Her strinkets rudely from her tearing
Her small wet slippers in set to go
All covered with the brittle snow
She drops her handkerchief and shivers
Afraid to stop the bear is near
She dare not lift for shame and fear
Her trailing skirt with hand that quivers
She runs he follows on and on
She can no more her strength is gone

λV

She falls into the snow alertly
The shaggy monster seizes her
And in his arms she lies incrity,
She does not breathe she does not sur,
Along the forest path he crashes
And to a humble cottage dashes
Crowding the trees about it grow,
And it is weighted down with snow
One window glimmers bright and rosy,
Within a noisy clatter swells
The bear says. Here my gossip dwells
Come warm yourself where it is cozy
And doing with her as he will,
He lays her down upon the sill

XVI

Recovered Tanya pale and shrunking Looks round the bear is gone, at least She hears wild shouts and glasses clinking As at a mighty funeral feast. The noise is queer and terrifying With caution through the key hole spying She sees. Why who would credit it? About the table moniters sit! One is a horned and dog faced creature One has a cock is head plain to see And there is a witch with a goatee, A dwarf, whose tail is quite a feature, A daughty skeleton and that Is half a crean and half a cat

XVII

More horrors here a lobster riding A spider here a red-capped skull A gooses snaky neck bestrding—Most fearful and most wonderfull A wind mil all alone is whring Its wings with crazy motions twirling, They bark and whistle sing and screech To horses stamp and human speech! And in the crowd that filled the lovel Aghast, Tatyana recognized The dreaded one, the dearly prized The very hero of our novel. The very hero of our novell Onegin sits and drinks a health And glances at the door by stealth

TVIII

His slightest move is overawing He drinks with greedy howls they swill, He laughts and they are all guffawing, He frowns and everyone us still Its plain that here he is the master No longer fearful of disaster, But currous as maidens are, Tatyana sets the door ajar A sudden gust of wind surprises. The crowd of house sprites blowing our The lights bewildering the rout With flashing eyes Onegin rises And scrapes his chair along the floor All rise he marches to the door

XIX

Consumed with terror, Tanya, quaking, Would fly the place she cannot stir, For all the efforts she is making. No single sound escapes from her, Eugene fings wide the door defenseless, The poor girl stands there almost senseless, She hears the raucous laughter swell And sees the gaping fiends of hell The horns and hoofs the whiskered faces The tails and tusks and bloody javs The crooked trunks the gleaming claws The bony hands the sly grimaces, All point to her and all combine In shouting fiercely Minel Sheg, minel

xx

She's munel crues Eugene stern and daring. They vanish claimed by the unknown The chilly dark the girl is sharing. With Eugene and with him alone. His genite touch nowise dismays her, As on a shaky bench he lays her And on her shoulder leans his head. When suddenly they re visited. By Lensty and his love, light flashes Eugene berates them rolls his eyes. And litts his hand as who delies. Unbidden guests the scene abashes Taryana and with failing breath. The maiden lies there pale as death.

ХХI

The quarrel grows, Onegun quickly Leaps for a kinfe and Lensky falls The fearful shadows gather thickly A hornd shout assails the walls And leaves the little hovel shaking Tatyana terror struck is waking Her dear familiar room shows plain And through the frosty window pane. The dawn shines ruddy Olga rushes. In to her asster swallow light Her rosy cheel's are not less bright. Than in the north Aurora's blushes. Tell me your dream all breathlessly She cries. Whom Tanja dad you see?

λλII

But, every interruption spurning She lies as though she has not heard Her book in hand, and slowly turning Page after page says not a word Although her book has no pretensions To folding poets sweet inventions Deep truths or well-drawn scenes—yet not Racine or Virgal Walter Scott Or Seneca's or Byron's pages Or Fashion Journal could enthrall As did this author chief of all Diviners and Chaldean sages This Martin Zadeka it seems

Was the interpreter of dreams

IIIXX

It happened that a peddlet tendered This learned opus one fine day To Tanya and therewith surrendered A prize that chanced to come his way Malvine—because the set was broken Three fitty was the price bespoken And in exchange he tool, as well Volume the third of Marmontel Two Petriads and a collection Of fables and a grammar too She thumbed her Martin till he knew No rival in the girl's affection He offered solace and delight And sleep beside her every night

XXIV

The dream alarms her and not knowing What hidden meaning in its lies. She searches for a passage showing. What such a nightmare signifies. Some clue the index may afford her Where set in alphabetic order. She finds abyss ape bear bridge cave. Dirk door eclipse fir ghost ice knave Eticetera. The glosses were her. Her growing doubts they cannot still. She fears the dream bodes only ill. And yet the auguries perplex her. The dream pervades her mourfull moods, And so for days poor Tanya broods.

λXV

But lol from out the morning valley The rosy dawn brings forth the sun And with good cheer and merry sally The name-day feast is soon begun The guests are early in arriving Whole families of neighbo s driving Up to the steps in coach and shay Calash kibitha crowded sleigh The hall is packed to suffocation. The parlor's crowded barking pugs And girls who kiss with laughs and hugs, increase the din of celebration Guests bow and scrape within the door And nurses scream and children roar

λλVI

Beside his wife that chubby charmer Plump Pustyakov strides heavily Here comes Gvozdin a first rate farmer Whose peasants live in beggary The two Skottnins gray as sages Line up with children of all ages From two to thirty m a row Heres Petushkov a rural beau My cousin sleepy-eyed Buyanov Down in his hair with visored cap (I m certain that you know the chap) The old fat counselor Flyanov A gossup glutton clown and cheat Who likes a bribe as much as meat

NAM

Among the crush of people passes Leading his offspring Kharlikov With them a red wigged man in glasses The wit Triquet late of Tambov His pocket burns it holds a treasure Asong he brings for Tanya s pleasure All children know the melody Reveillez vous belle endormie The verses came—but who would know it?—From a moth caten almanae, He rescued them and with the knack That argues a resourceful poet, Eliminated belle Nina Inserting belle Tahana

XXVIII

Behold from town arrives—what rapturel The company commander whom Each rural mother hopes to capture The idol of all maids in bloom His news sets guilsh hearts to drumming A regimental band is coming! The colonel's sending at A ball! Upon each other's necks they fall, Anticipating this distraction But dinner's served and arm in arm The couples to the table swarm Tanya's the center of attraction They cross themselves their heads incline Then buzzing all sit down to dine

\XIX

Awhile all conversation ceases
They chew The pleasant prandial chink
Of plates and silverware increases
The touching glasses chime and clink
The feast goes on but soon thereafter
The room grows foud with talk and laughter
And none can hear his neighbor speak
They chortile, argue shout and squeak
And while they all are in high feather
The door swings wide and Lensky's here
Onegin too At last, oh dear!
The hostess cries Guests squeeze together
Move plates and chars with ready glee,
And seat the two frends hastily

XXX

They face Tatyana, who is paler
Than is the moon one sets at dawn
With the emotions that assail her
She trembles like a hunted fawn
Her darkening eyes she never raises
With atormy passion's heat she blazes
She suffocates she scarefly hears
The two friends greetings and the tears
Are all but flowing her heart flutters
The poor thing nearly swoons she's ill
But now her reason and her will
Prevail Two words she softly mutters
And that between her teeth, to greet
These guests, and somehow keeps her seal

IXXX

Eugene had long abommated High tragedy and swoons and tears And garlish hits of nerves he hated He'd suffered from such things for years The feast he was quite unprepared for Twas not the sort of thing he cared for And having noted, in a pet That poor Tatyana.was.upset. He dropped his eyes in irritation And sulked, and swore that he would frim His friend for thus misleading him Now soothed by this anticipation He set his mind to work with zest, Cancaturing every guest.

IIXXX

Eugene was not alone in noting
Tayana's trouble but each eye
Was at that moment busy gloating
Upon a succulent fat pie
(Alas too salty) and observing
A pitch sealed bottle they were serving
As a fit sequel to the roast
Wine of the Don to drink a toast
And then appeared a row of glasses
Each long and narrow as your waist
Zizi that asks to be embraced
My soul's fair crystal what surpasses
Your charm? My everse sang your praise
You made me drunk in other days

XXXIII

Released from the damp cork the bottle Pops the wine fizzes and Triquet Whom silence was about to throttle With dignity brings forth his lay The gathering, affected by it Before it is heard, is grave and quiet Tatyana breathless, cannot stir, Triquet turns with his sheet to her And sings, off key The song is greeted With shouts and plaudits Tanya now Is forced to curtiser, to his bow Though great the poet's not conceited, His toast rings out the first of all. Then he presents the madrigal

XXXIV

very by

All greeted and congratulated Tayana's who spoke rath one fair Eugene as he his turn awaited Observed the grits embarrassed air Her sad fairgue her helpless languor And pity took the place of anger He bowed to her without 1 word But somehow his mere look averged Dept tenderness perhaps he meant it Or clies he may deliberately Have played a prank in coquetry Or somehow couldn't quite prevent it But Tenderness his look did show And Lanyas heart began to glow

XXXV

The chairs shoved backward scrape the flooring, All crowd into the drawing room. Like bees that from the hive are pouring Into a meadow sweet with bloom. The feast makes every move a labor. And neighbor wheezes unto neighbor. The laides at beside the fire. The girls, oil by themselves, conspire. Green tables are set up alluring. The gamblers worthy men and bold. Ombre and Boston claim the old. And more play whist, whose firms a enduring—A most tedious family. All greedly boredom is processy.

XXXVI

The whist players are hin hearted They se played eight rubbers at a stretch Eight times changed places since they started They stop because the servants fetch. The tea I note the hour or nearly. By dinner, tea and supper merely. Off in the country we can say. What time it is with no Breguet Except the stomach. I may mention In passing that my stancas speak. Of feasts and sundry foods and cke. Of corks with much the same attention. That to such matters Homer pays.

Who s had three thousand years of praise

XXXVII--XXXIX

But here is tea the guils demurely
Their steaming cups have barely surred
When sweetly through the doors and surely
Passoon and flute at once are heard
Because the time is so diverting
His sup of tea with rum deserting
The local Paris Petushlov
Comes up to earry Olga off
And Lensky—Tanya, Karhihova
A virgin of ripe years accepts
Triquer, next follow two adepts
Buyanov leads off Pustyakova
The balloom summons one and all

λL

Thue brilliantly begins the ball

At the beginning of my story I thought to paint (see Chapter One) A northern ball in all its glory A thing Albain might have done But yielding to a dream's distraction I reminisced of the attraction I reminisced of the attraction I reminisced of the attraction I ratio from the paint of the

Chapter Six

Là sotto giorni nubilosi e brevi Nasce una gente a cut l'morsr non dole

Pettarch

Revenge was something of a pleasure, But Eugene now his friend was gone, Was bored again beyond all measure, Olenka too began to yawn By her dull partners mood infected And as she looked about, dejected For Lensky the coullion seemed To her a tiresome thing she dreamed It's over Having supped the gentry Are glad at last to take a rest A place is found for every guest Twist the maids attic and the entry, And gratefully to bed they creep Eugene alone goes home to sleep

II All s hushed within the parlor sighing And snoring heavy Pustvakov Beside his heavy mate is lying Gvozdin Buyanov Petushkov And Flyanov somewhat ill encumber The dining room on chairs they slumber Upon the floor Triquet we view In flannels and a night-cap too The guls with Olga and Tatyana Are settled they are fast asleep But at her window fain to weep Poor Tanya lighted by Diana Stares out upon the shadowed lea There is no sleep for such as she

ш

Once more Tatyana's heart is drumming Delight is rungled with distress As she reviews Onegan's coming And this brief look of tenderness—And then with Olga how he acted! She puzzles rill she is distracted And realous longing frest the maid—As though a chilly hand were fall Upon her heart as though a runbling Black chasm were gaping at her feet But run at has hands is sweet Says Tanya Nay I am not grumbling Complaint will make my pain no Jess He cannot give me happuness

IV

Proceed my tale! Here s matter for ye Good readers a new face arrives Five versts away from krasnogorye, Our Lensky s village lives and thrives Mongst thinkers who are few and cloudy Zaretzky once a jolly rowdy A gambler who won all the stakes A tavent tribune chief of rakes But now a kind and simple father, Albeit still a bachelor A good landed proprietor A friend in need as you will gather—Even a man of honor thus

The times improve and better us!

XXXV

The charts showed backward scrape the flooring All crowd into the drawing room Like bees that from the hive are pouring lino a meadow sweet with bloom. The feast makes every move a labor. And neighbor wheezes unto neighbor. The ladies sit beside the fire. The girls, oil by themselves, conspire. Green tables are set up alluring. The gambiers worthy men and bold. Ombre and Boston claim the old, And more play whist, whose farnes enduring—A most tedious family. All greedy boredoms is progeny.

XXXVI

The what players are loon hearted. They we played eight rubbers at a stretch, Eight times changed places since they started, They stop because the servants fetch. The tas I note the hour or nearly By dinner tea and supper merely. Off in the country we can say What time it is with no Breguet. Except the stomach I may mention in passing that my stanizas speak. Of feasts and sundry foods and eke off corks with much the same attention. That to such matters Homer pass. Whos shad three thousand years of praise.

ΧλΧΥΙΙ--λλΧΙλ

But here is tea the g rls demurely
The r steam ng cups have barely surred
When s veetly through the doors and surely
"assoon and flute at once are heard
Because the tune is so d vertung
H s cup of tea vith rum, dearting
The local Par's Petushlov
Comes up to carry Olga off
And Lensky—Tanya, Aarth Lova
A Vigin of r pe years accepts
Tr quet, next follo v two adopts
Buyanov leads off Pusyahova
The ballroom summons one and all

$_{\rm XL}$

Thus be il antly begins the ball

At the beg nn ng of my story Ithought to pan it (see Chapter One). A northern ball in all its glory. A thing Albain migh have done But yeld ng to a dream's discretion I fem a seed of the attrace on I fem a seed of the attrace on I fem a seed of the attrace on That lad es feet have had for me Oh I have erred swift entity in tracking you'll should be mo ng On other paths, since wouth a spent and grow yith time, artell gent My style and my affa its improving And I my novel is to this terretion.

XLI

Like giddy youth forever swirling
In dizzy circles round and round,
The waltz sends tircless couples twirling
To flute and viols merry sound
Revenge approaches so concealing
To Olga Tirst they spin about,
Then he suggests they sit one out,
And chais of this and that politely
A moment and the pair once more
Are waltzing round the dancing floor
All wonder whether they see rightly
And starning in dismayed suprise
Lexiky can scarcely trust his eyes

ILIX

Now the mazurka's strains are sounding Of old the baliroom used to shake. To the mazurka with the pounding Of heels the stout parquet would quake And window sashes rattled loudly. Not now we like the ladies proudly And smoothly glide on polished boards, But the provincial town affords. A place for the old fashioned splendor of the leaps the heels the winkers fair, Agree just the same as what they were Thing extends to fashions tyrannies bends to fashions tyrannies heden Russian's worst disease.

XLIII-XLIV

My lively cousin now advancing Presents the charming sisters both NTo Eugene who at once goes dancing lawar with Olga nothing loth rie leads her nonchalantly gliding and in an attitude confiding. His head above her fondly bent Whispers an outworn compliment, that presses her soft hand—clauon inflames the girls conceited face. My Lensky's fury grows apace rie waits with jealous indignation. The end of the mazurka and For the coulling begs her hand.

XLV

SLLV

She cannot No? But why? She s given Onegin the cotilion Lord!
What does he hear? She dared He s driven I to think the girl that he adored 's but a flirt Though she is barely Out of her swaddling-clothes she s fairly Accomplished as a vile coquette! such treachery who could forget? Your Lensly cannot bear his sorrow ete curses women s whims with force, Goes out at once, demands a horse, and dashes off Before the morrow A brace of pistols and two balls Will square counts whoever fall

C'apter Six

Là sotto giorni nubilosi e brevi Nasce una gente a cui l'morir non dole

Perrarch

Revenge was something of a pleasure But Eugene now his friend was gone, Was bored again beyond all measure, Olenka too began to yawn By her dull partner s mood infected, And as she looked about, dejected, For Lensky the cotillion seemed To her a tiresome thing she dreamed It s over Having supped the gentry Are glad at last to take a rest

п

Twist the maid's acce and the energ; And gratefully to bed they creep, Eugene alone goes home to sleep

All s hushed within the parlor sighing And snoring heavy Pustyakov Beside his heavy mate is lying Goozdin Buyanov Petushkov And Flyanov somewhat ill encumber The dining room on chairs they slumber Upon the floor Triquet we view In flannels and a night-cap too The girls with Olga and Tatyana Are settled they are fast asleep, Blyt at her window fain to weep, Poor Tanya lighted by Diana Stares out upon the shadowed lea There is no sleep for such as she

Ш

Once more Tatyana's heart is drumming Delight is mingled with distress As site reviews Onegin's coming And his brief look of tenderness— And then with Olga how he acted! She puzzles till she is distracted And realous longing frets the maid— As though a chilly hand were list! Upon her heart as though a rumbling Black chasm were gaping at her feet But rum at has hands is sweet Says Tanya Nay I am not grumbling Complaint will make my pain no less He cannot give me happiness

ΙV

Proceed my tale! Here s matter for ye Good readers a new face arrives Five versts away from Krasnogorye Our Lensky s village lives and thrives Mongst thinkers who are few and cloudy Zaretzky once a jolly rowdy A gambler who won all the stakes A tavern tribune chief of rakes But now a kand and simple father Albeit still a bachelor

A good landed proprietor
A friend in need as you will gather—
Even a man of honor thus
The times improve and better usl

τ

Time was when all the world was vying In praise of his base hardshood. He hit an ace, there is no denying. At fifteen feet his aim was good. One day when leading his battalion. He fell from off his halmuck stallion. Drunk as an owl into a trench. And so was captured by 'he French—A precious pledgel. The man was guided. By honor s dictates was indeed. A modern Regulus at need. He d suffer bonds again, provided. That at Very so on credit he.

VI

He well knew how to set you laughing, Made game of fools and being bent On secret or on open chaffing Could hoodwink the intelligent Though on occasion like a duffer This clever jester had to suffer, And for the pranks he liked to play Tool punishment once in a way He liked debate, and sometimes rudely And sometimes neadly made retort And shrewdly held his peace in sport Would strit a quarrel quite as shrewdly To have two friends at daggers drawn And send them armed, from bed at dawn, and send them armed, from bed at dawn, and send them armed, from bed at dawn,

VII

Or into concord gently shame them To earn a luncheon from the two And later privately defame them With a gay jest and words untrue Sed data temporal Such jolly Pranks (like loves dream another folly) Belong to youth with youth are fled And my Zaretzky as I said Beneath the shade of his acacias Has found a refuge from the blast And lives like a true sage at last Plants cabbages like old Horatius And rases fowls while at his hiec The children learn their A B-C

VIII

He was no foel and Eugene ready
To praise his mind if not his heart
Admired his judgment always steady
And found his comments sane and smart
He often paid a call surmising
A welcome it was not surprising
For Eugene to behold him there
That morning gay and debonair
He barely spole his urgent mission
Zare zky was not one to shirk—
At once he offered with a smirk
A note of Lensky s composition
Onegin took the letter to
The window where he read it through.

ıх

The poet swift in thought and action With most polite and cool address, Herein demanded satisfaction, For honor could require no less. The messenger was not kept waiting Onegin without hesitating Replied as though he little cared What came of it. Aliways prepared On hearing this Zaretzky started. To go he had no wish to stay, And he was busy anyway. And so without more words, departed, But left alone Onegin sighed, With his own self dissatisfied.

х

And rightly for Onegin sitting In judgment on himself could be Severe and he was not acquitting Himself even in privacy First he accused himself of mocking Young timid love, and that was shocking Second the poet was a fool But at eighteen that is the rule And holding him in such affection Eugene should not have been so rash, Not thus have sought to cut a dash Nor shown a fighter s predilection But, like a man of worth and sense, Have acted with intelligence

ΧI

Had he been quicker in revealing— Instead of bristling at the start— That he was yet a man of feeling Hed have disarmed the youthful heart Too late he thinhs. And then that vicious Old duelist can be malicious ete thrust his nose in right away And he would have a deal to say Of course one should reward his gabble With scorn yet smiles upon the lips Of fools and slyly whispered quips Lof the opinion of the rabble Is honor a mainspring 11l be bound— The thing that makes the world go round

XII

The poet with impatience burning Sits home awating the reply And here the gossip is returning With solemn gait and sparkling eye. The young Othello is delighted! He feared that he had not incited. The rogue who somehow would escape By a sly dodge or ready jape. He savors the few words that settle. His doubts for meet they surely will At dawn tomorrow near the mill. Then let each man be on his mettle. They ll cock the trigger and let fly. Their mark, the temple or the thigh.

IIIY

Each hour of torment added fuel
To Lensky s wrath he would not see
The base coquette before the duel,
He marked the time and presently
He waved his hand as one who d rue it
And was at Olgas ere he hrew it!
He was convinced the fickle fair
Would be dismayed to see him there,
But no!—straight down the steps to meet him
Unhestatingly she ran,
Bewildering the wretched man
And turned a joyful face to greet him
In the same carefree lively way
As upon any other day

XIV

Why did you leave the maiden asked him, So very early yesterday? Deeply disturbed as thus she tasked him Poor Lensky scarce knew what to say His jealousy and his vexation Were banished by her animation Her look so candid and screne, Her sweet umplicity of mien! He gazes and his heart is riven She loves him still and in remorse He now repents him of the course He took and faim would be forgiven He ttembles cannot say a word His heart leaps up his soul is stirred.

XV-XVII

In Olga's presence poor Vladimir Ignores what happened yesterday And full of giref the wistful dreamer Broods over all he dare not say From threatened rum III tetneve her I shall not suffer the deceiver To tempt with tender word and sigh The youthful heart I will defy The postonous vile worm that mumbles The July stem and withers so The bud that just begins to blow But ere the open fades and crumbles These proud reflections all portend III have a duel with my friend

XVIII

Had he but known the wounding sorrow That burdened my Tatyana s heart! Had Tanya known that on the morrow Fresh grief would cause a keener smart—Could she but have forseen the meeting And the two friends for death competing She then as love has power to do Might nare united them anew! But none as yet came near divining Her passion not by chance or skill Eugene was apt at keeping still In secret Tanya was reprining The purse alone might well have guessed, But she was slow of wir at best.

XIX

All evening Lensky was distracted, A gium and next a merry man, But nurselings of the Muse have acted Like this since first the world began, With frowning brow he would be sitting At the spinet then swiftly quitting The music, he would whisper low To Olga I am happy—no?

But it is late, he should be leaving His heart is all but crushed with pain, And as he says farewell again He feels that it must break with grieving She looks at him in some dismay What all you? "Nothing" So—away

xx

At home his pistols claimed attention
He looked them over boxed them right,
Undressed and opened—need I mention?—
Schiller of course by candle light
But ever sadder ever fonder,
He has a single thought to ponder
He seems to see his Olga there
Unutterably dear and fair
Inspired by tender melancholy,
Vladimir shuts the book and then
There pours in torreints from his pen
Verse full of amatory folly
Which he declaims with ecstasy
Lake Delwire drush in company

λXI

By chance, these verses have not perished I have them here for you to see
Oh golden days my springtide cherished Ah whither whither did you flee?
The day to come what is it bearing? In vain into the darkness staring I try to glimpse: it but I trust
The law of Fate is ever just
From the drawn bow the arrow leaping
May pass me by or pierce me through
Yet all is well—each has its due
The hour for waking and for sleeping
The day of busy carse is blessed
And blessed the darkness bringing rest

XXII

The ray of dawn will shine tomorrow And day will brighten wold and wave, When I mayhap past joy and sorrow Shall know the secrets of the grave And Lethes sluggish tude will swallow The poet and the world will follow His course no more but oh most dear, Will you not come to shed a tear Upon the urn and think Ill fateld He loved me and the dawn of life With its unseasonable strife 10 me alone he deducated 10 me affend before this heart is number of the strip of the strip

XXIII

His strain was languid, dark (romantic, We call it— if no trace I find Of such a manner, I.m. pedantic, And how it strikes me, never mind) The poet did not think of stopping Until near dayn, his head was dropping Upon 'ideal —modish word—And sleep at last her boon conferred But scarce did consciousness forsake him When into the hushed study came His neighbor, calling out his name, Not hesitating to awake him Get up "he cried Past six I yow, Onegin's waiting for us now!

XXIV

He erred, for Eugene, hardy sinner, Was sleeping, heedless of the clock, The shades of might are growing thinner, And Lucifer's hailed by the cock Onegun sleeps and does not warry The sun appears a biref snow flurry Is gally whitning overhead and still our Eugene lies abed In cosy comfort sleeping sweetly At last he rouses opens wide His drowsy eyes and draws aside The bed-curtains awake completely, He marks the hour with some dismay He must be off without delay

XXV

Responding to his hasty ringing In runs his valet, prompt Guillot His dressing gown and slippers bringing And hands him linen white as show. With utmost speed Onegin dresses And bids his servain, since time presses Prepare with him to leave the place At once and bear the weipon-case. The sledge awaits. He does not tarry He sin, and lyingin the mill. They come. Quite unaffected still He gives his man the arms to carry (Lepage's work), and has him tie. The hories to an oak near by

XXVI

Upon the dam leaned Lensky watting The while Zaretzky with a sneer Upon the mill stone dissertating Was quite the rustic engineer Onegin comes apologizing Zaretzky not at all disguising Surprise asks. Where syour second pray? A classicist in such a fray And sentimentally devoted To method he would not allow That one be potted anyhow But by rule only and he doted Upon the good old fashioned ways (A bass worthy of our praise)

XXVII

My second? Eugene said Permit me My worthy friend, Monsieur Guillot If fault there be you will acquit me Of making such a choice, I know, He is though not renowned or quoted, An honest fellow be it noted Zaretzky bit his lip quite vexed Onegin turned to Lensky next Well shall we start? The young Othello Responded "Why should we delay? Behind the mill they went, straightway Zaretzky and the honest fellow Went off and talked in solemn wise, The Ioes stood by with downcast eyes

XXVIII

The foes! How long had they been parted By this most black and vengeful mood? How long since they were happy hearted And sharing leisure thoughts and food And doings in a firendly fashion? But now the prey of evil passion Like those whom an old feud inflames As in a nightmare each one aims. At slaughter with a heart of leather Were it not better if before Those gentle hands were stained with gore A laugh would bring the pair together? But worldly quarrels breed the dread Of worldly scorn and rhus are fed

XXIX

The pistols gleam held straight and steady The hammers on the rarvrods 1 nock. The bullets are crammed down already. One hears the clicking of a cock. Into the pan the powder's sifted The jagged fint still harmless lifted Behind a stump among the trees. Guillot is standing ill at ease. Their gestures marked by firm decision The enemies their mantles doff. And now Zaretzky measures off. Thirty two paces with precision At either end the two friends stand. Each with a weapon in his hand.

222

Approach! How calm and cold their faces
As the two foces with even tread
Not aiming ver advance four paces
Four steps toward a narrow bed
First Eugene still advancing duly
Begins to raise his pistol coolly
Now five steps more the pair have made
And Lensky firm and unafrad
Screws up his eye and is preparing
To take aim also—but just then
Onegin fires
Onegin fires
Onegin fires
Such is the guerdon of your daring!
The fatal hour is past recall
The poet lets his pistol fall

XXXI

His hand upon his breast lays lightly,
Ard drops. His chouded eyes betray whitely
Not pain, but death. Thus sparkling whitely
Where the quick sunbeams on it play,
A snowball down the full goes tumbling
And sinks from sight soon to be crumbling
Onegin frozen with disapair
Runs to the poor youth lying three,
And looks and calls him.
But no power
Avails to rouse him he is gone
The poet in the very dawn
Of life has perished like a floruer
That by a sudden atom was drenched

XXXII

He did not sur, but like one dreaming
He lay most strangely there at rest
The blood from the fresh wound was steaming
The bill had perced clean through the breast
A moment since this heart was quickened
By poetry and love or sickened
By hate and dread and strongly beat
With dancing blood with living heat
But now, us as a house foresteen
Where all is silent dark and dieger
The shutters closed the windows blear
With chalk. No knock, enn ever waken
The lady of the house she's iled—
Where we Co'M nows she never said

XXXIII

Tis pleasant with a wicked sally To make a man feel like an ass To see him baited turn and rally And glance unwilling in the glass Ashamed to own his every feature Tis yet more pleasant if the creature Should how absurdly I is 1 I And yet more pleasant on the sly To make his noble coftin ready A proper distance to allow Then aiming at his pallid brow To hold the pixtol straight and steady, But yet the pleasure's dulled if he Is lau tched into eternity.

VIXXY

Suppose your pistol shot has ended A comrade's promising career One who by 'rash glance offended, Or by an accidental sneer Dunng a drunken conversation Or in a fit of blind vexation Was bold enough in challenge you—Wall not your soul be filled with rue When on the ground your see blim stricken Upon his brow the mark of death And watch the failing of his breath And know that heart will never quicken? Say, now my friend what will you feel When he lies dea't to your appeal?

VXXX

Onegn grips his pistol tightly, this heart with sore repentance filled Beholding Lensky Well? Forthrightly The neighbor now declares He's killed He's killed! The fearful affirmation Makes Eugene quake with consternation He calls for help in misery And in the sleigh most carefully The frozen corpse Zaretzky places, To take the awful cargo home Is slobbered over bit and traces As sped like arrows from the bow, They gallop snorting o'er the snow

XXXVI

Friends for the poet you are greeving Cut off before his hopes could bloom, The world of glory thus hereaving He came unripe unto the tomb!

Where is the burning agustion
Where is the noble aspiration
The thoughts of youth so high and grave
The tender feelings and the brave!
Where are the storms of bow and longing
The thirst for knowledge toil and fame
The dread of vice, the lear of shame
And you bright phantoms round him thronging,
You figniends of sweet revene
You, dream of sarred poesy?

XXXVII

Mayhap he would have been reputed Or glorousty served the world Mayhap the lyre so early muted Beneath his fingers would have hurled A mighty music down the ages Perchance he would have earned the wages By worldly approbation paid Or it may be his mar yeted shade Bore to the grave to sleep forever A holy secret, and a youe To make the soul of man repose To make the soul of man repose Is Jost to Just and he shall never Be thrilled upon Elysian ways

XXXVIII-XXXIX

Perchance a humble lot awatted
The poet and he may forsooth
Like many others have been fated
To lose his ardor with his youth
He might have altered and deserted
The Muse—to marriage been converted
And worn in comfort far f om town
Horns and a quilted dressing gown
He might have learned that life was shabby
At bottom and too bored to think
Have been content to eat and drink
Had gout at forty fat and Habby
He might have gone to bed and died
While doctors hermed and women cred

x_L

Whate er was to befail Vladimir
One thought must fill your heart with pain
The lover poet pensive dreamer
Alas! by a friend's hand was slain
There is the spot if you would know it
Left of the village where the poet
Once dwelt two pines are intertwined—
below you see the river wind
That waters well the nearby valley
The women mowing of repair
To plunge their triking pinchers there
To plunge their triking pinchers there
To plunge that the way ploughmen daily
Beside that stream with shadows laced
A simple monument is placed.

LLK

Near by (when springtime rains have peppered The fields with droplets once again), Weaving his shoe of bast the shepherd Sings of the Volga fishermen and the volga fisher horse beside the stone Tug, at the leither rein, and turning Her, gauzy veil asade to a see The sample lines there groven, she will feel her heart with pity burning and as she reads, the teats will fishe heart with pity burning and as she reads, the teats will fish the pity burning the pity for the p

XLII

And plunged in sorry thought, more slowly On through the field the girl will ride, The while her wistful sprit wholly With Lensky's fate is occupied, And what of Olga? is her query Was all her life thereafter dreary? Or was the time of sorrow brief? Where did her sister take her grief? Where is the saturanne betrayer The smart coquettes smart enemy The exile from society Who was the fair young poets slayer? In time my readers, you shall hear It all in detail never feat,

XLIII

Not now I love my hero truly,
And shall return to him I vow,
All his concerns recounting duly,
But that is not my pleasure now
The years to rugged prose constrain me
No more can careless rhymes detain me,
And I admit, in penience,
I court the Muse with indolence
No more I find it quite so pressing
To soil the sheets with flying quill
But other fancies dark and chill
And other cares severe distressing
In festive crowds in solitude
Upon my dreaming soul intrude

XLIV

| By new desires I am enchanted New sorrows come my heart to fret |
The hopes of old will not be granted,
The olden sorrows I regret
Ah dreams! where has your sweetness vanished?
Where s youth (the rhyme comes glibly) banished?
And is the vernal crown of youth
Quite withered now in very truth?
Can the sad thought with which I flirted In elegate mood at last
Be fact and can my spring be past
(As I in jest so oft asserted)?
Will it no more return to me?
Shall I be thirty presently?

VIV

The afternoon of life is starting I must admit the sorry truth Amen but frenedly be our parting. My fivolous and merry youth My thanks for all the hours of gladness, The tender torments and the sadness. The storm and strife the frequent feast For all your great gifts and your least My thanks Alike in peace and riot I found you good and I attest I tasted all your joys with zest Enough! My soul is calm and quiet As on another road I fare To rest from loads I used to bear

XI.VI

Let me look back Farewell then bowers Where I would loll without a goal But Iulled by the fond dream that dowers With joy the contemplative soul! And you oh youthful inspiration Come rouse anew imagination—Upon the dull mind a slumbers break My little nook, do not forsake Let not the poet's heart know capture By sullen time, and soon grow wry And bard and cold and petrify Here in the world's benumbrig rapture This pool we bathe in friends this muck. In which, God help us we are stuck

Chapter Seven

Moscow Russia's darling daughter Where's your equal to be found?

Dmitriyev

How can one not love Moscow pray?

Baratynsky

Speak ill of Moscowl There's your traveler! Where will you find a better place good sir? Oh yes what's far away that we prefer! Griboyedov

1

From nearby hills the snow already
Obeying the spring sun's commands
Flows down in middy streams and steady
Into the flooded meadowlands
Still half asleep nature is meeting
The year's bright dawn with gentle greeting
The heavens glow with azure light
The naked woods surprise the sight,
A delicate green down assuming
The bee deserts her waxen cell
To gather tribute from the dell
Soon the dry valleys will be blooming
The cattle low the nightingale
Has thrilled by night the silent dale

m

Ah, spring fair spring the lovers season How sad I find you! How you. Food My soul with dreams that challenge reason And with strange languor fill my blood! My stricken heart cries out and fails me When once the breath of spring assails me Although its touch be soft as fleece, While I lie lapped in rural peace! Is it that I was born to languish And all that sparkles, trumphs sings Is alsen to my breast and brings No gift but weariness and anguish To one whose soul has perished and?

ш

Or is it that we fail to cherish
The tender leaves but in the spring
Mourn those that autumn doomed to perish,
The while we hear the woodland sing?
Or are our thoughts in truth so cruel
That nature is season of renewal
But brings to mind our fading years
That no hope of renewal cheers?
Or it may be that we are taken
in our poetic reserve
Far back to a lost spring and we,
By dreams of a fair country shaken
Recall with pain the vanished boon
A night of magic and a moon

ιv

Kind drones, and you who wisely savor Your pleasures with a taste more keen And you who bask in fortune s favor, And you skilled pupils of Levshin Your ustice Prarisa and you gentle Fair ladies who are sentimental—Spring calls you to the verdant soil, To sunny gardens fragrant toil The time of tempting nights approaches, When every walk fresh wonders yields, Then hurry hurry to the fields! Have your own horses pull your coaches, Or post horses if thus inclined But fast or slow leave town behind!

v

And you my reader wise and witty, In your imported carriage pray Desert at last the resuless city Where winter long you were so gay And while my wanton muse rejoices We'll listen to the forest voices Upon the nameless river's shore. In that same hamlet where of yore My Eugene through the winter tarned, An idle chercless recluse near Young Tanya whom I still hold de r, Poor dreamer whom he sadly harried, But where no more one meets his face. And where he lef' a basing trace

VI

Within the hill-encircled valley Come seek the stream that slowly goes Through meadowland and hinden alley On down to where the river flows The nightingle this seasons lover. The pre-sings all night wild roses cover The bonk one hears a gentle spring. And where two pines their shadows fling A gravestone tells its mouthful story. The passer by may read it clear Vladimir Lensky slumber here Who garly found both death and glory, In Such a year at such an ag. Take rest, volung poet as thy wage.

VII

Upon a trailing branch suspended Above this modest urn there lung A wreath that by the breeze befriended Caressed the tomb oer which it swung There when the tardy moon was shining Two girls would come and sadly twining Theo girls about each other creep To the low grave to sit and weep But now the fömbstone and its story Are quite forgot The path is no * O ergrown No wreath hangs on the bough, Alone the shepherd weak and hoary, As erswhile comes to hum an air And plait his humble footgear there

VIII-X

Poor Lenskyl Olga's heart was laden With sorrow, but her tears were brief Alasl a young and lively maiden Can scarce be faithful to her grief Another captured her attention Another's amorous invention Soon found a way to soothe her pain An ultian wood her not in vain She loves an uhlan with decotion Already neath the bridal crown Before the altar head cast down She stands suffused with shy emotion Her lowered eyes agleam the while And on her lips a careless smile.

λI

Poor Lenskyl Past the grave's grim portal, Was the sad singer shocked to learn That Olga's love, alsa 'was mortal And did his shade in sorrow yearn? Or lulled by Lethe's quiet flowing By nothing stirred where all is dim Is this world shut for aye to him? Oblivion is waiting for us Beyond the grave yes at the end The voice of mistress foe and friend, Is hushed Alone the angry chorus Of heirs is heard indecently Disputing your small legacy

XΙΙ

Not long the Larm house was waking To Olga's voice away she went Since now her uthlan was betaking Himself back to his regiment The poor old lady broken hearted, Wept o'er her daughter as they parted And seemed about to faint and fall But Tanya had no tears at all And yet h'face was pale and clouded As that of one beneath a spell When all went out to 'ay farewell And round the loaded carriage crowded She too at length came forth and nigh The couple stood to say good bye

XIII

As one who through a fog is pecting Tatyana watched them drive away Till they were out of sight and hearing She is alone alack a-day! The comrade upon whom she doted Her dove her confidante devoted Its snatched away from her by Fate Who best knows how to separate She has no aum, no occupation But lile a shadow moves about Or on the garden gazes out But nothing offers consolation Nor cases tears too long suppressed Nor soothes the ache within her breast

VIX

Tatyana's solitude adds fuel
To her vain passion day by day,
Her heart speaks ever of the cruel
Onegin also far away
She will not see him the betrayer
Nay she must hate her brother's slayer
The poet is no more his lot
Was to be readily forgot
Though he was brave though he was gifted,
His bride was soon content to be
Another's and his memory
Like smoke across the azure drifted
Two hearts one may perhaps believe
Yet grieve for him - But wherefore grieve?

XV

By the still stream with dusl, descending One heard the crickets slender thor? The dancers from the green were wending On the far bank the smoly fire Butt by the fishermen was flaring Now through the open meadow faring Where moonlight silvered strub and stone Tayana dreaming walked alone. She clambered up a hill commanding A village were she seemed to know. A garden river fir and lo! Near by she saw the manison standing Tanya surveys it with a start. And faster faster throbs her heart.

XVI

A trespasser may hope for pardon I am not known here He is gone I mught just see the house and garden She thinks uncertain and goes on Her mind with aguation seething Downhill she trudges scarcely breathing She looks about in puzzled sort And enters the deserted court The dogs attack her all but hiting The stranger At her frightened cry Out from the house the serf boys fly A noisy brood Not without fighting. They chase the dogs away alert Lest the young lady should be hurt

XVII

The manor house says Tanya shyly, "I should most dearly like to see At once the chuldren run off spryly To ask Anusya for the key Anusya surely won t ignore them Yes now the door so opened for them And Tanya enters Here ther prince Our hero lived not so long since She looks about with heart that flutters A cue rests on the table top Upon the couch a riding-crop She walks shead The old crone mut ers The fireplace miss please look at it—Twas here the master used to sit

IIIVX

With the late Lensky almost nightly He duned here What fine gentlemen! Please follow me she said politicly. Here you will find the master 3 den. He took his coffee here and rested, The steward came here when requested Here mornings, the would read his book This too was the old master 5 nook. Of Sundays putting on his glasses, It was his pleasure quietly. To play a game of cards with me, Beside the window So life passes. May his soul now be with the blest, And in the grave his bones have rest!

XIX

Tayana thrilis with pain and pleasure At everything she gazes on Each object seems a priceless treasure, Commemorating one who is gone She looks half soothed and half excited First at the desk with lamp unlighted The pile of books no longer read Then at the rug that decks the bed The haughty portrait of Lord Byron Ine view into the moonlit right And likes the pallid evening light That shows a statuette of iron The arms are crossed—a well known pose—the hat is cooked, the brown morose

22

In the origin sanction, all actives Tational, stell-tound, lingers stall. But it is late. Access the error. The corresponding stall the defect of the construction. The defect dark and windercolore. Beford a lift line moon is indeed that plendard through it is to court. The aut writing platters may go hottle. Freeding adminest, Tanka quiter. The error, though the winder a sign. And plending for that of sanctions. See might remain, vis. it permitted.

Alteringh the books was eight vice. Would make the den her Learn.

\overline{x}

She halter a, the euroway viling
The housekeeper a slow good-byer
And come to the abandoned dwelling
Nett day before the sun was high.
Liso the silen, study setting
As de all timed thoughts, forgetting.
The world without Tayana crypt
And there she staryd, and wept and wept.
The vold without Tayana crypt
And there she staryd, and wept and wept.
The volumes a lour last succeeding
In caching Tanva seys she took
A glance at many a currous book
And all seemed dull. But soon the reading
Absorbed the gul and she was thrown
Headlong much wow thrown
Headlong much wow thrown

XXII

Onegins taste for books had vanished Long, since but notice if you please That there were works he never banished From his affection, they were these Lord Byron's tales which well consorted With two or three bright backed imported Romances upon every page Exhibiting the present age And modern man's true soul divulging A creature and cold and vain, In endless reverte indulging One whose embittered mind finds zest In nothing but can never rest

ИXX

Some pages held a sharp incentive
To reading where a finger nail
Had marked the place, and more attentive,
1 atyana scanned them without fol
1 atyana scanned them without fol
Nenoted trembling and excited
What passage what remark delighted
Onegin what shrewd line expressed
A thought in which he acquiesced
She found the margins most appealing
The pench marks he made with care
Upon the pages everwhere
Were all unconsciously recealing
A cross a question mark a word—
From these the man might be inferred

XXIV

So Tanya bit by bit is learning. The truth, and God be praised can see At last for whom her heart is yearning. By Fates imperious decree A danger to all lovely ladies. Is he from Heaven or from Hades? This strange and sorry character. Angel or fiend as you prefer. What is he? A mere imitation. A Muscovite in Harold's cloak. A wretched ghost a foreign joke. But with a new interpretation. A lexicon of snobbery. And fashion, or a parody?

XXV

Has she the answer to the riddle
And has she found the word? She lets
The time run on and in the middle
Of her researches quite forgets
She should go home where guests are waiting
And where indeed of her they re prating
What's to be done? She's not a child
The mother groans. It drives me wild
I've married off my younger daughter,
Tayana should be settled too
But heavens what am I to do
When she can only throw cold water
On every single suitor's hopes?
All day she roams the woods and mopes

XXVI In love with someone? But who is it? Buyanov's hand she has refused, And Petushkov's We had a visit From the hussar Pykhtin who used As many wiles as I could menuon To win her-showed her such attentionl She must accept at last I thought But not the whole thing came to naugh." You'll have to take her to the city-To Moscow it's the brides bazaar, That's where the eligibles arel Not on my income mure's the pityl But for a season it will do If not my dear, I'll see you through XXVII

By this delightful counsel guided, The mother fell to figuring Expenses and therewith decided A Moscow winter was the thing The news gives Tanya little pleasure To let the worldlings take the measure Of her demure provincial ways Revealing to their haughty Laze Her dowdy frocks and to their mercies Her countrified simplicity Of speech and earn the mockery Of Moscow beaus and Moscow Circes! Oh horror! Better far to stay Safe in the woodland hid away

XXVIII

She rises as the morning flushes With rosy light the eastern skies And off into the fields she rushes To say with sorrow in her eyes Farewell you dear and peaceful valleys Familiar hills familiar alleys You woodlands where I used to roam Farewell you friendly skies of home kind cheerful nature it is bitter To leave such quiet haunts as these For worldly shows and vanities The crowd the hubbub and the glitter! And why? What am I striving for? What does my future hold in store?

XXIX

Her walks are longer she will dally Beside a stream or on a hill And find wherever she may sally Some charming spot to hold her still Among her groves and meadows ranging Her fondness for them rever changing She speaks to them as to old friends But all too soon the summer ends And golden auturns is arriving Pale nature shudders tempest tossed Decked out as for a holocaust The north wind breathes and bellows driving The clouds before him—can it be? Winter the sorccerss in she!

$\chi \chi \chi$

In many guises she comes flying.
Upon the oak her tufts are hung,
About the hills and meadows lyings.
Her billowy soft rugs are flung,
A touch and the sharp cliffs are eveled,
The river and its banks are leveled,
The river and its banks are leveled,
Fox glistens Mother Winter sarts
Frox glistens Mother Winter sarts
Are dazzling and rejoice our heasts
But Tanya does not share our pleasure,
And heedless of the winter fun,
She does not snift the cold or run
To the low roof to fetch her measure
Of snow, and wash her face and chest
She glances at the road distressed

XXXI

The day upon which they intended To leave is gone they let time sign Away, while the old sleigh was mended And re upholstered for the trip. The three kithikas customary Are crammed with all that a necessary With charts and cheats and casesroles With jams and featherbeds and bowls, With jams and featherbeds and bowls, With gams and featherbeds and bowls, I town) with poiss and pans and gear Of all sorts finally you hear A noise off in the servants quarters Of loud farewells and crying maids And now they bring out eighteen jades,

XXXII

And while the breakfast is preparing They hitch them to the master's sleigh The maids and coachmen vie in swearing The loads on the kibitkar sway The bearded old postilion's mounted—His nag has ribs that might be counted The servants gather at the gates Por the good byes the turn-out waits The laddes enter now it's gliding Away the good old sleigh at last Farewell the days of peace are past You haunts where I might stay in hiding Farewell' Forever or for yeart? Tayana cannot stop her tears

шкку

Enlightenment may be belated With us but grows apace indeed Philosophers have calculated Five centuries are all we need To have our roads completely mended And the improvement will be splendful For all shrough Russa there will run Highways to make the country one We shall have arched cast fron bridges And tunnels under water too And if that is not enough to do Well split apart the mountain ridges And not a station will be known Without a tavern of its own

VIXXX

Just now our roads are had for coaches, Forgotten brudges rot and sink, And at the stations lice and roaches Refuse to let you sleep a wink, There are no inns. In a cold cottage You scarce can get a dish of pottage The menu hangs there in plain sight, But just to tease your appetite, While with his clumsy Russan hammer The rustic cyclop labors, daft, Ar Europe's dainty handieraft, And blesses, as he halts his clamor, The rust and ditches that abound Wherever there is Russian ground

xxxv

But journeys roade in wintry weather Are fat too pleasant to seem long The highroad, leveled altogether, Ruins smoothly as a hockneyed song Our dapper coachimen are astounding Our trotkas tireless forward bounding Mile posts repoice the ridle eye They lool-like fenceposts flashing by But Tanyas mother not ignoring The cost of post horses was glad To use her own and hence they had To rest the rags the halts were boring And Tanya found the journey bleak. They had to travel for a week.

XXXVI

The goal is there before them Blazing Like fire the gilded crosser size. Above the domes of Moscow dazing Wirk splendor unaccustomed eyes Ah friends how I reporced beholding The terraced scene the view unfolding Of park and palace dome and spire With every church in bright attire How often, sick with separation My thoughts in exile turned to you Oh Moscow Moscow! I would view You in my fond imagination Moscow those syllables can start A turnult in the Russian heart!

XXXVII

There the Petrovsky Palace, hiding
Its splendor among ancient trees
Stands grim and grand morosely priding
Itself upon its memories
For here Napoleon elated
With his last victory awaited
In van a Moscow on her lines
To tender him the Kremlin keys
But it was not capitulation
My Moscow officed Bonaparte—
No feast no gift to warm his heart
But she prepared a conflagration
From here he warched with thoughtful eyes
The fierce flames reddening the skies

IIIVXXX

You witness of that fallen glory,
Farewell proud palace! But why wait?
On with the journey and the story!
The columns of the city gate
Gleatn white the sleigh more swift than steady.
Bumps down Tterskay? Street already
Past sentry boxes now they dash
Past shops and lamb-posts serfs who lash
Their nags huts mansions monasteries,
Parks pharmacies Bohkarans guards,
Fat merchants Cossacl's boulevards
Old women boys with cheeks like cherries
Lions on gates with great stone jaws,
And crosses black with flocks of daws

XXXIX XL

So to their destination straightway. They traveled but a dull hour passed Before they halted at a gateway. Off in a narrow lane at last. They decome to an old aunt now failing—for four long years she had been aining. A kalmuch spectacled and worn. Flings twide the door his caftan's torn, He holds a stocking he was mending. Upon the parlor sofa lies. The princess and her feeble eries. Of welcome are indeed heart rending. The two old women weep embrace. And soon their tongues begin to race.

XLI

Princesse! Pachette! I can t believe it!
Yes after all these years Aline!
How long do you remain? Conceive it!
Sit down mon ange! My dear Couine!
Its like a novel life so chancey
And this is my Tatyana Fancy!
Come here my dear Why this seems all
A dream Couinne, do you recall
Your Grandison? I can termember—
My Grandison? I can termember—
My Grandison? Oh Grandison!
Where is he? Yes I know the one
He lives in Moscow Last December
It was he came to visit me
His son was married recently

XLII

The other But we ve time tomorrow, Nest-ce pas for all we want of talk? Well show off Tanya To my sorrow I cant go out I cannot walk—My legs betray me But it is timing To travel you must be desiring to the travel when you fail to make you will be travel to the travel when old age comes at length Its misery and who can cure it? At that she could no longer hide Her weakness and she coughed and creed

XLIU

Tatyana cannot but be grateful
To the kind invalid, and yet
She finds the cuty cold and hateful
And does not cease to pine and fret
Behind the strange bed a silken curtain
She lies for hours with sleep uncertain,
And the poor gril is roused betimes
Each morning by the Moscow chimes,
The call to early labors dinning
Out of the window she may stare—
She will not find her meadows there,
When the deep shades of night are thinning
She sees a court she does not know,
A kitchen and a fence below

XLIV

There is a dinner party daily Where Tanyas met with oh a and 'ah-4," Her wistful languor i reeted gaily By grandmammas and i grandpapas. The relatives—and there are dozens—Are cordial to the country cousins, And all exclaim delightedly And offer hospitality. How Tanyas grown! Why, how long is it Since you were christened? Gracious sakes! I boxed your earts! I gave you cakes! She hears it all at every visit In chorus the old ladies cry. Dear me, the years have just flown by!"

XLV

They do not change depend upon it Blit keep to their familiar ways Princess Yelena wears the bonnet Of tull, she wore in other days Lukerja Lvovina still paints thickly Lubov Petrovina tille paints thickly Lubov Petrovina hes as quuckly Ivan Petrovich ne er was keen Semyon Petrovich is as mean Aunt Pelageya still possesses Monsieur Finemouche, friend of the house, And the same pom and the same spouse, The well known clubrian who God bless us Is just as deaf and just as meet.

XLVI

Their daughters, after due embraces, Examine Tanya silently From head to foot and Moscow's Graces Are quite perplexed by such as she They find her odd—so unaffected So countrified a bit dejected, A namby primpy colorless And thin but pretty more or less Yet soon they let down their defences Invite her kiss her press her hands Fluff up her hair as style commands And murrnur sing song confidences Relating with romantic art. The grillsh secrets of the heart,

XLVII

Reciting all their hopes with candor Their conquests and their pranks with glee Embellished with a little slander The simple talk flows readily Then they demand in compensation of the rown hearts shy hopes and fears, But Tanya, dreaming hardly hears And does not pay the least attention, But listens with an absent smile And guards in silence all the while The secret she will never mention. The treasure none can ever guess, The source of tears and happiness

XLVIII

The parlor hums with conversation In which Tatyana ought to share She thinks but it is sheer vexation To hear the vulgar chatter there Such people with each day grow duller Their very slander has no color And every query every tale Their news their gossip—all are stale The hours go by they do not waken, No withy thought occurs no word Even by accident is herid Whereby the mind or heart is shaken Oh, empty world! Oh stupid folk Who neither crack nor are a joke!

XLIX

Viewed by the archive youths who cluster At any gathering or dance. The poor young girl does not pass muster—They eye our heroine askance One clownish fellow idly leaning Against a door remarks with meaning. That she's adeal—he must jot. A poem to her on the spot Once Viazemsky sat down beside her When he was calling on an aunt. Where entertainment was but scart And an old geniteman espied her Asked who she was se straight his wig And gave his neighbor's riba a dig

L

But where Melpomene's bold gesture Displays to the indifferent crowd The tawdry glitter of her vesture The white she howls both long and loud Where Thala as she's gently napping Is heedless of the friendly clapping Is heedless of the friendly clapping And where the youthful galaxy Admires alone Terpsichore (As was the case upon my honor In our arme too in days of old) The proud lorgnettes the ladies hold Were in no instance trained upon her Nor from the loge and the parterre The eyedlass of the connoisseur

LI

They take her to the Club for dances The fooms are thronged and hot and gay The blare the lights, the shuning glances, The lovely lades filmy dresses, The lovely lades filmy dresses, The blovely hades filmy dresses, The young and hopeful brides tobe, Confound the senses suddenly Her dandles now in the ascendant Show off their impudence, their vests, Their monocles that rake the guests And here have no leave resplendent And thunderous flock agedy. They come, they conquer and they flee.

LII

The stars of night are fair and many The Moscow biles are many too Yet brights belies are many too Of her companions in the blue Bit she in whom my thoughts are rooted. Before whom my bold lyte is muted Like to the moon in lonely pride How heavenly as she advances Her motion plure splender desself What languor fills her lovely breast! But now enough have done for you Have paid to folly what is her due.

LIII

They waltz they bow they cuttey flitting About a noisy laughing host While unobserved Tatyana's sitting Between two aunts beside a post And stares unseeing in no hurry To join the hateful worldly flurry She stifles here her heart is sore, And turns to what is hers no more The country life the rustic hovels The lonely thicket where a stream Is all abubble and agleam Her flower her romantie novels And most, the Inden shaded ways Where he had met her ravished gaze.

LIV

Thus far away her thoughts are flying The world the ball are both forgot When a great general espying The girl stands rooted to the spot. The aunts of one thing only thinking Each to the other slily winking Together nudge Tatyana and Each whispers from behind her hand Look quickly to the left. But balking She asks The left? What is there to see?" Just look that man he so no of three In uniform Now he is walking Away his profile may be seen "Who? That fat general you mean?

LV

Tatyana's brilliant catch discerning We think good wishes are the things But it is time I was returning To him of whom indeed I sing And by the way now that I mention The subject give me your attention Of my young friend I sing, and of His a hims. O hover thou above My labors—bless them with thy beauty, Thou epic Mixel Upon my usy Be thou my staff nor let me stray Enough Though late, I ve done my duty, To classicsim doffed my hat Here's the exordum That's that!

Chapter Eight

Fare thee well and if for ever Still for ever fare thee well

Byron

1

When a Lyceum lad I flourished And roomed its gardens at my case On Apuleus gladly nourished While Cicero could scarcely please When in the springtime I would daily To watch the swans in some dim valley And hear above the lake their cries The Muse first shone before my eyes My student cell grew bright with treasures Such as the Muse alone can bring Thither she came to sport and sing Of youthful pranks and childish pleasures And of the glorous days of old Of all the dreams the heart can hold

II

And the world smiled upon her pressing On us the favors that men crave
We won good old Derzhavin's blessing
Upon the threshold of his grave

ш

And I, all discipline refusing
Took wiftil passion for my guide,
My path was what the crowd was choosing,
The lively Muse was at my side
At guidy feasts and wild discussions,
And when, at midinght mideap Russians,
We scared patrols with blatant noise,
She shared our banquets crowned our joys—
Like a Bacchante at the revels
Sang for the guests across the wine
And ardently this Muse of mine
Was wood by passionate young devils
My flighty finend made quite a stur,
In short, and I was proud of her

ıν

But this gay circle I descrited And fled afar She followed me How often, by her tales diverted As I fared onward gloomsly I heard her friendly accents soften And on Caucasian cliffs how often Lake pale Lenote by monhight she Would gallop side by side with mel How oft on the dark shores of Tauris She bade me hear the writers sing. The Nereids low murmuring The Nereids low murmuring. The sounding waves eternal chorus And the deep seas His prise rehearse Who fathered the vast universe.

The feasts where wealth and wit were squandered The dazzling captral forgot—
Fo sad Moldavas she wandered
And in that far and savage spot
Among the tents of nomads moving
Full soon my errant Muse was proving
As wild as they forsook her songs
For the wild steepes barbaric tongues
The language of the gods rejected
Therial is changed For 101 she veers,
And as a rural miss appears
Within my garden unexpected
There, wistful eyed behold her stand,
With a Frech volume in her hand

v

And now for the first time I m bringing My Muse to a superb source And jealous fears my heart are stinging As I her rustic charms survey Past thick ranked guests arristocratic, Renowned resplendent diplomatic Fine ladies military fops She glides and now serenely stops, And seated eagedy is eyeing The glitter of the noisy press The flash of wit the flouncing dress, The gallants for their hostess vying The ladies each a picture when Framed somethy by gentlemen

VII

She likes the talk of haughty sages
Pursued with so much elegance,
And the assorted ranks and ages
And pride that ever looks askance
But in a corner who is standing.
The throng with a mute eye commanding?
He seems indeed an alten here
To whom these faces all appear
But uresome ghosts Can we unmask him?
And does his somber aspect mean
Offended varity or spleen?
Why is he here? Who is he? Tail himl
Can it be Eugene? Truly?
Ayel
When did he get here, by the bye?

7777

Has he grown tame at last and mellow? Or does he follow his old bent
And as of yore play the odd fellow? Pray whom now does he represent? Would he be Melmoth or Chulde Harold Or as a Quaker go appareled, A bigot seem—a patriot—A cosmopolitan—or what? To a new pose will he be goaded Or in the end will he just be A decent chap—like you and me? I say give up a style outmoded It s time he cessed to be a show "Ah, then you know hum? Yes, and no

IX

"Then why upbraid him thus severely? Is it because we like to sit Upon the judgment seat or merely Because rash ardor and quick wit Are found absurd or else offensive By those whose parts are not extensive? Is it because intelligence Loves elbow from and thrusts us hence? Or is stupidity malicious—And trifles of importance to Important folk and is it true That only mediocrity
Befits and pleases you and me?

λ

Blessed is he who could be merry
And young in youth, bissed is he
Who nipsned like good port of sherry,
As years went by, and readily
Grew worldly was as life grew chilly,
Gave up his dreams as wild and silly.
At twenty to the fashion bed
At thirty prohiably wed
Quite free of all his debts at fifty
Obtaining with himself to thank
First glory, and then usalth and rank
All in good time, serene, and thulty—
Of whom twas said throughout his span
A is an admirable min.

χī

But oh, how deeply we must rue it.
That youth was given us in vain
That we were hourly faithless to it.
And that it cheated us again,
That our bright pristine hopes grew battered,
Our freshest dreams grew sear and scattered
Like leaves that in wet aucumn stray
Wind tossed and all too soon deeay
It's maddening to see before you.
A row of dinners dull and sure,
Find life a function to endure
Go with the solemn folk who bore you,
For all their views and passions not,
At heart, giving a single jot.

X77

The groups ever are malicious And it is very hard to bear When they proclaim vou odd or vicious, Dub you a rogue which is unfur Or else my demon-condemnation Enough to kill a reputation Onegin (I return o him) Having to satisfy a whim Dispatched his friend, and had his pleasure, And with no aim on which to fix Having attained to twenty aix—Blase grown tired of empty lessure Without affairs, or rank, or wife, Found nothing fit to fill his life

XIII

Thus he grew restless and decided That he must have a change of scene (A plaguey wish by which are guided The few who relish tool and teen) He left his risuses to their tillage Abandoning his pleasant village The fields and forests solitude Where still the bloody ghost pursued And started on his aimless cruising By one emotion only stirred Till travel as you'll have inferred Ceased like all else to be amusing So he returned took. Chatzky's cue, And forthwith to a ball he flew

λIV

And now the guests, evchanging glances, And whispering make quite a sur A lady down the room advances. A haughty general after her She is not hurred, is not chilly Nor full of idle chat and silly She lacks the look of snoobbonsness. The cold pretensions to success. The little tricks that are affected By ladies in society. Here is a still simplicity. She seems the image quite perfected Oi comme II jain—Shishkov, begate Me If you must, Leant transate.

xv

The ladies all pressed closer to her, Old women smiled as she went by, Men while they did not dare pursue he, Bowed lower sought to catch her eye Young grils in passing hushed their chatte. The general since such tributes flatter An escort much puffed out his chest And raised his note above the rest She was no beauty that were fiction To utter yet she d not a trace. From head to foor in form or face, Of what in fashionable diction And in high London circles they Term vilgar Tom by great dismay,

XVI

Although I find it so expressive, The word is one I can i translate Its vogue—since we are not progressive And the word is new—should not be greatfor epigrams it would be splendid But here s our lady unattended All nonchalance and charm and grace She at a table tool, her place Beside that most superly of creatures Fair Nina Voronskaya who Presents to the Neva a view Of Cleopatra, but whose features However dazzling to the sight Cannot eclipse her neighbor's dutte

XVII

Can it indeed thinks Eugene can it Be she It is But no And yet To come as from another planet From that dull hole And his lorgnette Repeatedly and almost grimly Carlotte Strained on her whose features dimly Remind him of a face forgot Forgive me Prince but can you not Say who it is that now the Spanish Amhassador is speaking to?

She swearing raspberry Yes you Have been away! Before you vanish Again you! If meet her, pon my life! But tell me who she is My wife

XVIII

Well that is news—couldn't be better!
You're married long? Two years To whom?"
A Larina Tanya? You've met her?
I am their neighbor Come resume
Your friendship At this invitation
The prince's comrade and relation
Now met his spouse The princess gazed
And if the sudden sight dismayed her
And if the sudden sight dismayed her
And if her sudden sight dismayed her
And if her sudden sight dismayed her
No look no tremor not a word
In any small degree betrayed her
Her manner was what it had been
Before, her bow was as serene

XIX

Not only did she fail to shiver. Turn pale or blush, as one distressed Her evebrows did not even quiver Nor yet were her soft lips compressed Not all Onegin's observation Could show him an approximation To Tanva of the days that were He wanted to converse with her could not. Now she spoke inquiring And When he had come, and if of late Hed had a glimpse of his estate Then with a look that showed her tiring Begged that her husband suffer her To leave Our Eugene could not sur

xx

Can it be that Tatyana truly
Whom at the tatt of our romance
Quite tee a tete he d lectured duly
(You will recall the circumstance)
How noble was the tone hed taken
The spot itself was God forsaken
Can this be she who long since wrote—
He has it still—a touching note.
A letter heartfel, artless candid
That hitle girl is it a dream?
That little girl is it a dream?
It wrong to scorn when pride commanded—
Can it be she who only now
Showed him so cold and calm a brow?

XXI

He quits the rout ard meditating Drives home and so at last to be Thoughts and and sweet still agitating Thoughts and and sweet still agitating The sleepless Fellow's heart and head He wakes to find a note—that is pleasant. The prince invite him to be present At a source God_Lo-see_her!

Ill go! And he does not defer The police "yes" that it befroowing Is he beautiful the police "yes" that it befroowing Is he beautiful to soul to you will be the still be will be wil

XXII

He counts the slow hours vanily trying To hurry them he cannot wait The clock strikes ten he s off he s flying And suddenly he s at the gate He goes in to the princess qualing Tatyana is alone but making An effort to converse with her He finds that no remarks occur To hum and thereby sadly dainted Onegin fumbles as he seeks To answer when the lady speaks By one persistent thought he s haunted 'He does not cease his subborn stare She sits with an untroupled air

XXIII

The husband enters the appalling fileak tete à tete concludes, he cheers His friend Onegin by recalling The pranks and jokes of former year the guests, arriving hear their laughter The talk is seasoned well thereafter With the coarse salt of makee, while Light nothings spoken without guile And without foolish affectation Give way in turn to common sense Not deep or learned or intense, But reasonable conversation That does not frighten anyone With a tow wanton kind of fun

XXIV

Here the patricians congregated Here fashionables would repair Ihe dolts that must be tolerated The faces one meets everywhere, Here, bonneted and werring, roses And with the malice time imposes Were is alies for a certain ago, and prim young misses looking sage, And prim young misses looking sage, Here on ambiasador was weighing A suits of state and over there An ancient with perfumed gray hair Was jesting subily and displaying The fine keen wit of yesteryear Which nowadays seems somewhat queer with the control of the same of t

XXV

Here was a man who had a weakness For epigtams, and was innoyed by too sweet tea, the ladies mechaess. The tone the gentlemen employed, A talked of novel, rather haz? A monogram he found too mazy, the lies that journals perpetrate. The war, the snow fall, and his mate

e Here weld Here not the novel
the point heart of rings at horse
my demanded you should read
ask lines a undustand mynead
pleased to
please date

XXVI

XXVI

And nere too was [Prolasov] stunted In soul of all the guests the least Admired—in sketching whom you blunt.d bour wicked pencils on St Priest! While in the doorway took his station—As perfect as an illustration—A balliroom tyrant tightly laced Mute motionless and cherub faced Mute motionless and cherub faced And there a traveler from a distance A brazen fellow starched and proud With studied ways amused the crowd That scarce had heard of his evistence, And though he met with no rebuff The guests sly glances were enough.

XXVII

But Eugene's sole preoccupation
Was with Tatyana—not forsooth
The poor shy girl whose adoration
Of him had filled his simple youth,
But the proud princess cold and serious,
The queen aloof, remote, imperious
Of the magnificent Neva
Oh humans like your first mamma
Ancestral Eve you find delightful
Not what you have, but what you see
Afar the serpent and the tree
Seduce you though the cost be frightful
Forbidden fruits alone enuce—
Without them, there's no paradise.

XXVIII

How changed Tayana is! How truly she knows her role! With none to thank—Tutored by her own wit—she duly Bears the proud burden of her rank! Who in this cool myestic woman. The ballroom's ruler scarcely human, Would dare to seek that gentle girl? And he had set her heart awhirl! When nights were dark and she, forsaken By Morpheus her dark eyes would rest. Upon the moon and her young, breast By vurgnal desires was shaken. Then in a dream that naught could dim. She d walk life's burnble road with him.

XXIX

To Workill ages one submission
To yothful hearts its tempests bring
The very boon they would petition
As fields are blest by storms of spring
The rain of passion is not cruel.
But bears refreshment and renewal—
There is a quickening at the root
That bodes full flowers and honeyed fruit.
But at the late and sterile season
At the sad turning of the years,
The tread of passion august tears
This autumn gusts deaf death and treason
And turn the meadow, on a marsh
And leave the forests gaunt and harsh

xxx

Alas our poor Onegin s smitten
Tayana fills his every thought
His heart is by such anguish bitten
As only passing an laye wrought
His heart is head the minds reproaches,
But rain or shine, each day his coach is
Before her door, he waits for her
No shadow could be faithfuller
He knows delight when he's adjusting
The bos on her shoulders, and
When his hor fingers touch her hand
Or when through liveried throngs he s thrusting
A way for her he s happy if
He may nick his her hand Merchief

XXXI

She does not heed, and sore it grieves him To note how little she is stirred, With perfect freedom she receives him, When guests are there, she says a word Or bows to him—a cold convention At immes she pays him no attention She has no trace of coquery— Its frowned on in society. But though Onegus s peace forsake him And his cheel pale the does not see Or does not care and all agree Consumption yet may overtake him He s sent to doctors the Neva's Best leeches send him to the spas

XXXII

But he retuses he s preparing

To meet his fathers specifity Taryana shows no sign of carning (Such 15 Hig 5ex, you will agree), 7 yeA And he reluctant o surrender Still clings to hope though it be slender, And far too wretched to be meet. And reghtly but his pain was such That write he must and in this fashion—Perhaps twill please you if I quote The very words Onegin wrote

Onegin s Letter to Tatyana

All is forescen when I confess My mournful secret you all shun me And the grave eyes that have undone me Will look with secon on my distress! Indeed what can I hope for after You know the truth? What is the use Of speech? For what malicious laughter Do I thus give you an excuse?

We met by chance I though perceiving Affections spark in you believing Myself mistaken did not dare. To let the tender habit seize me Although my freedom did not please me The loss of it I could not bear. And one thing more put us anunder—Poor Lenky fell that luckless day From all the heart holds dear my blunder Forced me to tear my heart au ay. An alten roung unrestricted I took this peace this liberty. For happiners Good God! I see How judity nou I am afflitted.

No to be usth you constantly
To follow you usth deep devotion
And usth enamored eyes to see
Each simile of yours, each glante each motion
To listen to you late and soon
To know you spirit timed to spirit
In torment at your feet to suconWere bliss and death? I should not fear it!

XXXI

She does not heed and sore it grieves him. To note how little she is surred. With perfect freedom she receives him, When guests are there, she says a word. Or bows to him—a cold convention. At times she pays him no attention, She has no trace of coquetry—Its frowned on in society. But though Onegin s peace forsake him. And his cheel, pale she does not see. Or does not care and all agree. Consumption wet may overtake him. He s sent to doctory the Nevas. Best I coches send him to the spas.

IIKKX

But he refuses he s preparing
To meet his fathers specify
Tayana shows no sign of caring
Tayana shows no sign of caring
(Such is the see, you will agree)
Tayana shows no sign of caring
(Such is the see, you will agree)
Tayana shows no sign of caring
the sign of the seed of the seed

XXXIII

There is no answer to his letter A second and a third he sends Alas these missives fare no better Then at a party he attends He comes upon her as he enters How firmly her attention centers On all but him! She never sees Onegin but she seems to freeze As he comes near its no illusion Upon her wrath her lips are sealed Onegin watches her congealed Where is compassion where confusion? Is there a sign of tears? No trace! Mute anger only marks her face

XXXIV

Yes and the fear of the impression The world would gain if it should learn About her early indiscretion No more my Eugene could discern All hope is gone? He leaves and curses His madness—and again immerses Himself so deep in it that he Once more forsike's society Now in his study he bethought him Of days long past when he had been A guddy fop and cruel spleen Had chased him and had quickly caught him And locked him in a corner where The lonely gloom was hard to bear

$X\lambda XV$

Again a book was his sole crony— He read at will Gibbon Rousseau Chamfort and Herder and Manzoni, Madame de Stael Bichat, Tissot Devoured Stendhal the arrant skeptic, And Fontenelle acute eupeptic And Russians too he would petuse He was not one to pick, and choose He read miscellany and journal The magazines that like to scold Us all and where I now ant told That my performance is infernal Though once they praised my magic pen E sempre bene gentlemen

XXXVI

What of it? Though his eyes were busy, His mind was ever far away With whirling thoughts his soul grew dizzy, And dreams and musings far from gay. The page he read could scarcely bore him Because between the lines before him Another set of lines transpired. Of which Onegua never tired. These were the secret fond traditions. Of intimacies of the past, And rootless dreams that could not last Vague threats predictions and suspicious. A fairy tale that lasts the night.

TXXVII.

And as he reads both thought and feeling Are lulled to sleep and readily Imagination is unrecling Its parn colored pageantry. The first clear picture is disclosing. A youth who on the snow seems dozing A youth who on the snow seems dozing As Eugene stares his heart is chilled. To hear a voice cry. Well? He is killed. He sees forgotten foes malicious. Detractors cowardly and vile. And cruel traitresses who smule. And old companions dull and vicious. A country house he next may see—She sa the window—always she!

XXXVIII

Thus sunk in reveries he nearly Went raving mad or worse became A poet—this were paying dearly For dreams and would have been a shame But by some influence despote Call it magnetic or hypnotic My brainless pupil almost learned The way a Russian verse is turned He dooked the poet when he d let a Long evening pass while he would sit Beside the fire and hum to it Idol muo or Benedetta Until the flames blazed up anew Fed by his slipport or review

XXXIX

The days speed by, before you know it New warmth has melted winters chain But he has not become a poet, He did not die or go insane And now, at spring s bright invitation He quits his place of hibernation—Close as a marmot would require—The double windows the snug fire, And one fine morning finds him flying Past the Neva in a swift s eigh, On the streaked iee the sunbeams play, Upon the streets the snow is lying By thaw and grimy steps defaced But whither in such anxious haste

VI.

Does Eugene drive? Yes, I suspected You knew the answer—as you say This same odd fellow uncorrected To his Tayana makes his way Looking too corpselike to be nobby, He walks into the empty lobby Each room he finds unoccupied Here is a door—he flings it wide And halts in sudden deep confusion, What sight thus fills him with dismay? The princess pale, in neeling Potes of 3 letter, in section of the checks rests on her hand and she Is weeping weeping quietly:

XLI

Her voiceless grief was past disguising In that swift moment one could see The former Tanya recognizing Her in the princess readily! As Eugene by regrets distracted Fell at her feet his heart contracted She shuddered mute her lovely eyes Betrayed no anger no surprise. As the Surveyed him — His dejected And Incidental She with the surprise of the su

XLII

She does not raise him leaves him kneeling Nor Irom his greedy lips withdraws—Her passive hands her pain concealing She gazes at him without pause What are her reveries unspoken? The silence at long last is broken As she says gently Rise, have done I must say candid words or none I must say candid words or none I must say candid words or none Onegin need I ask you whether You still reasing the memory Of that lost hour beneath the tree When destiny brought us together? You lectured me I listened, meek, Today it is try turn to speak

HLIX

Then I was younger maybe better, Onggin, and I loved you, usell?
How did you take my girlish letter?
Your heart responded how? Pray, tell Most harshify there was no disguising Your scorn You did not find surprising The plain girls love? Why even now, I freeze—good God!—recalling how You came and lectured me so coldly—Your look that made my spirit sink! But for that stermon do not think I blame you For you acted boldly Indeed you played a noble role I thank you from my inmost soul

XLIV

"Then far from Moscow's noise and glutter, Off in the wilds—six not true?—
You did not like me That was bitter, But worse what now you choose to do! Why do you pay me rhese attentions? Because society's conventions Deferring to my wealth and rank. Have given me presuge? Be frank! Because my husband's decoration A soldier's, wins us friends at Court, And all would relish the report That I had stanied my reputation—Twould give you in society A pleasant notoriety?

XLV

I cannot help it I am weeping If you recall your Tanya still
One thought I would that you were keeping In mind that if I had my will I would prefer your harsh cold fashion
Of speech to this insulting passion
To these long letters and these tears
My childish dreams my tender years
Aroused your pity then You re kneeling
Here at my feet But dare you say
In truth what brought you here today?
What perty thought? What trivial feeling?
Can you so generous so keen
Be ruled by what is small and mean?

XLVI

To me Onegm all these splendors The tinsel of unwelcome days The homage that the gay world tenders, My handsome house and my sources—To me all this is naught. This minute Id give my house and all that in 11, This giddy play in fancy dress For a few books a wilderness Of flowers for our modest dwelling The scene where first I saw your face Onegm that familiar place. And for the simple churchyard telling Its tale of humble lives where now My poor nurse sleeps beneath the bough

TV.TX

"And happiness before it glided Away forever, was so near! But now my fate is quite decided I was in too much haste, I fear, My mother coaxed and wept the sequel You know besides, all lots were equal To hapless Tanya Well and so I married Now, I beg you go I know your heart I need not tremble, Because yout honor and your pride Must in this matter be your guide I love you (why should I dissemble?) But I became agothers wife

MIV.IX

She went Onegin stood forsaken
Stood thunderstruck. He could not stir
By what a storm his heart was shaken
What pride, what grief what thoughts of her!
But are those stirrups he is hearing?
Tatyana's husband is appearing
At this unlucky moment we
Must leave my hero ruefully
For a long time indeed forever
Together we have traveled far
Congratulational Now we are
Ashore at last and our endeavor
Accomplished in the end Three cheers!
You'll grant its time to pair my dears

XLIX

Whoever you may be my reader, Ally or enemy attend The words of this most earnest pleader Pray say farewell as to a friend Whatever in these careless stanzas You seek. Be it extravaganzas Of memory or welcome rest A living picture or a jest Or merely some mistakes in grammar God grant you find some trifle here To earn a smile, a dream a tear Or rouse a journalistic clamo And now, since I ve no more to tell, I take my leave of you—farewell

L

You too farewell, my curious neighbor,
And you my fair ideal too
And you, small fruit of eager labor
My little book. With you I knew
The truest source of inspiration
The world's oblivious animation
And talk that brighten's freindship's ways
How many swiftly flitting days
Have passed since in a hazy vision
I first saw young Tatyana filde
With her Onegin at her side—
Ere yet the crystal with precision
Had shown to my enchanted glance
The vist of a free romaned.

LI

But those good friends who were insistent That the first strophes should be read alas, some now are distant, Some are no more, as Saadı said To them Onegin's portrait has been finished, But lacking them the joy's diminished, And she-she who for Tanya posed How many chapters Fate has closed! Blessed is he who leaves the glory Of life's gay feast ere time is up Who does not drain the brimming cup, Nor read the ending of the story, But drops it without more ado, As my Onegin, I drop you

NOTES

PUSHLIN provided his text with a number of notes only some of which it seemed necessary to reproduce here. To assist the foreign reader several others have been added by the editor

Dedication addressed to Pyotr Alexandrovich Pletnyov

Chapter I

STANZA II I INE 5 Ruslan and Ludmila hero and heroine of Pushkin's first narrative poem

LINE 14 Written during the author's Southern exile STANZA IX In preparing the text for the press Pushkin occasionally omitted one or more stanzas or left one un finished indicating the gap either by dots or by giving merely the number of the stanzaz Whatever moved him to make these omissions and fear of censorship seems to have been a minor factor he did not go to the trouble of re numbering the stanzas. He may have wished thus to tease the reader's imagination

to tease the reader's imagination
STANZA XV LINE 13 Breguet a repeater which took its
name from a famous watch maker of the period

STANZA XVI LINE 5 Talon a well known restaurateur

Line 6 kavering the name of this friend of Pushkin s
did not figure in the early editions of the text, but is

found in the manuscript
Line 8 There was an exceptionally fine vintage in

1811 a year which was also marked by the appearance

of a comet

STANZA AVIII I onviren and Knyazhnin were eighteentheentury playwrights the first a satirist of a liberal
temper the second having the reputation of the Rus
sian Pacine Sernyonova an acrees who played Shakt
spearcan roles and acred in the tragedier written by
ozerow a dramatist who belonged to the generation that
preceded Pushkin's Katenin a friend of Pushkin's translated Fren h tragedies while Shakhus-skoy was a prolific
author of comedies both men were somewhat older than
Pu likin Diedelt was a French chorographer established

in Russia
STANZA XX Line 8 Istomina a celebrated ballering she
danced in a ballet arranged by Didelor bised on Push
kin's open. The Caucasian Prisoner

STANZA XXIV LINE 12 To this passage Pushkin attached a note in which after quoting some relevant lines from Rousseau's Confessions he wrote Grimm was in advance of his age Nowadays throughout enlightened Eu

vance or in age rowaraya intognost cangular rope naily are cleaned with a specal little brush Staxya XXV I isee S Chadayev (Chadasev), the name of another friend of Pushkins which also figures only in the manuscript the Russian I can Prummet the Russian Ambassador to France is supposed to have said that Chadayev should be exhibited in every capital so as to show the Europeans un russe parfaitement comme if

faut
SYNNEA XLII This entire ironic stanza is nothing but
studie praise of our fair compatriots. Thus Boileau in the
guise of reproach lauds Louis XIV. Our ladies combine
angustroment, muth, and believe the combine

guise of reproach lauds Louis XIV Our ladies combine enlightenment with amiability and strict moral purity with that Oriental charm which so captivated Mime de Stael

AUTHOR'S SOIL

STANZA XLVIII LINE 3 The bard Muravyov STANZA XLIX LINE 7 The referen e is to Byron

305

STANZA L LINE 3 The beach written at Odessa on the Black Sea when the author was in quasi-exile

LINE 10 On his mother's side the author is of African origin His great grandfather Abram Petrovich Annibal at the age of eight was kidnapped from the shores of Africa and taken to Constantinople The Russian envoy rescued him and sent him as a gift to Peter the Great who had him baptized at Wilno His brother went to Constantinople and arterwards to St Petersburg offering a ransom for him but Peter I did not agree to return his godson Till a very advanced age Annibal remem bered Africa his father's luxurious life his mineteen brothers He was hunself the youngest boy he remem bered how they would be brought to their father their hands tied behind their backs while he alone was free swimming where the fountains of the paternal home were playing he also remembered his favorite sister Lagan who at a distance swam after the ship in which

he was being carried off

At the age of eighteen Annibal was sent by the Czar to France where he began his service in the Regent's army he returned to Russia with a split head and the rank of lieutenant in the French army From then on he never left the Emperor's side In Anna's reign Annibal who had neurred Bulners personal cannity was trans ferred to Siberia under a specious pretest Wearied by the lack of companionship and the inclemency of the climate he returned to Peter burg without leave and went straight to his friend Munnich Munnich was amazed and advised him to go into hiding immediately Annibal retired to his estates where he lived through out the remaining years of Anna's reign nominally con sidered to be serving in Siberia Empress Elizabeth on ascending the throne showered him with favors. He re tired from service with the rank of General in-Chief and died in Catherine's reign at the age of ninety two (In time we expect to publish a complete biography of him)

In Russia where for lack of historical memoirs the

temembrance of remarkable men soon vanishes Anni bal's currou life is known only from stories pre-cryed by the family

His son Lieutenant General I A Annibal was un questionably among the most distinguished men of the

age of Catherine (he died in 1800) AUTHOR'S NOTE

STANZA LVII LINES 9-10 The reference is to the heroines of two of Pushkin's narrative poems The Pris oner of the Caucasus and The Fountain of Bakhchi Saray

Chapter II

STANZA V LIFF 9 A mason freemason the term carried with it a suggestion of subversive tendencies STANZA AXIV LINES 29 Among us euphonious Greck names as for example Agaton Filat Fedora Fella are used only by the common people

AUTHOR'S NOTE

Chapter III

STANZA V Line 3 Svetlana the heroine of a ballad by Thukovsky an older friend of Pushkin's STANZA IX LINES 78 Malek Adhel the hero of a novel by Mme Cottin an eighteenth-century writer Gustave de Linar a character in Valerie a novel by Baroness

Barbara von Krudener St Preux and Wolmar char acters in La Nouvelle Héloise by Rousseau STANZA X LINE 4 Julie the herome of La Nomelle Héloise Clarissa the heroine of Clarissa Harlowe Del phine the leading character in a novel of the same

name by Mme de Stael

STANZA XII LINES 7 II Melmoth the reference is to

Matunna Melmoth the Wanderer Jean Shogar a novel by Charles Nodier to the Construct National Stanza NAVII Line 4 In the original the Mossow Magazine is referred to by title The Well Intentioned STANZA XXIX, Line 8 The original refers explicitly to

the verse of Bogdanovich an eighteenth-entury poer who aimed to amuse STANZA ANA. The reference is to Baratynsky a minor poet and a friend of Pushkin's For some misdemeanor he was expelled from the Carps of Pages and sent to Finland to serie as a private.

Chapter IV

STANZA VII LINES 1 2 Here Pushkin is paraphrasin, a remark he made in a letter written from kinner in the autumn of 18.2 to his brother [e vous observera seule ment que moins on aime une femme et plus on est sur de l'avoir.

STANZA XXX LINE 6 Tolstoy F P Tolstoy an artist of the period

STANZA XXXI LINF 10 Yazykov a lyricist contemporary with Pushkin

STANZA XXXII The reference is to Wilhelm Kuchel becker a schoolmate of Pushkin's who was a minor poet

and author of an essay praising the ode
I INE 10 The emblems of the classical stage

STANZA XXXIII LINE 5 Ivan Dmitries a fabulist au thor of a sature on writers of odes

STANZA XLIII LINE 10 Dominique de Pradt a French prelate who was Napoleon's chaplain his political writ ings were popular in Russia

STANZA L LINE 12 The reference is to August Laton taine a German writer of the period who produced one hundred and fifty sentimental novels

Chapter V

STANZA III LINES 57 See First Snow a poem by Prince Vyazemsky

AUTHOR'S NOTE

LINES 13 14 See the description of the Finnish winter in Baratynsky's Eda

AUTHOR'S NOTE

STANZA VIII LINES 9-14 The first song is an omen of death while Pussy foretells a wedding Its opening lines mn

> Tom cat calls his Puss To sleep on the stove

STANZA IX The girl is supposed to see her future hus band in the mirror and to learn his name from the stranger she accosts

STANZA X LINE 6 In Zhukovsky s ballad Svetlana the heroine makes the same preparations that Tatyana does expecting that the mirror will reflect the image of her future husband as his spirit takes a place opposite her at the table she falls asleep and has a terrifying dream

LINE 12 Lel a Slavonic divinity of dubious authen

ticity presiding over married love STANZA XXII LINE 13 With us fortune books are pub

lished under the imprint of Martin Zadeka who is not their author as B M Fyodorov points out

AUTHOR S NOTE

STANZA XXIII LINE & Maliine a novel by Mme Cottin I INE 9 Two Petriade poems about Peter the Creat by Shirinsky Shikhmatov and Gruzintzey STANZA XXVI LINES 10-11 Buyanov a character in 2

poem by Pushkin's uncle whence the cousinship STANZA XXXII LINE 11 Zizi Yevpraxiya Wulf a rather plump young girl with whom Pushkin conducted a firta tion when he was confined to the family estate at Mik hailovskoye In a letter to his brother he wrote. The other day Yevpraxiya and I compared the sizes of our waists and found them to be identical Consequently either I have a girth of a fifteen year-old girl or she has that of a twenty five year old man

STANZA XXXVI LINE 8 Sec Note to Stanza XV Chap ter I

STANZA XI LINE 4 The reference is to Francesco Albani an Italian painter of the seventeenth century whom Pushkin admired

CHAPTER VI

STANZA V LINE 13 The reference is to Very Frères a celebrated restaurant in Paris

STANZA XX LINE 14 Anton Delwig a minor poet was a schoolmate and intimate friend of Pushkin's STANZA XXV LINE 13 Lepage a famous gunsmith

AUTHOR & NOTE

CHAPTER VII

STANZA IV LINE 4 Levshin author of many works on rural economy

AUTHOR & NOTE

STANZA XIX LINES 13 14 The statuette is of Napoleon STANZA XXII LINES 6-14 It is believed that one of the A novels was Adolphe by Benjamin Constant STANZA XXIV LINE 10 The reference is to Chille Harold

STANZA XXXVII The Petrovsky Palace just outside of Moscow was the place where Napoleon found industriant from the fires that were ravaging the city

STANZA XLIA LINE I The reference is to a select group of young highbrows who served in the Moscow archives of the Foreign Office

Line 9 The reference is presumably to Prince Peter Vyazemsky a minor author and brilliant conversation alist, who was a life long friend of Pushkin's

CHAPTER VIII

STANZAS I V are romanticized autobiography

STANZA II LINE 3 The reference is to the examination at the Lycuim when Pushkin as a boy of sixteen received for a poem of his own composition the congratulations of the venerable poet Derzhavin who was among those

present STANZA IV LINE 7 Lenore the beroine of Burger's ballad

of that title STANZA XIII LINE 13 Chatzky a character in Griboye

dov's famous comedy Woe from Wit STANZA XIV LINE 13 Shishkov a vice admiral who held various posts including that of Minister of Education he

various posts including that of Minister of Education he was a fanatical conservative and purist in linguistic mat ters

STANZA XVI LINE 11 Nina Voronskaya probably countess A F 7akrevskaya the bronze Venus with whom Pushkin was at one time in love and whom he depicted in his poem. Portrait

STANZA XXVI LINE 4 Count Emmanuel St Priest was a caricaturist of the period

STANZA XXXV Line 3 Chamfort an eighteenth century

French author best known for his aphorisms
Line 4 Bichat an eighteenth century French physi

ologist Tissot a French historian of the period STANZA XXXVIII LINE 12 Idol mio the first worths of a refrain in a duettino by Vincenzo Gabussi Benedetta sia la modre a Venetian harcarolle

sia la madre a Venetian barcarolle Stanza L Lines 12 The reference is to Onegin and

Tatyana

NOTES 31 Lines 8 14 Pushkin spent eight years on the writing

of Eugene Onegin

STANZA LI LINE 3 This is a veiled allusion to the authors friends among the exiled Decembrists



Folk Tales

ш



THE TALE OF THE POPE AND OF HIS WORKMAN BALDA'

Porridge head

Was a pope, who is dead He went out a shopping one day To look for some wares on the way And he came on Balda who was there Who was going he knew not where And who said Why so early abroad old sire? And what dost require? He replied For a workman I look To be stableman carpenter cook But where to procure Such a servant?—a cheap one be sure! Says Balda I will come as thy servant I li be spended and punctual and fervent And my pay for the year 1s-three raps on thy head Only give me boiled wheat when I m fed Then he pondered that pope Scratched his poll put his hope in hi luck in the Russian Perhaps

Go and live in my yard
And see that thou work for me nimbly and hard
The word mean blockhead Entrons Norm

There are raps he bethought him and raps And he said to Balda Let it be so There is profit for thee and for me so

316

And he lives with the pope does Balda And he sleeps on straw pallet but ah! He gobbles like four men Ver he labors like seven or more men

The sun is not up but the work simply races The strip is all ploughed, and the nag in the traces, All is bought and prepared and the stove is well heated

And Balda bakes the egg and he shells it—they eat it, And the popess heaps praise on Balda And the daughter just pines for Balda and is sad And the little pope calls him papa

And he boils up the gruel, and dandles the lad

But only the pope never blesses Balda with his love and caresses For he thinks all the while of the reckoning Time flies, and the hour of repayment is beckoning! And scarce can he eat, drink or sleep for alack, Already he feels on his forehead the crack So he makes a clean breast to the popess And he asks where the last rag of hope is

Now the woman is keen and quick witted And for any old trickery fitted And she says "I have found us my master A way to escape the disaster Some impossible job to Balda now allot

And command it be done to the very last jot So thy forehead will never be punished 1 say And thou never shalt pay him but send him away"

Then the heart of the pope is more cheerful And his looks at Balda are less fearful And he calls him "Come here to me do Balda my good workman and true!

317

THE TALE OF THE POPE Now listen some devils have said They will pay me a rent every year till I m dead

The income is all of the best, but arrears Have been due from those devils for three mortal years So when thou hast stuffed thyself full with the wheat Collect from those devils my quit rent, complete

It is idle to jar with the pope so he, Balda goes out and sits by the sea And there to twisting a rope he sets And its further end in the sea he wets And an ancient fiend from the sea comes out Balda why sneakest thou hereabout? - I mean with the rope the sea to wrinl le And your cursed race to cramp and crinkle And the ancient then is grieved in mind Oh why, oh why art thou thus unkind? - Are ye a king u hy? and have not you Forgotten the time when the rent was due? but now you dogs we shall have our toke And you soon will find in your wheel a spoke - O dear Balda let the sea stop wrinkling And all the rent is thine in a twinkling I will send thee my grandson-wait awhile" - He is easy enough thinks Balda to beguile!

Then the messenger imp from the ocean darted And to mew like a famished kitten started Good morrow Balda my dear muzhik! Now tell me what is it this rent you seek? We never heard of your rent-that's flat Why we devils have never had worries like that! Yet take it, no matter!-on this condition, For such is the judgment of our commission So that no grievance hereafter beThat each of us run right round the sea

And the quickest shall have the whole of the tax

Our folk meanwhile have made ready their sacks

Then said Balda and he laughed so shly, Is this my friend thy device so whi? Shall the likes of thee in rivalry Contend with the great Balda with me? Art thou the foe who is sent to face me? My little brother shall here replace me

Then goes Baldà to the nearest copse Caches two hares that in such he pops And returns to the sea once more To the devikin by the shore And he grips one hare by the ear Thou shalt dance to our own balaianka my dear Thou devikin art but young and frail Dost thou strive with me? thou will only fail It is time and labor lost for thee Outstrip my brother and thou shalt see! Outstrip my brother and thou shalt see! One two three and away—now race him!

Then off goes the simp and the hare to chase him And the simp by the seashore coasted But the hare to the forest posted Now the simp has circled the seas about And he fise in panting his tongue folls out, And his snout turns up and he s thoroughly wet, With his paw he towels away the sweat And he clitick he has settled Balda But there! Balda is strology the balda has too the simple si

Then the imp of a heap was struck

And tamely his tail through his legs he stuck,
At the brother hare he glanced askew
Said Wait I will fetch the rent for you
When he got to his grandad Too bad! he said
Balda—the young one—got right ahead

Then the ancient fiend had a notion But Balda made a noise and commotion And the ocean was vexed And the waters were parted next And the imp slipt out Tis enough muzhik We will send to you all the rent you seek But listen dost thou behold this stick? Now choose thou a mark and take thy pick And the one who the stick can farthest shoot he Shall have the whole of the rent for booty Why dost thou wait? why standest cowed? Dost thou fear to sprain thy wrist? - Tis a cloud Up there I await I will toss thy stick up Right in the cloud and will start a kick up For you fiends! And again he had won had Balda And the terrified imp told his grandpapa And Balda again made the waters roar And threatened the fiends with the rope once more And the imp popped up again Why dost fuss? If thou wilt thou shalt have all the rent from us

Nay nay says Balda
I think it is my turn ha hal
Little enemy now the conditions to make
And to set thee a riddle to crack.
Let us see what thy strength is Look there
At yonder gray mare
I dare thee to lift her
And half a mile shift her

So carry hat mare and the rent is thine
But earry her not and the whole is mine."
And the poor little imp then and there
Crawled under the mare
And there he lay lugging her
And there he lay lugging her,
And he hoisted that mare for two paces but falling
As he took the third, he dropped there sprawling
Then says Balda, What avails to try,
Thou fool of an imp with us to vice?
For thou in thy arms thou couldst not rear her,
But see, between my legs 1 ll bear her
And he mounted the mare and galloped a mile
And the dust eddied up but the imp meanwhile
Ans scared to bis grandad and told him then

Then the devils no help for it rose and went In a ring and collected the whole of the rent, And they loaded a sack On Balda who made off with a kind of a quack And the pope when he sees him Just skips up and flees him And hides in the rear of his wife And straddles in fear of his life But Balda hunts him out on the spot and seel Hands over the rent and demands his fee

tlow Balda was the winner again

Then the pope poor old chap,
Put his pate up At Rap
Number One up he flew
To the ceuing At Rap Number Two
The pope the poor wretch
Lost the power of speech
And at Rap Number Three he was battered

And the old fellow's wits they were shattered. But Balda giving judgment reproached him Tooken keen Upon cheapness 'ny pope thou has been! [1831] [UNEXPURGATED TEXT FIRST PUBLISHED 1882]

THE TALE OF THE POPE

321

THE TALE OF THE GOLDEN COCKEREL'

In a realm that shall be nameless In a country bright and blameless Lived the mighty Czar Dadon Second in renown to none Fierce and bold he would belabor Without scruple every neighbor But he fancied as he aged That enough wars had been waged-Having earned a rest he took it But his neighbors would not brook it And they harassed the old Czar And they ruthlessly attacked him And they harried and they hacked him Therefore less his realm he lost He maintained a mighty host Though his captains were not napping They not seldom took a rapping In the south they re fortified-From the east their formen ride Mend the breach as is commanded-On the shore an army s L nded That has come from oversea Czar Dadon so vexed was he Was upon the point of weeping Didn't find it easy sleeping Never was life butterer!

The librerto of Rimsky Korsako a opera Coq d Or 1 basel on

this tale

So to the astrologer To the wise old cunuch pleading For his help an envoy's speeding To the ennuch he hows low And the mage consents to go At Dadon's behest appearing At the court a sign most cheering In hi bag as it befell Hed a golden cockerel Set this bird the mage directed On a pole that s soon erected

And my golden cockerel Will protect thee very well When there is no sign of riot He will sit serene and quiet But if ever there should be Threat of a calamity Should there come from any quarter Raiders ripe for loot and slaughter Then my golden cockerel Will arouse his comb will swell He will crow and up and doing Turn to where the danger's brewing In return the mage is told He shall have a heap of gold

And good Czar Dadon instanter Promises the kind enchanter On e thy wish to me is known Twill be granted as my own

On his perch by the Czar's orders Sits the cock and guards the borders-And when danger starts to peep He ari es as from sleep Crows and ruffles up his feathers Turns to where the trouble gathers

Sounds his warning clear and true, Crying Cock a-doodle-doo! Slug a bed he still and slumber, Reign with never care or cumber! And the neighbors dared not seek. Any quarrel but grew meck. Czar Dadon there was no trapping For they could not catch him napping

Peacefully two years go by And the cock sits quietly But one day by noises shaken, Czar Dadon ss forced to waken Cries a captain Czar and Sire Rise thy children's need is direl Trouble comes thy realm to shatter Gentlemen what is the matter? Yawns Dadon What do you say? Who is there? What trouble pray? Says the captain Fear is growing For the cockerel is crowing The whole city's terrified The Czar looked out and spied The gold cockerel a working-Toward the east he kept on terking Outckiv now! Make no delay! Take to horse men and away! Toward the east the army a speeding That the Czar's first-born is leading Now the cockerel is still And the Czar may sleep his fill

Eight full days go by like magic, But no news comes glad or tragic Did they fight or did they not? Not a word Dadon has got Hark! Again the cock is crowing-A new army must be going Forth to battle Czar Dadon This time sends his younger son To the rescue of his brother And this time, just as the other The young cock grows still content. But again no news is sent And again eight days go flitting And in fear the folk are sitting And once more the cockerel crows, And a third host eastward goes Czar Dadon himself is leading

Not quite certain of succeeding

They march on by day by night And they soon are weary quite. Czar Dadon in some vexation Vainly seeks an indication Of a fight a battle ground Or a camp or funeral mound Strange! But as the eighth day s ending We find Czar Dadon ascending Hilly pathways with his men-What does his gaze light on then? Twixt two mountain peaks commanding Lol a silken tent is standing Wondrous silence rules the scene And behold in a ravine Lies the slaughtered army! Chastened By the sight the old Czar hastened To the tent Alas Dadon!

Younger son and elder son Lie unhelmed and either brother Has his sword stuck in the other In the field alackaday

Masterless their coursers stray On the trampled grass and muddy On the silken grass now bloody Czar Dadon howled fearfully Children children! Woe is mel Both our falcons have been taken In the nets! I am forsaken! All his army howled and moaned Till the very valleys groaned-From the shaken mountains darred Echoes Then the tent flaps parted Suddenly upon the scene Stood the young Shamakhan queen! Bright as dawn with gentle greeting She acknowledged this first meeting With the Czar and old Dadon Like a night bird in the sun Stood stock still and kept on blinking At the maid no longer thinking Of his sons the dead and gone And she smiled at Czar Dadon-Bowing took his hand and led him Straight into her tent and fed him Royally and then her guest Tenderly she laid to rest On a couch with gold brocaded By her silken curtains shaded Seven days and seven nights Czar Dadon knew these delights And of every scruple ridden Did bewitched what he was hidden-

Long enough he had delayed— To his army to the maid Czar Dadon was now declaring That they must be homeward faring THE TALE OF THE GOLDEN COCKERIA 32

Faster than Dadon there flies Rumor spreading truth and lies And the populace have straightway Come to meet them at the gateway Now behind the coach they run

Now behind the coach they run Hail the queen and hail Dadon And most affable they find him Lo! there in the crowd behind him Who should follow Cast Dadon

Lo' there in the crowd behind him Who should follow Czar Dadon Hair and beard white as a swan And a Moorish hat to top him But the mage? There is none to stop him Up he comes My greetings Sire Says the Czar What's thy desire? Pray come closer What's thy mission?

Czar responded the magician We have our accounts to square Thou hast sworn thou art aware, For the help that I accorded

Anything thy realm afforded
Thou wouldst grant me my desire,
As thy own fulfilling Sire

Tis this maiden I am craving
The Shamakhan queen Thou it raving!
Shrieked Dadon forthwith amazed
While his eyes with anger blazed

Gracious! Hast thou lost thy senses? Who d have dreamed such consequences From the words that once I said! Cried the Czar What's in thy head?

Yes I promised but what of it? There are limits, and I ll prove it What is any maid to thee? How dare thou thus speak to Me? Other favors I am able

To bestow take from my stable

My best horse or better far Henceforth rank as a boyar. Gold I II give thee willingly-Half my czardom is for thee Naught is offered worth desiring' Said the mage I am requiring But one gift of thee I mean Namely, the Shamakhan queen Then the Czar with anger spitting, Cried The devill Tis not fitting That I listen to such stuff Thou It have nothing That's enough! To thy cost thou hast been sinning-Reckoned wrong from the beginning Now be off while thou it yet whole! Take him out, God bless my soull The enchanter ere they caught him Would have argued, but bethought him That with certain mighty folk Quarreling is not a joke And there was no word in answer From the white haired necromancer With his sceptre the Czar straight Rapped the eunuch on his pate He fell forward life departed Forthwith the whole city started Quaking-but the maiden ahl Hee hee hee! and Ha ha ha! Feared no sin and was not queasy Czar Dadon though quite uneasy, Gave the queen a tender smile And rode forward in fine style Suddenly there is a tinkling Little noise and in a twinkling While all stood and stared anew From his perch the cockerel flew

THE TALE OF THE GOLDEN COCKEREL 320 To the royal coach, and lighted On the pate of the affrighted Czar Dadon and there elate, Flapped his wings, and pecked the pate,

And soared off and as it flitted Czar Dadon his carriage quitted Down he fell and groaned at most Once and then gave up the ghost And the outen no more was seen there Twas as though she d never been there-Fairy tales though far from true,

Teach good lads a thing or two [1834]



IV

Dramatic Writings



BORIS GODUNOV

DRAMATIS PERSONAE¹

FEODOR, his son the Czarevitch
VENIA his daughter the Czarevna
PRINCE SHUSEKY
PRINCE VOROTYNEKY
PRINCE VOROTYNEKY
RICHELYANO, Secretary of the Council of Boyars
THE PATILIECH
FATURE NEW PROOF AND CHEMICAL TO

FATHER PIMEN monk and chronicler AFANASY PUSHKIN, a nooleman

BORIS GODUNOV, elective Czar

ZEMAON CODONOA

BASMANOV Commander of Godunov s army

MARGARFT
WALTER ROSEN
foreign captains in Godunov's service
ROZHNOV a prisoner of the Pretender

MISAIL. wandering monks

GRIGORI OTREPYEV a monk afterwards Dimitry the

PRINCE RURBSKY RUSSIAN Supporters of the Pretender

NARELA a Cossack SOBANSRI a Polish gentleman

The 1 t does not appear in the original and has been added for the convenience of the reader TRANSLATOR 5 NOTE

334 DRAMATIC WRITINGS FATHER CZERNIKOWSKI, a Jesuit

WISNIOWIECKI) Polish magnates MNISZECH MARYNA, daughter of the latter RUZIA Maryna's maid

MOSALSKY Boyars

COLITSYN MOLCHANOV SHEREFEDINOV The People, Boyars a Wicked Monk, Abbot of the Chudov Monastery two Courtiers Hostess two Officers, Guests Boy at Shuisky's the Czarevna's Nurse, a Poet a Cavalier a Lady Serving women Russian

Polish and German troops a Saintly Idiot, Boys Old Woman the Pretender's Supporters Court Attend ants, a Peasant, a Beggar, a Guard, three Soldiers

PALACE OF THE KREMLIN

(February 20th 1598)

PRINCES SHIJISKY and VOROTYNSKY

VOROTYNSKY To keep the city's peace, that is the task Entrusted to us twain but we forsooth Have little need to watch Moscow is empty For to the Monastery all have flocked After the patriarch What thinkest thou?

How will this trouble end?

SHUISKY How will it end?

That is not hard to tell A little more The multitude will groan and wail Boris Pucker awhile his forehead like a toper Eyeing a glass of wine and in the er'd Will humbly of his graciousness consent To take the crown and then-and then will rule us Just as before

VOROTYNSLY And yet a month has pas ed Since clossered with hi sister he forsook The world's affairs None hitherto hath shaken His purpose not the patriarch and not His boyar counselors their tears their prayers He heeds not Deaf is he to Mo cow s wail To the Great Council deaf vainly they urged The sorrowful nun-queen to consecrate

Boris to sovereignty firm was his sister

Inexorable as he, methinks Boris Inspired her with this spirit What if our ruler Be sick in very deed of cares of state And hath no strength to mount the throne? What

SHUISKY I say that then the blood of the Czarevitch Was shed in vain that the poor child Dimitry Might just as well be living

VOROTY! SRY

say st hou?

336

Fearful crime! I it beyond all doubt Boris contrived The young boys murder?

Who besides? Who el≪ SHOISKY Bribed Chepchugov in vain? Who sent in secret The brothers Bityagovsky with Kachalov? Myself was sent to Uglith, there to probe This matter on the spot fresh traces there I found the town bore witness to the crime, With one accord the burghers all affirmed it And with a single word, when I returned I could have proved the secret villain's guilt

vorotraser Why didst thou then not crush him? At the time SHITTSKY

I do confess his unexpected calminess His shamelessness dismayed me Candidly He looked me in the eyes he questioned me Closely and I repeated to his face The foolish tale himself had whispered to me

COROTYNSKY An ugly business prince

What could I do? SHLISKY Declare all to Feedor? But the Caar

Saw all things with the eyes of Godunov Heard all things with the ears of Godunov, Grant even that I might have fully proved it Boris would have denied it there and then And I should have been haled away to prison And in good time—lile mine own uncle—strangled Within the silence of some deaf walled dungeon I boast not when I say that given occasion, No penalty affrights me I am no coward But also am no fool and do not choose Of my free will to walk into a halter

VOROTYNSKY Monstrous misdeed! Listen I warrant you

Remorse already gnaws the murderer be sure the blood of that same innocent child Will hinder his ascension to the throne

SHURKY Hell not be balked Borrs is not so timid!
What honor for ourselves ay for all Russial
A slave of yesterday a Tartar son
By marriage of Maluta of a hangman
Himself in soul a hangman he to don
The crown and cape of Monomakh!——

VOROTYNSKY You are right He is of lowly birth we twain can boast

A nobler lineage

SHUISKY Indeed tis so!

VOROTYNSKY Let us remember Shuisky Vorotynsky Are let me say born princes

Are let me say born princes

SHUISKY Born princes truly

And of the blood of Rurik

Then we, twould seem should have the right to

Feodor s throne

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

HUISKY Rather than Godunov

338

vorotynsky In very truth twould seem so

If still Boris pursue his crafty ways,

Let us contrive by skilful means to rouse The people. Let them turn from Godunov Princes they have in plenty of their own Let them from out their number choose a czar

VOROTENSKY We heirs of the Varangians are many, But its no easy thing for us to vie With Godunov the people are not wont To recognize in us an ancient branch Of their old warlike masters long already Have we our appanages forfeited. Long served but as lieutenants of the czars And he hath known by fear and love, and glory How to bewitch the people

situssay (Looking through a window) He has dared That's all—while we— Enough of this Thou seest Dispersagly the people are returning We'll go forthwith and learn what is resolved

THE RED SQUARE

THE PEOPLE

FIRST MAN He is inexorable! He thrust from him Prelates boyars and Patriarch in vain They prostrated themselves before Boris The splendor of the throng out frightens him

SECOND MAN O God who is it will rule over us?
Oh, woe to us!

THIRD MAN See! the Chief Minister
Is coming out to tell us what the Council
Has now resolved

THE PEOPLE Silence! Silence! He sneaks, The Minister of State Hush hush! Give ear!

SHCHELKALOV (From the Red Porch) The Council have resolved for the last time To put to proof the power of supplication Upon our Ruler's mournful soul At dawn After a solemn service in the Kremlin The holy Patriarch will go preceded By sacred banners with the holy ikons Of Don and of Vladimir with him go The Council courtiers delegates boyars And all the pious folk of Moscow all Will go once more to pray the queen to pity Our orphaned Moscow and to consecrate Boris unto the crown Now to your homes Go ye in peace pray and to Heaven shall rise The heart's petition of the orthodox (The CROWD disperses)

STE MADEN FIELD

THE MAIDEN FIELD

FIRST MAN To plead with the Czarina in her cell Now are they gone Thither have gone Boris The Patriarch, and the boyars

SECOND MAN What news?

THIRD MAN Still is he obdurate yet there is hope

PEASANT WOMAN (With a child)

Drat youl stop crying or else the bogie man Will carry you off Drat you drat you! stop crying! FIRST MAN Can t we slip through behind the fence?

SECOND MAN No chancel

No chance at all! Not only is the nunnery Crowded the precincts too are crammed with people. Look what a sight! All Moscow has thronged here. See! fences roofs and every single story

Of the Cathedral bell tower the church domes, The crosses too are studded thick with people.

FIRST MAN A goodly sight indeed!

340

ANOTHER MAN What is that noise?

SECOND MAN Listen! What noise is that?—The people groan

See there! They fall like waves row upon row— Again—again— Now brother us our turn Be quick down on your knees!

THE PEOPLE (On their knees groaning and wailing)

Our father! Oh rule over us! Oh be Father to us and Czar!

FIRST MAN (Sotto voce) Why are they wailing?

SECOND MAN How can we know? It s the boyars affair
We are small folk

PEASANT WOMAN (With child)

Now what is this? Just when It ought to cry the child is still I ll show you! Here comes the bogic man! Cry naughty child! (Throws it on the ground the child screams) That's right!

Come, brother let us also start to cry

FIRST MAN Nor I
Haven t you got an onion? Let us rub
Our cyes with that

241

Our eyes with that

IECOND MAN No but I'll take som

Boris consents at last!-Long live Boris!

To wet my eyes What's up there row?

FIRST MAN Who knows?

THE PEOPLE 'The crown is his! He is the rightful Czas!

THE KREMLIN PALACE

BORIS PATRIARCH BOYARS

My soul hes bare before you ye have seen With what humility and fear I took. This mighty power upon me Ah! how heavy The weight of obligation! I succeed The great I vans succeed the angel Czarl—Oh righteous one oh sovereign father look. From Heaven upon the tears of thy true servants Bestow on him whom thou hast loved whom thou Hast raised so high on earth bestow on him Thy holy blessing May I rule my people In glory and lil e thee be good and righteous! To you boyars I look for help Serve me As ye served him what tume I shared your Inbors, Ete I was chosen by the people swill.

BOYARS We will not from our plighted oath depart

Bords Now let us go to kneel before the tombs
Of Russia's great departed rulers Then
Bid all our people to a mighty feast.

All from the nobleman to the blind beggar
To all free entrance, all most welcome guests
(Exit the BOYARS following)

PRINCE VOROTYNSKY (Stopping Shuisky)
Thy guess was right

SHUISKY What guess?

OROTYNSKY

Why thou recallest-

The other day, here on this very spot

SHUISKY No I remember nothing

VOROTYNSKY When the people Flocked to the Maiden Field thou said st—

HUISKY Tis not

The time for recollection There are times When I should counsel thee not to remember But even to forget. And for the rest, I sought but by fegned calumny to prove the The better to discern thy secret thoughts But seel the people hall the Czar—my absence May be remarked I ll soun them

VOROTYNSKY

Wily courteer)

NIGHT
Cell in the Chudov Monastery
(The Year (602))

(The Year 1603)

FATHER PIMEN GRIGORY (sleeping)

PLIEN (Writing by lamplight)

One more the final record and my annals Are ended and fulfilled the duty laid By God on me, a sinner Not in voin Hath God appointed me for many years

BORIS CODUNOV 342 A witness teaching me the art of letters A day will come when some laborious monk Will bring to light my zealous nameless toil Kindle as I his lamp and from the parchment Shal ing the dust of ages will transcribe My chronicles that thus posterity The bygone fortunes of the orthodox Of their own land may learn will mention make Of their great czars their labors glory goodness-And humbly for their sins their evil deeds Implore the Saviour's mercy-In old age I live anew the past unrolls before me-Did it in years long vanished sweep along Full of events and troubled like the deep? Now it is hushed and tranquil Few the faces Which memory hath saved for me and few The words which have come down to me-the rest Have perished never to return-But day

Draws near the lamp burns low one record more The last (He writes) GRIGORY (Waking) The selfsame dream! Is t pos-

sible? For the third time! Accursed dream! And ever Before the lamp sits the old man and writes-And not all night twould seem from drowsiness Hath closed his eyes I love the peaceful sight When his calm soul deep in the past immersed, He pens his chronicle Oft have I longed To guess what us he writes of Is t perchance The dark dominion of the Tartars? Is it Ivan s grim death-dealing the stormy Council Of Novgorod? Is it about the glory Of our great fatherland?-I ask in vain! Not on his lofty brow nor in his looks May one perceive his secret thoughts his aspect

344 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

Is still the same lowly at once and lofty— Like to some Magistrate grown gray in office, Calmly he contemplates alike the just And unjust with indifference he notes Evil and good and knows nor wrath nor pity

PIMEN Art thou awake?

Pray, honored father, give me

Thy blessing

May God bless thee on this day,

Yes and for ever after

Thou hast been writing and abstained from sleep While demon visions have disturbed my peace. The fiend molested me I dreamed I scaled. By winding stairs a turret from whose height Moscow appeared an anthill where the people. Seethed in the squares below and pointed at me. With laughter Shame and terror came upon me-And falling headlong. I awoke Three times I dreamed the selfsame dream Is it not strange?

FIMEN 'Tis the young blood at play humble thyself By prayer and fasting and thenceforth thy dreams Will all be bright and any Even now If I grown weak for want of sleep should fail

If I grown weak for want of sleep should fail
To make my orisons of wonted length
My senile sleep is neither calm nor sinless
My dreams hold riotous feasts or camps of war
And skirmishes the wild insane diversions

Of youthful years
August How joyfully didst thou

Live out thy youth! The fortress of Kazan
Thou fought st beneath with Shuisky didst repulse

The Lithuanian host Thou st seen the court

And splendor of Ivan Ahl happy thou!
Whilst I from boyhood up a wretched monk.
Was it not given to play the game of war
To revel at the table of a czar?
Then like to thee would I in my old age
Have gladly from the nosy world withdrawn
To yow myself a dedicated monk
And in the quiet desire end my days.

And in the quiet cloister end my days PIMEN Complain not brother that the sinful world Thou early didst forsake that few temptations The All High sent to thee Believe my words The glory of the world its luxury Woman a seductive love seen from afar Enslave our souls Long have I lived have taken Deligh in many things but never knew True bliss until that season when the Lord Guided me to the cloister Think my son On the great czars who lofter than they? God only Who dares thwart them? None And yes Often the golden crown became to them A burden for a coul they bartered it The Czar Ivan sought in monastic toil Tranquillity his palace filled erewhile With haughty minions grew to all appearance A monastery the very cut throats whom He chose for guardsmen became cowled monks In shirts of hair the terrible Cear appeared A pious abbot Here in this very cell (At that time Cyril the much suffering A righteous man dwelt in it even me God then made comprehend the nothingness Of worldly vanities) here I beheld Weary of angry thoughts and executions The Czar among us meditative quiet, Here sat the Terrible we motionless

Stood in his presence, while he talked with us In tranquil tones Thus spake he to the abbot And to us all My fathers soon will come The longed for day here shall I stand before you, Hungering for salvation Nicodemus, Thou Sergius and Cyril, will accept My holy vow to you I soon shall come A man accursed here the clean habit take, Prostrate, most holy father, at thy feet So spake the sovereign lord and from his lips The words flowed sweetly Then he wept and we With tears prayed God to send His love and peace Upon his suffering and stormy soul -What of his son Feodor? On the throne He sighed for the mute hermit's peaceful life The royal chamber to a cell of prayer He turned, wherein the heavy cares of state Vexed not his holy soul God grew to love The Czar's humility in his good days Russia was bles with plory undisturbed. And in the hour of his decease was wrought A miracle unheard of at his bedside Seen by the Czar alone appeared a being Exceeding bright, with whom Feodor spake, And he addressed him as great Patriarch-And all around him were possessed with fear, Musing upon the vision sent from Heaven Since the bless d Patriarch was absent from The chamber of the Czar And when he died The palace was with holy fragrance filled And like the sun his countenance shone forth-Never again shall we see such a czar-Oh horrible appalling wee! We have sinned We have angered God we have chosen for our rul t

A czar s assa sin

GRICORY Honored father long
Have I desired to ask thee of the death
Of young Dimitry, the Czarevitch thou
Its said wast then at Uglich

PIMEN

PIMEN Ay, my son
I well remember God it was who led me
To witness that ill deed that bloody sir
I at that time was sent to distant Uglich
Upon some mission I arrived at night
Next morning at the hour of holy mass,
I heard upon a sudden a bell toll

Twas the alarm bell Then a cry an uproar Men rushing to the court of the Cazina Inther I histe and there had flocked already All Uglich There I see the young Czarevitch Less sluightered the queen mother in a swoon Bowed over him the nurse in her despair Wailing and then the maddened people drag The treacherous nurse away. Now there appears Suddenly in their midst wild pale with rage That Judas Bityagovsky. There's the villand The raging mob cries out and in a trice He is out of sight Straightway the people rushed At the three fleeing murderers they seized At the three fleeing murderers they seized the hidding miscreants and led them up

To the child's corpse, yet warm when lot a marvel-

The lifeless little one began to tremble! Confess! the people thundered and in terror Beneath the av the villains did confess— And parted Boys.

When this befell how old Was the poor boy?

PIMEN Full seven years and now

(Since then ten years have passed-nay moretwelve years)

He would have been of the same age as thou And would have reigned but God deemed other

wise This is the lamentable tale wherewith My chronicle doth end, since then I scarce Have meddled in the world's affairs Good brother Thou hast acquired the precious art of writing To thee I hand my task In hours exempt From the soul's exercise, do thou record, And without sophistry, all things whereto Thou shalt in life be witness war and peace The sway of kings, the holy miracles Of saints all prophecies and heavenly omens-

For me tis time to rest and quench my lamp-But hark! the matin bell Bless Lord thy servants Hand me my crutch

(Exit)

Boris Boris, before thee CRICORY All tremble none dares even to remind thee Of what befell the hapless child meanwhile In his dark cell a hermit doth set down A stern indictment of thee Thou wilt not Escape the judgment even of this world As thou wilt not escape the doom of God

BESIDE THE MONASTERY WALL*

GRIGORY And a WICKED MONK

critory Oh what a weariness is our poor life What misery! Day comes day goes and ever

The scene was omitted by I ushkin from the published text of the play. Here the poet uses a trochaic metre not followed by the

Tan J for

One sees, one hears but the same thing one sees Only black cassocks hears only the bell Yawning by day you wander wander, nothing To do you doze the whole night long till daylight The poor monk hes awake and when in sleep You lose yourself, black dreams disturb the soul Glad that they sound the bell that with a crutch They rouse you No I will not suffer it! I cannot! I will jump this wall and run! The world is great I ll take the open road They il hear of the no more

Truly your life MONK Is but a sorry one ye hot blooded And wild young monks!

GRICORY Would that the Khan again Assaulted us or Lithuania

Once more rose up in arms! Good! I would then Cross swords with them! Or what if the Czarevitch Should suddenly arise from out the grave Should cry Where are ye children faithful ser

vante? Help me against Boris against my murdeter!

Scize my foe bring him to me!

MONK Enough, my friend, Of empty talk We cannot raise the dead

No clearly Fate had something else in store For the Czarevitch-But hearken if thy mind Is set upon a deed, then do at

TET bat 2 GRIGORY

MONK If I were young as thou if these gray hairs Had not already streaked my beard-Dost take me?

GRIGORY Not I

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

350 Hearken our folk are dull of brain, MONE

And credulous and glad to be amazed By novelties and marvels The boyars Remember Godunov as erst he was Peer to themselves, and even now the race Of the Varangians is loved by all Thy years match those of the Czarevitch If

Thou rt firm and cunning- Dost take me now? gricory I take thee

MONE Well what say st thou?

Tis resolved! CRICORY I am Dimitry the Czarevitch! I!

MONE Thy hand, my bold young friend Thou shalt be Czarl

PALACE OF THE PATRIARCH

PATRIARCH ABBOT of the Chudov Monastery patriancii And he has run away Father Abbots ABBOT He ran away holy Patriarch three days ago

PATRIARCH Accursed rascal! What is his origin? ABBOT Of the family of the Otrepyevs of the lower

nobility of Halicz in his youth he took monastic vous no one knows where lived in the Yefimicisky monastery at Suzdal departed thence wandered from one monastery to another finally came to our brethren at Chudov and I seeing that he was still young and inexperienced entrusted him at the out art to Father Pimen a venerable ancient kind and humble And he was very learned read our chron icles composed hymns to saints, but, it would seem, this learning did not come to him from the Lord

PATRIARCH Ah those learned ones! What a thing to say I shall be Czar in Moscow Ah he is a vessel of the devil! However it is of no use even to report this to the Czar, why disquiet the sovereign our father? It will be enough to give information about his flight to Secretary Smirnov or Secretary Yefi mice What heresy I shall be Czar in Moscow!

Catch catch the tool of the devil and let him endure perpetual penance in evile at Solovetsky But indeed—is it not heresy Father Abbot?

ABBOT Heresy holy Patriarch downright heresy

PALACE OF THE CZAR

TWO COURTIERS

FIRST COURTIER Where is the sovereign?

SECOND COURTIER In his bed-chamber Where he is closeted with some magician

FIRST COURTER Ay that's the kind of intercourse he loves

Magicians sorcerers and fortune tellers Ever he seeks to dip into the future

Just like some pretty girl Fain would I know What its that he would learn

SECOND COURTIER. Well here he comes Shall we not question him?

FIRST COURTIER How grim he looks!
(Execut.)

DRAMATIC WRITINGS 352 CZAR (Enters) I have attained the highest power Six Have I reigned peacefully, but happiness Dwells not within my soul Even so in youth We greedily desire the joys of love

But scarce have quelled the hunger of the heart With momentary pleasure when we grow Cold weary and oppressed! In vain the wizards Promise me length of days days of dominion Untroubled and serene-not power not life Resource me I forebode the wrath of Heaven And wee For me there is no joy I thought To give my people glory and contentment, To gain their loyal love by generous gifts

But I have put away that empty hope, The living power is hateful to the mob-Only the dead they love We are but fools When our heart shakes because the people clap Or cry out fiercely When our land was stricken By God with famine perishing in torments The people uttered moan I opened to them The granaries I scattered gold among them Found labor for them yet for all my pains They cursed me! Next a fire consumed their homes, I built for them new dwellings then forsooth They blamed me for the fre! Such is the mob,

Such is its judgment! Seek its love indeed! I thought within my family to find Solace I thought to make my daughter happy By wedlock Like a tempest Death took off Her bridegroom-and at once a stealthy rumor Pronounced me guilty of my daughter's grief-Me me the hapless father! Whoso dies I am the secret murderer of all Feodor's end I hastened 'twas I poisoned

My sister-queen the nun-twas ever II

Ah! now I feel it naught can give us peace Mid worldly cares nothing save only conscience! When clear she triumphs over wickedness Over dark shinder but if she be found To have a single stain then misery! With what a deadily sore the soul doth smart The heart with venom filled beats like a hammer And dins reproach into the buzzing ears The head is spinning nausea tortures one And bloody boys revolve before the eyes And one would flee but refuge there is none!

TAVERN ON THE LITHUANIAN FRONTIER

Oh pity him whose conscience is unclean!

MISAIL and VARLAMS wandering monks GRIGORY in secular attire Hostess

HOSTESS With what shall I regale you my reverend sits?

VARLAAM With what God sends little hostess Is there no wine?

HOSTESS As if that were possible my fathers! I will bring it at once (Exit)

Misair. Why so glum comrade? Here is that ver Lithuanian frontier which thou didst so wish to reach

CRIGORY Until I am in Lithuania I shall not be content

VARLAAM What is it that makes thee so fond of Lith uania? Here are we Pather Misail and I, sinner that I am now that we have escaped from the monastery oning matters to us Lithuania, Russia a whistle, a psaltery? It is all one to us if only there is wine

And here it is! MISAII. Well said Father Varlaam

HOSTESS (Enters) There you are my fathers Drink, and may it do you good

MISAIL Thanks my good friend God bless thee (The monks drink VARLAAM trolls a ditty Ah sueet heart sweetheart mine Show me those eyes of thine To GRIGORY) Why dost not join in the song? Why dost not join in the drinking?

GRIGORY I don't wish to

MISAIL Everyone to his liking-

VARLAAM But a tipsy man's in Heaven, Father Misail Let us drink a glass to our hostess (Sings Shou those eyes of thine) Still Father Misail when I am drinking then I don't like sober men tipsiness is one thing-but pride quite another One who would live as we do is welcome If not-then take thyself off away with thee a clown is no companion for a priest

GRIGORY Drink and keep thy thoughts to thyself Fa ther Varlaam! I too sometimes know how to speak

They speak in rhymed pro erb well

VARLAAM But why should I keep my thoughts to my self?

MISAIL Let him alone Father Varlaam

LARLAAM But what sort of a fasting man is he? Of his

own accord he attached himself as a companion to us no one knows who he is no one knows whence he come—and vet he gives himself grand airs (Drinks and sings A young monk took orders)

CRIFORN (To HOSTESS) Whither leads this road?
HOSTESS To Lithuania my provider to the Luyov

mountains my provider to the Luyov

erigors. And is it far to the Luyov moun ains?

HOSTESS Not far, you might get there by evening bur for the Czar's frontier guards, and the officers of the watch

GRIGORY What? Guards! What does it mean?

Hostess Someone has escaped from Moscow and or ders have been given to detain and search everyone

GRIGORY (Aside) Here's a pretty mess!

ARLAM Hallo comrade! Thou rr making up to the hostess To be sure thou wantest no vodka but a young woman All right brother all right! Everyone has his own ways and Father Misail and I have only one care—we drink to the botrom we drink turn the glass upside down and knock on the bot tom

MISAIL Well said Father Varlaam

CRICORY (To HOSTESS) Whom do they want? Who es

MOSTESS God knows a thef perhaps a robber But here even good tolks are plagued now And what will come of it? Nothini, They II not eatch a hair of the devil as if there were no other road into Lith uana than the highway! Just turn to the left from 356

here, then through the pinewood follow the footpath as far as the chapel on the Chekansky brook and then straight across the marsh to Khlopino and thence to Zakharievo, and there any child will guide you to the Luyov mountains The only good of these officers is to plague passers by and rob us poor folk. (A nouse is heard) What's that? An, there they are, curse them! They are going their rounds

GRIGORY Hostess! is there another room in the cottage?

Hostess No, my dear, I should be glad myself to hide. But they are only pretending to go their rounds but give them wine and bread and Heaven knows what —May they choke, the accursed ones! May—

(Enter OFFICERS)

OFFICERS Good health to you, hostess!

HOSTESS You are very welcome dear guests

AN OFFICER (To another) Ha there's drinking going on here we shall get something here (To the MONKS) Who are you?

variant We—are God's old men humble monks we are going from village to village, and collecting Christian alms for the monastery

OFFICER (To CRIGORY) And thou?

MISAIL Our comrade

GRIGORY A layman from the suburb I have conducted
the old men as far as the frontier
going to my own home

MISAIL So thou hast changed thy mind?
GRIGORY (Sotto voce) Hold thy tongue

OFFICER Hostess bring some more wine and we will drink here a little and talk a little with these old men

SECOND OFFICER (So to toce) You lad it appears is poor there's nothing to be got out of him on the other hand the old men—

FIRST OFFICER Be silent we shall come to them pres ently--Well my fathers how goes it?

VALLAM Badly son badly! The Christians have now turned sungy they love their money they hide their money. They give little to God A great sin has come upon the peoples of the earth All men have be come traders and publicians they think of worldly wealth sot of the silvation of the soul You walk, and walk, you beg and beg sometimes in three days begging will not bring you three half pence. What a sin! A week goes by another week, you look into your bag and there is so little in it that you are ashamed to show yourself at the monastery. What are you to do? From very sorrow you drink away what is left. a real calamity. Ah it is badl It seems our list days have come—

HOSTESS (Weeps) God pardon and save us!

(During the course of VARLAMA S speech the FIRST OFFICER was u atching MISALL significantly)

FIRST OFFICER Alexis! hast thou the Czar's edict with thee?

SECOND DIFFICER I have it

FIRST OFFICER Hand it over

MISAIL Why art thou staring at me?

358 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

FIRST OFFICER This is why from Moscow there has fed a certain wicked heretic—Grishka Otrepyev Hast thou heard this?

MISAIL I have not

OFFICER Not heard it? Very good And the Czar has ordered to catch and hang the fugitive heretic Dos thou know this?

MISAIL I do not

OFFICER (To VARLAAM) Dost know how to read?

VARLAAM In my youth I knew how, but I have for gotten

officer (To MISAIL) And thou?
MISAIL God has not given me wisdom

OFFICER Here's the Czar's edict for thee

MISAIL What do I want it for?

officer It seems to me that this fugitive heretic thief swindler is—thou

MISAIL I? Good gracious! What art thou talking of?

OFFICER Stay! Bar the doors We shall soon get at the truth at once

HOSTESS O the cursed tormentors! Even an old man they won t leave in peace!

OFFICER Which of you here can read?

GR GORY (Comes forward) I can read!

OFFICER Oh indeed! And who taught thee?

officer (Gues him the easet) Read it aloud

ORIOGN (Reads) Grigory of the family of Otrepyer an unworthy monk of the Chudow Monasterv has fallen into heresy and instructed by the devil has dared to stir up the holv brotherhood with all man ner of temptations and lawlessness And according to information it appears that he the accursed Grish ka has fied to the Lithunaina frontier

OFFICER (To MISAIL) How can it be anyone but thou?

GRIGORY And the Czar has commanded to catch

OFFICER. And to hang!

CPIGORY It does not say here to hang

OFFICER Thou liest What is ineant is not always pu into writing Read to eatch and to hang

CRUGORY And to hang And the years of this thee Grishka (looking at NARLAMA) ire more than fifty and he is of medium height he has a bald head a gray heard a fat belly

(All look at VARLAMI)

FIRST OFFICER My lads! Here is Grishka! Hold him!

bind him! What a surprise!

VELAAM (Snatching the paper) Hands off you dogs! What sort of a Grishka am 1? What! fifty years old gray beard fit belly! No brother You re too young to play tricks on me I have not read for a long time and I find it hard to male out but I shall manage to make it out as its a hanging matter (Spells; out). And his age twenty Why brother where does it say fifty—Do you see—twenty?

ECOND OFFICER Yes I remember, twenty even so H was told us

FIRST OFFICER (To GRIGORY) Then evidently you are

a joker brother (During the r ading crisony stands with doug

cast head and his hand in his bosom) VARI AAM (Continues) And in stature he is small, his chest is broad one arm is shorter than the other has

blue eyes red hair a wart on his cheek another on his forehead Then is it not thou, my friend? (GRIGORY suddenly draws a dagger all give us) before him he dashes through the window)

officers Hold him! Hold him!

(All run in disorder)

SHUISKY S HOUSE

MOSCOW

SHUISKY MANY GUESTS Supper

shuisky More wine! (He rises all rise after him) Now my dear guests The final jug! Boy read the prayer

BOY Lord of the heavens Who art

Fternally and everywhere accept The prayer of us Thy servants For our monarch By Thee appointed for our pious Czar The autocrat of Christendom we pray Preserve him in the palace on the field Of battle on his nightly couch grant to him Victory o er his foes from sea to sea

May he be glorified may all his house Blossom with health and may its precious branches O ershadow all the earth to us his slaves May he as heretofore he generous

Gracious long suffering and may the founts Of his unfailing wisdom flow for us Raising the royal cup Lord of the heavens For this we pray

SHUISEA (Drinks) Long live our mighty sovereign Farewell dear guests I thank you that ye scorned not

My bread and salt Good bye and slumber well (Exeunt guests he conducts them to the door)

PUSHKIN They we left at last indeed Prince Vassily Ivanovich, I began to think that we should not suc ceed in getting any private talk

shuisky (To the servants) You there, why do you stand gaping? Always eavesdropping on the mas ters! Clear the table and then be off

(Exeunt SERVANTS)
What is it Afanasy

Mikhailovich?

PUSHKIN Marvels will never cease!

A messenger from Cracow came to-day
Sent by my nephew, young Gavrila Pushkin

SHUSEY Well?

PUSHKIN Tis strange news my nephew writes
The son

Of Czar Ivan the Terrible—But stay——
(Goes to the door and examines it)

The royal boy slain by Borns order-

SHUISKY But these are no new tidings

Dimitry lives

Wait a little

362 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

SHUISKY So that s it News indeed!

Dimitry living!—really marvellous!

And is that all?

PUSITKIN Pray listen to the end,

Pray listen to the end,
Whoe er he be, whether he be Dimitry
Rescued or else some spirit in his shape
Some daring rogue some insolent pretender,
In any case Dimitry has appeared

shuisky It cannot be

ranks

PUSHKIN Pushkin himself beheld him
When first he reached the court, and through the

Of Lithuanian courtiers went straight Into the secret chamber of the king

situisky What kind of man? Whence comes he?

PUSHKIN No one knows

Tis known that he was Wisniowiecki's servant That to a ghostly father on a bed Of sickness he disclosed himself possessed Of this s range secret his proud magnate nursed

him
From his sick bed upraised him and straightway

Took him to Sigismund

Of this bold fellow? And what say men

Affable cunning pleasing to all men
He has bewitched the fugitives from Moscow,
The Catholic priests see eye to eye with him
The king caresses him, and, it is said
Has promised help

SHUISLY

All this is such a medley That my head whirls Brother beyond all doubt This man is a pretender but the danger Is I confess not slight This is grave news! And if it reach the people then there ll be

A mighty tempest PERSONAL Such a storm that hardly Will Czar Boris contrive to leep the crown Upon his clever head and losing it Will get but his deserts! He governs us As did the Czar Ivan of evil memory What profits it that public executions Have ceased that we no longer are impaled And dripping blood sing hymns to Jesus Christ That we no more are burnt on public squares Or that the Czar no longer with his sceptre Rakes in the coals? Have we any assurance Of our poor lives? Each day disgrace awaits us The dungeon or Siberia cowi or fetters And then in some lost nook at last starvation Or else the halter Where are the most renowned Of all our houses where the Sitsky princes Where are the Shestunovs where the Romanovs Hope of our fatherland? Imprisoned tortured In exile Do but wait and a like fate Will soon be thine. Think of it! Here at home We are beset as if by foreign foes By treacherous slaves-these spies are ever ready For base betrayal thieves bribed by the State We hang upon the word of the first servant Whom we may choose to punish Then he bethought hım

To bind the peasant to the land he tilled Forbidding change of masters so that thus The masters too are bound Do not dismiss 364

An idler Willy mily thou must feed him!
Presume not to entice a serf away
From his old master or you li find yourself
In the court's clutches—Was such an evil heard of
When Czar Ivan was rengning? Are the people
Now better off? Ask, them Let the pretender
But promise them the old free right of transfer,

Then there II be sport

SILUISKY

Thou II right but be advised
Of this of all things for a time we'll speak
No word

Thou at—a person of discretion, always
I speak with them to tgladly and if aught
At any time disturbs me I endure not
To keep it from thee and in truth, thy mead
And velvet ale to-day have so united
My tongue Farewell then prince

SHUISKY Brother farewell
Farewell my brother till we meet again
(He escorts Pusiikin oat)

PALACE OF THE CZAR

The czarevitch is drawing a map the czarevna the hurse of the czarevna

YEMIA (Kisser a portrait) Sweet bridegroom, comely prince not to me wast thou given not to thy all fianced bride but to a dark grave in a strange land Never shall I take comfort ever shall I weep for the

NURSE Eh Czarevnal a maiden weeps as the dew falls the sun will rise, will dry the dew Thou wilt have another bridegroom—and handsome and affable Mv

charming child thou wilt learn to love him thou wilt forget thy prince NENIA Nay, nurse, I will be true to him even in death (BORIS enters)

czar What Xenia? What my sweet one? In thy girl hood

Already a woe stricken widow ever Bewailing thy dead bridegroom! Fate forbade me To be the author of thy bliss Perchance I angered Heaven it was not mine to compass Thy happiness Innocent one for what Art thou a sufferer? And thou my son With what art thou employed? What's this?

FEODOR A man Of all the land of Muscovy, our czardom From end to end Here you see there is Moscow There Novgorod there Astrakhan Here lies The sea here the dense forest tract of Perm

And there Siberia CZAR And what is this Which makes a winding pattern here?

FEODOR That is

The Volca

CZAD Very good! Here's the sweet fruit Of learning One can view as from the clouds Our whole dominion at a glance its frontiers Its towns its rivers Study son tis science That teaches us more swiftly than experience Our life being so brief Some day and soon Perchance the lands which thou so cunningly To-day hast drawn on paper all will come Under thy hand Then study and more clearly 366 More steadily wilt thou see, son, before thee

The sovereign task (SEMYON GODUNOV enters) But there comes Godunov

Bringing reports to me (To NENIA) Go to thy cham her

Dearest farewell my child God comfort thee (Exeunt NENIA and NURSE)

What news hast thou for me, Semyon Nikitich? SEMYON G To-day at dawn the butler of Prince Shuisky

And Pushkin's servant brought me information CZAR Well?

SEMYON G In the first place Pushkins man deposed That yestermorn came to his house from Cracow A courier who within an hour was sent Without a letter back

CZAR Arrest the courser

SEMYON G Some are already sent to overtake him

CZAR And what of Shuisky?

Last night he entertained SEMYON C His friends the Buturlins both Miloslavskys And Saltykov with Pushkin and some others They parted late Pu hkin alone remained Closeted with his host and talked with him

And at some length

CZAR For Shuisky send forthwith

SEVINON G Sire he is here already CZ AR

(Exit SENIYON GODUNOS)

Call him hither

Dealings with Lithuania? What means this?

I lil e not the rebelliou race of Pushkins Nor must I trust in Shuisky who's evasive But bold and wilv-

(Enter SHUISKY)

Prince a word with thee But thou thyself it seems hast business with me And I would listen first to thee

SHUISLY

Yea sire It is my duty to convey to thee Grave news

I listen CTAD

SHUISLY (Sotto 1 oce pointing to FEODOR)

But sire-

The Czarevitch CZAR May learn whate er Prince Shui ky knoweth Speak SHUISKY My liege from Lithuania there have come

Tidings to us-

Are they not those same tidings CZAR Which yestereve a courier bore to Pushkin?

SHUISKY Nothing is hidden from him!-Sire I thought Thou I new st not yet this secret

Let not that (7.4 R Trouble thee prince I fain would match thy news With what I know else we shall never learn The actual truth

I know this only Sire VAZIUHZ In Cracow a pretender hath appeared The king and nobles back him

CZ.1R. And who is this pretender?

What say they?

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

I I now not SHIRKY

CZAR But wherein is he dangerous?

368

Verily SHLISH Y

Thy power my liege is firm by vigilance, Grace bounty thou hast won the filial love Of all thy slaves but thou thyself dost know The mob is thoughtless changeable rebellious Credulous lightly given to vain hope, Obedient to each momentary impulse To truth deaf and indifferent it doth feed On fables shameless boldness pleaseth it So if this unknown vagabond should cross The Lithuanian border, Dimitry's name Raised from the grave will gain him a whole crowd

Of fools czar Dimitry s?-What?-That child s?-Dimitry s? Withdraw my son

SHIRE

He flushed there II be a storm! FEODOR Suffer me Sire-

CZAD Go gol

SHUISKY

(Exit FEDDOR)

Impossible, Czarevitch

Dimitry's namel

Then he knew nothing

CZAR Listen take steps this very hour that Russia

Be fenced by barriers from Luhuan a That not a single soul pass o er the border That not a hare run o er to us from Poland Nor crow fly here from Cracow Off!

SHLISTE I co czar Stayl—Is it not the truth that this report Is artfully contrived? Hast ever heard That dead men have arisen from their graves To question czars legitimate czars appointed Acclaimed by all the people yea and crowned by the great Pattrarch? Should one not lauch?

Eh? What? Why laugh st thou not thereat?

SHUISKY

I, Sire?

CZAR Hark Prince Vassily when I learned this child Had been—this child had somehow lost its life

Twas thou I sent to search the matter out Now by the Cross by God I do adjure thee Declare to me the truth upon thy conscience Didst recognize the slaughtered boy or didst Thou find another? Answer

SHUISLY

Sire I swear-

CZAR Nay Shuisky swear not but reply was it Indeed Dimitry?

SHUISKY He

CZ112

CANE Consider prince
I promise elemency I will not punish
With vain disgrace a lie that's of the past
But if thou cheat me now then by my own
Son's head I swear—an ill fate shall befall thee
Such punishment that Czar Ivan himself
Shall shudder in his grace with horror of it

SHUISKY In punishment no terror lies the terror
Doth lie in thy disfavor in thy presence
Dare I use cunning? Could I have been so blind
That I then failed to recognize Dimitry?
Three days in the cathedral did I visit

His corpse, escorted thither by all Uglich Around him thirteen bodies lay of those "lain by the people, and in them corruption Already had set in perceptibly But lol the childish face of the Czarevitch Was bright and fresh and still as though he slep. The deep gash had congealed not nor the lines Of his face even altered No my liege There is no doubt Dimitry's in his grave

CZAR (Caimly) Enough withdraw (Exit SHUISKY)

I choke!-let me draw breath! I felt it all my blood surged to my face And heavily receded -So that s why For thirteen years together I have dreamed Ever about the murdered child Yes yes-Tis that !- now I perceive But who is he, My terrible antagonist? Who is it Opposeth me? An empty name a shadow Can but a ghost tear from my back the purple A hollow sound make beggars of my children? This is pure madness! What is there to fear? Blow on this phantom-and it is no more So I am fast resolved Ill show no sign Of fear but let no trifle be ignored Ah! heavy art thou crown of Monomakh!

HOUSE OF WISNIOWIFCLI CRACOW

THE PRETENDER AND PATHER CZERNIKOWSKI A JESUIT

PRETENDER. Nay father it will not be hard I know The spirit of my people piety With them is not extreme their czar's example To them is sacred And their tolerance

Makes them indifferent 1 warrant you Before two years my people all and all The Northern Church will recognize the po ver Of Peters Vicar

JESUIT May Saint Ignatiu aid thee
When other times arrive Meanwhile Czatevitch
Hide in thy soul the seed of heavenly grace
Religious duty bids us off dissemble
Before the impious world he people judge
Thy words thy deeds God only seet thy motives

PRETENDER Amen Whos there?

(Enter A SERVANT)

Say that we will receive them
(The doors are opened enter a croud of Russians

and Poles and Po

GAVRILA PUSHKIN They have come to beg for sword And service with your Grace

PRFTENDER. Welcome my lad

Come hither friends But tell me Pushkin who
Is this fine youth?

DRAMATIC WRITINGS PUSHKIN Prince Kurbsky

A proud name! PRETENDER (TO KURBSLY) Art Linsman to the hero of Kazan? KURRSKY HIS son

372

Doth he still live? PRETFNDER

KURESKY Nay, he is dead PRETENDER A noble mind! A man of war and counsel

But from the time when he appeared beneath The ancient town Olgin with Lithuanians, Hardy avenger of his injuries

Rumor hath held her tongue concern ng him URBSKY My father passed the remnant of his life

On lands bestowed upon him by Bathory, There, in Volhyma a peaceful hermit Sought consolation for himself in learning But quiet labor did not comfort him He ne er forgot the home of his young days And to the end pined for it

PRETENDER Hapless chieftain! How brightly shone the dawn of his resounding And stormy life! Glad am I, noble knight That now in thee his blood is reconciled To his own country Faults of fathers must not Be called to mind Peace to their graves Approach Give me thy hand! Is it not strange?-the son

Of Kurbsky to the throne is leading -whom? Whom but Ivan s own son?-All favors me People and fate alike -Say who art thou?

A POLE Sobanski a free noble

PRETENDER Praise and honor Attend thee child of liberty Give him

A third of his full pay beforehand—Who Are these? On them I recognize the garb Of my own country These are ours

KHRUSHICHOV (Bows Iou) Yea Sire
Our father we are thralls of thine devoted
And persecuted we have fled from Moscow
Disgraced to thee our czar and for thy sake
Are ready to lay down our lives our corpses
Shall be for thee steps to the royal throne

PRETENDER Take heart, innocent sufferers Only let me Reach Moscow and once there Boris shall settle Some scores with me and you What news of Moscowick

KHRUSHCHOV As yet all there is quiet But already
The folk have got to know that the Czarevitch

The folk have got to know that the Czarevitch Was saved already everywhere is read Tny proclamation All are waiting for thee Not long ago Bons sent two boyars To meet their death merely because in secret

They drank thy health

O hapless good boyars!

But blood for blood! and wee to Godunov!

What do they say of hum?

KHRUSHCHOV He has withdrawn

Into his gloomy palace He is grim And somber Evecutions loom shead But sickness gnaws him Hardly hath he strength To drag himself along and—at is thought— His last hour is already not far of

The pa sage beginning with thi last phrase d win to the 1 end g may yet prove wong appears only in a manuscript d trof th pl y

374

PRETENDER A speedy death I wish him, as becomes A great souled foe to wish If not then woe To the miscreant—And whom doth he intend To name as his successor?

KHRUSTICHOV He shows not
His purposes but it would seem he destines
Feodor, his young son to be our ezar

PRETENDER His reckonings, maybe, will yet prote wrong And who art thou?

RARELA A Cossick from the Don Sent to thee from the free troops the brave chieftains Or both the upper and lower reaches,

Or both the upper and lower reaches, To look upon thy bright and royal eyes, And tender thee their homage

PRETENDER

Well I knew
The men of Don I doubted not to see
The Cossack banners in my ranks We thank
Our army of the Don To-day, we know,
The Cossacks are unjustly persecured
Oppressed but if God grant us to ascend

The throne of our forefathers as of yore We will reward our free and faithful Don POET (Approaches bowing low and taking GRICORY

by the hem of his caftan)

Great prince illustrious offspring of a kingl

PRETENDER What wouldst thou?

This poor fruit of my earnest toil

PRETENDER What see If
Verses in Latin! Blest a hundredfold

The ue of sword and lyre the seltsame laurel binds them in friendship I was born beneath A northern sky but yet the Latin muse To me is a familiar voice. I love The blossoms of Pariassus I believe The prophecies of poets Not in vain The cestary seethes in their flaming breasts The deed is hallowed which is glorified Beforehand by the poets! Approach friend In memory of me accept this gift.

(Gives him a ring)

When fate fulfills for me her covenant When I assume the crown of my forefathers I hope again to hear the measured tones Of thy sweet voice and thy inspired lay Musa gloriam coronat gloriaque musam And so friends till to morrow fare you well

L. Forward! Long live Dimitry! Forward forward! Long live Dimitry the great prince of Moscow!

CASTLE OF THE GOVERNOR MNISZECH IN SAMBOR*

Maryna s Dressing Room

MARYNA RUZIA (dressing her) SERVING WOMEN

MARYNA (Before a mirror) Now is it ready? Can thou not make haste?

RUZIA I pray you first to make the difficult choice What will you wear—the necklace made of pearls— The emerald crescent?

This see wa omitted by Pushk a from the published text of the ply. Here the blak we sely lds to arr gular rhym dlns. Derroas norse DRAMATIC WRITINGS

376 MARYNA No my diamond crown

RUZIA Splendid! Do you remember that you wore it When to the palace you were pleased to go? They say that at the ball your gracious highness

Shone like the sun, men sighed fair ladies whispered-

Twas then that for the first time young Chodkiewicz

Beheld you he who later shot himself And whosoever looked on you they say That instant fell in love

Make hastel Make hastel MARYNA

RUZIA At ence To day your father counts upon you Twas not for naught the young Czarevitch saw you, He could not hide his rapture wounded is he Already so it only needs to deal him A resolute blow, and instantly, my lady

Hell be in love with you 'Tis now a month Since, quitting Cracow heedless of the war And the throne of Moscow, he has feasted here, Your guest enraging Poles alike and Russians Heavens! Shall I yet live to see the day?-Say you will not when to his capital

Dimitry leads the queen of Moscow, say You'll not forsake me?

MARYNA I shall be queen? Dost thou truly think

RUZIA Dares to compare in beauty with my mistress? The race of Mniszech never yet has yielded To any You in intellect are past All praise-Happy the suitor whom your glance

Honors with its regard who wins your heart-Whoe er he be be he our king the dauphin

Of France or even this your poor Czarevitch, Though who he is and whence he comes God knows

MARYNA He's the Czar's son as all the world admits

RUZIA And yet last winter he was but a servant In Wisniowiecki's house

He was in hiding MARYNA

RUZIA I do not question it but do you know What people say about him? That perhaps He is a deacon run away from Moscow In his own parish a notorious rogue

MARYNA What nonsensel

RUZIA Oh I do not credit it! I only say he ought to bless his fate

That you have so preferred him to the others

SERVING-WOMAN (Runs in) The guests have come al ready

MARYNA There you see

MARYNA (Aside)

RUZIA

You are prepared to chatter on till daybreal, Meanwhile I am not dressed-

Within a moment

Twill be quite ready

(The WAITING WOMEN bustle)

I must find out all

378

CASTLE OF GOVERNOR MNISZECH AT SAMBOR

A Suite of Lighted Rooms Music

WISNIOW IECKI MNISZECII

MNISZECH With none but my Maryna doth he speak, With no one else preoccupied-such doings Seem to portend a wedding Now confess Didst ever think my daughter would be queen?

WISNIOWIECKI Indeed a marvel—Mniszech didst thou think

My servant would ascend the throne of Moscow?

ыміszесн And what a girl look you is my Maryna I merely hinted to her Now, be carefull

Let not Dimitry sho -and lo! already He is completely tangled in her toils (The band plays a Polonaise The PRETENDER and

MARYNA adt ance as the first couple) MARYNA (Sotto voce to DINITRY) To-morrow evening

at eleven, beside The fountain that is in the linden alley

(They part A second couple)

CNALIER What can Dimitry see in her? What say you? LADY

She is a beauty CAS ALIER Yes, a marble nymph

Eyes lips devoid of life without a smile (A fresh couple)

LADY He is not handsome but his looks are pleasing And one can see he is of royal birth

(A fresh couple)

LADY When will the army march?

CAVALIER.

When the Czarevitch Orders it we are ready but its clear

The lady Mniszech and Dimitry mean To keen us prisoners here

LADY

A pleasant durance

CAVALIER Truly if you

(They part the rooms become empty)

MNISZECH We old folk dance no longer, The gay mazurka lures us not we press not

Nor kiss the hands of charmers-ah! my friend I ve not forgotten the old pranks! Things now Are not what once they were what once they were! Youth Ill be sworn is not so bold nor beauty So lively everything-confess my friend-Has somehow become dull So let us leave them

My comrade let us so and find a flask Of old Hungarian overgrown with mould

Let s bid my butler open an old bottle And in a quiet corner tete à tete

Let s drain a draught a stream as thick as fat And while we re so engaged let s think things over I et us go brother

WISNIOWIECET

Yes my friend let's go

NIGHT

The Garden The Fountain

PRETENDER (Enters) Here is the fountain hither will she come

I was not born a coward. I have seen

Death near at hand and face to face with death

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

My spirit hath not blenched A life long dungeon Hath threatened me I have been close pursued And yet my spirit quailed not and by boldness I have escaped captivity But what Is this which now constricts my breath? What means This overpowering tremor or this quivering Of tense desire? No this is fear All day I have been waiting for this meeting pondering On all that I should say to her how best I might enmesh Maryna's haughty mind Calling her queen of Moscow But the hour Has come-and I remember naught, I cannot Recall the speeches I have learned by rote, Love puts imagination to confusion-But something there gleamed suddenly-a rustling

PRETENDER Tis she Now all the blood in me stands er.11

Hush-no it was the moon's deceitful light It was the rustling of the breeze

MARYNA Dimitry! Is it thou?

PRETENDER

MARYNA (Enters)

Bewitching voice! (Goes to her)

Czarcvitchi

Is it thou at last? Is it thou I see alone With me beneath the roof of quiet night? How slowly passed the tedious day! How slowly The glow of evening died away! How long I ve waited in the gloom of night!

380

MARYNA The hours Are flitting fast and time is precious to me I did not grant a meeting here to thee To listen to a lover's tender speeches

No need of words I well believe thou lovest But listen with this stormy doubtful fate. I have resolved to join my own but one thing, Dimitry I require. I claim that thou Disclose to me thy secret hopes thy plans. Even thy fears that hand in hand with thee I may confront life boldly—not in blindness. Of childlike ignorance not as the slave. And plaything of my husband's light desires. Thy speechless concubine but as thy spouse. And worthy helpmate of the Czar of Moscow.

PRETENDER Oh if it be only for one short hour, Forget the cares and troubles of my fate! Forget its the Czarevitch whom thou seest Before thee O behold in me Maryna A lover by thee chosen happy only In one look from thee Listen to the prayers Of lovel Grant me to utter all wherewith My heart is full

MARYMA Prince this is not the time. Thou tarriest and meaning the the devotion. Of thine adherents cooleith. Hour by hour. Danger becomes more dangerous difficulties. More difficult already dubious rumors. Are current novelty already takes.

The place of novelty and Godunov Adopts his measures

PRETENDER What is Godunov?
Is thy sweet love, my only blessedness
Swayed by Boris? Nay nay Indifferently
I now regard his throne, his kingly power
Thy love—without it what to me is life

I now regard his throne, his kingly power Thy love—without it what to me is life And glory s glitter and the throne of Russia? On the far steepe in a poor mud hut thou382

Thou wilt requite me for the I ingly crown Thy love-

For shame! Forget not, prince, thy MIARSNA high And sacred destiny thy dignity Should be to thee more dear than all the joys Of lite and its allurements This thou canst not

With anything compare Not to a youth, Enthralled inflamed to madness by my beauty-But to the heir of Moscow's throne I give My hand in solemn wise, to the Czarevitch

Rescued by destiny

Torture me not, PRETENDER Charming Maryna say not twas my rank And not myself that thou didst choose Marynal Thou knowest not how sorely thou dost wound My heart thereby What if-O fearful doubti-Say if blind destiny had not assigned me A kingly birth, if I were not indeed Son of Ivan were not this boy, so long Forgotten by the world-say then wouldst thou Have loved me

Thou art Dimitry and aught else MARYNA Thou canst not be it is not possible

For me to love another

Nayl enough-PRETENDER

I have no wish to share with a dead body I mistress who belongs to him I have done With counterfeiting and will tell the truth know then that thy Dimitry long ago Perished was buried-not to rise again And wouldst thou know what sort of man I am? Well I will tell thee I am-a poor monk

Grown weary of monastic servinide. I pondered neath the cowl my hold design Made ready for the world a miracle-And from my cell at last fled to the Cossacks To their wild hovels, there I learned to handle Both steeds and swords I showed myself to you

I called myself Dimitry and deceived The brainless Poles What say st thou proud Mary na?

Art thou content with my confession? Why Dost thou keep silence?

MARVNA

O shame 1 O woe is me (Silence)

PRETENDER (Sotto voce) O whither hath a fit of anger led me?

The happiness devised with so much labor I have perchance destroyed for ever Madman What have I done? (Aloud) I see thou art ashamed Of love not princely so pronounce on me The fatal word my fate is in thy hands Decide I wait

(Falls on his knees)

Rise poor impostor! Think st thou MARYNA To please with genuflections my vain heart As if I were a weak confiding girl? You err my friend prone at my feet I ve seen knights and counts nobly born but not for this Did I reject their prayers that a truant monk-

RETENDER (Rises) Scorn not the young pretender noble virtues

May lie perchance in him virtues deserving Of Moscow's throne even of thy priceless hand-

MARYNA Deserving of a noose insolent wretchl

And war, and this is all they need and thee,

Rebellious one believe me they will force To hold thy peace Farewell

Czarevitch stayl MARYNA At last I hear the speech not of a boy, But of a man It reconciles me to thee Prince I forget thy mad outburst, and see Again Dimitry Listen now is the time! Awake delay no more, lead on thy troops Quickly to Moscow purge the Kremlin take Thy seat upon the throne of Moscow then send me the nuptial envoy, but God hears me, Until thou tread the step ascending to The throne until by thee Boris be vanquished,

My ears are deaf to any word of love (Exit) PLETE IDER No-easier far to strive with Godunov,

Or to play false with courtly Jesuits Than with a woman Deuce take them, they re be yond

My power Sne twists and coils and crawls slips out Of hand she his es threatens bites Ah serpent! Serpent! Twas not for nothing that I trembled She well nigh ruined me but I m resolved At daybreak I will put my troops in motion

THE LITHUANIAN FRONTIER

PRINCE KURBSKY and PRETENDER both on horseback Troops approach the frontier

KURBSKY (First to reach the frontier) There there it there is the Russian frontier! Fatherland! Holy Russia! I am thine!

With scorn from off my clothing now I shake The foreign dust and greedily I drink New air it is my native air O father Thy soul hath now been solaced in the grave Thy bones disgraced thrill with a sudden joy! Again doth flash our old ancestral sword This glorious sword-the dread of dark Kazan! This good sword-servant of the cears of Moscow Now will it revel in its feast of slaughter Serving the master whom it trusts

PRETENDER (Rides quietly with bowed head) How happy

Is he how flushed with gladness and with glory His stainless soul! Brave knight I envy thee! The son of Kurbsky thou in exile nurtured Forgetting all the wrongs borne by thy father Redeeming his transgre sion in the grave Thou for the son of great Ivan art ready To shed thy blood to give the fatherland Its lawful czar Righteous art thou thy soul Should flame with 10v

KURESKY

And dost not thou likewise Rejoice in spirit? There lies our Russia she Is thme Czarevitch! There thy people's hearts Are waiting for thee, there thy Moscow waits Thy Kremin thy dominion

PRETENDER

Russian blood O Kurbsky first must flow! You for the Czar Have drawn your swords you are stainless but I lead you

Against your brothers I am summoning Lithuania against Russia I am showing To foes the longed for way to beauteous Moscowl

DEADATIC TELTEN for let my see fell not on me, but com, Bin , the reprodet Forward! Set col

I'll COUNCII OF THE CZAR

VINTARY LORWARD Advancel And wee to Grant (I hey gallop The troops ero sthe frame)

7/2,

The Blessed One

To trouble them no let them pray for us Such is the Czar s decree such the resolve Of his boyars And now a weighty question We shall decide ye know how everywhere The insolent pretender hath sent forth His artful rumors letters everywhere By him distributed have sowed alarm And doubt seditious whispers to and fro Pass in the market places minds are seething We needs must cool them gladly would I keep From executions but by what means and how? That we will now determine Holy father Thou first declare thy thought

The All Highest hath instilled into thy soul

Great lord the breath of kindness and meek pa tience Thou wishest not perdition for the sinner Thou wilt wait quietly until delusion Shall pass away for pass away it will And truth s eternal sun will dawn on all Thy faithful bedesman one in worldly matters No able judge ventures to-day to offer His voice to thee This offspring of the devil This unfrocked monk has well impersonated Dimitry for the people Shamelessly He clothed him with the name of the Czarevitch As with a stolen vestment It only needs To rip it-and he will be put to shame By his own nakedness The means thereto God hath Himself supplied know Sire six years Since then have fled twas in that very year When to the seat of sovereignty the Lord Anointed thee-there came to me one evening A simple shepherd a venerable old man

390 Who told me a strange secret In my young days He said I lost my sight and thenceforth knew pix Nor day nor night, till my old age in vain I plied myself with herbs and secret spells, In vain did I resort in adoration To the great wonder workers in the cloisters Bathe I my dark eyes in vain with healing water From out the holy wells The Lord youchsafed not Healing to me Then I lost hope at last And grew accustomed to my darkness Even Slumber showed not to me things visible Only of sounds I dreamed Once in deep sleep I hear a childish voice, it speaks to me Arise grandfather go to Uglich town To the Cathedral of Transfiguration, There pray over my brave The Lord is gracious-And I shall pardon thee But who art thou? I asked the childish voice 1 m the Czarevitch Dimitry whom the Heavenly Czar hath taken Into His angel band and I am now A mighty wonder worker Go, old man I woke and pondered What is this? Maybe God will in very deed youchsafe to me Belated healing I will go I bend My footsteps to the distant road I reach Uglich, repair unto the holy minster, Hear mass and zealous soul aglow I weep Sweetly, as if the blindness from mine eyes Were flowing out in tears And when the peop Began to leave to my grandson I said Lead me Ivan to where the young Czarevnch Lies buried The boy led me-and I scarce Had shaped before the grave a silent prayer When sight illumed my eyeballs I beheld The light of God my grandson and the tomb

That is the tale Sire which the old man told (General confusion In the course of this speech BORIS several times uspes his face with his hand kerchief)

To Uglich then I sent where it was learned That many sufferers had likewise found Deliverance at the grave of the Cz.-revitch This is my counsel to the k-remin send The sacred relics place them in the Minster Of the Archangel clearly will the people See then the godless villain is fraud the fiends Dread might will vanish as a cloud of dust

(Silence)

PRINCE SI UISEY What mortal holy father knoweth

Of the All Highest? Tis not for me to judge Him Untainted sleep and power of wonder working He may upon the child's remains bestow But vulgar rumor must dispassionately And diligently be tested is it for us In stormy times of insurrection To weigh so great a matter? Will men not say That insolently we made of sacred things A worldly instrument? Even now the people Sway madly first this way then that even now There are enough already of loud rumors This is no time to ver the people's minds With aught so unexpected grave and strange I myself sec tis needful to demolish The rumor broadcast by the unfrocked monk But for this end other and simpler means Will serve Therefore when it shall please thee Sire I will myself appear in public places I will dispel and exorcise this madness

And will expose the vagabond's vile fraud

392

CZAR So be it! My lord Patriarch I pray thee Go with us to the palace, where to-day I must converse with thee

(Exeunt all the BOYARS follow them)

FIRST BOYAR (Sotto voce to another) Didst mark how pale

Our overeign turned how from his face there poured A mighty sweat?

SECOND BOYAR I durst not I confess Uplift mine eyes nor breathe, nor even stir

FIRST BOYAR Prince Shuisky's saved the day A splea did fellow!

A PLAIN NEAR NOVGOROD SEVERSA

(December 21st, 1604)

SOLDIERS (Run in disorder) Woe woel The Cast evuch! The Poles! There they are! There they are! (Enter CAPTAINS MAKGERET and WALTER ROSEN)

MARCERET Whither whither? Alions! Go back!

ONE OF THE FUCTIVES You go back, if you like, cursed infidel

MARGERET QUOI QUOI?

other. Quack! quack! You foreign frog you like to croak at the Russian Czarevitch but we-we are orthodox folk

MARGERET Qu'est-ce a dire orthodox? Sacrés guenx. maudite canaillel Mordieu, mein Herr Jenrage on

dirait que sa n a pas de bras pour frapper sa n a que des jambes pour foutre le camp

ROSEN Es ist Schande

MARGERET Ventre saint gris! Je ne bouge plus d'un pas puisque le vin est tire, il faut le boire Ou en dites yous mein Herr?

ROSEN. Sie haben recht

MARGERET Tudieu il y fait chaud! Ce diable de Pre tender comme ils l'appellent est un bougre, qui a du poil au cul -Qu en pensez vous mein Herr?

ROSEN Oh 12

MARGERET He! voyez donc, voyez donc! Laction sen gage sur les derrieres de l'ennemi Ce doit etre le brave Basmanov qui aurait fait une sortie

ROSEN Ich glaube das

(Enter GERMANS)

MARGERET Ha hal voici nos allemands Messieurs! Mein Herr dites leur donc de se raillier et, sacrebleu chargeonsl

ROSEN Schr gut Halt! (The GERMANS fall into line)

Marschl

THE GERMANS (They march) Hilf Gottl (Fight The RUSSIANS flee again)

POLES Victory! Victory! Glory to the Czar Dimitry! DIMITRY (On horseback) Cease firing We have con

quered Enough! Spare Russian blood Cease firing (Trumpets and drums)

SQUARE IN FRONT OF THE CATHEDRAL IN MOSCOW

The People

ONE MAN Will the Czar soon come out of the cathe

ANOTHER The mass is ended, now the Te Deum p going on

going on

FIRST MAN What! have they already cursed him?

SECOND MAN I stood in the porch and heard how the deacon cried out —Grishka Ottepyev is anathemal

FIRST MAN. Let them curse to their heart's content, the Czarevitch has nothing to do with Otrepyev

second MAN But they are now singing mass for the repose of the soul of the Czarevitch

FIRST MAN What? A mass for the dead sung for a living man? They ll suffer for it, the godless wretches

THIRD MAN HIST! A noise Is it not the Czar?

FOURTH MAN No, it is the idiot
(A saintly idiot enters in an iron cap hung round

with chains he is surrounded by Bors)
Bors Nich, Nick, iron nightcap! Trrr-

OLD WOMAN Let the saintly one alone, you young devils.

Pray for me Nick sinner that I am

intor Give, give give a penny

OLD WOMAN There is a penny for thee, remember me in thy prayers DIOT (Seats himself on the ground and sings)

The moon sals on

The litten cries
N ck arise,
Pray to God

(The BOYS surround him again)

(1 he Boys surround him again)
A Boy How do you do Nick? Why don t you take off

your cap?

(Raps him on the iron cap)

How it rings!

motor But I have got a penny

BOY That's not true now show it

(He snatches the penny and runs away)

IDIOT (Weeps) They have taken my penny they are hurting Nick!

THE PEOPLE The Czar the Czar is coming!

(The CLAR comes out from the Cathedral a BOYAR in front of him scatters alms among the beggars BOYARS)

mior Boris Boris! The boys are hurting Nick

CZAR Give him alms! What is he crying about?

mior Little children are hurting Nick Have them

killed as thou hadst the little Czarevitch killed

BOYARS Go away fool! Seize the fool!

czar Leave him alone Pray thou for me, poor Nick (Exit)

TOTO (Calling after him) No no! It is impossible to pray for Czar Herod the Mother of God forbids it.

SEVSK

The PRETENDER surrounded by his supporters

PRETENDER Where is the prisoner?

Here A POLE

Call him before me. PPETENDER (Enter a RUSSIAN prisoner)

Who art thou? Speak

Rozhnov a nobleman of Moscow PRISONER

PRETUNDER Hast long been in the service?

Nigh a moath PRISONER PRETENDER Art not ashamed Rozhnov that thou has

drawn The sword against me?

What else could I do? PRISONER "Twas not our wish

PRETENDED

Didst fight beneath the walls Of Seversk?

PRISONER Twas two weeks after the battle I came from Moscow

PRETENDER What of Godgnov?

PRISONER The battle's loss Matislavsky's wound, hath caused him

Much apprehension Shuisky he hath sent To take command

PRETENDER But why hath he recalled Basmanov unto Moscow?

307

PRISONER The Czar rewarded His services with honor and with gold Basmanov pow sits in the council of The Czar

PRETENDER The army had more need of him Well how go things in Moscow?

PRISONER. Thank God

All is quiet,

Say do they look for me? PRETENDER

God knows PRISONER They dare not talk too much there now For some

Have had their tongues cut off and others even Their heads It is a fearsome state of things-Each day an execution All the prisons Are crammed Wherever two or three foregather

In public places instantly a spy Worms himself in the Czar himself examines

PRETENDER An enviable life for that Czar s people!

At lessure the informers. It is just Sheer misery so silence is the best

Well and what of the army? What of it? PRISONER Clothed and full fed the army 1 content.

PRETENDER But is it very large?

PRISONER

PRETENDER

Will there be thirty thousand?

Yes tivil min PRICOSTER

Even to fifty thousand (The PRETENDER reflects those around him glance

God knows

All told

at one another)

PRETENDER Well What say

To morrow, battle

They in your camp of me?

PRISONER Why, of thy grace They say Sire (be not wroth) that thou rt a knave, And yer forsooth a man of pluck

PRETENDER (Laughing) Even so Ill prove myself to them in deed My friends We will not wait for Shuisky give you joy,

(Exit)

AT.T.

Long life to Dimitry

I POLE To morrow battle! They are fifty thousand, And we scarce fifteen thousand He is mad!

another That's nothing friend A single Pole can challenge

Five hundred Muscovites

PRISONER

Yes, thou mayst challengel But when it comes to fighting then thou braggart,

fC_E

If thou hadst had a sword Insolent prisoner then (pointing to his sword) with this I d soon Have mastered thee

Thou It run away

PRISONER

A Russian can make shift Without a sword how like you this (shous his fist) you fool?

(The POLE looks at him haughtily and depart 1 silence All laugh)

4 FOREST

PRETENDER AND PUSHKIN

(In the background lies a dring horse)

PRETENDER Ah my poor horse! How gallantly he charged

To-day in the last battle and when wounded How swiftly bore me My poor borse!

PUSHKIN (To himself) Well here's A great ado about a horse when all

Our army s smashed to bits

PRETENDER. I isten! Perhaps
He s but exhausted by the loss of blood
And will recover

IUSHRIN Nav nav he is dying

PRETENDER (Goes to his horse)

My poor hor e!—what to do? Take off the bridle
And loose the girth Let him at least the free
(He unbridles and unsaddles the horse Some

(He unbridles and unsaddles the horse Some POLL enter)
Good evening gentlemen! How ist I see not

Good evening gentlement from 1st 1 see not kurbsky among you? I did note to-day How he cut through to where the fight was thickest Around the man like swaying ears of com The sabers flashed but higher than the rest His blade w is brandished and his mighty cry Drowned all cries clse Where is my knight?

He fell

Upon the field of battle

POLE

PPETENDER Honor the brave
And peace be to he soulf How few unscathed

Are left us from the fight! Accursed Cossacks, Traitors and miscreants, you, you it is Have ruined us! Not even for three minutes To keep the foe at bay! I'll teach the villains! Every tenth man Ill hang Brigands!

PUSHKIN

400

Whoeer

Be guilty, all the same we were clean worsted Routed!

PRETENDER But yet we nearly conquered Just When I had dealt with their front rank, the Ger

mans Repulsed us utterly But they re fine fellows! By Godl fine fellows! I do love them for it I il form of them an honorable troop

PUSHKIN Where shall we spend the nigh?

Here in the forest PRETENDER Why not rest here tonight? And just at daybreak Well take the road and dine in Rylsk Good night, (He lies down puts a saddle under his head and falls asleed \

PUSITKIN A pleasant sleep Czarevitch! Smashed to bits, Rescued by flight alone he is as circless As a mere child tis clear that Providence Protects him and we friends, must not lose heart

MOSCOW PALACE OF THE CZAR

BORIS BASMANOV

ZAR He s vanquished but what profit lies in that? We are crowned with a vain conquest he has mustered

Again his scatte ed forces and anew

Threatens us from the ramparts of Puttyl Meanwhile what are our heroes doing? They re At Krom where from its rotten battlements A hand of Cossacks braves them There is glory! No I am ill content with them thyself I shall despatch to take command of them I grant command not unto birth but brains Their pride of precedence let it be wounded! The time has come for me to hold in scorn The murmur of a worthless well born mob, And quash the vicious custom

BASMANOV

Ay my lord Blessed a hundredfold will be that day When fire consumes the lists of noblemen With their dissensions their proud pedigrees

CZAR That day is not far off let me but first Subdue the insurrection of the people

BASMANOV Why trouble about that? The people al ways

Are ready for rebellion even so The swift steed champs the bit so doth a lad Chafe at his father's ruling But what of it? The rider quietly controls the steed The father sways the son

Sometimes the horse CZAR

Doth throw the rider nor does the son at all times Abide the father's will we can restrain The people only by unsleeping sternness So thought Ivan sagacious autocrat And storm subduer so his fierce grandson thought No no kindness is lost upon the people Do good-it thanks you not at all extort

402 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

And execute-twill be no worse for you (Enter a BOYAR)

What now?

ROYAR

The foreign merchants, Sire

CZAR

I go To welcome them Basmanov, wait stay here

I still have need to speak a word with thee (Extt)

MASMANON High sovereign spirit! God grant he may subdue

The accurst Otrepvev and much, still much Of good hell do for Russia A great thought Within his mind has taken birth it must not Be suffered to grow cold What a career For me when once he crushes the proud might

Of the nobility I have no rivals In war I shall stand closest to the throne-And it may chance— But what is that strange noise?

(Alarum BOYARS and COURT ATTENDANTS run in disorder meet and whisper)

ONE ATTENDANT Fetch a physician! Quickly to the Patriarch! ANOTHER

THIRD He calls for the Czarevitch the Czarevitch!

a Fourth Call a priest!

What has happened? BASSIANOV

The Czat s il A FIFTH AN SIXTH The Czar 15 dying

BASSIANOV Good God!

A FIFTH On the throne He sat and suddenly he fell blood gushed From mouth and ears (The CZAR is carried in on a chair All the Czar s hous-hold all the BOYARS)

ZAR Let all depart—alone Leave the Czarevitch with me (All withdrau) I am dying

Let us embrace Farewell my son forthwith Thou wilt begin to reign -O God my God! Forthwith I hall appear before Thy presence-And now I have no time to shrive my soul But yet my son I feel thou rt dearer to me Than is my soul's salvation-be it so! A subject was I born it seemed ordained That I should die a subject in obscurity Yet I attained to sovereignty but how? Ask not Enough that thou art innocent Thou wilt reign rightfully and I alone Am answerable for all to God Dear son Cherish no false delusion of thy free will Blind not thyself Stormy the days wherein Thou dost assume the crown He is dangerous This strange pretender with a fearful name He is weaponed I at last with years grown skilled In ruling could full well put down rebellion They quaked with fear before me treachery Dared not to raise its voice but thou a boy An inexperienced ruler how wilt thou Covern amid the tempests quench revolt Shackle sedition? But God is great! He gives Wisdom to youth to weakness strength -Give ear Firstly select a steadfast counselor Cool of tipe years loved of the people honored Mid the boyars for birth and fame-say Shuisky The army craves to-day a skilful leader

404 Appoint Basmanov do not heed the murmus Of the boyars Thou from thy early years Didst sit with me in council, thou dost know The formal course of government change not Procedure Custom is the soul of states Of late I have been driven to restore Bans executions-these thou canst resemd, And they will bless thee, as they blessed thy uncle When he succeeded to the Terrible. At the same time little by little, tighten Anew the reins of government now slacken But let them not slip from thy hands Be gracious, Accessible to foreigners, accept Their service trustfully Preserve with striciness The Church's discipline Be taciturn The royal voice must never lose itself Upon the air in vain it must be like A sacred bell that sounds but to announce Some great disaster or great festival Dear son thou art approaching to those years When woman's beauty agitates our blood Preserve, preserve the sacred purity Of innocence and haughty modesty He who through passion has been wont to wallow In vicious pleasures in his youthful days, Becomes in manhood bloodthirsty and surly, His mind untimely darken Of thy household Be always head show honor to thy mother, But rule thy house thyself thou art a man And ezar to boot Be tender to thy sister-For thou art now, alas her sole protector

FEODOR (On his knees) No, no live on my father and reign long

Without thee both the folk and we will perish

CZAR For me all s at an end—mine eyes grow dark,

I feel the coldness of the grave—

(Enter the PATRIARCH and PRELATES, followed by

(Enter the Patriarch and Prelates, followed by all the Boyans The czarina is supported on either side the czarevna is sobbing)

Who's there?

Ah, its the veatment—sol the holy vows—
The hour has struck The Czar becomes a monk
And the dark sepulchre will be my cell
Wait yet a little my lord Patriarch
I still am Czar Listen to me boyars
To this my son I now commit the ezardom
Do homage to Feodor Basmanov thou
And ye my friends on the grave's brink I pray you
To serve my son with zeal and rectitude!
As yet he is both young and uncorrunted

BOYARS We swear

Swear ve?

My sins and my surrenders to temptation
The harm I meant and that I did not mean —

Approach now holy father I am ready
(The rite begins The women who have swooned
are carried out)

ARMY HEADQUARTERS

BASMANON leads in PUSHKIN

BASMANOV Here enter and speak freely So to me He sent thee

PUSHKIN He doth offer thee his friendship
And the next place to his in Muscovy

To him

Already raised, the army I command
For me he scorned nobility of rank
And the wrath of the boyars I swore allerant

PUSIIKIN Thou'st sworn allegiance to the man
Who lawfully succeedeth to the throne
Suppose that there is one whose rights are greate

Who the man is

PUSHEIN Russia and Lithuania
Have long acknowledged him to be D mitry
But, be that as it may I don't insist
Perchance he is indeed the real Dimitry,
Perchance but a pretender only this
I know, that soon or late Boriss son
Will yield Moscow to him

Stand by the youthful Czar so long as I
Stand by the youthful Czar so long, he will not
Forsake the throne We have sufficient troops.
Thank God! With victory I will inspire them
And whom do you intend to send against me

Is it Karela is it Mniszech? Are Your numbers many? You have scarce eight those sand

PUSHIKIN Indeed thou art mistaken they will not Amount even to that I say myself Our army is mere trash the Cossacks only Rob villages the Poles but brag and drink The Russians—what shall I say?—with thee Dissemble, but Basmanov dos ou knot Wherein our true strength! In the Nor yet in Polish aid but —

Yes popular opinion Dost remember
The triumph of Dimitry dost remember
His peaceful conquests when without a blow
The docile towns surrendered and the mob
Bound the recalcitrant leaders? Thou thyself
Wast witness was it willingly your troops
Waged war against him? Aye and when? Bons
Was then supreme But would they now?—Nay nay,
It is too late to blow on the cold enthers
Of this dispute with all thy wits and firmness
Thou it not withstand him Were it not far better
If thou wouldst be the one to take the lead,
Proclaim Dimitry caar and by that act
Bind him thy friend for ever? How thinkest thou?

BASMANOV To morrow thou shalt know
PUSHKIN R

BASMANOV

PUSHKIN Ponder it well Basmanov

Farewell
(Exit)

(He ponders)

Resolve

Bensharov He is right Everytwhere treason ripens what is to do? Wait that the rebels may deliver me In bonds to this Otterpev³ Had I not better Fores all the stormy onset of the flood Myself to—ahl but to forswear mine oath! Incurring fresh diagrace from age to age! The trust of my young sovereign to require With horn'ble betrayal! This a light thing For a dishonored evile to be plotting Sedition and conspiracy but I? Is it for me the favorite of my lord?—But death—but power—the people's miseries

ANOTHER So you've pity for them? Accursed house!

410

- FIRST MAN The father was a villain but the children are innocent
 - ECOND MAN The apple does not fall far from the apple tree
- NENIA Dear brother! dear brother! I think the boyans are coming to us
- FEODOR That is Golitsyn Mosalsky I do not know the
- YENIA Ah! dear brother my heart sinks (GOLITSYN MOSALSKY, MOLCHANOL and SHEAEFE DINOV, behind them three soldiers)
- THE PEOPLE Make way, make way the boyars are coming

(They enter the house)

- ONE OF THE PEOPLE What have they come for?
- MOTHER Most like to make Feodor Goduno t swear allegiance
 - THIRD Very like Hark! what a noise in the house! What an uproar! They are fighting!
- man's voice Let us go up!—The doors are lockedthe cries have crased

(The doors are thrown open MOSALSRY appears on the steps)

wo stake Good fold! Maria Godunov and her son Feodor have poisoned themselves. We have seen their dead bodies

(The PEOPLE are silent with horror)

Why are ye silent Cry Long live Czar Dunttr Ivanovi.h' Cre PEOPLE are speechle.) [18-5] [Published 18-31]

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

TEAN He says he cannot lend another groat

Unless you give him good security!

ALBERT Security! And where can I find that?

rean That's what I said

ALBERT And he—

JEAN He sighed and shrugged

ALBERT Didn't you tell him that my father's rich
Himself as any Jew and that ere long
I shall succeed him?

JEAN That I told him too

ALBERT And he--JEAN He shrugged and sighed

ALBERT What wretched luck!

JEAN He said he d come himself

ALBERT Thank God for that

1 ll never let him go without a ransom
(Knock at the door)

Whos there? (TEW enters)

(JEW enters

Your humble servant

You cursed less you honored Solomon

You cursed Jew you honored Solomon Please come this way so you I hear won't give Me any credit

With all respect to you I d fain but cannot When all respect to you I d fain but cannot Where can I get the money? I'm quite ruined Helping you lords with all my might and main For no one pays and I have come to ask If you could not pay back at least a part

ALBERT You rascal! Do you think if I had money Id parley here with you? But stop enough! Be not so obstinate friend Solomon

Out with your ducats Pay me down a hundred, Before we search you

Pay you down a hundred! TEW

Where should I get a hundred ducats? Listen

ATREDT Aren t you ashamed denying to your friends Your help?

I swear to you IEW

/LBERT

Enough enough

So you demand security? What nonsense! What shall I give you for security?

A pig sl in? Had I anything to pawn I would have sold it long ago You dog

Is not my knightly word enough?

Your word TEU

As long as you're alive means much yes much The treasure-chests of Flanders wealthy men

Your word will open like a talisman

But if to a poor Jew like me you give it In guarantee and afterwards you die

(Which God forbid) your word will then be left In my poor hands as if it were a key

To a rich casket sunken in the deep

ALBERT Do you suppose my father will survive me JEW Who knows? Our days are not our own to

measure But yesterday a youth was flourishing And now he's dead and four old men ir ust bear DIAMATIC WRITINGS

His corpse on stooping shoulders to the grave. The baron's healthy He may live for ten Or twenty years-or twenty five or thirty

ALBERT You lying Jew! When thirty years are out, Why Ill be over fifty then what use

Will money be to me?

410

What use? Why money, IEW

Always at any age is useful to us The young man seeks in it a ready servant And here and there, he throws it recklessly. The old man sees in it a trusty friend

And guards it like the apple of his eye

ALBERT My father sees in money neither friend Nor servant but a master-whom he serves And serves him how? Like an Algerian slave, Like a chained dog Within his fireless hovel He lives drinks water, eats dry crusts of bread Ne er sleeps at night but runs about and barks The gold meanwhile is sleeping in the chests All quietly but hush! the day will come When it will serve me and forget to sleep

JEW Yes at his lordship's funeral will flow More gold than tears And may God make you not this heir as soon as possible

jen But might I

ALEFRY

ALREST What?

Well I was thinking means TEW

Exist to make

What's that you say?

Amen?

AT PERT

THE COVETOUS KNICHT

Well-just-TEW I have a friend a little queer old man A Jew a poor apothecary

Obt ALBERT.

A usurer like you? Or honester? JEW. Oh no my lord he draves a different trade He makes up drops no really it s a marvel

The way they work

What use are they to me? ALBERT

JEW Pour but three drops into a glass of water-They have no taste or color-he who drinks Without a pang of colic in his belly Or pain or even nausea will die

ALBERT So it's in poison that your old man traffics

JEW Ah-yes-in poison

ALBERT What? Are you proposing To lend to me two hundred vials of poison Instead of gold-a vial for every ducat? Or what?

It pleases you to laugh at me I simply wished perhaps you might I thought

It might be time the baron ceased to live ALBERT Poison my father! And you dare before

My very face-O seize him Jean-you dare Before his very son-you dirty Jew You dog you snake upon our gate posts you Will hang straightway for this

JEW My lord I m sorry!

Forgive me I was jesting Jean a ropel ATREST

418 DRAMATIC URITINGS

rew I

I was jesting Here's some money for you ALBERT Begone you dog! (JEW goes out) To this I m brought by my

Own father's avarice! The lew could dare Propose to me Give me a glass of winel I m all a tremble But I m still in need

Of money run and stop the cursed Jew And get his ducats Yes and fetch me here My inkhorn A receipt I'll give the rascal Don't let the lew come here No stay a mo-

ment--His coins will reck of poison like the pieces Of silver Judas took I asked for winel

JEAN There's not a drop of wine

Not even that ALEFRY. That Raymond sent me as a gift from Spain?

JEAN Last night I took the last remaining bottle To the siel blacksmith

ALEERY I remember Yes Well give me water What a cursed life! No it's decided-to the duke I il go And asl for justice let him make my father

Regard me as a son and not a mouse born in a cellar

SCENE II

(Vault)

THE BARON As the young scapegrace bides the trysting hour

With some corrupt enchantress or perchance Some foolish girl seduced by him so I

All day abide the time when I shall come Down to my secret vault and trusty chests O happy day! To day into the sixth Of all my chests (one not yet full) my fingers Will dribble one more handful of my gold It seems a trifle Yet by trifles tis That treasures grow And somewhere I have read That once an emperor bade his warriors take Handfuls of earth and throw them in a heap-And a proud hill arose and from its height The emperor with joy could contemplate A verd int valley covered with white tents And a broad sea with all its scudding ships So bearing handful after handfu I Have brought my wonted tribute to this vault And raised my hill-and from its crest survey My vast domains And who can set their bounds. For demon like I rule the world from here I ve but to wish-a palace will arise Into my splendid gardens there will dance A company of nymphs in wanton sport The muses too will bring to me their tribute tree genius will become my willing slave Virtue herself and toil that never sleeps With mien submissive my reward will wait I ve but to whistle—to my knees will creep Ob Jient and timed bloodstained crime And lick my hand and look into my eyes And read in them the sign of my desire

I know my power ind this knowledge is

Enough for me (He gazes on his gold)
It seems a trifling pile,
Yet who can sum the tale of human cares

Deceptions tears entreaties maledictions

All things obey me-none do I obey
I am above all wishes and all cares

Here

tis

This very day a widow give it me But first a whole half day before my window She knelt with her three children wailing loud

There's somewhere here an old doubloon

The rain came down and stopped and came again The hypocrate ne er budged I could of course, Have driven her off but something whispered to me That she was bringing what her husband owed me And didn t want to be in jail to morrow And this one? That's the one that Thibault brought Where did the lazy rascal ever get it? He stole it I suppose, or maybe there, At night upon the highway in the wood Ah yes! If all the tears the blood and sweat Poured out for all that is in I coping here Should from the bosom of the earth spring forth Then twere a second Flood-and I should drown Within my trusty vault But now-tis time

(He prepares to open the chest) Whene er the time comes to unlock a chest, I fall into a trembling and a fever It is not fear (Oh no! Whom should I fear? My sword is by my side its trusty blade Will answer for the gold) but in the act A strange uncanny feeling grips my heart Physicians do assure us there are people Who find a pleasure in the act of murde So when I put the key into the lock I feel what they must feel the very instant They plunge the knife into the victim-pleasure And horror both at once (He opens the chest)

My paradisel (He drops in the coins one by one) Away you go! Enough you've roved the world

A servant to the needs and lusts of man Sleep here the sleep of strength and quietude As in the distant heavens sleep the gods! Today I wish to hold a mighty feast

To-day I wish to hold a mighty feast Before each chest I'll place a lighted candle

And open every one and I myself Amidst them all shall view their shining heaps

(He lights candles and opens the chests one after the other)

the other) What magic radiance spreads!

I am a king! What magic radiance spreads!

Strong is my kingdom and obedient to me
My biss is here my honor and my glory!

I am a king! But after I am dead

Who will become its sowercine? My hear!

I am a king! But after I am dead Who will become its sovereign? My heir! A youthful madcap—and a spendthrift too! Of rakes and libertines the boon companion! Hardly shall I be cold when he ll come down This wastrel to these peaceful silent vaults

This wastrel to these peaceful silent vaults With all his crew of fawning greedy courtiers Stealing my keys from off my very corpse. He il open all my chests with peals of laughter And all my garnered treasure heaps will flow lato his pockets—satin yes but holey

He ll smash the sacred vessels and he ll soak. The mud with oil that should anoint a king He ll squander But who gave him

He ll squander But who gave him such a

As a free gift did all this come to me
Or in the way of sport as to a gambler
Who rattles dice then rakes his money in?
Who knows how many bitter self repressions
And passions tamed and heavy thoughts and days

Of care and sleepless nights all this has cost me?
Or will my son say that my heart's o ergrown
With moss and that I never knew desires

Nor ever felt the gnawing tooth of conscience

Conscience that sharp-clawed beast that strapes and scrapes
About the heart, that uninvited guest, importunate companion creditor
Most churlish hag at whose unhallowed word

Most churlish hag at whose unhallowed word
The moon grows dark, and in churchyards the
tombs

Are set a-quaking and send forth their dead!
No build up first a fortune for yourself,
And then behold! A wretch will come and squander
All that which by your blood and sweat you won
Oh if I could but shield my vault from such
Unworthy eqes! If only from the grave
I could but come and like a guardian shade,
Sit on my chest and from all living creatures
Protect my treasures as I guard them now!

SCENE III

In the castle

ALBERT Believe me Sire that long I ve stood the shame Of butter poverty. The direct need Alone has driven me to make complaint

DURE I do beheve it such a man as you
My noble knight does not accuse his father
Except the need be dire. Such knaves are rare
So set your mind at rest I shall exhort
Your father privately and make no scandal
I m watting for him Long its since we met
He was my grandsires friend I well remember
When I was still a youngster, he would seat
Me on his horse and cover me with his

Great heavy shield as with a hell

(Looks out of the window) Whos this?

It isn't he?

It is my lord

ALBERT DUKE

Then go Into that room Ill summon you

(ALBERT goes out BARON enters)

Well Baron I m glad to see you look so hale and hearty

BARON I m happy Sire to think my health allowed

Me-spite of age-to come at your command dure It's very long ago we parted Baron

Do you remember me?

BARON

Remember Sire? I see you as twere now A lively youngster

You were my lord-The duke (who s dead) would sav

To me Well Philip (for he always called me Philip) What say you? Eh? In twenty years I do assure you both of us will be

But drivelling dotards in that youngsters pres ence

Your presence twas he meant

DULE

Well well renew Acquaintance now My court you've quite forgot

BARON I m old my lord what should I do at court? You're young festivities and tournaments Are to your taste But at my age I find No pleasure in them Yet if God send war

I m ready though it be with groans to clamber Once more upon my horses back my strength

Will still suffice to draw my ancient sword Albeit with trembling hand, in your defence

DUKE Baron your loyal zeal is known to us You were my grandaire s friend my father too Respected you and I have always thought you A brave and trusty knight, but please sit down You we children Baron?

BARON

I ve an only son

DURE Why do I never see him at my court?
You it may hore but both his age and station
Make it but fitting that he should attend us

BARON My son dislikes a noisy worldly life He's of a shy and melancholy turn— Around the castle through the woods he roves Forever like a fawn

It is not well
He grow a hermit well accustom him
Straightway to revels balls and tournaments
Send him to me and fix upon your son
A maintenance that doth beft his station
I see you frown—the journey wearied you
Perhans?

BARON My lord it is not weatiness
But you have much confused me This confession
I would not make before you but your words
Compel me to report about my son
Things which I fair would have concealed from you
Unfortunitely Sire he is unworthy
Of your most gracious frows and regard
For all his youth he's spent in notous living
In baseit yice.

The cause of this good Baron, nuke May be that he s alone For solitude And idleness are ruinous to youth Send him to us for here he will forget

The habits that his wilding life begat BARON Forgive me gracious Sire but really I Am quite unable to consent to this

DUKE But why?

O! Let an old man go my lord! BARON

DUKE No I demand reveal to me the reason Of your refusal

BARON Gainst my son I am

Most angered DUKE Wherefore?

For his wicked crime BARON

DUKE But what does it consist in tell me that?

BARON Oh spare me dear my lord

Tes passing strange! DUKE Are you ashamed of him?

Ashamed indeed RAPON

DUKE But what can he have done?

He he did plan BARON To kill me

Kill! To justice then shall I DUKE Deliver him vile felon that he is

BARON I shall not try to prove it though I know That he is simply longing for my death

426 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

And though I know that he has made attempt To

What? DILLE

To rob me BARON

(ALBERT rushes into the room)

Baron that's a he! ALBERT

DUKE (To the son) How dare you? You! You here! You dare! To me! BARON

To me your father dare say such a word! I lie? And that before my lord himself!

Am I a knight no longer? To me to me

ALBERT A har s what you are!

Een yet the thunder RARON O God of justice has not crashed! Then pick This up and let the sword decide between us!

(Throws down his glove his son promptly picks it up)

ALBERT Thanks father for your gift it is the first!

pure What have I seen? What is it I have witnessed? A son takes up his aged father's challenge!

On evil days I fe'l when I did put The ducal chain upon mel Silence you Insensate man and you young tiger cub! Enough! (To the san) Have done with this at once

and give

That glove to me forthwith (Takes it au ay from him)

ALBERT (Ande)

This is a pity! DUNE The way he clutched at Out upon you monster!

Begone and never dare to show yourself

(Fxst ALBERT) And you unhappy gray beard Are you not filled with shame?

THE COLETOUS KNIGHT

Forgive me Sire BARON I cannot stand my knees are giving way Im choking choking where where are

my keys? My keys my keys!

He's dead O God in heaven!

DILLE What dreadful times! and ah! what dreadful hearts!

[1830]

MOZART AND SALIERI

SCENE I

A room

SALIERI Men say there is no justice upon earth But neither is there justice in the Heavens! That's clear to me as any simple scale For I was born with a great love for art When-still a child-I heard the organ peal Its lofty measures through our ancient church I listened all attention-and sweet tears Sweet and involuntary tears would flow Though young I spurned all frivolous pursuits All studies else than music were to me Repugnant and with stubborn arrogance I turned from them to dedicate myself To music only Hard is the first step And tiresome the first journey I o ercame Early discomfitures and craftsmanship I set up as a pedestal for art Became the merest craftsman to my fingers I lent a docile, cold agility And sureness to my ear I stilled sounds And then dissected music like a corpse Checked harmony by algebraic rules And only then tested and proved in science, I ventured to indulge creative fancy

MOZART AND SALIERS I started to create—but secretly— Not daring yet even to dream of glory Not seldom having spent in silent cell Two or three days forgetting sleep and food Tasting the toy and tears of inspiration. I threw my labors in the fire and watched My thoughts and songs-the children of my brain-Flame up, then vanish in a wisp of smoke What do I say? When the great Gluck appeared Revealing new deep captivating secrets-Did I not then reject all I had learned All I had loved and ardently believed And did I not walk bravely in his footsteps Unmurmuring like one who gone astray Is bid by one he meets retrace his journey? By vigorous and tense persistency At last, within the boundle, s realm of music I reached a lofty place At last fame designed To smile on me, and in the hearts of men I found an echo to my own creation Then I was happy and enjoyed in peace My labors, my success my fame-nor less The labors and successes of my friends My fellow workers in the art divine No! Never did I know the sting of envy Oh neverl-neither when Piccini triumphed In capturing the ears of skittish Paris Nor the first time there broke upon my sense Iphigenia s opening harmonies Who dares to say that ever proud Salieri Could stoop to envy like a loathsome snake

Trampled upon by men yet still alive And impotently gnawing sand and dust? No one! But now-myself I say it-now I do know envy! Yes, Salieri envies Deeply in anguish envies -O ye Heavens!

430

Where where is justice when the sacred gult, When deathless genius comes not to reward Perferved love and utter self densal And toils and strivings and beseeching prayers But puts her halo round a lack wit s skull A frivolous idler's brow?

O Mozart Mozart

(Enter MO7 SET) MOZART Aha! You saw me enter! I was hoping

To treat you to an unexpected jest

salters You here! How long have you been here? MICHARY A moment

I started out to see you bringing something To show to you but just as I was passing The inn I heard a fiddle Dear Salieri In all your life you never yet have heard Such funny sounds! A blind old fiddler there Was playing Vos che sapete Heavens!

I couldn't want I brought the fiddler with me To entertain you with his artistry Come int

(Enter a blind OLD MAN with a fiddle) Now play us something out of Mozart (The OLD MAN plays an air from Don Juan MOZARY bursts out laughing)

salieri And you can laugh?

MOZART Why yes of course Sahen! and do you not laugh too?

ALIERI I do not Mozart I do not laugh when some poor wretched dauber Besmears a masterpiece of Raphael's painting I do not laugh when some grotesque bufloon Dishonors Dante with a parody Begone old man!

MOZART AND SALIERI

Oh wait! Here's something! Take it Drink to my health

MOZART

(The OLD MAN goes out) But you my dear Salieri

Are not in a good mood to-day I'll come Another time

What were you bringing me? SALIERI

MOZART Nothing-the merest trifle One night lately As I was tossing on my sleepless bed Into my head came two or three ideas Today I wrote them down and I should like To hear your comments on them but at present You can't attend to me

Ah Mozart Mozart SALIERI When can I not attend to you? Sit down

Im listening!

MOZART (at the piano) Just imagine someone-well Let s say myself-a trifle younger though-In love-but not too deeply-just enamored-I m with some lady-or a friend-say you Im cheerful Suddenly a glimpse of death The dark descends-or something of the sort Now listen (He plays)

SALIERI You were bringing this to me And you could lotter at a common tavern To hear a blind old fiddler? God in Heaven! Mozart you are unworthy of yourself!

MOZART Well do you like it?

What profundity SALIFRI What boldness and what art of composition!

DRAMATIC WRITINGS 132 You Mozart, are a god and know it not!

I know it

Bah! Really? Perhaps I am-MOZART

However it may be my godhood s famished SALIERI Listen this evening we shall dine together-The Golden Lion inn is where we meet

MOZART That's very kind But let me just run home,

To tell my wafe not to expect me back (Goes out) For dinner

SALIERI

Ill await you do not fail me No longer can I thwart my destiny For I am chosen to arrest his course If he lives on then all of us will perish-High priests and servants of the art of music-Not I alone with my o ershadowed glory And what will it avail if Mozart live And scale still higher summits of perfection? Will he thereby raise art itself? No no Twill fall again when once he disappears He will not leave a single hear behind Then what can be avail us? Like a cherub He brings to us some songs of paradise, and wakens in us children of the dust A wingless longing-then he flies away!

Well let him fly away! We ll speed his going! This poison-my Isora's parting gift-For eighteen years I ve carried on my person And often since that day has life appeared Unbearable to me And I have sat At table with my unsuspecting for Let never to the whisper of temptation Have yielded not because I am a coward Nor yet because I do not feel an insult

Nor from a love of life I always tarried
Whenever thirst for death would torture me—
Why die? I asked and mused Perhaps—who
knows?

Life yet may bring to me unlooked for gifts. The trance of genius yet may visit me. And the creative night and inspiration. Perhaps a second Haydin may create. Great master works. — and I II repose in them. While I was feasting with my hated guest. Perhaps. I thought a still more loathsome insult. Will crash upon me from a lordly height—Then then your day will come Isora signific And I was night! And I have found at last. My enemy at last a second Haydin. Has drenched my soul with raptures all divine! Now—is the hour! O sacree gift of love. Today I II pour thee into firendshup secupl.

SCENE II

Private room at an inn piano

MOZART AND SALIERI (At table)

salier. What makes you look so glum to-day?

MOZART Me? Nothing!
SALIERI Mozart I swear there's something on your

mind!
The dinner's good the wine is excellent.
Yet you sit silent moping.

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

MOZART I confess My Requiem is on my mind

SALIERI Ahal

You're working at a Requiem? Since when? MOZART About three weeks But one queer circum-

stance

Did I not tell you?

434

SALIFRE

No PIO2VET Then listen now I came home late one night three weeks ago They told me that a man had called to see me Now, why I cannot tell but all that night I thought Who can this be? What can he want Of me? The following day a second time He called again and found me not at home Next day, while I was playing on the floor With my young son I heard them summon me I left the room A man dressed all in black, With courtly bow, commissioned me to write A Requiem-and vanished I sat down At once and started writing Since that hour My man in black has never called again Im glad of it fo Id be loth to part

SALIFRI

SALIFRI

Go on1

Is finished quite But meanwhile I MUZART I feel a bit ashamed confessing

What?

MOZARY That day and night my man in black gives neer

With my creation though the Requiem now

No

A moment s peace to me Behind me ever He hovers like a shadow At this moment. It seems to me he's sitting at this table, An uninvited quest

What childs b terrors! SALTERI Dispel these idle fancies Beaumarchais

Was always saying Listen friend Salieri Whenever gloomy thoughts beset your mind Why then uncork a bottle of champagne, Or read Le Mariave de Figaro

MOZART Yes! Beaumarchais and you were friends, I know

And wasn t it for him you wrote Tarare? A glorious thing! There's one motif in that I keep repeating it when I am happy-La la la la Ab is it true, Salieri

That Beaumarchais once poisoned someone?

SALIERI I doubt it He was quite too comical For such a task as that!

He was a genius MOZARY Like you and me But villainy and genius Are two things than can never to together

SALIFRI You think so?

(Pours poison into MOZART's plass) Well pow drink

MOZART Your health, my friend

I drink and pledge that candid covenant That links the names of Mozart and Saliera

Two sons of harmony (Dranks) Stop stop I say SAT TERT

and waited not for me? You've down! it all!

NOZART (Throus his naphin on the table)
Well, now I ve had my fill (Goes to the piano)
Salieri, listen

I il play my Requiem (Plays)

What! Are you weeping?

SAMEM Yes these are the first tears I we ever shed I feel both pan and pleasure like a man Who has performed a sad and painful duty, Or like to one from whom the healing Innfe Has cut a suffering limb Friend Mozart mark not These tears Continue playing hasten thus To fill my soull with paradusl strains

Normar If only everyone could teel the power Of harmony like you! But no for then The world could not event no man would stoop To care about the needs of vulgar life—for all would give themselves to art alone We are a chosen few we happy idlers Born to contemp profane utility, The priests of beauty—and of naught besides, Aren t we, Salteri?—But I feel unwell Something oppresses me 111 go and sleep Farewall!

FALIERI Good bye (Alone)

You It sleep a long sleep Mozart
But was he really right? Am I no genius?
So villainy and feenius are two things
That never go together? This s not true
Thinh but of Buonarotti Or was that
A tale of the dull stupid crowd—and he
Who built the Vatican was not a murdeter?

NOTE The Italian composer Antonio Salieri was a bitter enemy of Mozart and indeed was rumored to have caused his death by poison

The mention at the close of Buonarotti is an allusion to the story that Michelangelo in pursuit of a more real istic art murdered the model for the Christ in his Cru cifixion

EDITOR

THE STONE GUEST

EPORELLO O statua gentilissima Del gran Commendatore! Ah Padrone!

Don Giovanni

SCENE I

DON JUAN AND LEPORELLO

bon Juan Here well await the night—And so at last
We've reached the portals of Madrid and soon
Along the well known streets shall I be flitting
Mustache and brows concealed by cloak and ha'
What think you? Could I eer be recognized?

LEPORELLO Ah sure tis hard to recognize Don Juan!
There are so many like him

Do you jest?

pon Juan I Well who will recognize me?

LEPORELLO Why, the first
Watchman you meet, or gypsy or drunk fiddler
Or your own kind—some saucy cavalice.

Or your own kind—some saucy cavalier, With flowing cloak and sword under his arm

PON JUAN What matter if I m recognized! Provided
I meet not with the king himself. I fear
No other soul in all Madrid beside.

LEPORELLO To-morrow it will reach the king s own ear That Don Juan is in Madrid again Without authority returned from exile And then what will he do?

DON JUAN Hell send me back
Dear me they won t cut off my head you know
No crime have I commuted gainst the State!
He sent me off for very love of me
In order that the murdered mans relations
Might cease to worry me

If only you had stayed there quietly!

DON JUAN Your humble servant thanks you for the pleasure!

I all but died of boredom there What people' And what a land! The sky' A pail of smoke The women? Why I never would exchange—Mark what I say my foolish Leporello—The humblest peasant girl in Andalusa For all their leading beauties—that I wouldn t At first indeed these women took my fancy With their blue eyes and that white skin of their Stheir modesty—but most their novelty But thank the Lord I soon had sized them up—Saw that twas sin to deal with them at all

There isn't any life in them—they re all
But waxen dolls whereas our girls!

But hist!

We seem to know this place you recognize it?

LEFORELLO How could I fail to? I remember well The convent of S Anthony You used To come on visits here and I would hold The horses in this grove a cursed duty

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

I do confess! More pleasantly you spent Your time here than did I, forsooth

DON JUAN (Pensively) Poor Inez!
She is no more! And how I did adore her!

LEPORELLO Incz--the black-eyed girl? Oh, I re

For three long months you courted her in vain, Twas only through the devil s help you won

DON JUAN Twas in July at night I used to find Strange pleasure in her melancholy gaze And in her ashen lips A curious thing! But you it seems did not consider her A beauty And in fact there wasn't much Of real beauty in her But her eyes. Her eyes alone her glance too such a glance I never since have met And then her voice. Was soft and weak, as though she were not well. Her husband was a rough and heartless blick guard—

I realized too late Alas, poor Inez!

LEPORELLO What of 11? On her heels came others
DON JUAN Truck

LEPORELLO And if we live there will be others still

DON JUAN E en so

440

FEPORELLO And now what lady in Madrid
Shall we be seeking out?

I'm off to show myself to her

LEPORELLO
The way to talk

Now that s

And if there's someone with her Ill suggest His exit through the window

DON TUAN

Why of course! LEPORELLO Well now we have recovered our good spirits It s not for long dead women can disturb us

But who is this that comes our way? (Enter MONK)

THE STONE GUEST

MONK She will Be here this instant Who are you? The servants Of Dona Anna?

LEPORELLO We are our own masters Out for a stroll

DON JUAN But whom are you awaiting?

MONE Good Doña Anna will be here to visit Her husband s tomb and shortly

DON TUAN Dona Арпа

De Solva? What? The wife of the commander Slain by the name I can t recall The vile

CONTR The dissolute the godless Don Juan

EPOTELLO Oho! Well well! The fame of Don Juan Has even reached the peaceful convent now

His eulogies are sung by anchorites

MONK Perhaps you know him?

We? No God forbid LEPORELLO And where can be be now?

MAN He isn't here He s far away in exile

LEPORELLO Thank the Lord! The farther off the better Would that all 442 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

Such rascals in a single sack were sewn

And thrown into the sea

DON TUAN What stuff

What stuff and nonsense Is this?

LEFORELLO Be silent twas on purpose I

DON JUAN So here it was they buried the commander?

MONK Twis here And here his widow did erect A monument to him and every day She comes to weep, and pray that God may grant

His soul salvation

BON JUAN What a curious widow!

And is the lady pretty?

MONK Anchorites,

Like us should not be moved by woman's beauty,

Like us should not be moved by woman's beauty, But lying is a sin a saint himself Must yet admit her wondrous loveliness

DON JUAN. The dead man had good reason to be jealous
He kept this Doña Anna bolted up

Not one of us e er caught a glimpse of her I d like to have a talk with her sometime

NOVE On Doña Anna never talks with men

tio k. Oh that s a different matter—I m a monk
But there she is

(Enter DOÑA ANN)

NONE I come Senora I was waiting for you

(DONA ANNA follows the MONK)

LEFORELLO Well what sahe like?

There s nothing visible

Of her he

Of her beneath her somber widows veil I just but glimpsed a trim and narrow heel

LEPORELLO That's quite enough for you Imagination
Will in a juffy sketch you out the rest
Your fancy's quicker than the painter's brush
The starting point is all the same to you—
The forehead or the food.

DON JUAN
Ill get to know her

O Leporello

LEPORELLO (to himself) There you have the man'
That's the last straw! The fellow having killed
The husband now would like to feast his eyes
Upon the widow's tears! The wretch!

DON JUAN But see
The dusk is on us Ere the moon arise
Above us and transform this inky black
Into a glowing twilight let us creep
Into Madrid

LEPORELLO A Spanish nobleman
Like any thief awaits the night—and fears
The moon O Heavens! What a cursed life!
Ah how much longer must I bear with him?
My strength in truth is nearly at an end!

SCENE II

Room Supper at LAURAS

First cuest I swear to you dear Laura never yet
Was such perfection in your acting shown!
How thoroughly you understood your role!

second guest. And with what power its meaning you unfoldedl

THIRD GUEST And with what art!

LATIRA

To-day, indeed success Did crown my every movement, every word I yielded freely to my inspiration

The words flowed forth as though it was the heart And not the timid memory gave them birth

FIRST GLEST Tis true and even now your eyes are shin ıng Your cheeks are burning-no your ecstasy

Has not yet faded Laura, let it not Grow cold before it bear some fruit pray Laura,

Do sing us something!

LATIRA

Give me my guitar (Sings)

ALL. Ah braval braval Wonderfull Superbl FIRST GUEST Our thanks enchantress! You have cast 2

spell Upon our hearts Among the joys of life, To love alone does music yield the prize

Bu love itself is melody Behold Carlos himself your surly guest is touched!

SECOND GLEST What harmonies! And how much soul thereinf

Who wrote the words dear Laura?

LAT RA Don Iuan

DON CARLOS What? Don Juan? Some time or other he LALRA

My loyal friend-and fickle lover-wrote them.

While you you re but a fool Have you gone mad?

LATIRA Grandee of Spain though you may be, I'll bid My servants cut your throat straightway for this

DON CARLOS (Gets up) Well call them then.

No. Laura do not do 11 FIRST GUEST Don Carlos, don t be angered She forgot LAURA Forgot? That Don Juan in single combat

Quite honorably killed his brother? True, Twere better he bad killed Don Carlos

DON CARLOS Was stupid to get angry

You admit LATIRA That you were stupid-let us make our peace

DON CARLOS Forgive me Laura it was all my fault But still you know I cannot hear that name With equanimity

Am I to blame LATIRA If that name s on my tongue at every moment?

GUEST Come Laura as a sign your anger's passed Sing once again Ill sing a good night song LAURA

Tis time-for night has come What shall I sing? Ahl listen (Sings)

Charming' Matchless! How sublime! 41.1 LAURA Good night my friends

GUESTS Good night and thanks. sweet Laura

(They go out LAURA stops DON CARLOS)

146 BRAMATIC WRITINGS

i Aura. You utter madman, youl Remain with me You took my fancy, you reminded me Of Don Juan, the way you rated me

And set your teeth and ground them

Lucks mant DON CARLOS You loved him then? (LAURA nods) You loved him

deeply?

Deeply LAURA

DON CARLOS And do you love him now?

IALRA

This very minute? Why no I cannot love two men at once It's you I love at present

DON CARLOS

Tell me Laura How old are you?

LAURA

I am eighteen my friend

and will be DON CARLOS O Laura you are young voung

For five or six years more Around you men Will throng for six years more and shower you With flattery with Lifts and with caresses, Divert you with notturnal serenades

And kill each other for you at the cross roads By night But when your prime has passed and

when Your eyes are sunken and their puckered lids Grow dark and in your tresses gray hairs glint

And men begin to call you an old woman Well what will you say then?

LATTRA Ah then Be thinking now of that? What conversation! Or are you always thinking things like that?

Come out upon the balcony How calm

The sky! The air is still and warm the night Is odorous with lemon and with Liurel

The bright moon s shining in the dense dark blue-The watchmen's drawn-out cry resounds All's well!

But far away now in the north-in Paris-Perhaps the sky is overcast with clouds A cold rain s falling and the wind is blowing But what is that to us? Now listen Carlos I order you to smile at me -That's right

DON CARLOS You fascinating demon! (Knock at door)

Laura hol DON JUAN

LAURA Who s there? Whose voice is that?

Unlock the door DON JUAN

LAURA Lord! Can it be? (Opens the door enter DON JUAN)

Good evening! DON TUAN

Don Juan! LAURA (LAURA throws herself on his neck)

DON CARLOS What! Don Juan!

Laura my darling girl! DON TUAN (Kisses her)

Whom have you here my Laura?

It is I-DON CARLOS Don Carlos

What an unexpected meeting! DON TUAN To morrow I am at your service

Not DON CARLOS

Not then-at once

LAURA

Don Carlos stop I say! You re in my house not in the public street-I beg you go away

DON CARLOS (Not listening to her) I'm waiting Well? Your sword is at your side

448

DON JUAN Oh if you have

No patience very well (They fight)

LAURA Ohl oh! Juan! (Throws herself on the bed DON CARLOS falls)

DON JUAN Get up my Laura it s all over

LAURA What Lies there? He s killed? How lovely! In my room!

And what shall I do now you scapegrace, devil? And how shall I dispose of him?

DON TUAN Perhaps He s still alive (Examines the body)

LAURA Alive, forsooth! Why look You wretched man! You pierced him through the heart-

No fear you didn t miss! No blood is flowing From the three-cornered wound nor is he breathing So what do you say now?

DON JUAN It can t be helped

He asked for it himself

LAURA Ah Don Iuan It's most annoying really Your old tricks! and yet you're ne'er to blame! Whence come you now?

How long have you been here?

DON JUAN I just arrived And on the quiet-for I ve not been pardoned LAURA And instantly you recollected Laura?
So far so good But stop! I don't believe you
You happened to be passing through the street
And saw my house

DON JUNN No Laura you can ask My servant Leporello I am lodging Outside the city in a wretched tavern For Laura's sake I m visiting Madrid (Kisses her)

LAURA You are my darling? Stop not right before

The dead man! Oh, what shall we do with him?

DON JUNN Just leave him here—before the break of day
I ll take him out enfolded in my cloak
And place him on the cross roads

LAURA Only look

That no one sees you Twas a stroke of luck Your visit was not timed a minute sooner! Your friends were supping here with me They just Had left Suppose that you had found them here!

DON JUAN How long my Laura have you loved him

LAURA Whom

You must be raving

NON JUAN Laura come confess
How many times you ve been unfaithful since

My absence?

What about yourself you scapegrace?

DON JUAN Come tell me No well talk about it

SCENE III

The Commander's Monument

DON JUAN All s for the best for, having slain Dor Carlos

Without intent in humble hermit's guise

I ve taken refuge here-and every day I see my charming widow who has noticed

Me too I think Until the present we

Have stood on formal terms with one another,

To-day however I shall break the ice

"Tis time! But how to start? May I presume? Or no Senora Bahl whatever comes

Into my head I ll say spontaneously

Like one whose screnade is improvised

It's time she came Without her I believe The poor commander has a tedious time

They we made him look a very grant here! What mighty shoulders! What a Hercules!

Whereas the man himself was small and puny,

If he were here and standing on tip too Stretched out his arm he could not reach his nose

When hard by the Escurial we met He ran upon my sword point and expired,

Just I ke a dragon fly upon a pin But he was proud and fearless-and he had

there she is (Litter DONA ANNA) A rugged spirit

DOSA ASSA Again He's here O father I've distracted you

I rom holy meditations Pardon me DON JUAN Tis I who must be eech your pardon rather

Senora for perhaps I am preventing Your grief from flowing freely as it might DOÑA ANNA No father, for my sorrow is within me E en in your presence may my prayers ascend Humbly to Heaven and I beg you join Your voice with mine

DON THAN I pray with Doña Annal A lot so happy I do not deserve! These vicious lips of mine will never dare Repeat your holy supplications I But from afar with reverence do look On you when bowing silently you spread Your raven tresses o er the pallid marble-And then it seems to me that secretly An angel has alighted on this tomb Within my troubled heart it is not prayers That I find then I stand in speechless wonder And think—Oh! happy man whose chilly marble Is warmed with breath from her celestial lips And with the tears of her great love bedewed

DONA ANNA Strange words are these!

DON JUAN

Señora?

DOÑA ANNA You have forgotten DON THAN

Said to me! What? That I am only A wretched hermit? That my sinful voice

Should not resound so loudly in this place? DONA ANNA It seemed to me I did not under stand

DON JUAN Aha! I see you have discovered all!

DONA ANNA I have discovered! What?

That I m no monk DON TUAN And at your feet I humbly beg your pardon

452 DRAMATIC WRITINGS
DOÑA ANNA O Heavens! Pray get up! Who are you

then?

DON JUAN Unhappy victim of a hopeless passion

Begonel

Begonel

BON JUNN A minute Doña Anna, pray

A single minute!

DONA INNA But if someone comes!

DON JUAN The gate is locked A single minute pray!

DOÑA ANNA Well comel What is it that you wish for?

Death

Death

Don Juan

Oh let me die this instant at your feet

Oh let me die this instant at your reet And let my hapless dust be burned here, Not near the dust of him who s dear to you Not on this spot—not near—but some way off, There—at the very threshold—at the gate, That there in passing you might touch my grave.

That there in passing you might touch my grave With your light foot or with your garment's hem Whene er you come to bow your curly head Upon this haughty monument and weep

DO IA ANNA You've surely lost your senses

DON JUAN Dona Anna

To wish for death—is that a sign of madness?
Were I a madmin then would I be fain
To stay among the living I d have hope
Some day to touch your heart with tender love

Some day to touch your heart with tender love Were I a madman I would spend the mights I clow your window and disturb your sleep With serenades I would not hide myself. But on the contrary I distrive to be

Oberved by you wherever I might go

Were I a madman I d refuse to suffer In silence

DOÑA ANNA So you call this silence then?

DON JUAN Chance Dona Anna carried me away For otherwise you never would have learned Of this the gloomy secret of my heart

DONA ANNA And have you then been long in love with me?

DON JUAN How long I ve been in love I do not know But only since that hour I ve known the value Of this brief life yes only since that hour I ve understood what happiness could mean

DON'S ANNA Begone! Begone! You are a dangerous man

DON JUAN Dangerous! How?

DON'S ANNA

I fear to listen to you DON JUAN Then I ll be silent only do not send

Away the man to whom the sight of you Is all the consolation he has left I do not entertain andacious hopes Make no demands upon you but I must, If I am still condemned to live have leave To see you

DONA ANNA Go-for this is not the place For words like these for madness such as this To-morrow come to where I live if you Will swear to keep within respectful bounds I shall receive you-in the evening later E er since the hour that I became a widow I have not seen a soul

454 DRAMATIC WRITINGS

DON JUAN O Doña Annal— You angel! May God comfort you as now You offer b.lm to this unhappy soull

DOÑA ANNA Begonel Begonel

DON JUAN One minute more, I pray

DOÑA ANNA Well, then tis I must go Besides, my

Is far from prayer You've distracted me
With all your worldly talk, my ear to such
Has long been unaccustomed —But to-morrow
I shall receive you

DON JUAN Even yet I cannot
Believe I cannot trust my happiness!

To morrow I shall see you! And not here, And not by stealth!

DOÑA ANNA To-morrow, yes, to-morrow
What is your name?

Mhat is your name?

Don Juan Diego de Calvado

DONA ANNA Farewell, Don Diego (Exit)

DON JUAN Leporello!
(LEFORELLO enters)

(LEPORELLO CHICA)
What

Is now your pleasure?

Dearest Leporellol
What bliss!— To-morrow in the evening later

What bliss!— To-morrow in the evening later
My Leporello yes to-morrow! So
Prepare I m happy as a child!

LEPORELLO So you
Conversed with Doña Anna? Maybe she

Addressed to you a gracious word or two Or you bestowed on her your blessing DON TUAN

No My Leporello no! An assignation An assignation has she granted me1

LEFORELLO Can it be so? O widows you are all The same

DON JUAN Oh what a happy man am I' I m ready to embrace the world-or sing!

LEPORELLO And what will the commander have to say About all this?

You think he will be jealous? DON TUAN No truly he s a man of common sense And surely has grown mecker since he died

LEPORELLO No see his statue there

DON JUAN LEPORETTO

Well what?

It seems

As though it's looking at you angrily DON JUAN My Leporello here sa notion go And hid it come to morrow to my house-

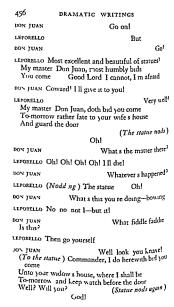
No not to mine—I mean to Dona Anna s LEPOPELLO Invite the statue! Why?

DON JUAN

Well certainly Not for the purpose of conversing with it But bid the statue come to Dona Anna s To-morrow evening rather late and stand On guard before the door

LEPORELLO. Here's an odd way

To jest! And jest with whom!



I told you

DON JUAN

Let us go

SCENE IV

doña anna s Room don juan and doña anna

DORA ANNA DOR Diego, I ve received you yet I fear My melancholy conversation will Soon bore you werched widow that I am I never can forget my loss Like April I mingle tears with smile. But rell my why

I never can forget my loss Like April
I mingle tears with smiles But tell me why
Are you so silent?

DON JUAN
I m enjoying deeply

DON JUAN I m enjoying deeply
And silently the thought that I m alone
With charming Doña Anna—here not there
Beside that lucky dead man's monument—
And see you now no longer on your knees
Before your marble spouse

DONA ANNA Don Diego are
You jealous then? My husband tortures you
E en in his grave?

For he was your own choice

DOÑA ANNA

Oh no my mother
Commanded me to marry Don Alvaro
For we were poor and Don Alvaro rich

DON JUAN The lucky man! He brought but empty treasures

To set before a goddess feet for that He tasted all the bliss of paradise If I had known you first with utter rapture 458 I d have bestowed on you my rank, my wealth, All everything for but one gentle glancel Your slave I would have held your wishes sacred I would have studied all your whims that I Might then anticipate them that your life Might be one long enchantment without endl Alas! fate has decreed quite otherwise!

DOÑA ANNA Ah Diego, stop! Tis wrong of me to listen To you-it is forbidden me to love you E en to the grave a widow must be faithful If only you could know how Don Alvaro Did love me! Oh, tis certain Don Alvaro, Had he been left a sudower had ne er Received into his house a lovelorn lady He would have kept his faith with spousal love

DON JUAN O Doña Anna torture not my heart With everlasting mention of your spouse Pray cease from your chastisement although I Perhaps deserve chastisement

And pray how? DONA ANNA You are not bound, I think, by holy ties To anyone? In loving me you do No wrong in Heaven's eyes or mine

In yours! DON THAN

O Cod! DONA ANNA. It isn't possible you're guilty

Of any wrong to me? Or tell me how? DON JUAN No never!

Diego tell me what you mean! DOÑA ANNA You ve done me wrong? But tell me how and when?

pon juan No not for worlds!

DOÑA ANNA But Diego this is strange! I ask you I demand of you No not

DON TUAN

DOÑA ANNA So this is being docile to my will! But what was that you said to me just now? That you would like to be my very slave

Im getting angry Diego answer me, In what way have you wronged me?

DON TUAN

No. I dare Not tell you d never want to look on me You d fall to hating me

No e en beforehand

DONA ANNA

I pardon you, I only want to know DON THAN Do not desire to know this terrible

This deadly secret

DOÑA ANNA Deadlyl 1 m in torment I m full of curiosity-what is it?

I didn t know you-how could you offend me?

I have no enemies, and never had The only one is he who slew my husband

DON JUAN (To himself) The denouement approaches! -Tell me now

Did you e er know the wretched Don Juan?

DONA ANNA. I never in my life set eyes on him DON JUAN But in your heart you bear him enmity?

DOÑA ANNA As honor binds me But you re trying now, Don Diego to divert me from my question-Jec I

DON THAN Suppose that you should meet Don Juan?

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

DOÑA ANNA I d plunge a dagger in the villain s heart.

DON JUAN Where is your darger, Dona Anna? Heres My breast

DOÑA ANNA O Diegol What is that you say? DON ILAN No Diego I-my name s Juan

DOÑA ANNA O God!

No no it cannot be I don't believe

neul and m I wan von

460

DOÑA ANNA It isn t true

DON TUAN I killed Your husband and have no regrets for that-

There is no trace of pennence within me

DOVA ANNA What do I hear? No. no it cannot be bon Juan Im Don Juan and I do love you

DOÑA ANNA (Falling) Where

Where am I? Where? I m fainting! DON THAN

God in Heaten! What's happened to her? Doña Anna what's The matter's nh you? Come, wake up wake up And pull yourself together at your feet

Your slave your Diego kneels BOÑA ANNA Leave me alone

(Weakly) You are my enemy-you took away From me all all that in my life

Dear creature! DON JUAN I m ready now to expire that blow

I only wait your order at your feet

Command-Ill die command-and I shall breathe For you alone

461

So this is Don Juan?

DON TUAN True is it not he s been described to you As an outrageous villain and a monster O Dona Anna rumor is perhaps Not wholly wrong upon my weary conscience There weighs perhaps a heavy load of evil I ve long been an adept in lechery But since I saw you first all that has changed It seems to me that I ve been born anew! For loving you virtue herself I love-And humbly for the first time in my life

Before her now I bend my trembling knees DONA ANNA Yes Don Juan is eloquent-I know! I ve heard them say he is a sly seducer A very fiend How many wretched women

Have you destroyed?

DON JUAN Was I in love with Not one of them till now

And shall I believe DONA ANNA That Don Juan at last has fallen in love

That I am not another of his victims!

DON JUAN If I had wished to dupe you do you think I would have thus avowed the truth or uttered

That name that you can hardly bear to hear? What do you see of trick or craft in that?

DOÑA ANNA Who knows your heart? But how could you come here?

For anyone might recognize you here-And then your death would be inevitable

IN N JUAN Ah what is death? For one sweet moment s trvst

I d give my life v ithout a murmur

DRAMATIC WRITINGS

boña anna How Will you escape from here imprudent man?

DON JUAN (Kissing her hand) And so you are concerned about the life

Of poor Juan! Then in your heavenly soul There is not any hatred, Doña Anna?

But we must part

DON JUAN When shall we meet again?

DOÑA ANNA I do not know Some time

DON JUAN To-morrow?

AVVA AŬO

DON JUAN Here
DOÑA ANNA O Don Juan, how weak a heart is minel

DON JUAN A quiet kiss in token of forgiveness

DOÑA ANNA It s time to go

Just one cold quiet kiss

DOÑA ANNA Oh how importunate you are! Well there!

(A knock at the door)

What is that knock I hear? Oh hide Don Juan Don Juan Good bye, until we meet again my darling (Goes out and runs in again)

Ohl (Goz

DOÑA ANNA What's the matter? Oh!

(Enter the STATUE of the commander DOÑA ANNA falls)

Your call I ve answered

Where?

TITUE.

462

THE STONE GUEST DON TUAN O God! O Doña Anna! STATUE Let her be

All s over You are trembling Don Juan

DON JUAN I? No! I hade you come I m plad to see vou

STATUE Cive me your hand

(They sink into the ground)

PUBLISHED POSTHUMOUSLY, 1830

[18,0]

DON TUAN Here, take it Oh how heavy

The pressure of his cold and stony hand! Release me let me go let go my hand! I m perishing-all s over-Doña Anna!



v

Prose



The Tales of the Late IVAN PETROVITCH BELKIN

MME PROSTAKOVA My dear sir from his childhood on he has been fond of stories
SKOTININ Mitrofan takes after me
The Mines

EDITOR S FOREWORD

A 41C IVIII)

HAVING undertaken to arrange the publication of the Tales of I P Bellan which are her not offered to the public we wished to add to these al 200 raphy however brief of the late author and thereby study at least partly the just curosity of loves of 100 notices o

timony to a noble manner of thinking and a touching friendship, and at the same time as a sufficient bio graphical account

----, Esq My dear sir!

My dear sir!

On the twenty third of this month I had the benor
of receiving your most esteemed letter of the fifteenth,
in which you express your desire to secure detailed in
formation regarding the dates of birth and death the
eater in the service the domestic curcumstances as
well as the occupations and the character of the late
Ivan Petrovich Belkin my late good frend and neigh
or I take great pleasure in complying with your re
quest and I am here setting forth, my dear sir, all ha
I can recall of our talks and my own observations.

I can recall of our talks and my own busic rown house and noble parents in the year 1798 in the village of Gorp'u khino. His lake father, second major Poort Ivanouch Belkin was married to Pelageya Gavrilovan nee Irafilim. He was a man of moderate means, mokes habits very shrewd in business matters. Their son received his elementary education from a village badle To this esteemed man he owed it would seem his in terest in reading and in Russian letters In 1815 he are trend the service in a Jaeger regiment of the infanty (I do not remember the number) in which he remaid until the year 1823. The deaths of his parents, which occurred almost situalianeously caused him to retire and settle as Gorvykkino his family exister.

His management of the estate Ivan Petrovich because of his inexperience and soft heartedness soon began to neglect his property and relaxed the strict regime established by his late parent. Having dismissed the punctual and efficient steward with whom his peasants (as is their habit) were di-

TALES OF THE LATE IVAN P BELLIN

satisfied he placed the management of the village in the hands of his old housekeeper who had acquired his confidence through her ability to tell stores. This stupid old woman could not tell a twenty fire rubl from a fifty ruble note. She was god mother to the children of all the peasants and so the latter were not in fear of her. The steward they had elected indulged them to such an extent at the same time defrauding the master that Ivan Petrovich was forced to abolish the corvec and introduce a very moderate quit rent. Even then the peasants taking advantage of his weakness obtained a special privilege the first year and during the next two years paid more than two-thirds of the quit rent in nuts huckleberries and the like and even so they were in arrear.

Having been a friend of Ivan Perrovich's late parent I deemed it my duty to offer my advice to the son too and repeatedly I volunteered to restore the order he had allowed to fall into decay To that end having to me to see him one day I demanded the account books summoned the rascally steward and in the presence of Ivan Petrovich started examining them At first the young master followed me with all possible attention and diligence but after we had ascertained from the accounts that in the last two years the num ber of peasants had increased while the quantity of fowls and cattle had considerably diminished Ivan Pet rough was satisfied with this bit of information and no longer listened to me, and at the very moment when my investigation and strict questioning had reduced the thievish steward to extreme embarrassment and indeed forced him to complete silence to my extreme mortification I heard Ivan Petroyich snoring loudly in his chair Thenceforward I ceased to intervene in his business affairs and entrusted them (as he did him self) to the care of the Almighty

This, however, full not injure our friendly relations to any degree for commiscrating as I did his weak ness and the ruinous negligence common to all our young noblemen, I sincerely loved Ivan Petrovich It was indeed impossible not to like a young man so gentle and honorable. On his part Ivan Petrovich showed respect to my years and was cordially attached to me Until his very end he saw me nearly every day prizing my simple conversation although we did not resemble each other in habits or manner of thinking or character.

Ivan Petrovich lived in the most moderate fashion and avoided excesses of any sort. I never chanced to see him tipsy (which in our parts may be accounted an anheard-of miracle) he had a strong leaning toward the female sex but he was truly as bashful as a girl.

Besides the tales which you are pleased to mention in your letter Ivan Petrovich left many manuscripts, some of which are in my hands the rest having been put by his housekeepe to various domestic uses. Thus, iast winter all the windows in her own wing were pasted over with the first part of the novel which he did not complete. The above mentioned tales were, it seems his first effort. At Ivan Petrovich said, they are for the most part true stories which he had heard from various persons? But the names in them were all most all his own suvenion while the names of the villages and hamlets were taken from our neighbor.

Follows an anecdore which we do not give deem ng it super fluous we assure the reader howe er that it contains nothing prejudic at to the memory of Ivan Petrovich Belkin

Indeed in M. Bele a manuscryt three is an incerpt a inhe author is him bele a manuscryt three is an incerpt a inthe author is him to the distribution of the manuscryt insuch a present (to low wank or tule and initials of name as I am autho.) We quote for the cursous student. The Postmaster wiftold to him by Tal To Councillor A GN. The Shot' by Lack tenant I. L. P., The Undertaker by B. V., shop assustant. The Snow Storm. and Mutters into Mad by Mink K. I. T.

hood for which reason my village too is mentioned somewhere This happened not because of any mali cious design but solely through lack of imagination

In the autumn of 1828 Ivan Petrovich came down with a catarrhal fever which took a bad turn so that he died in spite of the tireless efforts of our district doctor a man very skillful particularly in the treat ment of inveterate diseases such as bunions and the like He died in my arms in the thruteth year of his life, and was buried near his deceased parents in the chruchyard of the village of Goryukhun.

Ivan Petrovich was of middle height had gray eyes blond hair a straight nose his complexion was fair

and his face lean

Here, my dear sir is all I can recall regarding the manner of life, the occupations the character and the appearance of my late neighbor and friend In case you should think fit to make some use of my letter I re specifully beg you not to mention my nime for much as I esteem and admire authors I deem it superfluous

and indeed at my age unseemly to enter their ranks.
With every expression of sincere esteem believe me

etc. November 16 1830

The village of Nenaradovo

Considering it our duty to respect the wish of our authors esteemed friend we signalize our deepest gratitude to him for the intelligence furnished by him and trust that the public will appreciate his candor and good nature

ΑP

at faro For a long time he refused, as he hardly ever played but at last he ordered cards to be brought, placed half a hundred gold coms upon the table, and sat down to deal We took our places around him, and the game began It was Silvio's custom to preserve com plete silence when playing He never argued and never entered into explanations. If the punter made a mistake in calculating he immediately paid him the difference or noted down the surplus. We were acquainted with this habit of his and we always allowed him to have his own way but among us on this occasion was an officer who had only recently been transferred to cut. regiment During the course of the game this officer absently scored one point too many Silvio took the chalk and noted down the correct account according to his usual custom The officers thinking that he had made a mistake began to enter into explanations Sil vio continued dealing in silence. The officer, losing pa tience took the brush and rubbed out what he consid ered an error Silvio took the chalk and corrected the score again The officer heated with wine play, and the laughter of his comrades considered himself gross ly insulted and in his rage he seized a brass candle stick from the table and hurled it at Silvio who barely succeeded in avoiding the missile We were filled with consternation Silvio rose white with rage, and with gleaming eyes said

My dear sir have the goodness to withdraw, and thank God that this has happened in rry house

None of us entertained the sightest doubt as to what the result would be and we already looked upon our now comrade as a dead man. The officer withdrew saying, that he was ready to answer for his offices in whatever way the binker liked. The play went on for a few mutuels longer but feeling that our host was too overwrought to care for the game we withdrew one after the other and repaired to our respective quar ters after having exchanged a few words upon the probability of there soon being a vacancy in the regi ment

The next day at the riding school we were already asking each other if the poor lieutenant was still alive when he himself appeared among us We put the same question to him and he replied that he had not yet heard from Silvio This astonished us. We went to Sil vio s house and found him in the courtyard shooting bullet after bullet into an ace pasted upon the gate. He received us as usual, but did not utter a word about the event of the previous evening. Three days passed and the lieutenant was still alive. We asked each other in astonishment Can it be possible that Silvio is not go ing to fight?

Silvio did not fight. He was satisfied with a very

lame explanation and made peace with his assailant This lowered him very much in the opinion of all our young fellows Want of courage is the last thing to be pardoned by young men who usually look upon bravery as the chief of all human virtues and the ex cuse for every possible fault But by degrees every thing was forgotten and Silvio regained his former influence

I alone could not approach him on the old footing Being endowed by nature with a romantic imagina tion I had become attached more than all the others to the man whose life was an enigma and who seemed to me the hero of some mysterious tale He was fond of me at least with me alone did he drop his custom ary sarcastic tone and converse on different subjects in a simple and unusually agreeable manner But after this unlucky evening the thought that his honor had been tarnished and that the stain had been allowed to 5 main upon it through his own fault, was ever present in my mind and prevented me from treating him as before. I was ashamed to look at him Silvio was too intelligent and experienced not to observe this and guess the cause of it This seemed to vex him at least I observed once or twice a desire on his part to enter into an explanation with me but I avoided such opportunues and Silvio gave up the attempt From that time forward I saw him only in the presence of my comrades and our former confidential conversations

came to an end

Those who live amidst the excitements of the capital have no idea of the many experiences familiar to the inhabitants of villages and small towns as, for instance, waiting for the arrival of the post On Tuesdays and Fridays our regimental bureau used to be filled with officers some expecting money some letters, and others newspapers The packets were usually opened on the spot items of news were communicated from one to another and the bureau used to present a very animated picture Silvio used to have his letters addressed to our regiment and he was generally there to receive them.

One day he received a letter the scal of which he

broke with a look of the greatest impatience. As he read the contents his eyes sparkled The officers each oc cupied with his own mail did not observe anything

Gentlemen said Silvio circumstances demand my immediate departure. I leave tonight I hope that you will not refuse to dine with me for the last une I shall expect you too he added turning toward me

I shall expect you without fail

With these words he hastily departed and ve, after agreeing to meet at Silvio's dispersed to our various quarters

I arrived at Silvio's house at the appointed time and found nearly the whole regiment there All his belong ings were already packed nothing remained but the

477

bare bullet riddled walls. We sat down to table Our host was in an excellent humor and his gaiety was quickly communicated to the rest Corks popped every moment glasses foamed incessantly and with the ut most warmth we wished our departing friend a pleas ant journey and every happiness. When we rose from the table it was already late in the evening. After having wished everybody good bye. Silvio took me by the hand and detained me just at the moment when I was preparing to depart

I want to speak to you he said in a low voice

I stopped behind

The guests had departed and we two were left alone Sitting down opposite each other we silently lit our spipes Salvio seemed greatly troubled not a trace re mained of his former feversh gaiety. The intense pal lot of his face his sparkling eyes and the thick smoke issuing from his mouth gave him a truly diabolical up pearance Several minutes elapsed and then Silvio broke the silence

Perhaps we shall never see each other again said he 'before we part I should like to have an explana uon with you You may have observed that I care very lettle for the opinion of other people but I like you and I feel that it would be painful to me to leave you with a wrong impression upon your mind

He paused and began to refill his pipe I sat gazing silently at the floor

You thought it strange he continued that I did not demand satisfaction from that drunken idiot R- You will admit however that since I had the choice of weapons his life was in my hands while my own was in no great danger I could ascribe my for bearance to generosity alone but I will not tell a le If I could have chastised R— without the least rik to my own life I should never have pardoned him

478 I looked at Silvio with astonishment Such a confes-

sion completely astounded me Silvio continued

Exactly so I have no right to expo e miself to death Six years ago I received a slap in the face and my enemy still lives

My curiosity was greatly excited

Did you not fight with him? I asked Circumstances probably separated you

"I did fight with him replied Silvio and here is a

souvenir of our duel

Silvio rose and took from a cardboard box a red cap with a gold tassel and galloon (what the French call a bonnet de police) he put it on-a bullet had passed through it about an inch above the forehead

You know continued Silvio, that I served in one of the Hussar regiments. My character is well known to you I am accustomed to taking the lead From my youth this has been my passion. In our time d ssolute ness was the fashion and I was the wildest man in the army We used to boast of our drunkenness I out drank the famous B-1 of whom D D-has surg In our resument duels were constantly taking place and in all of them I was either second or prin cipal My comrades adored me, while the regimental commanders who were constantly being changed looked upon me as a necessary evil

I was calmly or rather boisterously enjoying m) reputation when a young man belonging to a wealth) and distinguished family-I will not menuon his rame -joined our regiment Never in my life have I met vi h such a fortunate fellow! Imagine to yourself youth wit beauty unbounded gaiety the most reck less bravery a famous name, untold wealth-imagine

Purizo an off r of the Ifu sars notorious for his drinks f TEAVILATOR S WOTE Denus Davydov ---- (1781 1839)

all these, and you can form some idea of the effect hat he would be sure to produce among us My su premacy was shaken Dazzled by my reputation he began to seek my friendship but I received him coldly and without the least regret he held aloof from me I began to hate him His success in the regiment and in the society of ladies brought me to the verge of despair I began to seek, a quarrel with him to my epigrams he replied with epigrams which always seemed to me more spontaneous and more cutting than mine and which were dec dedly more amu ing for he joked while I fumed At last at a ball given by a Polish land while I tumed At last at a Dail given by a rousi name of proprietor seeing him the object of the attention of all the ladies and especially of the mistress of the house, with whom I was having a liaison I whispered some gro sly insuling remark in his ear. He flamed up and gave me a slap in the face. We grasped our two dis the ladies fainted, we were separated and thu same night we set out to fight.

The dawn was just breaking I was standing at the appointed place with my three seconds. With inde seribable impattence I awaited my opponent. The spring sun rose, and it was already growing hot I saw bim coming in the distance. He was on foot, in uniform, wearing his sword and was accompanied by one second. We advanced to meet him. He approached holding his cap filled with black, cherries. The seconds measured twelve paces for us. I had to fire first, but my rigitation was so great, that I could not depend upon the steadness of my hand and in order to give myself time to become calm I ceeded to him the first short My adversary would not agree to this. It was decided that we should cas Jots. The first number fell to him, the constant favorite of fortune. He took, aim and his but let went through my cap. It was now my turn. His life at last was in my hands. I looked at him eagerly en

deavoring to detect if only the taintest shadow of un easiness But he stood in front of my pistol, picking o the ripest cherries from his cap and spitting out the stones which flew almost as far as my feet His indif ference enraged me beyond measure. What is the use, thought I of depriving him of life when he attaches no value whatever to it? A malicious thought flashed through my mind I lowered my pistol

You don't seem to be ready for death just at pres ent I said to him you wish to have your breakfast I

do not wish to hinder you

You are not hindering me in the least, he replied Have the goodness to fire or just as you please-you

owe me a shot I shall always be at your service I turned to the seconds informing them that I had no intention of firing that day and with that the duel

came to an end

I resigned my commission and retired to this little place Since then not a day has passed that I have not thought of revenge And now my hour has arrived"

Silvio took from his pocket the letter that he had re ceived that morning, and give it to me to read Some one (it seemed to be his business agent) wrote to him from Moscow that a certain person was going to be

married to a young and beautiful girl

You can guess said Silvio who the certain person is I am going to Moscow We shall see if he will look death in the face with as much indifference now, when he is on the eye of being married, as he did once when he was eating cherries!

With these words Silvio rose threw his cap upon the floor and began pacing up and down the room like a tiger in his cage I had listened to him in silence

strange conflicting feelings agitated me The servant entered and announced that the horses were teady Silvio grasped my hand tightly and we embraced each other He seated himself in the carriage in which there were two suitcases one containing his pistols the other his effects. We said good bye once more and the horses galloped off

11

SEVERAL years passed and family circumstances compelled me to settle in a poor little village of the N— district Occupied with farming I continued to aigh in secret for my former active and carefree life The most difficult thing of all was having to accustom mys. If to passing the spring and winter evenings in perfect solitude Until the hour for dinner I managed to pass away the time somehow or other talking with the bailiff riding about to inspect the work or going round to look at the new buildings but as soon as it began to get dark I positively did not know what to do with myself. The few books that I had found in the cupboards and store rooms. I already knew by heart All the stories that my housekeeper Kirilovna could remember I had heard over and over again The songs of the peasant women made me feel d-pressed I tried drinking spirits but it made my head ache and more over I confess I was afraid of becoming a drunkard from mere chagrin that is to say the saddest kind of drunkard of which I had seen many examples in our district I had no near neighbors except two or three topers whose conversation consisted for the most part of hiccups and sighs. Solitude was preferable to their society

Four versts from my house there was a rich estate belonging to the Countess B— but nobody lived there except the steward The Countess had only visit ed her estate once during the first year of her married

482 life and then she had remained there only a month But in the second spring of my secluded life, a report was circulated that the Countess with her husband, was coming to spend the summer on her estate in deed they arrived at the beginning of June

The arrival of a rich neighbor is an important event in the lives of country people. The landed proprietors and the people of their household talk about it for mo months beforehand and for three years afterwards As tor me, I must confess that the news of the armalota young and beautiful neighbor affected me strongly l burned with impatience to see her and the first Sund after her arrival I set out after dinner for the village of A- to pay my respects to the Countess and her hushand, as their nearest neighbor and most humble ser vant

A lackey conducted me into the Count's stud, and then went to announce me The spacious room was furnished with every possible luxury The walls were lined with bookcases each surmounted by a brorte bust over the marble mantelpiece was a large m fror on the floor was a green cloth covered with carpets, Unaccustomed to luxury in my own poor corner and not having seen the wealth of other people for a lms time I iwaited the appearance of the Count with some little trepidation, as a supplicant from the provinces awaits the entrance of the minister The door opened and a handsome looking man of about thirty wo entered the room The Count approached rie with a frank and friendly air I tried to be self possessed and began to introduce myself, but he anticipated me le sat down His conversation, which was easy and agree able soon dissipated my awkward bashfulness and I was already beginning to recover my usual composure when the Countess uddenly entered and I became more confused than ever She was indeed beautiful The Count presented me I wished to appear at case but the more I trued to assume an air of unconstraint the more awkward I felt. In order to give me time to recover myself and to become accustomed to my new acquaintances they began to talk to each other treating me as a good neighbor and without ceremony Meanwhile, I will ed about the room examining the beoks and pictures I am no judge of pictures but one of them attracted my attention. It represented some view in Switzerland but it was not the painting that struck me but the urcumstance that the cannas was shot through by two bullets one planted just above the other.

A good shot that said I turning to the Count
Yes replied he a very remarkable shot D

Tolerably I replied rejoicing that the conversation had turned at last upon a subject that was familiar to

you shoot well? he continued

me At thirty paces I can manage to hit a card without fail—I mean of course with a pistol that I am used to

Really? said the Countess with a look of the great

Really? said the Countess with a look of the great est interest. And you my dear could you lit a card at thirty paces?

Some day replied the Count, we will try In my time I did not shoot badly but it is now four years since I touched a pistol

Oh! I observed in that case, I don't mind laying a wager that Your Excellency will not hit the card at wenty paces the pistol demands daily practice I know that from experience In our regiment I was reckoned one of the best shost. It once happened that I did not touch a pistol for a whole month as I had sent mune to be mended and would you believe it. Your Excellency the first time I began to shoot again I mussed a bottle four times in succession at twenty

paces! Our captain a writty and amusing fellow happened to be standing by and he said to me. It is to dent, my friend, that you will not hit your hand against the bottle. No, Your Excellency, you must not neglect to practice, or your hand will some lose as cunning. The best shot that I ever met used to shoot at least three times every day before dinner. It was as much his custom to do this as it was to drink his daily glass of brandy.

The Count and Countess seemed pleased that I had

begun to talk

And what sort of a shot was he? asked the Count.
Well it was this way with him Your Excelleny if
he saw a fly settle on the wall—you smile Countes,
but before Heaven it is the truth—if he saw a fly he
would call out kurka my pistol! Kurka would
bring him a loaded pistol—bang! and the fly i ould be
crushed acainst the wall

Wonderfull said the Count And what was his

name? Silvio Your Excellence

Silvio 1 out Excellency
Silvio exclaimed the Count starting up 'Did you'
know Silvio?

How could I help knowing him Your Excellent, we were intimate friends he was received in our repment like a brother officer but it is now five years since I had any news of him. Then Your Excellency also knew him?

Oh yes I knew him very well Did he ever tell you of one very strange incident in his life?

Dr ~ Your Excellency refer to the slap in the face hat he received from some scamp at a ball?"

Did he tell you the name of this scamp?

No, Your Excellency he never mentioned his name Ahl Your Excellency I continued guess ing the truth pardon me I did not know could it have been you?

Yes I myself replied the Count with a look of extraordinary distress and that picture with a bullet through it is a memento of our last meeting

Ah my dear said the Countess for Heaven's sake do not speak about that it would be too terrible

for me to listen to No replied the Count I will relate everything He knows how I insulted his friend and it is only right

that he should know how Silvio revenged himself

The Count pushed a chair towards me and with the liveliest interest I listened to the following story

Five years ago I got married The first month-the honeymoon-I spent here in this village To this house I am indebted for the happiest moments of my life, as well as for one of its most painful recollections

One evening we went out together for a ride on horseback. My wife's horse became restive she grew frightened gave the reins to me and returned home on foot I rode on before In the courtyard I saw a travel ing carriage and I was told that in my study sat wait ing for me a man who would not give his name but who merely said that he had business with me. I en tered the room and saw in the darkness a man covered with dust and wearing a beard of several days growth He was standing there near the fireplace I approached him trying to remember his features

You do not recognize me Count? said he in a

quivering voice

Silviol I cried and I confess that I felt as if my hair had suddenly stood on end

Exactly continued he There is a shot due me and I have come to discharge my pistol Are you reads?

186

His pistol protruded from a side pocket I measured twelve paces and took my stand there in that contribegging him to fire quickly, before my side arrived the heistated, and asked for a light Candies we throught in I closed the doors gave orders that nobody was to enter and again begged him to fire He dreout his pistol and took aim

I counted the seconds

I thought of her A terrible minute passed

I regret, said he that the pistol is not loaded wah cherry stones the bullet is heavy. It seems to me that this is not a duel but a murder I am not accuss to med to tal ing aim at unarmed men. Let us begin all over again we will cast lots as to who shall fire first.

My head went round I think I raised some obection At last we loaded another pistol and rolled up two pieces of paper. He placed these lutter's his cap—the same through which I had once sent a builtet—and again I drew the first number

You are devilishly lucky Count said he with a

smile that I shall never forget
I don't know what was the matter with me or how
it was that he managed to make me do it
by the

The Count pointed with his finger to the perforated bicture his face burned like fire the Counte, was bicture his face burned like fire the Counte, was

whiter than her own handkerchief, and I could not restrain an exclamation

I fired continued the Count and thank Heaven missed my aim. Then Silvin at that moment he

I fired continued the Count and thank Heater missed my aim Then Silvio at that moment fix was really terrible. Silvio raised his hand to take aim at me Suddenly the door opens. Masha rushes mother from and with a shriek, throws herself upon my

ne k Her presence restored to me all my courage.

My dear said I to her, don't you see that we are
toking. How frightened you are! Go and drink a

glass of water and then come back to us. I will introduce you to an old friend and comrade. Masha still doubted

Tell me is my husband speaking the truth? said she turning to the terrible Silvio is it true that you are only joking?

He is always joking Countess replied Silvio once he gave me a slap in the face in jest on another occasion he sent a bullet through my cap in jest and just now when he fired at me and missed me it was

all in jest And now I feel inclined to have a joke With these words he raised his pistol to tike aim at me-right before her! Masha threw herself at his

feet Rise Masha are you not ashamed! I cried in a rage and you sir will you stop making fun of a poor woman? Will you fire or not?

I will not replied Silvio I am satisfied I have

seen your confusion your alarm I forced you to fire at me That is sufficient You will remember me I leave you to your conscience

Then he turned to go but pausing in the doorway and looking at the picture that my shot had passed through he fired at it almost without taking aim and disappeared My wife had fainted away the ervants did not venture to stop him the mere look of him filled them with terror He went out upon the step called his coachman and drove off before I could recover my self

The Count fell silent. In this way I learned the end of the stery whose beginning had once made such a deep impression upon me The hero of it I never saw again It is said that Silvio commanded a de achment of he tacrists during the revolt under Alexander Ypsilanti

THE SNOWSTORM

Horses dash across the slopes Trampling snow deep drifted By the wayside stands a church Lonely cross uplifted

Suddenly a snowstorm flings
Tufted flakes about us
O er the sledge with whistling wing
Flies a crow to flout us
Weind his cry foreboding griefl
Gathering their forces
Manes upraised sou ard the dark
Peer the speeding horses

Zhukovsky

TOWARD the end of the year 1811, a memorable period for us the good Gavrila Gavrilovch R—was living on his estate of Nenaradovo He was cle brated throughout the district for his hospitality and kindheritedness. The neighbors were constantly aming him some to eat and drink some to play. Poston at five copecks with his wife Praskovya Petrowni, and some to look at their daughter Marya Gavrilovna a pale slender guil of seventeen. She was out sudred werlthy, and many desired her for themselves or for their sons.

Marya Gavrilovna had been brought up on French novels and consequently was in love The object of her choice was a poor sub lieutenant who was then on feave of absence in his village. It need scarcely be men tioned that the young man returned her passion with equal ardor and that the parents of his beloved one observing their mutual inclination forbade their daughter to think of him and gave him a worse recep tion than if he were a retired assessor

Our lovers corresponded with each other and daily saw each other alone in the little pine wood or near the old chapel. There they exchanged yours of eternal love lamented their cruel fate, and formed various plans Corresponding and conversing in this way, they ar rived quite naturally at the following conclusion

If we cannot exist without each other, and the will of hard hearted parents stands in the way of our happi ness why cannot we do without their consent?

Needless to mention that this happy idea originated in the mind of the young man and that it was very congenial to the romantic imagination of Marya Gav rilovna

The winter came and put a stop to their meetings but their correspondence became all the more active Vladimir Nikolayevich in every letter implored her to give herself up to him to get married secretly to hide for some time and then throw themselves at the feet of their parents who would without any doubt be touched at last by the heroic constancy and unhappi ness of the lovers and would assuredly say to them

Children come to our arms!

Marya Gavrilovna hesitated for a long time, aid many plans for elopement were rejected At last he consented on the appointed day she was not to take upper but was to retire to her room under the presext of a headache. Her maid was in the plot, they were both to go into the garden by the back stairs and behind the garden they would find ready a sledge into which they were to get and then drive straight to the church

of Zhadrino a village ibout five versts from Nenara dovo where Vladimir would be waiting for them

490

On the eve of the decisive day, Marva Gavrilound unot sleen the whole night she packed and tied up her linen and other articles of apparel wrote a long letter to a sentimental voting lady a friend of hers and an other to her parents She took leave of them in the most touching terms urged the invincible strength of yes son, as an excuse for the step she was taking and wound up with the assurance that she would consider at the happiest moment of her hie when she should be allowed to throw herself at the feet of her dear purents.

Atter having sealed both letters with a Tula sal upon which were engraved two flaming hearts with a suitable inscription she threw herself upon her bed just before daybreak and dozed off but even then she was constantly being awakened by terrible dreams First it seemed to her that at the very moment when she seated herself in the sledge in order to go and get married her fither stopped her, dragged her over the snow with agonizing rapidity and threw her into dark bottomless abyss down which she fell headlong with an indescribable sinking of the heart Then she saw Vlidirur lying on the grass pale and blood stained With his dying breath he implored her in a piercing voice to make haste and marry him Other abominable and absurd visions floated before her one after another At last she arose paler than usual and with an unfeigned headache Her father and mother observed her uneasiness their tender soh citude and incessant inquiries. What is the mater with you Masha? Are you ill Masha? cut her to the heart She tried to reassure them and to appear cheet

Evening came The thought that this was the latday she would pass in the bosom of her family weighed upon her heart. She was more dead than alive. In secret she tool, leave of everybody of all the objects that surrounded her.

Supper was served her heart began to beat violently. In a trembling voice she derlared that she did not want any supper and then took leave of her father and mother. They kissed her and blessed her as usual and she could hardly restrain herself from weeping.

On reaching her own room she threw herself into a chair and burst into tears. Her maid urged her to be calm and to tale courage. Everything was ready. In half an hour Masha would leave for ever her parents house her room and her peaceful grilsh life.

Outside a snowstorm was raging the wind howled the shutters shook and rattled and everything seemed to her to portend misfortune

Soon all was quiet in the house everyone was asleep Masha wrapped herself in a shawl put on a warm cloal took her box in her hand and went down the back staircase. Her maid followed her with two bundles. They descended into the garden. The snow storm had not subsided the wind blew in their faces as if trying to stop the young crivinal With difficulty they reached the end of the garden. On the road a sledge awated them. The childle horses would not keep still. Vladimir's coachman was walking up and down in front of them trying to restrain their impatience. He helped the young lady and her maid into the sledge, stowed away the box and the bundles.

seized the reins and the horses dashed off Having entrusted the young lady to the care of fate and to the skill of Teryoshka the coachman we will re

and to the skill of Teryoshka the coachman we will return to our young lover.

All day long Vladimir had been driving about. In the morning he paid a visit to the priest of Zhadinao and having come to an agreement with him after a

492 great deal of difficulty, he then set out to seek for wit nesses among the neighboring landowners. The first to whom he presented himself a retired cornet about forty years old whose name was Dravin consent d with pleasure. The adventure, he declared reminded him of his young days and his pranks in the Hussirs

He persuided Vladimir to stay to dinner with him and assured him that he would have no difficulty in finding the other two witnesses And indeed immedi ately after dinner, appeared the surveyor Schmidt wearing mustaches and spurs, and the son of the car tain of police a lad of sixteen who had recently entered the Uhlans They not only accepted Vladimir's proposal but even vowed that they were ready to sacrince

their lives for him Vladimir embraced them with rap ture and returned home to get everything ready It had been dark for some time He dispatched his faithful Teryoshka to Nenaradovo with his troika and with detailed instructions, ordered for himself the one horse sleigh and set out alone without any coachinan for Zhadrino where Marya Gavrilovna was due to a rive in about a couple of hours. He knew the road well and it was only a twenty minute ride

But Vladimir scarcely found himself on the open road when the wind rose and such a snowstorm care on that he could see nothing In one minute the ro was completely hidden the landscape disappeared in a thick yellow fog through which fell white flakes of snow, earth and sky merged into one Vladimir found himself of the same of the sam himself off the road and tried vainly to get back to it His horse went on at random and at every moment climbed either a snowdrift or sank into a hole so that the sledge kept turning over Vladimir s one effort was not to lose the right direction But it seemed to him that more than half an hour had already passed, and he had not ver reached the Zhadrino wood Another ten min

utes elapted—still no wood was to be seen Vladimir drove across a field intersected by deep ravines. The snowstorm did not abate the sky did not become any clearer. The horse began to grow utred and the sweat rolled from Vladimir in great drops in spite of the fact that he was constantly being half buried in the snow.

At last Vladimir perceived that he was going in the wrong direction. He stopped began to thus, to recollect and compare and he felt convinced that he ought to have furned to the right. He timed to the right now His horse could scarcely move forward. He had row been on the road for more than an hour Zhadirro could not be far off. But on and on he went and still no end to the field—nothing but snow drifts and ravines. The sledge was constantly turning over and as constantly being set right again. The time was passing Vladimir becan to a row serously uneasy.

Vladimir began to grow sersously uneasy

At last something dark appeared in the distance
Vladimir directed his course toward it. On drawing
near he perceived that it was a wood.

Thank Heaven! he thought I am not far off

He drove along by the edge of the wood hoping by and by to come upon the well known road or to pass round the wood Zhadrino was situated just be hind it. He soon found the road and plunged among the dark trees now denuded of leaves by the winter The wind could not rage here the road was smooth the horse recovered courage and Vladimir felt reas sured.

But he drove on and on and Zhadrino was not to be seen there was no end to the wood Vladrimi discovered with horror that he had entered an unl nown for est Despair took possession of him He whipped the horse the poor animal broke into a trot but soon

slackened its pace and in about a quarter of an hour it was scarcely able to drag one leg after the other in spite of all the exertions of the unfortunate Vladimir

Gradually the trees be, an to get sparser and Vlad mir emerged from the forest, but Zhadrino was not to be seen. It must now have been about midnight Tears gushed from his eyes he drove on at random Mean while the storm had subsided the clouds dispers d and before him lay a level plain covered with a white undulating carpet. The night was tolerably clear He saw not far off a little village consisting of four or five houses Vladimir drove toward it At the first cot tage he jumped out of the sledge ran to the window and began to I nock After a few minutes the wooder shutter was raised and an old man thrust out his gray heard

What do you want?

494

Is Zhadrino far from here? Zhadrino? Far from here?

Yes yes! Is it far?

Not far about ten versts

At this reply Vladimir clutched his hair and stood motionless like a man co idemned to death

Where do you come from? continued the old man Vladimir had not the heart to answer the question

Listen old man said he can you find any harse. to tal e me to Zhadrino?

How should we have such things as horses3" re

plied the peasant Can I at least get a guide? I will pay him whitever

he asks Wait, said the old man closing the shutter, "I will

send my son out to you he will direct you

Vladimir waited But a minute had scarcely elapsed when he began knocking again The shutter was raised and the beard again appeared

What do you want?

What about your son?

Hell be out presently he is putting on his boots

Are you cold? Come in and warm yourself

Thank you send your son out quickly
The door creaked a lad came out with a cudgel and
led the way now pointing out the road now searching
for it among the snow drifts

What time is it? Vladimir asked him

It will soon be daylight replied the young peasant

Vladimir did not say another word

The cocks were crowing and it was already light when they reached Zhadrino The church was locked Vladimir paid the guide and drove into the priest s courty ard His troika was not there. What news await ed him!

But let us return to the worthy proprietors of Nena radovo and see what is happening there

Nothing

The old people awoke and went into the parlor Gav tha Gavilouch in a night-cap and flannel doublet Pitaskovyi Petrovina in a wadded dressing gown The samovar was brought in and Gavrila Gavrilouch sent a servant to ask. Marya Gavrilovina how she was and how she had passed the night. The servant returned sying that the young lady had not slept very well but that she felt better now and that she would come down presently into the prilor And indeed the door opened and Marya Gavrilovina entered the room and wished her father and mother good morning.

How is your head Masha? asked Gavrila Gavrilovich

Better papa replied Masha

You must have gotten your headache yesterday from charcoal fumes said Praskovya Petrovna

Very likely mamma replied Masha

The day passed happily enough but in the night Masha was taken ill They sent to town for a dot tor He arrived in the evening and found the sidgirl delinous A violent fever ensued and for two weeks the poor patient hovered on the brink of the grave

Nobody in the house knew anything about her intended elopement. The letters written the exeming before, had been burnt and her maid dreading the wrath of her master had not whispered a word about to anybody. The priest the retured cornet the mustached surveyor and the little Uhlan were discrete, and not without reason. Teryoshha, the coachman never uttered one word too much about it, even when he was drunk. Thus the secret was kept by more than half a dozen conspirators.

But Marya Gavrilovna herself divulged her scret during her delirious ravings Her words were so dison nected however that her mother who never left her bedside could only understand from them that her daughter was deeply in love with Vladimir Nikolist vich and that probably love was the cause of her ill ness She consulted her husband and some of her neighbors and at last it was unanimously decided that such was evidently Marya Gavrilovna's fate the a woman cannot escape her destined husband even on horseback that poverty is not a crime that one does not marry wealth but a man etc. etc. Moral maxims are wonderfully useful in those cases where we can inventilled in our own instification.

In the meantime the young lady began to recoter Vladimir had not been seen for a long time in the house of Gavilla Gavillovich. He was afraid of the usual reception It was resolved to send and announce to him an unexpected piece of good news the coverfield of Marya's parents to him marriage with their daughter.

But what was the astonishment of the proprietor of Nenaradovo when in reply to their invitation they received from him a half insane letter He informed them that he would never set foot in their house again and begged them to forget an unhappy creature whose only hope was death. A few days afterwards they heard that Vladmir had joined the army again. This was in the year 1812.

For a long time they did not dare to announce this to Masha who was now convalencent She never men tonced the name of Vladimir Some months after wards finding his name in the list of those who had distinguished themselves and been severely wounded at Borodino she fainted away and it was feared that she would have another attack of fever Bur Heaven be thanked! the fainting it had no serious consequences

Another musfortune fell upon her Gavrila Gavrilo vich died leaving her the herrest to all his property. But the inheritance did not console her she shared sin cerely the grief of poor Priskovya Petrovia, vowing that she would never leave her They both quitted Nenaradovo the scene of so many sad recollections and went to luve on another estate.

and went to live on another estate. Sutors crowded round the charming heiress but she gave not the slightest hope to any of them. Her mother sometimes evhorted her to make a choice but Marya Gavrilovna shook her head and became pensive. Vladi mur no longer existed he had ded in Moscow on the eve of the entry of the French. His memory seemed to be held sacred by Masha at least she treasured up everything that could remind her of him bool's that he had copied out for her. The neighbors hearing of all this were astonished at her constancy and await ed with currousty the hero who should at last triumph.

over the melancholy fidelity of this virgin Attenus Mean while the war had ended gloriously Our ten ments returned from abroad, and the people we 'ou to meet them The bands played the songs of the con quered tive Henri Quatre Tyrolese waltzes and zers from Joconde Officers who had set out for the war almost mere lads returned, grown men in the martial air their breasts hung with crosses The of diers chaited gaily among themselves cons a 'ly uing French and German words in their speech Un torgettable time? Time or glory and enthusiasm! How the Rus can heart throbbed at the word Fatherland Ho is seet a ere the tear of reunion! With what un nimi 5 d d we mingle feelings of national pride w

ore for the Czar! And for him-what a moment The somen the Russian women were then in om parable Their usual coldness disappeared Their en thusiasm was truly intoxicating when welcoming the conquerors they cried Hurrahl

And tossed their caps into the airl

What officer of that time does not confess that to the Rus ian nomen he was indebted for his best and most precious reward?

At this brilliant period Marya Gavrilovna was him with her nother in the province of -- and did not see how both capitals celebrated the return of the troops But in the districts and villages the general en thusiasm was if po sible even greater The appea and of an officer in chose sections was for him a terrable triumph and the lover in a frock coat fared ill in f s

VICTOITY We have already said that in spite of her coldn si, Marya Garrilorna was as before surrounded by sut ors Bu all had to with fraw when the wounded Colonel Burnun of the Hussars, with the Order of St

George in his button hole and with an interesting pallor as the young ladies of the neighborhood observed appeared at the manor. He was about twenty six years of age. He had obtained leave of absence to visit, he estate which was near that of Marya Gavrilowar Marya bestowed special attention upon him. In his presence her habitual pen vieness disappeared. It can not be said that she fittred with him but a poer observing her behavior, would have said.

Se amor non e che dunaue?

Burmin was indeed a very charming young man He had the sort of mind which pleases women decorous and keen without any pretension and inclined to carefree mockery. His behavior toward Maryn Gavril ona was simple and franh, but whatever she said or did both his soul and his eyes followed her. He seemed to be of a quiet and modest disposition though it was reported that he had once been a terrible rake but this did not injure him in the opinion of Marya Gavrilov na who—like all young ladies—excused with pleasure follies that gave indication of boldness and ardor of temperament.

But more than excepthing else—more than his tenderness more than his a-greable conversation more than his interesting pallor more than his arm in a sing—the silence of the young Flussar excited the reunious and imagnation. She could not but confess that he pleased her very much probably he, too with his intelligence and experience had already observed that she singled him out how was it then that she had not yet seen him at her feet or heard insi declaration? What restrained him? Was it timidity or pride or the co-query of a crafty lades man? It was a puzzle to her After long reflection she came to the conclusion that timid y in the probability of the conclusion that timid y in the probability of the conclusion that timid y is the probability of the probability o

encourage him by greater attention and if circum stances should render it necessary, even by an ethiltion of tenderness. She was preparing a starting de
nouement and waited with impatience for the moment of the romantic explanation. A secret, of what
ever nature it may be, always presses heavily upon the
female heart. Her strategy had the desired success at
least Burmun fell into such a reverse, and his black yet
rested with such fire upon her, that the decayse moment seemed close vi hand. The neighbors spoke about
the marriage as if it were a settled matter and good
Prashovya Petrovia rejoiced that her daughter had at
last found a worthy suttor.

On one occasion the old lady was sitting alone in the parlor playing patience when Burmin entered the room and immediately inquired for Marya Gavril ovna

She is in the garden replied the old lady go out to her and I will wait here for you."

Burmin went and the old lady made the sign of the cross and thought Perhaps the business will be sented today!

Burmin found Marya Gavrilovna near the pord under a willow tree, with a book in her hands and in a white dress a veritable herouse of a novel After the first few questions Marya Gavrilovna purposely all lowed the conversation to drop thereby increasing their mutual embarrassment from which there was no possible way of escape except only by a sudden and decisive declaration

And that is what happened Burmin, feeling the difficulty of his position declared that he had long sou, his an opportunity to open his heart to her and requested a moment sattention Marya Gavrilovia closed fee book and cast down her eyes as a sign of consent

I love you said Burmin I love you passionately Maria Gavrilovna blushed and lowered her head still further I have acted imprudently in indulging the sweet habit of seeing and hearing you daily Marya Gavrilovna recalled to mind the first letter of St

Preux But it is now too late to resist my fate the re membrance of you your dear incomparable image will henceforth be the torment and the consolation of my life but there still remains a painful duty for me to perform—to reyeal to you a terrible secret which will place between us an insurmountable barrier

That barrier has always existed interrupted Marya
Gavrilovna hastily I could never be your wife
I know replied he calmly I know that you once

loved but death and three years of mourning Dear kind Marya Gayrilovna do not try to deprive me of my last consolation the thought that you would have consented to make me happy if

Don't speak for Heaven's sake don't speak You torture me

Yes I know I feel that you would have been mine but-I am the most miscrable creature under the sun-I am already married!

Maria Gavrilovna looked at him in astonishment

"I am already married continued Burmin I have been married four years and I do not know who my wife is or where she is or whether I shall ever see her againl

What are you saying? exclaimed Marya Gavril ovna How very strange! Continue I will relate to

Onla How yery stranger Commer I will relate to you afterwards But continue I beg of you At the beginning of the year 1812 said Burmin I was hastening to Vilna where my regiment was stationed Arriving late one evening at one of the post stations I ordered the horses to be got ready as quickly

as possible when suddenly a terrible snowstorm came on, and the postmaster and drivers advised me to wait till it had passed over I followed their advice but an unaccountable uneasiness took possession of me it seemed as if someone were pushing me for ward Meanwhile the snowstorm did not subside I could endure it no longer and again ordering out the horses I started off at the height of the corm The driver conceived the idea of following the course of the river which would shorten our journey by three versts The banks were covered with snow the driver drove past the place where we should have come out upon the road and so we found ourselves in an un The storm did no known part of the country abate I saw a light in the distance and I ordered the driver to proceed toward it We reached a village in the wooden church there was a light. The church was open Outside the fence stood several sledges and people were passing in and out through the porch

This way! this way! cried several voices

I ordered the driver to proceed

In the name of Heaven where have you been los tering? somebody said to me The bride has fainted away the priest does not know what to do and we were just getting ready to go back. Get out as quickly

as you can I got out of the sledge without saying a word and went into the church, which was feebly lit up by two or three tapers A young girl was sitting on a bench in a dark corner of the church another girl was rubbing

her temples

502

Thank Godl said the latter you have come at last You have almost I illed the young lady

The old priest advanced toward me and said

Do you wish me to begin? Begin begin father I replied, absently The young girl was raised up She seemed to me not all bad looking Impelled by an incompre hensible unpardonable levity I placed myself by her side in front of the pulpit the priest hurried on three men and a maid supported the bride and only occupied themselves with her We were married.

Kiss each other! said the witnesses to us

My wife turned her pale face toward me I was about to I iss her when she exclaimed Oh! it is not he! it is not he! and fell in a swoon

The witnesses gazed at me in alarm I turned round and left the church without the least hindrance flung myself into the kibitka and cried Drive off!

My God! exclaimed Marya Gavrilovna And do you not know what became of your poor wife?

I do not know replied Burmin neither do I know the name of the village wher I was married nor the post station where I set out from At that time I attached so little importance to my wicked prank that on leaving the church I fell asleep and did not awake till the next morning after reaching the third station. The servant who was then with me died during the campaign so that I have no hope of exer dis covering the woman upon whom I played such a cruel poke and who is now so cruelly a tenged.

My God my God! cried Marya Gavrilovna seiz ing him by the hand then it was you! And you do not recognize me?

not recognize me

Burmin blenched-and threw himself at her feet

THE UNDERTAKER

Are coffins not beheld each day
The gray hairs of an aging world?
Derzh

THE last of the effects of the undertaker, Adran Prokhorov were piled upon the hearse, and a couple of sorry looking jades dragged themselves along for the fourth time from Basmannya to Nikuskay? whither the undertaker was removing with all his household After locking up the shop he posted upon the door a placard announcing that the house was lor sale or reat and then made his way on foot to his new abode On approaching the little yellow house which had so long captivated his imagination and which at last he had bought for a considerable sum the old undertaker was astonished to find that his heart did not rejoice When he crossed the unfamiliar threshold and found his new home in the greatest confusion he sighed for his old hovel where for eighteen years the strictest order had prevailed He began to scold his two Joughters and the servants for their slowness and then set to work to help them lumself Order was soon of tablished the ikon-case the cupboard with the crock rs the table the sufa and the bed occupied the corners reserved for them in the back room in the kitchen and parlor were placed the masters wares-coffins of all colors and of all sizes together with cupboards con tuning mourning hats cloaks and torches

Over the gate was placed a sign representing a plump Cupid with an inverted torch in his hand and bearing this inscription. Plain and colored coffins sold and upholstered here coffins also let out on hire and old ones repaired.

The guls retired to their bedroom Adrian made a tour of inspection of his quarters and then sat down by the window and ordered the samovar to be pre pared

The enlightened reader knows that Shakespeare and Walter Scott have both represented their grave-diggers as merry and facetious individuals in order that the contrast might more forcibly strike our imagination Out of respect for the truth we cannot follow their example and we are compelled to confess that the dis-position of our undertaker was in perfect harmony with his gloomy metier. Adrian Prokhorov was usually sullen and pensive He rarely opened his mouth except to scold his daughters when he found them standing idle and gazins, out of the window at the passers-by or to ask for his wares an exorbitant price from those who had the misfortune-or sometimes the pleasure-of needing them And so Adrian sitting near the window and drinking his seventh cup of tea was immersed as usual in melancholy reflections. He thought of the pouring rain which just a week before had com menced to beat down during the funeral of the retired brigadier Many of the cleaks had shrunk in conse quence of the downpour and many of the hats had been put quite out of shape He toresaw unavoidable expenses for his old stock of funeral apparel was in a pitiable condition. He hoped to compensate himself for his losses by the burial of old Trukhina the merchant s wife who for more than a year had been upon the point of death But Trukhina lay dying in Razgulyay and Prokhorov was afraid that her heirs, in spite of

their promise, would not take the trouble to send so far for him but would make arrangements with the near est undertaker These reflections were suddenly interrupted by three

masonic knocks at the door

Who is there? asked the undertaker

The door opened, and a man who at first glance could be recognized as a German artisan entered the room and with a jovial air advanced toward the undertaker

Pardon me good neighbor said he in that Russian dialect which to this day we connot hear without a smile pardon me for disturbing you to make your acquaintance as soon as possible I am? shoemaker, my name is Gottlieb Schultz and 11 across the street in that little house just facing your windows To morrow I am going to celebrate my siber wedding and I have come to invite you and your daughters to dine with us

The invitation was cordially accepted The under taker asked the shoemaker to seat himself and take 2 cup of tea and thanks to the open hearted disposition of Gottlieb Schultz they were soon engaged in friendly conversation

How is bus ness with you? asked Adrian

So so replied Schultz I can't complain But my wares are not like yours the living can do without shoes but the dead cannot do without coffins"

Very true observed Adrian but if a living person hasn tanything to buy shoes with he goes barefoot and ho'ds his peace if you please but a dead beggar ge s his coffin for nothing

In this manner the conver ation was carried on be tween them for some time at last the shoemaker race and took leave of the undertaker renewing his inve tation

The next day exactly at twelve o clock the under taker and his daughters issued from the wicket-door of their newly purchased residence and went to their neighbors I will not stop to describe the Russian caft ano f Adrian Prokhorov nor the European toilettes of Akulina and Darya deviating in this respect from the custom of modern novelists. But I do not think it superfluous to observe that the two girls had on the yellow hats and red shoes which they were accustomed to don on solemn o cassons only

The shoemaker's little dwelling was filled with gue is consisting chiefly of German artisans with their waves and apprentices Of the Russian officials there was present but one 1 urko the Finn a constable who in spite of his humble calling was the special object of the host's attention. Like Pogorelsky's postman' for twenty five years he had faithfully discharged his duties. The conflagration of 1812 which destroyed the ancient capital destroyed also his little yellow booth. But immediately after the expulsion of the enemy a new one appeared in its place painted gray and with title white Doric columns and Yurko again began to pace to and fro before it uith his are and armor of coarse cloth. He was known to the greater part of the Germans who lived near the Nikitskay Gate and some of them had even spent Sunday night ben-ath his roof.

Adran immediately made himself acquainted with him as with a man whom sooner or later he might have need of and when the guests took their places at the table they sat down beside each other Flerr Schultz and his wite, and their daughter Lotchen a young girl of seventeen did the honors of the table and helped the cook to server The beer flowed in streams

A charact in a st ry by Pogorelsky a contemporary of Pushkin

Yurko ate like four and Adrian n no way ye ldout him his daughters however, stood upon their dig. AT The conversation which was carried on in German gradually grew more and more noisy Suddenly the host requested a moment's attention and uncorking a

sealed bottle he said loudly in Russian

To the health of my good Louise! The imitation champagne formed. The host tender by kissed the fresh face of his partner and the guests drank noisily to the health of the good Louise.

To the health of my amiable guests! evclaimed the host uncorking a second bottle, and the guests

thanked him by draining their glasses once more
Then followed a succession of toasts The health of

ach individual guest was drunk. Hey drank to Maow and to a round dozen of little German town they drank to the health of all guids in general and of each in particular they drank to the health of the maters and apprentices Adrian drank with assidity and became so jovail, that he proposed a facetious toat him self Suddenly one of the guests a fat baker, raised his glass and exclaimed

To the health of those for whom we work our

This proposal like all the others, was joyously and unanimously received The guests began to salute eath other the rulor bowed to the shoemaker the tomaker to the tailor the baker to both the whole company to the baker and o on In the midst of these mutual congratulations, Yurko exclaimed turning to his neighbor.

Come little father! Drink to the health of your

Everybody laughed but the undertaker considered himself insulted and frowned Nobody nouced it, the

guests continued to drink and the bells had already rung for vespers when they rose from the table

The guests dispersed at a late hour the greater part of them in a very merry mood. The fat baker and the bookbinder whose face seemed as if bound in red mo rocco linked their arms in those of Yurko and con ducted him back to his booth thus observing the proverb One good turn deserves another

The undertaker returned home drunk and angry

Why is it he argued aloud, why is it that my trade is not as honest as any other? Is an undertaker brother to the hangman? Why did those heathens laugh? Is an undertaker a buffoon? I wanted to invite them to my new house and give them a feast but now Ill do nothing of the kind Instead of inviting them, I will invite those for whom I work the orthodox dead.

What is the matter master? said the servant, who was engaged at that moment in taking off his boots why do you talk such nonsense? Make the sign of the cross! Invite the dead to your new house! What non

sensel

Yes by God! I will invite them continued Adrian and that too for tomorrow! Do me the favor my benefactors to come and feast with me tomorrow

evening I will regale you with what God has sent me With these words the undertal er turned into bed

and soon began to snore It was still dark when Adrian was roused out of his sleep Trukhina the merchant's wife had died during the course of that very night and a special messenger was sent off on horseback by her clerk to carry the news to Adrian The undertaker gave him ten copecks to buy brandy with dressed himself as hastily as pos sible took a droshky and set out for Razgulyay At the gate of the house in which the deceased lay the police

had already taken their stand, and the trades-people were busily moving back and forth like ravens that smell a dead body The deceased lay upon a table yel low as wax, but not yet disfigured by decomposition Around her stood her relatives, neighbors and domestic servants. All the windows were open tapers were burning and the priests were reading the prayers for the dead Adrian went up to the nephew of Truk'u a young shopman in a fashionable jacket and in formed him that the coffin wax candles pall and the other funeral accessories would be immediately del r ered in good order The heir thanked him in an absent minded manner saying that he would not bathoun about the price but would rely upon his acting it everything according to his conscience The under taker in accordance with his custom swore that he would not charge him too much exchanged signincant glances with the clerk, and then departed to commente operations

The whole day was spent in passing to and fro between Razgulyay and the Nikitskaya Gate Toward chening everything was finished and he returned home on foot after having dismissed his driver. It was moonlight night. The undertaker reached the Ni slaya Gate in safety. Near the Church of the Ascerson he was hailed by our acquaintance Yurko who recoming the undertaker wished him good night for was fite. The undertaker was just approaching his house when suddenly he fanired he saw some one proach his gate open the wicket and disappear within What does that mean? Hought Adrian What does that mean? I hought Adrian What one of the was fit and the same of the was fitted to the was fitted to the same of the was fitted to the same of the was fitted to the same of the was fitted to the was fitted to the same of the was fitted to t

me' Or have my foolish guls got lovers coming after them? It means no good I fear!

And the undertaker thought of calling his friend Yurko to his assistance. But at that moment, another person approached the wicket and was about to enter but seeing the master of the house hastening toward him he stopped and took off his three-cornered hat His face seemed familiar to Adrian but in his hurry he was not able to examine it closely

You are favoring me with a visit said Adrian out of breath Wall in I beg of you

Don't stand on ceremony sir replied the other in a hollow voice you go first and show your guests the way

Adrian had no time to spend upon ceremony. The wicket was open he a cended the steps followed by the other. Adrian thought he could hear people walking about in his rooms.

What the devil does all this mean! he thought to himself and he hastened to enter. But the sight that met his eyes caused his legs to give way beneath him

The room was full of corpses The moon shuning through the windows lit up their yellow and blue faces sunken mouths dim half-losed eyes and protruding noses. Adrian with horror recognized in them people that he himself had but ed and in the guest who had entered with him the brigadier who had been buried during the pouring rain. They all ladies and gentlemen surrounded the undertaker with bowings and salutations except one poor man lately buried graits who conscious and ashamed of his rags did not venture to approach but meekly kept to a corner. All the others were decently dressed the female corpses in caps and ribbons the officials in uniforms but with their beards unshaven the tradesmen in their holiday caftans.

You see Prokhorov said the brigadier in the name of all the honorable company we have all risen in response to your invitation. Only those have stopped at home who were unable to come, who have crumbled

512 to pieces and have nothing left but fleshless bones But even of these there was one who hadn t the patience to remain behind—so much did he want to come and

see you At this momen a little skeleton pushed his way through the crowd and approached Adrian His shull smiled affably at the undertaker Shreds of green and red cloth and rotten linen hung on him here and there as on a pole, and the bones of his feet rattled inside his

big jackboots like pestles in mortars You do not recognize me Prokhorov, said the

skeleton Don't you remember the retired sergeant of the Guard Pyotr Petrovich Kurilkin the same in whom in the year 1799 you sold your first coffin and a deal one at that instead of oak, as agreed?

With these words the corpse stretched out his bony arms toward him, but Adrian, collecting all his strength shricked and pushed him away Pyotr Petro vich staggered fell and crumbled to pieces Among the corpses arose a murmur of indignation all stood up tor the honor of their companion, and they over whelmed Adrian with such threats and curses, that the poor host deafened by their shrieks and almost crush ed to death lost his presence of mind fell upon the bones of the retired sergeant of the Guard and swoon ed away For some time the sun had been shining upon the

bed on which the undertaker lay At last he opened his eyes and saw before him the servant attending to the samovar With horror Adrian recalled all the meder \$ of the previous day Trukhina the brigader and the sergeant kurilkin rose saguely before his imagination. He waited in silence for the servant to open the con-

versation and inform him of the events of the night How you have slept Adrian Prokhorovich ad Aksinya handing him his dressing gown Your neigh

513

Did anyone come for me from the late Trukhina? The late? Is she dead then?"

What a fool you are! Didn't you yourself help me yesterday to prepare the things for her funeral?

Have you taken leave of your senses, master or have you not yet recovered from the effects of yester

day's drinking bout? What funeral was there yester

day? You spent the whole day feasting at the German s

and then came home drunk and threw yourself upon

the bed and have slept till this hour when the bells

have already rung for mass

Really! said the undertaker greatly relieved

Yes indeed replied the servant Well since that is the case, make tea as quickly as

possible and call my daughters

THE POSTMASTER

This tyrant a collegiate recorder
Still keeps the posting station in good order
Prince Vyazemsky

HO has not cursed postmasters who has not quarreled with them? Who in a moment of anger has not demanded from them the fatal book in order to record in it unavailing complaints of their ex tortions rudeness and carelessness? Who does not look upon them as monsters of the human ra e equal to the attorneys of old or at least the Murom highway men? Let us however, be just, let us place ourselves in their position and perhaps we shall begin to jude them with more indulgence. What is a postmaster? A veritable martyr of the fourteenth class 1 projected by his rank from blows only and that not always (I appeal to the conscience of my readers) What is the func tion of this tyrant as Prince Vyazemsky jokingly calls him? Is he not an actual galley slave? He has nor either day or night All the vexation accumula ed dur ing the course of a wearisome journey the traveler vents upon the postmaster. Should the weather protections the state of intolerable, the road abominable the driver obstinate the horses stubborn—the postmaster is to blame En tering into his poor abode the traveler looks upon him as an enemy and the postmaster is fortunate if he suc

The officials of Russia were dided into furteen ela eta the fourteenth being the lowest

cceds in soon ketting rid of his unbidden guest but if there should happen to be no horses! Hervens! what volleys of abuse what threats are showered upon his head! When it rains when it is middy he is compelled to run about the village during times of storm and bitter frost he is glad to seek, helter in the entry if only to enjoy a minute's repose from the shouting and josting of incensed travelers.

A general arrives the trembling postmaster gives him the two last troikas including that intended for the courier. The general drives off without uttering a word of thanks. Five manutes afterwards—a bell!

and a courier throws down upon the table before him his order for fresh post horses! Let us bear all this well in mind and instead of anger our hearts will be filled with sincere compassion A few words more During a period of twenty years I have t aversed Rus sia in every direction. I know nearly all the post roads and I am acquainted with several generations of driv ers There are very few postmasters that I do not know personally and few with whom I have not had some thing to do I hope shortly to publish the curious ob servations that I have noted down during my travels For the present I will only say that the class of post masters is presented to the public in a very false light These much calumniated officials are generally very peaceful persons obliging by nature disposed to be so ciable modest in their pretensions to honors and not too greedy From their conversation (which traveling gentlemen very unreasonably scorn) much may be learnt that is both curious and instructive. For my own part I confess that I prefer their tall to that of some official of the sixth class traveling on government busi

It may easily be supposed that I have friends among the honorable body of postmasters. Indeed the mem ory of one of them is precious to me Circumstances once brought us together, and it is of him that I now intend to tell my amiable readers

In the month of May of the year 1816 I happened to b reveling through the X Government along a route that he since been abandoned I then held an inferior rank, and I traveled by post stages paying the fare for two horses As a consequence the postmasters treated me with very little ceremony, and I often had to take by force what, in my opinion belonged to me by right Being young and hot tempered, I was indignant at the paseness and cowardice of the postmaster, when the latter harnessed to the coach of some gentleman or rank the horses prepared for me It was a long time too before I could get accustomed to being served out of my turn by a discriminating flunkey at the gover nor s dinner Today the one and the other seem to me to be in the natural order of things Indeed what would become of us if in tead of the generally ob s rved rule Let rank honor rank another were to be brought into use as for example Let mind honor mind? What disputes would arise! And whom would

the butler serve first? But to return to my story.

The day was hot About three versts from the N station a drizzling rain came on and in a few mautes 1 oegan to pour down in torrents and I was drenched to the skin On arriving at the station, my first tre was to change my clothes as quickly as possible, ny second to ask for some tea.

Hi! Dunya! 1 cried the postmaster prepare the

I movar and go and get some cream At these words a young girl of about fourteen year f age appeared from behind the partition and ranout into the entry Her beauty struck me Is that your daughter? I inquired of the post master

That is my daughter he replied with a look of gratified pride and she is so sharp and sensible just like her late mother."

Then he began to register my traveling passport and I occupied rayself with examining the pictures that adorned his humble but tidy abode. They illustrated the story of the Produgal Son. In the first a venerable old man in a night-cap and dressing gown was tak ing leave of the restless lad who was hastily accepting his blessing and a bag of money. In the next picture the dissolute conduct of the Joung man was depicted in vivid colors. In was repre ented sitting at table sur rounded by fall e friends and shameless women. Fur ther on the ruined youth in rags and a three cornered hat was tending swine and sharing with them their food his face expressed deep grief and repentance. The last picture represented his return to his tather the good old man in the same night-cap and dressing gown runs forward to meet him the producal son 15 on his knees in the distance the cook is killing the fatted calf and the elder brother is asking the servants the cause of all the rejoicing Under each picture I read some suitable German verses All this I have preserved n my memory to the present day as well as the little pots of balsamine, the bed with gay curtains and the o her objects with which I was then surrounded I can see as though he were before me, the host himself a nan of about fifty years of age healthy and vigorous in his long green coat with three medals on faded ribbons

I had scarcely settled my account with my old driver when Dunya returned with the samovar. The little coquette saw at the second glance the impression she had produced upon me she lowered her large blue eyes

518

I began to talk to her, she answered me without the least timidity like a girl who has seen the world I of fered her father a glass of punch to Dunya hersell save a cup of tea, and then the three of us began to converse together as if we were old acquaintances.

The horses had long been ready, but I felt reluctant to take leave of the postmaster and his daughter At last I bade them good bye, the father wished me a pleasant journey the daughter accompanied me to the coach. In the entry I stopped and asked her permission to hiss her Dunya consented I can reckon up a great many kisses

Since first I chose this occupation

but not one which has left behind such a long such a pleasant recollection

Several years passed and circumstances led me to the same route and to the same neighborhood

But thought I perhaps the old postmaster has been changed and Dunya may already be marred. The thought that one or the other of them might be dead also flashed through my mind and I approached the NI of the borse of the property of the NI of the borse of the property of the NI of the borse of the NI of the borse of the property of the NI of the borse of the property of the proper

dead also flashed through my mind and I approached the N station with a sad foreboding. The hories drew up before the little post house. On entering the room, I immediately recognized the pictures illustrating the story of the Produgal. Son The table and the bed stod in the same places as before but the flowers were no longer on the window sills, and everything around in dicated decay and neglect.

The postmaster was asleep under his sheep-skin only, my arrival awoke him and he stood up. It was certainly Samson Vyrin but how aged! While he was preparing to register my traveling passport, I gazel at his gray hair the deep wrinkles upon his face thand not been shaved for a long time his bent back an I I was astonished to see how three or four years had

been able to transform a vigorous individual into a feeble old man

Do you recognize me? I asked him we are old acquaintances

Maybe, replied he sullenly this is a high road and many travelers have stopped here

Is your Dunya well? I continued The old man frowned

"God knows he replied

Probably she is married? said I

The old man pretended not to have heard my ques tion and went on reading my passport in a low tone. I ceased questioning him and ordered some tea Curi osity began to torment me, and I hoped that the punch would loosen the tongue of my old acquaintance

I was not mistal en the old man did not refuse the proffered glass I observed that the rum dispelled his sullenness At the second glass he began to talk he re membered me or appeared to do so and I heard from him a story which at the time deeply in erested and

affected me

So you knew my Dunya? he began But who did not know her? Ah Dunya Dunya! What a girl she was! Everybody who passed this way praised her nobody had a word to say against her The ladies used to give her presents-now a handkerchief now a pair of earrings The gentlemen used to stop on purpose, as if to dine or to take supper but in reality only to take a longer look at her However angry a gentleman might be in her presence he grew calm and spoke graciously to me Would you believe it sir couriers and government messengers used to talk to her for half an hour at a stretch It was she held the home together she put everything in order got everything ready and looked after everything And I like an old fool could not look at her enough could not idolize



her needlework beside his bed In the presence of the postmaster the sick man groaned and scarcely uttered word but he drank two cups of coffee and groan ing ordered dinner Dunya did not quit his side He constantly asked for something to drink and Dunya gave him a jug of lemonade prepared by herself The sick man moistened his lips and each time on return ing the jug he feebly pressed Dunya's hand in token of gratifude

About dinner time the doctor arrived He felt the sick man's pulse spoke to him in German and de clared in Russian that he only needed rest and that in about a couple of days he would be able to set out on his journey The Hussar gave him twenty five rubles for his visit and invited him to dinner the doctor con sented They both ate with great appetite drank a bot tle of wine, and separated very well satisfied with each other

Another day passed and the Hussar felt quite him self again. He was extraordinarily gay joked unceas ingly now with Dunya now with the postmaster whistled tunes chatted with the travelers copied their passports into the register and the worthy postmaster took such a fancy to him that when the third day arrived it was with regret that he parted with his

amuable guest

The day was Sunday Dunya was preparing to go to mass The Hussar's hibitha stood ready. He took leave of the postmaster after having generously recompensed him for his board and lodging bade farewell to Dunya and offered to drive her as far as the church which was situated at the edge of the village Duny? hesitated

What are you afraid of? asked her father His Excellency is not a wolf he won t eat you Drive with

522 Dunya seated herself in the kibitka by the side of the Hussar, the servant sprang upon the box, the daver whistled and the horses started off at a gallop

The poor postmaster could not understand how he could have allowed his Dunya to drive off with the Hussar how he could have been so blind and what had become of his senses at that moment A half hour had not elapsed before his heart began to ache, and uneasiness took possession of him to such a degree that he could contain himself no longer and started off for ma s himself On reaching the church he saw that the people were already beginning to disperse, but Dunya was neither in the churchyard nor in the porch He hastened into the church the priest was leaving the thancel the sexton was blowing out the candles two old women were still praying in a corner but Dunya was not in the church. The poor father was scarcely able to summon up sufficient resolution to ask the sex ton if she had been to mass. The sexton replied that she had not The postmaster returned home neither alive nor dead One hope alone remained to him Dunya in the thoughtlessness of youth might have taken it into her head to go on as far as the next station where her godmother lived In agonizing agitation he awaited There was no sign of it. At last in the evening the driver arrived alone and intoxicated with the terrible news Dunya went on with the Hussar from the next station

The old man could not bear his misfortune he im mediately took to that very same bed where the even ing before the young deceiver had lain Taking all the circumstances into account the postmaster now came to the conclusion that the illness had been a mere pre tence The poor man fell ill with a violent fever h was removed to S-, and in his place another person

was appointed for the time being. The same doctor who had attended the Hussar attended the Hussar attended him also Pe assured the postmaster that the young man had been perfectly well and that at the time of his visit he had suspected him of some evil intention but that he had kept silent through fear of his whip. Whether the Ger man spoke the truth or only wished to boast of hi perspicacity his communication afforded no consolation to the poor invalid Scarcely had the latter recovered from his illness when he obtained from the post master of S—— two months leave of absence and without saying a word to anybody of his intention he set out on foot in search of his daughter. From the traveling passport he knew that Captain

Minsky was journeying from Smolens, to St Peters burg The driver with whom he had gone off said that Dunya had wept the whole of the way although she seemed to go of her own free will

Perhaps thought the postmaster I shall bring my lost lamb home again

With this thought he reached St. Petersburg stoppe 4 in the neighborhood of the Izmailovsky barracks at the house of a retured corporal an old comrade of his and began his search. He soon discovered that Captain Minsky was in St. Petersburg and was living at Demoute's lim. The postmaster resolved to call upon him.

Early in the morning he went to Minsky's ante chamber and requested that His Excellency might be informed that an old soldier wished to see him. The orderly who was just then polishing a boot on a boot tree informed him that his master was still asleep and that he never received anybody before eleven o clock. The postmaster retured and returned at the appointed time. Minsky himself came out to him in his dressing gown and red skull-cap.

Well brother what do you want? he asked

The old man's heart was wrung, tears started to his eyes and he was only able to say in a trembling voice Your Excellency! do me the great favor!

Minsky glanced quickly at him flushed took him by the hand led him into his study and locked the door

Your Excellencyl continued the old man what has fallen from the load is lost give me back at least my poor Dunya You have had your pleasure with her do not ruin her for nothing

What is done cannot be undone said the young man, in the utmost confusion, I am guilty before you, and am ready to ask your pardon but do not this that I could forsake Dunya she will be happy I give you my word of honor. Why do you want her She loves me, she has become unaccustomed to her former way of living Neither you nor she will forget want has happened

Then pushing something into the old man's cuff he opened the door and the postmaster without remem

bering how found himself in the street again For a long time he stood motionless at last he observed in the cut of his sleeve a roll of papers he drew them out and unrolled several fifty ruble notes. Te-s again filled his eyes terrs of indignation! He crished the notes into a ball flung them upon the grow d, stamped upon them with the heel of his boot and then walked away After having gone a few steps be stopped, reflected, and returned but the notes were no longer there A well-dressed young man noticing him ran tow ird a droshky jumped in hurriedly, and cried to the driver Go on!

The postmaster did not pursue him He resolved to return home to his stition but before doing so be wished to see his poor Dunya once more For that pur pose he returned to Minsky's lodgings a couple of days later but when he came the orderly told han roughly that his master received nobody pushed him out of the ante-chamber and slammed the door in his face. The postmaster stood waiting for a long time then he walked away.

then ne waiked away

That same day in the evening he was walking along Litemana Street having been to a service at the Church of Our Lady of All the Sorrowing Suddenly a smart drothly flew past him and the postmaster recognized Minsky. The drothly stopped in front of a three story house, close to the entrance and the Hussar ran up the steps. A happy thought flashed through the mind of the postmaster. He returned and approaching the coachman

Whose horse is this my friend? asked he Doesn t

it belong to Minsky? Exactly so replied the coachman what do you

want?

Well your master ordered me to carry a letter to

Well your master ordered me to carry a letter to his Dunya and I have forgotten where his Dunya lives

She lives here, on the second floor. But you are late with your letter my friend he is with her himself just now.

That doesn't matter replied the postmaster with an indescribable emotion. Thanks for your information I shall do as I was told. And with these words he ascended the staircase

The door was locked he rang There was a pain ful delay of several seconds The key rattled and the door was opened Does Avdotya Samsonovna live here? he asked

Yes replied a young maidservant what do you

want with her?
The postmaster without replying walked into the

You mustn't go in you mustn't go in! the servant

cried out after him Avdotya Samsonovna has visi But the postmaster, without heeding her walked

straught on The first two rooms were dark in the third there was a light. He approached the open door and paused In the room which was beautifully fur nished sat Minsky in deep thought Dunya attired in the most elegant fashion, was sitting upon the arm of his chair, like a lady rider upon her English sadde She was gazing tenderly at Minsky, and winding his black curls round her dazzling fingers Poor pour 15ter! Never had his daughter seemed to him so beauti tul he admired her against his will

Who is there? she asked, without raising her head He remained silent Receiving no reply Dunya

raised her head and with a cry she fell upon the carpet The alarmed Minsky hastened to pick her up but suddenly catching sight of the old postmaster in the doorway he left Dunya and approached him trem bling with rage

What do you want? he said to him elenching his teeth Why do you steal after me everywhere like a thief? Or do you want to murder me? Be off! ard with a powerful hand he seized the old man by the

collar and pushed him out onto the stairs

The old man returned to his lodgings His frie d advised him to lodge a complaint but the postmatter reflected waved his hand and resolved to abstain from tal ing any further steps in the matter Two days af ward he left bt Petersburg and returned to his stat on to resume his duties

This is the third year" he concluded that I have been living without Dunya and I have not heard 3 word about her Whether she is alive or not-God's knows So many things bappen. She is not the fix

nor yet the la t that a traveling seoundrel has seduced kept for a little while and then abandoned There are many such young fools in St. Petersburg today in satin and welv t. Ind tomorrow swe,ping the streets along with the riff raft of the dram shops. Sometimes when I think that Dunya also may come to such an ind then in spite of myself. I sin and wish her in her grave.

Such was the story of my friend the old postimister a story more than once interrupted by tears which he picturesquely wiped away with the skirt of his coat, like the zealous Terentyich in Dmitrijves beautiful ballad. These tears were partly induced by the punch of which he had drunk five glasses during the course of his narrative but for all that they moved me deep ly Afer talling leave of him it was a long time before I could forget the old postmaster and for a long time I thought of poor Dunya

Passing through the little town of X a short time ago I remembered my friend I heard that the station over which he ruled had been done away with To my question. Is the old postmister still alive? no body could give me a satisfactory reply I resolved to any a visit to the familiar place and having hired horses I set out for the village of N—

It was in the autumn Gray clouds covered the sky a cold wind blew across the reaped fields carrying along with it the red ind yellow leaves from the trees that it encountered I arrived in the village at sunset and stopped at the little post house. In the entry (where Dunya had once lissed me) a stout woman catne out to meet me and in answer to my questions replied that the o'd postmaster had been dead for about a year that his house was occupied by a brewer

and that she was the brewer's wife I began to regret my useless journey, and the seven rubles that I had spent in vain

Of what did he die? I asked the brewer's wife

Of drink sir, she replied And where is he buried?

On the outskirts of the village, near his late wife

Could somebody take me to his grave?

To be sure! Hi Vanka you have played with that cat long enough Take this gentleman to the cemetery and show him the postmaster s grave

At these words a ragged lad with red hair and blind in one eye ran up to me and immediately began to lead the way toward the burial ground

Did you know the dead man? I asked him on the

road Yes indeed! He taught me how to cut whistles When he came out of the dram shop (God rest his soull) we used to run after him and call out Grand

father! grandfather! some nuts! and he used to thron nuts to us He always used to play with us

And do the travelers remember him?

There are very few travelers now the assesser passes this way sometimes but he doesn't trouble him, self about dead people Last summer a lad) passed through here and she asked after the old postmaster and went to his grave

What sort of a lady? I asked with curiosity

A very beautiful lady replied the lad She was an a carriage with six horses and had along with her three little children a nurse and a little black lapdog and then they told her that the old postmaster was dead she began to cry and said to the children St still I will go to the cemetery I offered to show her the way But the lady said I know the way And she such a kind lidy! have me a five copeck piece

We reached the cometery a bare place with no fence

around it dotted with wooden crosses which were not shaded by a single tree Never in my life had I seen such a dismal cemetery This is the old postmaster's grave said the lad to

me, leaping upon a heap of sand in which was planted a black cross with a bronze ikon

And did the lady come here? I asked tes replied Vanka I watched her from a dis tance She cast herself down here and remained lying down for a long time Then she went back to the vil

lage sent for the priest gave him some money and drove off after giving me a five-copeck piece such a kind lady!

And I too gave the lad a five-copeck piece and I no longer regretted the journey nor the seven ribles that I had spent on it

MISTRESS INTO MAID

You're pretty Dushenka no matter what you near Bogdanovsch

N one of our remote provinces was situated the estate of Ivan Petrovich Berestov In his youth he had served in the Guards, but having quitted the service at the beginning of the year 1707 he repaired to his village and since that time he had not stirred from it He had been married to a penniless gentlewoman was had died in child bed at a time when he was absent from home on a visit to one of the outlying fields of his estate He soon found consolution in attending to his affairs. He built a house on a plan of his own, established a textile mill tripled his revenues, and be gan to consider himself the most intelligent man in the whole country roundabout, and in this he was not contradicted by his neighbors who came to visit him with their families and their dogs On week-days he wore a velveteen jacket but on Sundays and holidays he appeared in a surtout of cloth that had been manu factured on his own premises He himself kept an ac count of all his expenses and he never read anything

except the Senate Bulletins
In general he was liked although he was considered
proud There was only one person who was not on
good terms with him and that was Grigory Junovich Muromsky his nearest neighbor This latter was a

genune Russian genuleman After having squandered the greater part of his fortune in Moscow and having become a widower about the same time he retured to his last remaining estate, where he continued to in dulge in habits of extravagance, but of a new kind He laid out an English garden on which he expended nearly the whole of his remaining revenue His grooms were dressed like English jockeys, his daughte had an English governess and his fields were culturated after the English method

But Russian corn fares ill u hen foreign u ays are follou ed

and in spite of a considerable reduction in his expenses the revenues of Grigory Ivanovich did not increase He found means even in the country of contracting new d bts Nevertheless he was not considered a fool for he was the first landowner in his province who con ceived the idea of mortgaging his estate in the Tutorial Council-a proceeding which at that time was consid ered exceedingly complicated and venturesome Of all those who censured him. Berestov showed himself the most severe. Hatred of all innovation was a distin guishing trait in his character. He could not bring him self to speak calmly of his neighbor's Anglomania and he constantly found occasion to criticise him If he showed his possessions to a guest in reply to the praises bestowed upon him for his economical arrange ments, he would say with a sly smile

Yes, sur it is not the same with me as with my neighbor Grigory Ivanovich. What need have we to ruin ourseves in the English style when we have enough to do to keep the wolf from the door in the

Russian style "

These, and similar sarcastic remarks thanks to the zeal of obliging neighbors did not fail to reach the ears of Grigory Ivanovich greatly embellished. The

MISTRESS INTO MAID

You're pretty Dushenka no matter what you wear Bogdanovich

N one of our remote provinces was situated the estate L of Ivan Petrovich Berestov In his youth he had served in the Guards but having quitted the service at the beginning of the year 1797 he repaired to his village and since that time he had not stirred from it He had been married to a penniless gentlewoman, who had died in child bed at a time when he was absent from home on a visit to one of the outlying fields of his estate He soon found consolation in attending to his affairs He built a house on a plan of his own established a textile mill tripled his revenues and be gan to consider himself the most intelligent man in the whole country roundabout and in this he was not contradicted by his neighbors who came to visit him with their families and their dogs On week-days he wore .. velveteen jacket, but on Sundays and holidays he appeared in a surtout of cloth that had been manu factured on his own premises. He himself kept an ac count of all his expenses, and he never read anything except the Senate Bulletins

except title Senate Builtetins
In general he was liked although he was considered
proud There was only one person who was not on
good terms with him and that was Grigory Ivanovich Muromsky his nearest neighbor This latter was a

genune Russian gentleman After having squandered the greater part of his fortune in Moscow, and having become a widower about the same time he retired to his last remaining estate where he continued to in dulge in habits of extravagance but of a new kind He laid out an English garden on which he expended nearly the whole of his remaining revenue His grooms were dressed like English jockeys his daughter had an English governess and his fields were cultivated after the English method

But Russian corn fares ill when foreign ways are followed

and in spite of a considerable reduction in his expenses the revenues of Grigory Ivanovich did not increase He found means even in the country of contracting new d bts Nevertheless he was not considered a fool for he was the first landowner in his province who con ceived the idea of mortgaging his estate in the Tutorial Council-a proceeding which at that time was consid ered ex eedingly complicated and venturesome Of all those who consured him Rerestoy showed himself the most severe Harred of all innovation was a distinguishing trait in his character. He could not bring him self to speak calmly of his neighbor's Anglomania and he constantly found occasion to criticise him If he showed his possessions to a guest in reply to the praises bestowed upon him for hi economical arrange ments he would say with a sly smile

Yes sir it is not the same with me as with my neighbor Grigory Ivanovich. What need have we to ruin ourse ves in the English style when we have enough to do to keep the wolf from the door in the Russian style?

These and similar sarcastic remarks thanks to the zeal of obliging neighbors did not fail to reach the ears of Grigory Ivanovich greatly embellished. The

PROSE Anglomaniae bore criticism as impatiently as our jour

nalists He became furious, and called his traducer a boor and a country bumpkin Such were the relations between the two proprietors,

when Berestov's son came home. He had been educated at the University of - and intended to enter the mili tary service, but to this his father would not give his consent For the civil service the young man had not the slightest inclination and as neither felt inclined to yield to the other the young Alexey lived in the mean time like a gentleman and at any rate allowed his mustache to grow 1

Alexey was indeed a fine young fellow, and it would really have been a pity were his slender frame never to be set off to advantage by a military uniform and were he to be compelled to spend his youth in bending over the papers of the chancery office instead of cutting a figure on horseback. The neighbors, observing how at the hunt he always dashed ahead across the fields agreed that he would never make a proper clerk The young ladies cast glances at him and sometimes could not leave off looking at him, but Alexey troubled him self very little about them and they attributed this in sensibility to some secret love affair Indeed there passed from hand to hand a copy of the address on one of his letters To Akulina Petrovna Kurochkina in Moscow opposite the Alexeyevsky Monastery, in the house of the coppersmith Savelyev with the request that she hand this letter to A N R

Those of my readers who have never lived in the coun ry canot imagine how charming these provincial young ladies are! Brought up in the pure air under the shadow of their own apple trees they derive their knowledge of the world and of life from books

It was formerly the custom in Russ a for military men only or wear the mustache

Solitude freedom and reading develop very early within them sentiments and passions unknown to our town bred beauties For the young ladies of the coun try the sound of harness bells is an event a journey to the nearest town marks an epoch in their lives and the visit of a guest leaves behind a long and sometimes an everlasting memory Of course everybody is at lib erty to laugh at some of their peculiarities but the jokes of a superficial observer cannot nullify their es sential merits the chief of which is that quality of character that individualité without which in Jean Paul's opinion there can be no human greatness In the capitals women receive perhaps a better education but intercourse with the world soon smooths down the character and makes their souls as uniform as their head-dresses This is said neither by way of judgment nor of censure but rota nostra manet as one of the old commentators writes

old commentators writes
It can easily be imagined what impression Alexev
produced in the circle of our young ladies He was the
first who appeared before them gloomy and disen
chanted the first who spoke to them of lost happiness
and of his blighted youth in addition to which he
wore a black ring engraved with a deaths head All
this was something quite new in that province The
young ladies went mad over him

young ladies went mad over him But not one of them felt so much interest in him as the daughter of our Anglomaniac, Liza or Betsy as Grigory Ivanovich usually called her As their parents did not visit each other she had not yet seen Alexe, even when he had become the sole topic of conversa too among all the young ladies of the neighborhood She was seventeen years old Dark eyes illuminated her swarthy and exceedingly pleasant countenance She was an only and consequently a spouled child Her liveliness and continual pranks delighted her father

and filled with despair the heart of Miss Jackson, her governess an affected old maid of forty, who pow dered her face and darkened her eyebrows read through Parela twice a year, for which she received two thousand rubles and was dying of boredom in

this barbarous Russia

534

Liza was waited upon by Nastya who although somewhat older was quite as giddy as her mistress Liza was very fond of her, confided to her all her secrets and planned pranks together with her in a word Nastya was a far more important person in the village of Priluchino than the trusted confidante in a French tragedy Will you allow me to go out to-day on a visit?

said Nastya one morning as she was dressing her mis tress

Certainly but where are you going to?
To Tugilovo to the Berestovs The wife of their cook is going to celebrate her name-day to-day, and he came over yesterday to invite us to dinner

Well! said Liza the masters are at odds with

each other but the servants entertain each other What have the masters to do with us? replied Nastya Besides I belong to you and not to your papa You have not had any quarrel with young Bete stoy let the old ones quarrel and fight if it gives them

any pleasure "Try and see Alexey Berestov, Nastya and then tell

me what he looks like and what sort of a person he is

Nastya promised to do so and all day long Liza waited with impatience for her return In the evening

Nastya made her appearance
Well Lizaveta Grigoryevna said she on enter
ing the room. I have seen young Berestov and I had
ample opportunity for taking a good look at him for

we have been together all day

How did that happen? Tell me about it tell me everything just as it happened

Very well We set out I Anisya Yegorovna Nen ıla Dunka

Yes yes I know And then?

With your leave I will tell you everything in de tail We arrived just in time for dinner The room was full of people The folk from kolbino were there from Zakharvevo the builiff's wife and her daughters the people from Khlupino

Well and Pereston?

Wast a moment. We at down to table the bailiff's wife had the place of honor I sat next to her daughters sulked but I didn't care about them

Good heavens Nastva how tiresome you are with

your never-ending details!

How impatient you are! Well we rose from the we had been itting down for three hours and the dinner wa excellent pastry blanc mange, Well we left the table and blue red and striped went into the garden to have a game of tag and it was then that the young master made his appearance

Well and is it true that he is so very handsome? Exceedingly handsome tall well-built and with

red checks

Really? And I was under the impression that he was pale Well and how did he seem to you? Sad thoughtful?

Nothing of the kind! I have never in my life een such a madcap He joined in our game

Joined in your game of tag? Impossible! Not at all impossible And what else do you think he did? He d catch you and kiss you!

With your permission Nastya you are fibbing With your permission I am not fibbing I had the

greatest trouble in the world to get away from him. He spent the whole day with us"

But they say that he is in love and hasn't eyes for

anybody

I don t know anything about that but I know that he looked at me a good deal and so he did at Tanya the bailiff's daughter, and at Pasha from Kolbino too But it cannot be said that he misbehaved-the scamp!

That is extraordinary! And what do they say about

him in the house?

They say that he is an excellent master-so kind, so cheerful They have only one fault to find with him he is too fond of running after the girls But for my part I don't think that is a very great fault he will settle down with age

How I should like to see him! said Liza with 2

sigh What is so difficult about it? Tugilovo is not fat from us-only about three versts Go and take a walk in that direction or a ride on horseback, and you will assuredly meet him He goes out early every morning with his gun

No no that would not do He might think that I was running after him Besides, our fathers are not on good terms so that I cannot make his acquaintance

Ahl Nastya do you know what I il do? I will

dress myself up as a peasant gull

Exactly! Put on a coarse blouse and a sarajan and then go boldly to Tugilovo I will answer for it that Berestov will not pass you by

And I know how to speak like the peasants about here Ah Nastya! my dear Nastya! what an excellent ideal

And Liza went to bed firmly resolved on putting

her plan into execution The next morning she began to prepare to carry out her plan She sent to the market and bought some coarse linen some blue nankeen and some copper but tons and with the help of Nastya she cut out for her self a blouse and sarafan She then set all the female servants to work to do the necessary sewing so that by evening everything was ready Liza tried on the new tostume and as she stood before the mirror she con fessed to herself that she had never looked so charm ing Then she rehearsed her part As she walked she made a low bow and then nodded her head several times after the manner of a clay cat, spoke in the peas ants dialect smiled behind her sleeve and exrued Nastya's complete approval One thing only proved it some to her she tried to walk barefooted across the courtyard but the turf pricked her tender feet and she found the sand and gravel unbearable Nastya im mediately came to her assistance. She took the meas urement of Liza's foot, ran to the fields to find Tro fim the shepherd and ordered him to make a pair of

bast shoes to fit

The next morning at crack o dawn Liza was al teady awake. Everybody in the house was still asleep Nastya at the gate was waiting for the shepherd. The sound of a horn was heard, and the village flock defiled past the manor house. Trofim as he passed Nastya gave her a small pair of colored bast shoes and received from her a half ruble in exchange. Liza quietly dressed herself in the peasints costume, whispered her instructions to Nastya with reference to Miss Jack-on descended the back staircase and made her way through the kitchen garden into the field beyond.

The eastern sky was all aglow and the golden rows of clouds seemed to be awaiting the sun 'us courtiers await their monarch. The clear sky the freshness of the morning the dow the light breeze and the s ng ing of the b rds filled the heart of Liza with childish

joy The fear of meeting some acquaintance seemed to give her wings for she flew rather than walked But as she approached the grove which formed the bound ary of her father's estate, she slickened her pace Here she resolved to wait for Alexey Her heart beat violent ly, she knew not why but is not the fear which accom panies our youthful escapades their greatest charm? Liza advanced into the depth of the grove The muf fled undulating murmur of the branches welcomed the young girl Her gaiety vanished Little by little she abandoned herself to sweet reverses She thought-but who can say exactly what a young lady of seventeen thinks of, alone in a grove at six o clock of a spring morning? And so she walked musingly along the path way which was shaded on both sides by tall trees when suddenly a magnificent hunting dog barled at her Liza became frightened and cried out But at the same moment a voice called out Tout beau Shogar and a young hunter emerged from behind

a clump of bushes Don't be afruid my dear said he to Liza my do does not bite

Liza had already recovered from her fright and she

mmediately took advantage of her opportunity
But sir said she assuming a half frightened half bashful expression I am so afraid he looks so her e

-he might fly at me again Alexey-for the reader has already recognized him

-gazed fixedly at the young peasant girl

I will accompany you if you are afraid he said to her will you allow me to walk along with you

Who is to hinder you? replied Liza A free man may do as he likes and the road is everybody s

Where do you come from From Priluchino, I am the daughter of Vassil) the olacksmith and I am going to gathe mushrooms

(Liza carried a basket on ner arm) And you sir? From Tugilovo I have no doubt Exactly so replied Alexey I am the young mas

ter's valet

Alexey wanted to put himself on an equal footing with her but Liza looked at him and laughed

That is a fib said she. I am not such a fool as you may think I see very well that you are the young mas ter himself

Why do you think so?

I think so for a great many reasons But-

As if it were not possible to tell the master from the servant! You are not dressed like a servant you do not speal like one and you do not call your dog the way we do

Alexey liked Liza more and more. As he was not ac customed to standing upon ceremony with pretty peasant pirls he wanted to embrace her but Liza drew back from him and suddenly assumed such a cold and severe look that Alexey although much amused did not venture to renew the attempt

If you wish that we should remain good friends said she with dignity be good enough not to forget

yourself Who taught you to be so clever? asked Alexey bursting into a laugh Can it be my friend Nastenka the maid of your young mistress? See how enlighten

ment becomes diffused Liza felt that she had stepped out of her role and she

immediately recovered herself Do you think said she that I have never been to the manor house? Don't alarm yourself I have seen and heard a great many things But continued she if I talk to you I shall not gather my mushrooms Go your way sir and I will go mine Pray excuse me.

And she was about to move off but Alexey seized hold of her hand

What is your name, my dear?

Akulina replied Liza endeavoring to disengage her fingers from his grasp but let me go sir it is time for me to return home

Well my friend Akulina I will certainly pay a visit

to your father Vassily the blacksmith

What do you say? exclaimed Liza quickly for Heaven's sake don't think of doing such a thing! If it were known at home that I had been talking to a gentleman alone in the grove I should fare very badly -my father Vassily the blacksmith, would beat me to death

But I really must see you again

Well then, I will come here again some time to ather mushrooms

When?

540

Well tomorrow if you wish it

My dear Akulina, I would kiss you but I dare not Tomorrow, then, at the same time isn t that so?

Yes vest

And you will not deceive me? I will not deceive you

Swear it

Well then I swear by Holy Friday that I will come

The young people separated Liza emerged from the wood crossed the field stole into the garden and h st ened to the place where Nastya awaited her There she changed her costume replying absently to the ques-tions of her impatient confidente and then she re paired to the parlor The cloth was laid the breakfast was ready, and Miss Jackson already powdered and laced up so that she looked like a wine glass, was cut time thin slices of bread and butter

Her father praised her for her early walk

There is nothing so healthy said he "as getting up at daybreak

Then he cited several instances of human longevity which he had taken from the English journals and ob served that all persons who had lived to be upwards of a hundred abstained from brandy and rose at day break winter and summer

Liza did not listen to him. In her thoughts she was going over all the circumstances of the mornings meeting Akulina's whole conversation with the young hunter and her conscience began to torment her In vain did she try to persuade herself that their talk had not some beyond the bounds of propriety and that the prank v ould be followed by no serious consequencesher conscience spoke louder than her reason. The promise given for the following day troubled her more than anything else and she almost felt resolved not to keep her solemn oath But then might not Alexey after waiting for her in vain make his way to the vil lage and search out the daughter of Vassily the black smith the veritable Akulina-a fat pock marked persant girl-and so discover the prank she had played upon him? This thought horrified Liza and she re solved to repair to the little wood the next morning again as Akulina

For his part. Alexey was in an ecs asy of delight. All day long he thought of his new acquaintance and in his dreams at night the form of the dark skinned beauty appeared before him The morning had scarcely begun to dawn when he was already dressed Withou giving himself time to load his gun he set out for the fireds with his faithful Shogar and hastened to the place of the promised rendezvous A half hour of in tole able waiting passed by at last he caught a glimpse of a blue sarafan between the bushes, and he rushed

forward to meet his charming Akulina. She smiled at his ecstasy of gratitude, but Alexey immediately observed upon her face traces of sadness and uneasiness. He wished to know the cause Liza confessed to him that her act seemed to her very frivolous that she re pented of it that this time she did not wish to break her promised word but that this meeting would be the last, and she therefore entreated him to break off an acquaintanceship which could not lead to any good

All this, of course was expressed in the language of a peasant but such thoughts and sentuments so un usual in a simple girl of the lower class struck Alex y with astonishment He employed all his eloquence to divert Akulina from her purpose he assured her that his intentions were honorable, promised her that he would never give her cause to repent that he would obey her in everything and earnestly entreated her not to deprive him of the joy of seeing her alone if only one a day or even only twice a week. He spoke inc language of true passion and at that moment he was

really in love Liza listened to him in silence Give me your word said she at last, "that you will never come to the village in search of me, and that you will never seek a meeting with me except those that I

shall appoint myself Alexey swore by Holy Friday but she stopped him

with a smile

I do not want you to swear, said she your mere word is sufficient

After that they began to converse togetner in a triendly manner strolling about the wood until Liza said to h.m.

Time is up

542

They separated and when Alexey was left alone he could not understand how in two meetings a sumple peasant girl had succeeded in acquiring such real

543

power over him His relations with Akulina had for him all the charm of novelty and although the injunctions of the strange peasant girl appeared to him to be very severe the thought of breal ing his word never once entered his mind The fact was that Alexey in spie of his fateful rine, his mysterious correspondence and his gloomy disenchantment was a good and impulsive young fellow with a pure heart capable of in novent pleasure

Were I to listen to my own wishes only I would here.

were 16 listen to my own wises only I would here enter into a minute description of the interviex s of the young people of their growing inclination toward each other their confidences occupations and conversa tions but I know that the greater part of my readers would not share my interest. Such details are usually considered tedious and uninteresting and therefore I will omit them merely ob erving that before two months had elapsed Alevey was already hopele sly in love and Liza equally so though less demonstrative in revealing the fact. Both were happy in the present and troubled themselves little about the future. The thought of indissoluble ties trequently passed.

The thought or indissoluble uses frequently passed through their minds but never had they spoken, to each other about the matter. The reason was plain Alexey however much attached he might be to his lovely Akulina could not forget the distance that sep arated him from the poor peasant gif while Liza knowing the hattred that existed between their parent did not dare to hope for a mutual reconcilation. More wer her amour proper was stimulated in secret by the obscure and romintic hope of seeing at last the proprie tor of Tugilovo at the feet of the daught r of the Priluino blacksmith. All at once an important scent occurred which threatened to alter their mutual relations.

One bright cold morning—such a morning as is very

544

Berestov went out for a ride on horseback taking with him three pairs of hunting dogs a groom and several peasant boys with clappers. At the same time Grigory Ivanovich Muromsky tempted by the beautiful weath er ordered his bob tailed mare to be saddled and start ed out to visit his Anglicized domains On approach ing the wood he perceived his neighbor sitting proudly on his horse in his cloak lined with for skin waiting for a hare which the boys with loud cries and the ruttling of their clappers, had started out of a thick et If Grigory Ivanovich had foreseen this meeting he would certainly have proceeded in another direction but he came upon Berestov so unexpectedly that he suddenly found himself no farther than the distance of a pistol shot away from him There was no help for it Muromsky like a civilized European rode forward toward his adversary and politely saluted him Beres tov returned the salute with the zeal characteristic of a chained bear who salutes the public in obedience to the order of his master At that moment the hare darted out of the wood and started off across the field Berestov and the groom raised a loud shout let the dogs loose and then gal loped off in pursuit Muromsky s horse not being ac customed to hunting took fright and bolted Murom sky who p ided himself on being a good horseman gave it full rein and inwardly rejoiced at the incident which delivered him from a disagreeable companion But the horse, reaching a ravine which it had not pre viously notired suddenly sprang to one side and Ma

common during our Russian autumn-Ivan Petrovich

romsky was thrown from the saddle Striking the fro en ground with considerable force he lay there curing his bob tailed mare which as if recovering uself had suddenly come to a standstill as soon as ir felt th it was without a rider

Ivan Petrovich hastened toward him and inquired if he had injured himself. In the meantime the groom had secured the guilty horse which he now led for ward by the bridle He helped Muromsky into the saddle, and Berestov invited him to his house Murom sky could not refuse the invitation for he felt indebted to him and so Berestov returned home, covered with glory for having hunted down a hare and for bringing with him his adversary wounded and almost a prison er of war

The two neighbors took breakfast together and con versed with each other in a very friendly manner. Mu romsky requested Berestov to lend him a droshky for he was obliged to confess that owing to his bruises he was not in a condition to return home on horseback Berestov conducted him to the steps and Muromsky did not take leave of him until he had obtained a pro mise from him that he would come the next day in company with Alexey Ivanovich and dine in a friend ly way at Priluchino In this way was a deeply rooted enmity of long standing apparently brought to an end by the skittishness of a bob tailed mare

Liza ran forward to meet Grigory Ivanovich
What does this mean papa? said she with aston
ishment Why are you limping? Where is your
horse? Whose droshky is this?

You will never guess my dear" replied Gri-ory Ivanovich and then he related to her everything that

had happened Liza could not believe her ears. Without giving her time to collect herself Grigory Ivanovich then went on

to inform her that the two berestovs-father and son -would dine with them on the following day

"What do you say? she exclaimed turning pale The Berestovs father and son will dine with us to-

morrowi No, papa you can do as you please, but I shall not show myself

What! Have you taken leave of your senses? It plied her father. Since when have you been so bash ful? Or do you cherish an hereditary hatted toward him like a heroine of romance? Enough, do not be a fool.

No papa not for anything in the world not for

any treasure would I appear before the Berestovs

Grigory Ivanovich shrugged his shoulders, and did not dispute with her any further for he knew that by contradiction he would obtain nothing from her and went to rest after his eventful ride

Lizaveta Grigoryevna repaired to her room and summoned Nastya They both conversed together for a long time about the impending visit. What would Ale ey thinh if in the well bred youn, lady he recognized his Adulna? What opinion would he have of her conduct of her manners of her good sense? On the other hand Liza wished very much to see what im pression would be produced upon him by a meeting so unexpected. Suddenly an idea flashed through her mind 5the communicated it to Nastya bols felt delighted with it and they resolved to carry it into effect.

The next day at breakfast Grigory Ivanovich asked his daughter if she still intended to hide from the Berestovs

Papa replied Laza I will receive them if you wish it but on one condition and that is that however I may appear before them or whatever I may do, you will not be angry with me or show the least sign of astonishment or disoleasure

Some new prank! said Grigory Ivanovich laugh ing Very well, very well I agree do what you like, my dark-eyed romp With these words he kissed her on the forehead and Liza ran off to put her plan into execution

At two o clock precisely a carriage of domestic make drawn by six horses entered the courtyard and rounded the lawn The elder Berestov mounted the steps with the assistance of two lackeys in the Muromsky livery His son came after him on horseback, and together they entered the dining room where the table was already laid Muromsky received his neighbors in the most gracious manner proposed that they inspect his garden and menagerie before dinner and conducted them along paths carefully kept and graveled. The elder Berestov inwardly deplored the time and labor wasted in such useless fancies but he held his tongue out of politeness. His son shared neither the disapprobation of the economical landowner nor the enthusiasm of the vain glorious Anglomaniae but waited with impa tience for the appearance of his host's daughter of whom he had heard a great deal and although his heart as we know was already engaged youthful beauty always had a claim upon his imagination

Returning to the parlor they all three sat down and while the old men recalled their young days and re lated ancedotes of their respective careers in the service, Alexey reflected as to what role he should play in the presence of Loza He decided that an in of cold indifference would be the most becoming under the circum stances and he prepared to act accordingly. The door opened he turned his head with such indifference, with such haughty carelessness that the heart of the most inveterate coquette would inevitably have quaked Unfortunately instead of Liza it was old Miss Jackson who painted and tightly laced entered the room with downcast eyes and with a curtiesy so that Alexeys remarkable military move was wasted He had not succeeded in recovering from his confluion.

when the door opened again and this time it was Lita

All rose, her father was just beginning to involve his guests, when suddenly he stopped short and bit hips Laa, his darl-complevioned Liza was pained white up to the ears and was more heavily made up than even Miss Jackson herself, false cutis much light or than her own hair covered her head like the perule of Louis the Fourteenth, her sleeve à l'imbedit stood our like the hooped slirts of Madame de Ponpa dour, her figure was punched in like the letter X and all her mothers yewels which had not yet found their way to the pawnbroker s, shone upon her fingers, her neck and in her ears.

Alexey could not possibly recognize his Akulina in the grotesque and dazzling young lady His father Lissed her hand and he followed his example though much against his will, when he touched her little white fingers it seemed to him that they trembled In the meantime he succeeded in catching a glimpse of her little foot, intentionally advanced and set off to advan take by the most coquettish shoe imaginable This re conciled him somewhat to the rest of her tollette As for the paint and powder it must be confessed that in the simplicity of his heart he had not noticed them at the first glance and afterwards had no suspicion of them Grigory Ivanovich remembered his promise and endeavored not to show any astonishment but his daughter's prank seemed to him so amusing that he could scarcely contain himself. But the person who ich no inclination to laugh was the prim English gover ness She had a shrewd suspicion that the paint and powder had been extracted from her chest of drawers, and a deep flush of anger was distinctly visible beneath the artificial whiteness of her face. She darted angry glances at the young madcap who reserving her ex

planations for another time pretended that she did not notice them

They sat down to table Alexey cor insued to play his role of assistment indifference and absent mundedness. Liza put on an air of affectation spoke in a sing song through her teeth and only in French. Her father kept constantly looking as her not understanding her object but finding it all exceedingly amusing. The English operates furmed with rage and said not a word Ivan Petrovich alone seemed at home he ate like two drash, heavily laughed at his own jokes and grew more talkative and halarous every woment.

At last they all rose from the table the guests took their departure and Grigory Ivanovich gave free vent

to his laughter and to his questions

What put the idea into your head of fooling them like thit? he said to Lizz. But do you know what? The paint suits you admirably 1 do not wish to fathor the mysteries of a lady's tailette but if I were in your place I would very soon begin to paint not too much of course, but just a little Liza was enchanted with the success of her strata

gem. She embraced her father promised him that she would conside his advice and then hastened to concluse the indigenant Miss Jackson, who with great re listance consented to open the door and listen to her explanations. Leza was assumed to appear before strangers with her dark complexion, she had not dared to ask. She felt sure that dear good Miss Jackson would pardon her etc. etc. Miss Jackson would pardon her etc. etc. Miss Jackson freling con wineed that Laza had not wished to make her a laughting stock, by imitating her calmed down kissed her and as a token of reconciliation made her a present of a small pot of English ceruse which Liza accepted with every appearance of sincere gratitude.

The reader will readily imagine that Liza lost no

550 time in repairing to the rendezvous in the little wood

the next morning

You were at our master's vesterday she said at once to Alexey what do you think of our young mis rress?

Mexey replied that he had not noticed her

That's a pity! replied Liza

Why so? asked Alexey

Because I wanted to ask you if it is true what they SIV-

What do they sav?

Is it true as they say that I am very mu h lke here

Wha nonsense! She is a perfect fresh compared with you

Oh sir it is very wrong of you to speak like that Our young mistress is so fair and so sivil hi Hov could I be compared with her!

Alexey vowed to her that she was more beautiful than all the fair young ladies in creation and in order to pacity her completely, he began to describe her mis cress in such cornical terms that Liza laughed beartil)

But, said she with a sigh even though our young mistress may be ridiculous I am but a poor ignorant

thing in comparison with her

On! said Alexev is that anything to break your heart about? If you wish it, I vill soon teach you to read and write

Yes indeed said I iza why shouldn't I try? Very well my dear we will commence at once

They sat don - Alexey drew from his pocket i pen cil and note book and Mulina learnt the aire b with as orishing rapidity Alexey could not suffic may adm her intelligence. The following morning are wished to try to write At first the pencil refu ed to obey her but after a few minutes she was able to trace

the letters with tolerable accuracy
It is really wonderful! said Alexey Our method
certainly produces quicker results than the Lancaster

system

And indeed at the third lesson Akulina began to spell through Natalya the Boyar's Daughter interrupting her reading by observations which really filled.

rupting her reading by observations which really filled Alevey with astonsisment and she filled a whole sheet of paper with aphorisms drawn from the same story. A week went by and a correspondence was estab lished between them. Their letter box was the hollow of an old oak tree and Nastya acted as their messenger. Thither Alevey carried his letters written in a bold round hand and there he found on plain blue paper the scrawls of his belowed Alulina greentibly began.

of an old oak tree and Nasaya acted as their messenger Thither Alexey carried his letters written in a bold round hand and there he found on plain blue paper the strawls of his beloved Alulina perceptibly began to acquire an elegant style of expression and her mind developed noticeably Meanwhile, the recently formed acquaintance be tween I/an Petrovich Beressov and Grigory Ivanovich Muronsky soon became transformed into a sincere

tween I van Petrovich Berestov and Grigory Ivanovich Muromsky soon became transformed into a sincere friendship under the following circumstances. Mu tomsky frequently reflected that on the death of Ivan Petrovich all his possessions would pas into the hands of Alevey Ivanovich in which case the latter would be one of the wealthiest Linded proprietors in the province and there would be nothing to hinder him from narrying Liza. The elder Berestov on his side although recognizing in his neighbor a certain extravagance (or as he termed it English folly) was perfectly ready to admit that he possessed many excellent qualities as for example his tare resourcefulness Grigory Ivanovich was closely related to Count Pronsky a man of distinction and of great influence. The Count could be of great service to Alexey and Muromsky (so thought Ivan Petrovich) would doubtless reporce to see his

552

VISIT

daughter marry so advantageously By dint of constant ly dwelling upon this idea the two old men came at list to communicate their thoughts to one another They embraced each other both promised to do their best to arrange the matter and they immediately set to work each on his own side Muromsky foresaw that he would have some difficulty in persuading his Betsy to become more intimately acquainted with Alexey whom she had not seen since the memorable dinner It seemed to him that they had not liked each other much at least Alexey had not paid any further visits to Priluchino and Liza had retired to her room every time that Ivan Petrovich had honored them with a

But thought Grigory Ivanovich if Alexev came to see us every day Betsy could not help falling in love with him That is in the nature of things Time will settle everything

Ivan Petrovich was less uneasy about the success of his designs. That same evening he summoned his son

to his study lit his pipe and, after a short pause stid "Well Alyosha you have not said anything for a long time about military service Or has the Hussar

uniform lost its charm for you? No father replied Alexey respectfully "but I see

that you do not I ke the idea of my entering the Hus sars and it is my duty to obey you

Good replied Ivan Petrovich I see that you are an obedient son that is a consolation to me my side, I do not wish to compel you I do not want to

force you to e ter the civil service but in the meanwhile I intend you to get married

To whom father? asked Alexey in astonishment To Lizaveta Grigoryevna Muromsky replied Ivan

Petrovich She is a fine bride is she not?

Father, I have not thought of marriage yet

You have not thought of it and therefore I have thought of it for you As you please but I do not care for Liza Muromsky

in the least

You will get to like her afterwards Love comes with time

I do not feel capable of making her happy

Do not fret about making her happy What? Is this

how you respect your father's wish? Very well!

As you choose I do not wish to marry and I will

not marry

You will marry or I will curse you and as for my estate as true as there is a God in heaven I will sell it and squander the money and not leave you a farthing I will give you three days to think about the matter and in the meantime keep out of my sight

Alexey knew that when his father once took an idea into his head even a pail would not drive it out as Taras Skotmin 1 says in the comedy But Alexey took after his father and was just as head strong as he was He went to his room and began to reflect upon the limits of paternal authority. Then his thoughts revert ed to Lizaveta Grigoryevna to his father's solemn vow to make him a beggar and last of all to Akulina For the first time he saw clearly that he was passionately in love with her the romantic idea of marrying a peasant girl and of living by the labor of his hands came into his head and the more he thought of such a decisive step the more reasonable did it seem to him For som time the interviews in the wood had ceased on account of the rainy weather. He wrote Akulina a letter in the neatest handwriting and in the wildest style inform ing her of the misfortune that threatened them and offering her his hand. He took the letter at once to the

554 post-office in the wood and then went to bed well sat isfied with himself

The next day Alexey, still firm in his resolution rode over early in the morning to visit Muromsky in order to explain matters frankly to him He hoped to excite

his generosity and win him over to his side

Is Grigory Ivanovich at home? he asked stopping his horse in front of the steps of the Priluchino man sion

No sir replied the servant Grigory Ivanovich rode out early this morning and has not yet returned Is Laza How annoying! thought Alexey

veta Grigoryevna at home then? he asked

Yes sir

Alexey sprang from his horse, gave the reins to the lackey and entered without being announced

Everything is going to be decided now, thought he directing his steps toward the parlor I will et plain everything to Lizaveta herself

He entered and then stood still as if petrified Akulina dear dark skinned Aku lina no longer in a sarafan but in a white morning dress was sitting in front of the window reading his letter she was so preoccupied that she had not heard

him enter Alexey could not restrain an exclamation of joy Liza started raised her head uttered a cry, and wished

to fly from the room But he held her back Ákulmat Akulmat

Liza endeavored to free herself from his grasp Mais etes Mais laissez moi done Monsieur!

vous fou? she repeated turning away Akulinal my deat Akulinal he repeated kissing her hands

Miss Jackson a witness of this scene knew not what

to think of it. At that moment the door opened and Grigory Ivanovich entered the room. Aha! said Muromsky. It seems that you have al ready arranged matters between you. The reader will spare me the unnecessary obligation of describing the denouement. The End of the Tales of 1 P Belkin. [1830]

MISTRESS INTO MAID

555

THE QUEEN OF SPADES

The Queen of Spades signifies secret ill will New Fortune Teller

I

When bleak was the weather The firends came together To play The stakes they were doubted The ity one untroubled Were gas land their innings And so the word of th

THERE was a card party at the rooms of Narumo of the Horse Guards. The long winter mgh passed away imperceptibly, and it was five o dod in the morning before the company sat down to supper. Those who had won are with a good appetite the other sat starting absently at their empty plates. When the champagne appeared however the conversions be came more animated, and all took a part in it.

And how did you fare Surin? asked the host

Oh I lost as usual I must confess that I am un lucky I never raise the original stakes I always keep cool I never allow anything to put me out and vet I always lose!

And you have never been tempted? You have never staked on several eards in succession?

Your firm

ness astonishes me

But what do you think of Hermann? said one of the guests pointing to a young engineer he has never had a card in his hand in his life he has never in his life doubled the stake and yer he sits here till five o clock, in the morning watching our play

Play interests me very much said Hermann but I am not in the position to sacrifice the necessary in the

hope of winning the superfluous

Hermann is a German he is prudent—that is all!" observed Tomsky But if there is one person that I cannot understand it is my grandmother the Countess Anna Fedorogna

How? What? cried the guests

I cannot understand continued Tomsky "how it is that my grandmother does not punt

What is there remarkable about an old lady of eighty not gambling? said Narumov

Then you know nothing about her?

No really haven t the faintest idea

Ohl then listen You must know that about sixty years ago my grandmother went to Paris where she created quite a sensation People used to run after her to catch a glimpse of la Venus moscosite. Riche heu courted her and my grandmother mantains that he almost blew out his brains in consequence of her cruelty. At that time ladies used to play faro On one occasion at the Court she lost a very considerable sum to the Duke of Orleans. On returning home, my Krandmother removed the nathes from her face took.

off her hoops, informed my grandfather of her loss at the gaming table, and ordered him to pay the money My deceased grandfather as far as I remember was a sort of butler to my grandmother He dreaded her like fire but, on hearing of such a heavy loss, he almost went out of his mind he calculated the various sums she had lost and pointed out to her that in six months she had spent half a million that neither their Moscow nor Stratov estates were near Paris and finally refused point blank to pay the debt My grandmother slapped his face and slept by herself as a sign of her displeasure The next day she sent for her husband hoping that this domestic punishment had produced an effect upon him but she found him inflexible For the first time in her lite, she condescended to offer reasons and explana tions She thought she could convince him by pointing out to him that there are debts and debts and that there is a great difference between a Prince and a conchmaker But it was all in vain grandfather was in revolt He said no and that was all My grand mother did not I now what to do She was on friendly terms with a very remarkable man You have heard of Count St Germain about whom so many marvelous stories are told You know that he represented himself as the Wandering Jew as the discoverer of the elivir of life of the philosopher's stone, and so forth Some laughed at him as a charlatan but Casanova in his memoirs says that he was a spy But be that as it may St Germain in spite of the mystery surrounding him was a man of decent appearance and had an amanle manner in company Even to this day my grand, mother is in love with him and becomes quite angry if anyone speaks disrespectfully of him My grandmother knew that St Germain had large sums of money at his disposal She resolved to have recourse to him and she wrote a letter to him asking him to come to her with

out delay The queer old man immediately waited upon her and found her overwhelmed with grief She described to him in the blackest colors the barbarity of her husband and ended by declaring that she placed all her hopes in his friendship and graciousness

St Germain reflected

I could advance you the sum you want said he but I know that you would not rest easy until you had paid me hack and I should not like to bring fresh troubles upon you But there is another way of getting

out of your difficulty you can win back your money
But my dear Count replied my grandmother I

tell you that we haven t any money left
Money is not necessary replied St Germain be
pleased to listen to me

Then he revealed to her a secret for which each of

us would give a good deal

The young gamblers listened with increased attention. Tomsky lit his pipe pulled at it, and continued

That same evening my grandmother went to Ver sailles au jeu de la Renne The Duke of Orleans kept the bank, my grandmother excused herself in an off banded manner for not having yet paid her debt, by inventing some little story and then begin to play against him 5he chose three cards and played them one after the other all three won at the start and my grandmother recovered all that she had lost

Mere chance! said one of the guests

A fairy tate! observed Hermann

Perhaps they were marked cards! said a third I do not think so replied Tomsky gravely

What! said Narumov you have a grandmother who knows how to hit upon three lucky cards in succession and you have never yet succeeded in getting the secret of it out of her?

e secret of it out of her?
That's the deuce of it! replied Tomsky she had

four sons, one of whom was my father all four are desperate gamblers and yet not to one of them did she ever reveal her secret although it would not have been a had thing either for them or for me But this is what I heard from my uncle, Count Ivan Ilyich and he as sured me on his honor that it was true The late Chaplitzky-the same who died in poverty after hav ing squandered millions-once lost, in his youth about three hundred thousand rubles-to Zorich if I re member rightly He was in despair My grandmother who was always very hard on extravagant young men took pity however upon Chaplitzky She mentioned o him three cards telling him to play them one after the other, at the same time exacting from him a solemn promise that he would never play cards again as long as he lived Chaplitzky then went to his victorious op ponent and they began a fresh game On the first card he staked fifty thousand rubles and won at once he doubled the stake and won again doubled it again and won not only all he had lost but something over and above that

But it is time to go to bed it is a quarter to six al

ready

And indeed it was already beginning to dawn the young men emptied their glasses and then took leave of one abother.

11

-Il parast que monsseur est décidement pour les suscantes -Que coulez cous madame? Elles sont plus fracches

Society Talk

THE OLD Countess X was seated in her dressing room in front of her looking glass. Three mails stood

around her One held a small pot of rouge another a box of hair pins and the third a tall cap with bright red ribbons The Countess had no longer the slightest pretensions to beauty—hers had faded long ago—but she still preserved all the habits of her youth dressed in strict accordance with the fashion of the seventies and made as long and as careful a toilette as she would have done sixty years previously. Near the window at an embroidery frame, sat a young lady her ward

Good morning, grand maman said a young offi cer entering the room Bonjour Mademoiselle Lise Grand maman I have a favor to ask of you"

What is it, Paul?

I want you to let me introduce one of my friends to you and to allow me to bring him to the ball on Fri

Bring him direct to the ball and introduce him to

me there Were you at N s yesterday?
Yes everything went off very pleasantly and danc
ng kept up unul five o clock. How beautiful Mme

Yeletzkaya wast

But my dear what is there beautiful about her? You should have seen her grandmother Princes Darya Petrovna! By the way she must have aged vermuch Princess Darya Petrovna

How do you mean aged? cried Tomsky thought

lessly she died seven years ago

The young lady raised her head and made a sign to the young man He then remembered that the old Countess was never to be informed of the death of any of her contemporaries and he bit his lip Bur the Countess heard the news with the greatest indifference

Died! said she and I did not know it We were appointed maids of honor at the same time, and when

we were being presented the Empress

And the Countes for the hundredth time related the anecdote to her grandson

Come Paul said she, when she had finished her story help me to get up Lizanka where is my snuff box

And the Countess with her three maids went behind a screen to finish her toilette Tomsky was left alone with the soung lady

Who is the gentleman you wish to introduce to the Countess? asked Lizaveta Ivanovna in a whisper

Narumov Do you know him?

No Is he in the army or is he a civilian? In the army

"Is he in the Engineers?

No in the Cavalry What made you think that he was in the Engineers?

The young lady smiled but made no reply

Paul cried the Countess from behind the screen send me some new novel only pray not the kind they Write nowadaye

What do you mean grand maman? That is a novel in which the hero strangles neither his father nor his mother and in which there are no drowned nodies I have a great horror of them"

There are no such novels nowadays Would you like a Russian one? Are there any Russian novels? Send me one my

dear please send me one!

Good bye grana maman I am in a hurry Good bye Lizaveti Ivanovna What then mide you

think that Narumov was in the Engineers? And Tomsky withdrew from the dressing room

Lizaveta Ivanovna was left alone she laid aside h r work and began to look out of the window A few moments atterwards from behind a corner house on the other side of the street a young officer appeared A

deep blush covered her cheeks she took up her work again and bent her head over the frame. At the same moment the Countess returned completely dressed

Order the carriage Lizaveta said she we will go

out for a drive Lizaveta arose from the frame and began to put

away her work

What is the matter with you my dear are you deaf? cried the Countess Order the carriage to be got ready at once

I will do so this moment replied the young lady

and ran into the ante room A servant entered and gave the Countess some books

from Prince Pavel Alexandrovich

Tell him that I am much obliged to him said the Countess Lizaveta! Lizaveta! where are you running to?

I am going to dress

There is plenty of time my dear Sit down here Open the first volume and read aloud to me

Her companion took the book and read a few lines Louder said the Countess What is the matter with you my dear? Have you lost your voice? Waitgive me that footstool-a little nearer-that will do

Lizaveta read two more pages The Countess

yaw ned Put the book down said she what a lot of non

sense! Send it back to Prince Pavel with my thanks But where is the carriage? The carriage is ready said Lizaveta looking out

into the street

How is it that you are not dressed? said the Countess I must always wait for you It is intolerable, my dear!

Liza hastened to her room. She had not been there two minutes before the Countess began to ring with

all her might. The three maids came running in at one door and the valet at another

How is it that you don't come when I ring for you? said the Countess Tell Lizaveta Ivanovna that I am waiting for her

Lizaveta returned with her hat and cloak on

At last you are here! said the Countess But why such an elaborate toilette? Whom do you intend to captivate? What sort of weather is it? It seems rather windy

No Your Ladyship it is very calm replied the

You always speak thoughtlessly Open the window So it is windy and bitterly cold Unharness the horses Lizaveta we won t go out-there was no need for you to deck yourself out like that

564

And that s my life! thought Lizaveta Ivanovna And in truth Lizaveta Ivanovna was a very unfor tunate creature. It is bitter to eat the bread of an other says Dante and hard to climb his stair But who can know what the bitterness of dependence is so well as the poor companion of an old lady of quality The Countess X had by no means a bad heart but she was capricious like a woman who had been spoilt by the world as well as avaricious and sunk in cold ego ism like all old people who are no longer capable of affection and whose thoughts are with the past and not the present She participated in all the vanities of the great world went to balls where she sat in a cor ner painted and dressed in old fashioned style like an ugly but indispensable ornament of the ballroom the guests on entering approached her and bowed profoundly, as if in accordance with a set ceremony but after that nobody took any further notice of her She received the whole town at her house and observed the strictest etiquette although she could no longer recog

nize people. Her numerous domestics growing fat and old in her ante-chamber and servants hall did just as they liked and vied with each other in robbing the moribund old woman Lizaveta Ivanovna was the martyr of the household She poured tea and was rep rimanded for using too much sugar she read novels aloud to the Countess and the faults of the author were visited upon her head she accompanied the Countess in her walks and was held answerable for the weather or the state of the pavement A salary was attached to the post but she very rarely received it all though she was expected to dress like everybody else that is to say like very few indeed In society she played the most pittable role Everybody knew her and nobody paid her any attention. At balls she danced only when a partner was wanted and ladies would only take hold of her arm when it was necessary to lead her out of the room to attend to their dresses. She had a great deal of amour propre and felt her position keenly and she looked about her with impatience for a deliverer to come to her rescue but the young men calculating in their giddiness did not condescend to pay her any attention although Lizaveta Ivanovna was a hundred times prettier than the bare faced and cold hearted marriageable girls around whom they hovered Many a time did she quietly slink away from the dull and elegant drawing room to go and cry in her own poor little room in which stood a screen a chest of drawers a looking glass and a painted bedstead and where a tallow candle burnt feebly in a copper candle

One morning—this was about two days after the card party described at the beginning of this story and a week previous to the scene at which we have just assisted—Lizaveta Ivanovia was seated near the window at her embroidery frame when happening to

566 PE

look out into the street, she caught sight of a young officer of the Engineers standing motionless with his eyes fixed upon her window She lowered her head and went on again with her work. About five minutes after ward she looked out again—the young officer was still standing in the same place. Not being in the habit of coquetting with pa sing officers, she did not continue to gaze out into the street but went on sexing for a couple of hours without raising her head. Dinner was announced She rose up and began to put her embord ery away but glancing casually out of the window, she perceived the officer again. This seemed to her very strange. After dinner she went to the window with a certain feeling of uneasiness but the officer was no longer there—and she thought no more about him.

A couple of days afterwards, just as she was stepping into the carriage with the Counters she saw him again. He was stunding close to the entrance with his face half-concealed by his beaver collar, his black eyes flash (ag beneath his hat Lizaveta felt alarmed though she knew not why and she trembled as she seated heralf in the carriage.

ın th On

On returning home she hastened to the windowthe officer was standing in his accustomed place with his eyes fixed upon her. She drew back, a prey to curosity and agitated by a feeling which was quite new to her.

From that time on not a day passed without the young officer making his appearance under the win dow at the customary hour. A spontaneous relation ship was established between them. Sitting in her place at work, she would feel his approach, and raising her head she would look at him longer and longer each day. The young man seemed to be very grateful to her for it, she saw with the sharp eve of youth how a sid den flush covered his pale cheeks each time that their

ĥım

THE QUEEN OF SPADES glances met By the end of the week she smiled at

When Tomsky asked permission of his grandmother the Countess to present one of his friends to her the young girl's heart beat violently. But hearing that Na rumov was not an engineer but in the Horse Guards she regretted that by her indiscreet question she had betrayed her secret to the volatile Tomsky

Hermann was the son of a Russified German from whom he had inherited a small fortune. Being firmly convinced of the necessity of ensuring his independ ence Hermann did not touch even the interest on his capital but lived on his pay without allowing himself the slightest luxury Moreover he was reserved and ambitious and his companions rarely had an oppor tunity of making merry at the expense of his excessive parsimony. He had strong passions and an ardent im agination but his firmness of disposition preserved him from the ordinary errors of youth Thus though a gambler at heart he never touched a card for he con sidered his position did not allow him-as he saidto risk the necessary in the hope of winning the su perfluous vet he would sit for nights together at the card table and follow with feverish excitement the various turns of the game

The story of the three cards had produced a power ful impression upon his imagination and all night long he could think of nothing else If only thought to himself the following evening as he wan dered through St Petersburg if only the old Countess would reveal her secret to me! if she would only tell me the names of the three winning cards! Why should I not try my fortune? I must get introduced to her and win her favor-perhaps become her lover that will take time and she is eighty seven years old she might be dead in a week in a couple of days even!

And the story itself is it credible? No! Pru dence moderation and work those are my three win ning cards, that is what will increase my capital three fold sevenfold and procure for me ease and independ ence

Musing in this manner he walked on until he found himself in one of the principal streets of St Petersburg in front of a house of old fashioned architecture. The street was blocked with carriages one after the other they rolled up in front of the illuminated en trance Every minute there emerged from the coaches the shapely foot of a young beauty a spurred boot a striped stocking above a diplomatic shoe Fur coats and cloaks whisked past the majestic porter

Hermann stopped Whose house is this? he asked the watchman at the corner

The Countess X s replied the watchman

Hermann trembled The strange story of the three cards again presented itself to his imagination. He be gan walking up and down before the house thinking of its owner and her marvelous gift Returning late to his modest lodging he could not go to sleep for long time and when at last he did doze off he could dream of nothing but cards green tables piles of bank notes and heaps of gold coins He played card after card firmly turning down the corners and won un interruptedly raking in the gold and filling his pockets with the notes Waking up late the next morning he sighed over the loss of his imaginary wealth then went out again to wander about the streets and found him self once more in front of the Countess's house Some unknown power seemed to draw him thither He stop ped and began to stare at the windows In one of these he saw the head of a black haired woman which was bent probably over some book or handwork. The head

was raised. Hermann saw a fresh cheeked face and a pair of black eyes That moment decided his fate

TIT

Vous mécrite~ mon ange des lettres de quatre pages plus vite que je ne puis les lire A correspondence

LIZAVETA IVANOVNA had scarcely taken off her hat and cloak when the Countess sent for her and again ordered the carriage. The vehicle drew up be fore the door and they prepared to take their seats. Just at the moment when two footmen were assisting the old lady into the carriage Lizaveta saw her engi neur close beside the wheel he grasped her hand alarm caused her to lose her presence of mind and the young man disappeared-but not before leaving a letter in her hand She concealed it in her glove and during the whole of the drive she neither saw nor heard any thing It was the custom of the Countess when out for an airing in her carriage to be constantly asking such questions as Who was that person that met u just now? What is the name of this bridge? What is written on that signboard? On this occasion however Lizaveta returned such vague and absurd answers that the Countess became angry with her

What is the matter with you my dear? she ex claimed Have you taken leave of your senses or what 15 1t? Do you not hear me or understand what I say? Heaven be thanked I am still in my right mind

and speak plainly enough! Lizaveta Ivanovna did not hear her On returning home she ran to her room and drew the letter out of her slove it was not sealed Lizaveta read it The letter contained a declaration of love it was tender, re spectful and copied word for word from a German novel But Lizaveta did not know anything of the Ger man language and she was quite delighted with the letter.

For all that it troubled her exceedingly For the first time in her life she was entering into secret and intimate relations with a young man His bioldness horn fied her She reproached herself for her imprudent be havior, and knew not what to do Should she cease to sit at the window and by assuming an appearance of indifference toward him, put a check upon the young officers desire to pursue her further? Should she send his letter back to him or should she answer him in a cold and resolute manner? There was nobody to whom she could turn in her perplexity for she had neither female friend nor adviser At length she resolved to reply to him

She sat down at her little writing table took pen and paper and began to think. Several times she began her letter and then tore it up the way she had expressed herself seemed to her either too indulgent or too sever At last she succeeded in writing a few lines with which the characteristics.

she felt satisfied

I am convanced she wrote, that your intentions are honorable and that you do not wish to offend me by any imprudent action, but our acquaintance should not have begun in such a manner I return you your letter and I hope that I shall never have any cause to complain of undeserved disrespect

The next day as soon as Hermann made his appear ance Lizaveta rose from her embroidery went into the drawing room opened the wicket and threw the letter into the street trusting to the young officer's alertines.

Hermann hastened forward picked it up and then repaired to a confectioner's shop Breaking the seal of

571

the envelope, he found inside it his own letter and Lizaveti's reply. He had expected this and he returned home very much taken up with his intrigue.

Three days afterward a bright eyed young girl from a milliner's establishment brought Lizaveta a letter Lizaveta opened it with great uneassness fearing that it was a demand for money when suddenly she recognized Hermann's handwriting

You have made a mistake my dear said she this letter is not for me Oh yes it is for you replied the pert girl with

out concealing a sly smile. Have the goodness to read it

Lizaveta glanced at the letter Hermann requested an interview

It cannot be said Lizaveta Ivanovna alarmed both at the haste with which he had made his request and the manner in which it had been transmitted This letter is certainly not for me

And she tore it into fragments

If the letter was not for you why have you torn it up? said the girl I should have given it back to the person who sent it.

Be good enough my dear said Lizaveta disconcerted by this remark not to bring me any more let ters in future and tell the person who sent you that he ought to be ashamed

But Hermann was not the man to be thus put off Every day Lizaveta received from him a letter sent now in this way now in that They were no longer translated from the German Hermann wrote them under the unspiration of prisson and spoke in his own language and they bore full testimony to the inflexi bility of his desire and the disordered condition of his uncontrollable imagination Lizaveta no longer thought of sending them back to him she became in

PROSE toxicated with them and began to reply to them and

little by little her answers became longer and more affectionate At last she threw out of the window to

him the following letter

572

This evening there is going to be a ball at the h Embassy The Countess will be there We shall remain until two o clock. This is your opportunity of seeing me alone As soon as the Countess is gone the ser body left but the porter but he too, usually retires to his lodge Come at half past eleven Walk straigh up stairs If you meet anybody in the ante room ask if the Countess is at home. If you are told she is not there will be nothing left for you to do but to go away and return another time But it is most probable that you will meet nobody The maidservants all sit together in one room On leaving the ante room turn to the left, and walk straight on until you reach the Countess bedroom In the bedroom behind a screen you will find two small doors the one on the right leads to a study which the Countess never enters the one on the left leads to a corridor at the end of which is a narrow winding staircase this leads to my room

Hermann quivered like a tiger as he waited for th appointed time At ten o clock in the evening he was already in front of the Countess's house. The weather was terrible the wind was howling the sleety snow fell in large flakes the lamps emitted a feeble ligh the streets were deserted from time to time a sledge drawn by a sorry looking hack passed by the driver on the look-out for a belated fare Hermann stood there wearing nothing but his jacket yet he felt neither the wind nor the snow

At last the Countess's carriage drew up Hermann saw two footmen carry out in their arms the bent form of the old lady wrapped in sables and immediately

behind her clad in a light mantle and with a wreath of fresh flowers on her head followed Lizaveta The door was closed The carriage rolled away heavily through the yielding snow The porter shut the street door the windows became dark.

Hermann began walking up and down near the deserted house at length he stopped under a lamp and glanced at his wark it was twenty minutes past eleven. He remained standing under the lamp his eyes fixed upon the witch impatiently waiting for the remaining minutes to pass. At half past eleven precisely Hermann ascended the steps of the house and made his way into the brightly illuminated vestibule. The potential ways to be a support of the state open of the door of the anter coron and saw a footman sit ting asleep in an antique soiled armichar under a lamb. With a light firm step Hermann walked past him. The reception room and the drawing room were in semi darkness. They were lit feebly by a lamp in the anter room.

Hermann entered the bedroom Before an Jkon-case filled with ancient ikons 1 golden sanctuary-lamp was burning Armchairs upholstered in laded brocade and sofas the gilding of which was worn off and which were piled with down cushions stood in melancholy symmetry around the room the walls of which were hung with China sill. On the wall hung two portraits painted in Paris by Madame Lebrun One of them represented a plump pink-checked man of about forty in a light green uniform and with a star on his breast the other—a beautiful young woman with an aquiline nose, curls at her temples and a rose in her powdered hur. In all the corners stood porcelain shepherds and shepherdesses clocks from the workshop of the cele brated Leroy boxes roulettes fans and the various

574

gev.gaws for ladies that were invented at the end of the last century together with Montgolfiers balloon and Mesmers magnetism Hermann stepped behind the screen Behind it stood a little iron bed on the right was the door which led to the study on the leftthe other which led to the corridor He opened the lat ter and saw the luttle wedness stresses which led to

right was the door which led to the study on the leftthe other which led to the corridor He opened the lat ter and saw the little wanding staticase which led to the room of the poor ward steps and entered the dark study. The time passed slowly All was still The clock in

the drawing room struck twelve in all the rooms one clock after another marl ed the hour and everything was quiet again Hermann stood leaning against the cold stove He was calm his heart beat regularly like that of a man resolved upon a dangerous but incritable undertaking The clock struck one, then two and he heard the distant rumbling of carriage wheels In spite of himself, excitement seized him. The carriage dre v near and stopped He heard the sound of the carriage step being let down All was bustle within the house The servants were running hither and thither you es were heard and the house was lit up Three antiquated chamber maids entered the bedroom and they were shortly afterwards followed by the Countess who more dead than alive sank into an armchair Hermann peeped through a chink Lizaveta Ivanovna passed close by him and he heard her hurried steps as she hastened up her staircase For a moment his heart was assailed by something like remorse but the emotion

wis only transtory. He stood petrified
The Countess began to undress before her looking
glass. Her cap decorated with roses was unpinned
and then her powdered wing was removed from off re
white and closely cropped head. Harpins fell in snow
ers around her. Her yellow satin dress embroidered
with sider fell drown at her swellen feet.

Hermann witnessed the repulsive mysteries of her toilette at last the Countess was in her night-cap and night gown and in this costume more suitable to her age she appeared less hideous and terrifying

Like all old people in general the Countess suffered from sleeplessness Having undressed she seated her self at the window in an armchair and dismissed her maids The candles were taken away and once more the room was lit only by the sanctuary lamp. The Countess sat there looking quite yellow moving her flaccid lips and swaying from side to side Her dull eyes expressed complete vacancy of mind and look ing at her one would have thought that the rocking of her body was not voluntary but was produced by the action of some concealed galvanic mechanism

Suddenly the death like face changed incredibly The lips ceased to move the eyes became animated

before the Countess stood a stranger

Do not be alarmed for Heaven's sake do not be alarmed! said he in a low but distinct voice. I have no intention of doing you any harm. I have only come

to ask a favor of you

The old woman looked at him in silence, as if she had not heard what he had said Hermann thought that she was deaf and bending down toward her ear he repeated what he had said. The old woman remain ed silent as before

You can insure the happiness of my life continued Hermann and it will cost you nothing I know that

You can name three cards in succes ion-Hermann stopped The Countess appeared now to understand what was asked of her she seemed to be

seeking words with which to reply It was a toke she replied at la t I swear it was

only a joke This is no joking matter

replied Hermann

angrily Remember Chaplitzk,, whom you helped

576

The Countess became visibly uneasy. Her features expressed strong emotion but she soon lapsed into her former insensibility.

Can you not name me these three winning cards?

continued Hermann

The Countess remained silent. Hermann continued For whom are you preserving your secret? For your grandsons? They are rich enough without it they do not know the worth of money. Your cards yould be of no use to a spendthrift. He who camp preserve his paternal inheritance, will dee in want even though he had a demon at his service. I am not a man of that sort. I know the value of money. Your time cards will not be wasted on me Come!

He paused and tremblingly awaited her reply The Countess remained silent Hermann fell upon his knees

If your heart has ever known the feeling of love and he if you remember its rapture if you have ever similed at the cry of your new born child if your breast has ever throbbed with any human feeling I entreat you by the feelings of a wife a lover a mother by all that is most sacred in life not to reiect my plea. Reveal to me your secret Of what use is it to you? May be it is connected with some terrible is in the loss of eternal bliss some bargain with the devil score sider—you are old you have not long to hive—I am ready to take your sins upon my soul Only reveal to me your secret Remember that the happiness of a mon is in your hands that not only I but my children grin your hands that not only I but my children grin qualified and great grandchildren and great grandchildren will bless your memory and reverence it as something sacred

The old woman answered not a word

Hermann rose to his feet

577

You old witch! he exclaimed elenching his teeth

then I will make you answer!

With these words he drew a pistol from his pocket
At the sight of the pistol the Countess for the sec ond time exhibited strong emotion. She shook her head and raised her hands as if to protect herself from the shot then she fell backward and remained

motionless Come an end to this childish nonsensel said Her mann taking hold of her hand I ask you for the last time will you tell me the names of your three cards or will you not?

The Countess made no reply Hermann perceived that she was dead!

IV

7 mai 18--Homme sans moeurs et sans religion! A correspondence

LIZAVETA IVANOVNA was sitting in her room still in her ball dress lost in deep thought On return ing home she had hastily dismissed the sleepy maid who reluctantly came forward to assist her saying that she would undress herself and with a trembling heart had gone up to her own room hoping o find Hermann there, but yet desiring not to find lum At the first glance she convinced herself that he was not there and she thanked her fate for the obstacle which had prevented their meeting. She sat down with out undressing and began to recall to mind all the cir cumstances which in so short a time had carried her so far It was not three weeks since the time when she had first seen the young man from the window-and she already was in correspondence with him and he

578

had succeeded in inducing her to grant him a nocturnal tryst! She knew his name only through his having written it at the bottom of some of his letters, she had never spoken to him had never heard his voice and had never heard anything of him until that evening But strange to say that very evening at the ball Tom sky being piqued with the young Princess Pauline N who, contrary to her usual custom did not flirt with him wished to revenge himself by assuming an air of indifference he therefore engaged Lizaveta Ivanovna and danced an endless mazurka with her All the time he kept tensing her about her partiality for officers in the Engineers he assured her that he knew far more than she could have supposed and some of his jests were so happily aimed that Lizaveta thought several times that her secret was known to him

From whom have you learnt all this? she asked smiling From a friend of a person very well I nown to you

replied Tomsky from a very remarkable man And who is this remarkable man? His name is Hermann

Lizaveta made no reply but her hands and feet turned to tee This Hermann continued Tomsky is a truly

romantic character He has the profile of a Napol on and the soul of a Mephistopheles I believe that he has at least three crimes upon his conscience

How

pale you are! I have a headache But what did this Her mann-or whatever his name is-tell you?

Hermann is very much dissatisfied with his friend he says that in his place he would act very differ i the

I even think that Hermann lumself has designs upon you at least he listen not indifferently to his

friend's enamored exclamations

"But where has he seen me?

In church perhaps or promenading—God alone knows where It may have been in your room while you were asleep for he is capable of it

Three ladies approaching him with the question oubli ou regret? interrupted the conversation which had become so tantalizingly interesting to Lizaveta

The lady chosen by Tornsky was the Princess Pauline herself. She succeeded in effecting a reconciliation with him by making an extra turn in the dance and man aging to delay resuming her seat. On returning to his place Tomsky thought no more either of Hermann or Lizaveta She longed to renew the interrupted conver sation but the mazurka came to an end and shortly afterward the old Countess took her departure

Tomsky s words were nothing more than the small talk of the mazurka but they sank deep into the soul of the young dreamer The portrait sketched by Tom sky agreed with the picture she had formed in her own mind and that image rendered commonplace by current novels terrified and fascinated her imagina tion She was now sitting with her bare arms crossed and her head still adorned with flowers was bowed over her half uncovered breast Suddenly the door opened and Hermann entered. She shuddered

"Where have you been? she asked in a frighteneo whisper

In the old Countess s bedroom replied Hermann I have just left her The Countess is dead"

My God! What are you saying?

And I am afraid added Hermann that I am the cause of her death

Lizaveta looked at him and Tomsky's words found an echo in her soul This man has at least three crimes

upon his conscience! Hermann sat down by the win dow near her and related all that had happened

Lizaveta listened to him in terror So all those passionate letters those ardent demands this bold obsti nate pursuit-all this was not love! Money-that was v hat his soul yearned for! She could not satisfy his de sire and make him happy! The poor girl had been nothing but the blind accomplice of a robber of the murderer of her aged benefactress! ter tears of belated agonized repentance Hermann gazed at her in silence his heart, too was tormented but neither the tears of the poor girl nor the wonder ful charm of her beauty enhanced by her grief could produce any impression upon his hardened soul He felt no pricking of conscience at the thought of the dead old woman One thing only horrified him the arreparable loss of the secret which he had expected would bring him wealth

You are a monster! said Lizaveta at last

I did not wish her death replied Hermann oistol is not landed

Both grew silent

The day began to dawn Lizaveta extinguished her candle a pale light illumined her room. She wiped her tear stained eyes and raised them toward Hermann he was sitting on the window sill with his arms folded and frowning fiercely In this attitude he bore a strik ing resemblance to the portrait of Napoleon This re semblance struck even I izaveta Ivanovna

How shall I get you out of the house? said she at last I thought of conducting you down the secret staircase but in that case it would be necessary to go through the Countess's bedroom and I am afraid

Tell me how to find this secret staircase-I will go

alone Lizaveta arose took from her drawer a key handed it to Hermann and gave him the necessary instructions

Hermann pressed her cold unresponsive hand kissed her bowed head and left the room

He descended the winding staircase and once more entered the Countess's bedroom. The dead old woman sat as if petrified her face expressed profound tran quility. Hermann stopped before her and gazed long and earnestly at her as if he wished to convince him self of the terrible reality. It has been treated the study felt behind the tapestry for the door and then began to descend the dark staircase agitated by strange emotions. At this very hour thought he some sixty years ago a young gallant who has long been moldering in his grave may have stolen down that very stair case perhaps coming from the very same bedroom wearing an embroidered caftain with his hair dressed a losseau royal and pressing to his heart his three connered hat and the heart of his aged mistress has only today ceased to beat.

At the bottom of the staircase Hermann found a door which he opened with the same key and found himself in a corridor which led him into the street

v

That night the deceased Baroness con W appeared to me She was clad all in white and said to me Howare you Mr Councilor?

Swedenborg

THREE days after the fatal right at nine o clock in the morning Hermann repaired to the Convent of — where the burnal service for the deceased Coun tess was to be held. Although feeling no remorse he could not altogether stiffe the voice of conscience which kent repeating to him. You are the murderer

of the old woman! While he had little true faith he was very superstitious, and believing that the dead Countess might exercise an evil influence on his life, he resolved to be present at her funeral in order to ask her pardon

The church was full It was with difficulty that Her mann made his way through the crowd 'The offin stood on a sumptious catafalque under a velve balda chin 'The deceased lay within it her hands crossed upon her breast and wearing a lace cap and a whits satin gown Around the catafalque stood the members of her household the servants in black caftans with armoral ribbons upon their shoulders, and candles in their hands the relatives—children grandchildren and great grandchildren—in deep mourning Nobody wept tears would have been une affects.

tion The Countess was so old that her death could have surprised nobody and her relatives had long looked upon her as not among the hiving A famous preacher delivered the funeral oration. In simple and touching words he described the peaceful passing away of the saintly woman whose long life had been a serene moving preparation for a Christian end. The angel of death found her said the preacher engaged in pious meditation and waiting for the midnight

bindegroom

The service concluded in an atmosphere of melancholy decorum. The relatives went forward first to bid farewell to the deceased. Then followed the numerous acquaintances who had come to render the last homage to her who for so many years had participated in their firvolous amusements. After these followed the members of the Countess shoushold. The last of these was the old housekeeper who vas of the same age as the deceased. Two young women led her forward supporting her by the arms. She had not

strength enough to bow down to the ground—she was the only one to shed a few tears and kiss the cold hand of her mistress Hermann now resolved to approach the coffin He

bowed down to the ground and for several minutes lay on the cold floor, which was strewn with fir boughs at last he arose as pale as the deceased Countess her self ascended the steps of the catafalque and b nt over At that moment it seemed to him that the dead woman darted a mocking look at him and winked with one eye Hermann started back took a false step and fell to the ground He was lifted up At the same moment Lizaveta Ivanovna was carried into the vestibule of the church in a faint. This episode dis turbed for some minutes the solemnity of the gloomy ceremony Among the congregation arose a muffled tuurmur and the lean chamberlain, a near relative of the deceased whispered in the ear of an Englishman who was standing near him that the young officer was a natural son of the Countess to which the English man coldly replied Ohl

During the whole of that day Hermann was exceedingly perturbed Dining in an out-of the way restaurant, he drank a great deal of wine contrary to his usual custom in the hope of allaying his inward agitation. But the wine only served to excite his imagination still more. On returning home, he threw himself upon his bed without undressing and fell into a deep sleep.

sleep
When he woke up it was already night and the
moon was shining into the room. He looked at his
watch it was a quarter to three. Sleep had left him, he
sat down upon his bed and thought of the funeral of
the old Countres.

At that moment somebody in the street looked in at his window and immediately passed on again Her

mann paid no attention to this incident A few mo ments afterwird he heard the door of the anteroon open Hermann thought that it was his orderly druck, as usual returning, from some nocturnal expedition but presently he heard footsteps that were unknown to him somebody was shuffling softly across the floor in sluppers. The door opened and a woman dressed in white entered the room Hermann mistook her for his old nurse and wondered what could bring her there at that hour of the night. But the white woman glided ripidly across the room and stood before him—and Hermann recognized the Countess!

I have come to you against my will she sid in a firm voice but I have been ordered to grant your fe quest Three seven ace will win for you if played in succession but only on these conditions that you do not play more than one card in twenty four hours use that you never play again during the rest of your life I forgue you my death on condition that you marry

my ward Lizaveta Ivanovna

With the e words she turned round very quietly wall ed with a shuffling gait toward the door and dis appeared Hermann heard the street-door bang and he saw someone look in at him through the window again

For a long time Hermann could not recover himself. Then he went into the next room. His orderly was asleep upon the floor, and he had much difficulty 22 washing him. The orderly was drunt as issual and nothing, could be got out of him. The street door was locked. Hermann returned to his room. In his candle and set down an account of his vision.

VI

Attendez!

How dare you say attendez to me?

Your Excellency I said Attendez sir "

TWO FIXED ideas can no more exist together in the moral world than two bodies can occupy one and the same place in the physical world. Three seven ace soon drove out of Hermann's much the thought of the dead Countess Three seven ace were perpetually running through his head and continually on his lips If he saw a young girl he would say. How slender she is quite like the three of hearts. If anybody asked What is the time? he would reply. Five minutes to

seven Every stout man that he saw remanded hum of the ace. Three, seven ace haunted hum in his sleep and assumed all possible shapes. The three bloomed before him in the form of a magnificent flower the seven was represented by a Gothue portal and the ace became transformed into a gigantic spider. Once thought alone occupied his whole mind—to make use of the secret which he had purchased so dearly. He thought of applying for a furlough so as to travel abroad. He wanted to go to Pans and force fortune to yield a treasure to him in the public gambling houses there Chance spared him all this trouble.

There was in Moscow a society of wealthy gamblers presided over by the celebrated Chekalinsky who had passed all his life at the eard table and had amassed millions accepting bills of evchange for his winnings and paying his losses in ready money. His long experi ence secured for him the confidence of his companions and his open house his famous cool, and his agree able and cheerful manner gained for him the respect.

586 PROSE of the public He came to St Petersburg The young

men of the capital flocked to his rooms forgetting balls for cards and preferring the temptations of fare to the seductions of flirting Narumov conducted Hermann

to Chel alinsky s residence

They passed through a suite of magnificent rooms filled with courteous attendants Several generals and privy counselors were playing whist young men were folling carelessly upon the velvet covered sofas eating ices and smoking pipes. In the drawing room at the head of a long table around which crowded about a score of players sat the master of the house keeping the bank He was a man of about sixty years of age of a very dignified appearance his head was covered with silvery white hair his full florid counte nance expressed good nature and his eyes twinkled with a perpetual smile Narumov introduced Her mann to him Chekalinsky shook him by the hand in a friendly manner requested him not to stand on cere mony and then went on dealing

The game lasted a long time On the table lay more than thirty cards Chekalinsky paused after each throw in order to give the players time to arrange ther cards and note down their losses listened politely to their requests and more politely still straightened out the corners of cards that some absent minded players hand had turned down At last the game was finished Chekalinsky huffled the cards and prepared to deal

again

Allow me to play a card said Hermann stretch ing out his hand from behind a stout gentleman who was punting

Chekalinsky smiled and bowed silently as a sign of acquiescence Narumov laughingly congratulated He mann on ending his long abstention from cards, and wished him a lucky beginning

Here goes! said Hermann writing the figure with chalk on the back of his card

How much sir? asked the banker screwing up his eyes excuse me I cannot see quite clearly

Forty seven thousand replied Hermann

At these words every head in the room turned sud denly round, and all eyes were fixed upon Hermann He has taken leave of his senses! thought Na

rumov

Allow me to observe said Chekalinsky with his eternal smile that that is a very high stake nobody here has ever staked more than two hundred and sev enty five rubles at a time

Well retorted Hermann do you accept my card or not?

Chekalinsky bowed with the same look of humble

acquiescence I only wish to inform you said he that enjoying the full confidence of my partners I can only play for

ready money For my own part I am of course quite convinced that your word is sufficient but for the sake of order and because of the accounts I must ask you to put the money on your card Hermann drew from his pocket a bank note and

handed it to Chekalinsky who after examining it in a cursory manner placed it on Hermann's card

He began to deal On the right a nine turned up

and on the left a three

I win! said Hermann showing his card

A murmur of astonishment arose among the players Chekalinsky frowned but the smile quickly returned to his face

Do you wish me to settle with you? he said to Hermann

If you please replied the latter

Chekalinsky drew from his pocket a number of

bank notes and paid up at once Hermann took his money and left the table Narumov could not recover from his astonishment Hermann drank a glass of lemonade and went home

The next evening he again appeared at Chekalin skys The host was dealing Hermann walked up to the tible the punters immediately made room for him

Chekalinsky greeted him with a gracious bow

Hermann waited for the next game took a card and placed upon it his forty seven thousand rubles to

either with his winnings of the previous evening.

Chekalinsky began to deal. A knave turned up on the right, a seven on the left.

Hermann showed his seven

There was a general exclamation Chekalinsky was obviously disturbed but he counted out the unext four thousand rubbes and handed them over to Flermann who pocketed them in the coolest manner possible and immediately left the house

The next evening Hermann appeared again at the table Everyone was expecting, him The generals and privy counselors left their whist in order to watch such extraordinary play The young officers jumped up from their sofas and even the servants crowded iron the room All pressed round Hermann The other players left off punting impatient to see how it would end Hermann stood at the table and prepared to play alone against the pale but still smiling. Chelainsky buffled Hermann took, a card and covered it with a pile of bank notes It was like a duel Deep selence regent

Chekalinsky began to deal his hands trembled On the right a queen turned up, and on the left an ace

Ace wins! cried Hermann showing his card Your queen has lost said Chekalinsky sweetly Hermann started instead of an ace there lay before him the queen of spades! He could not believe his yes nor could he understand how he had made such i mistake

At that moment it seemed to him that the queen of spades screwed up her eyes and sneered He was struct by the remarl able resemblance

The old woman! he exclaimed in terror

Chekalinsky Sathered up his winnings For some time Hermann remained perfectly motionless When at last he left the table the room buzzed with loud tall

Spendidly punted! said the players Chekalinsky shuffled the cards afresh and the game went on as 115m. 1

CONCLUSION

Hermann went out of his mind He is now confined in room Number 17 of the Obukhov Hospital He never answers any questions but he constantly mut ters with unusual rapidity. Three seven ace! Three. seven queen!

Lizaveta Ivanovna has married a very amiable young man a son of the former steward of the ok. Countess He is a civil servant and has a considerable fortune.

Lizaveta is bringing up a poor relative

Tomsky has been promoted to the rank of captain and is marrying Princess Pauline

[1822]

KIRDJALI

KIRDJALI was by birth a Bulgarian Kirdjah 12 the Turkish language signifies a knight a dare

devil His real name I do not know

Artdah with his brigandage brought terror upon the whole of Moldavia In orde to give some idea of him I will relate one of his exploits. One night he and the Arnaur Michaelah fell together upon a Bulgarian village. They set it on fire as both ends and began to go from hut to hut Kirdjali cut throats and Michael aki carried off the booty Both shouted. Kirdjali 'The whole village took to flight.

When Alexander Ypsilanti 2 proclaimed the revolt and began to collect his army kirdjall brought him several of his old companions. The real object of the Hetaeria was but ill understood by them but war presented an opportunity for getting rich at the expense of the Turks and perhaps of the Moldavian.

and that was plain to them

Alexander Ypsilontu was personally brave but he did not possess the qualities necessary for the role which he had assumed with such ardor and such wan of caution. He did not know how to manage the people whom he was obliged to lead. They had neither espect for him nor confidence in him. After the un

The chief of the Hetser is whose object was the 1 bersh in of Greece from the Turkish yake TRANSLATOR'S NOTE happy battle in which the flower of Greek youth per ished Iordaki Olimbioti persuaded him to retire and he himself took his place Ypsilanti escaped to the borders of Austria and thence sent his curses to the men whom he called traitors cowards and scoundrels These cowards and scoundrels for the most part perished within the walls of the monastery of Seko or on the banks of the Pruth desperately defending them selves against an enemy outnumbering them ten to

kardjali found lumself in the detachment of George kantakuzin of whom might be repeated evacily what has been said of Ypsilanti On the eve of the battle of Skulyani Kantakuzin asked permission of the Russian authorities to enter our territory. The detachment re mained without a leader but Kirdjali Saphianos Kantagoni and others stood in no need whatever of a leader.

The battle of Skulyanı does not seem to have been described by anybody in all its affecting reality Ima gine seven hundred men-Arnauts Albanians Greeks Bulgarians and every kind of riff raff-with no idea of military art retreating in sight of fifteen thousand Turkish cavalry This detachment hugged the bank of the Pruth and placed in front of them selves two small cannon which they had found at Jassy in the courtward of the Governor and from which salutes used to be fired during name-day feasts The Turks would have been glad to use grape shot but they dared not without the permission of the Russian authorities the shots would infallibly have flown over to our shore. The commander of our quar antine station (now deceased) although he had served forty years in the army had never in his life heard the whistle of a bullet but Heaven ordained that he should hear it then Several of them whizzed past his ears The old man became terribly angry and abused the major of the Okhotsky infrintry regiment which was attached to the station The major not knowing what to do ran to the river, beyond which Turksh cavalrymen were displaying their prowess, and threat ened them with his finger Seeing this they turned round and galloped off, with the whole Turkish deach ment after them The major, who had threatened them with his finger was called khorchevsky I do not know what became of bur

The next day, however the Turks attacked the He taerists. Not daring to use grapeshot or cannon balls they resolved contrary to their usual custom, to employ cold steel The battle was fierce Men slashed each o.her with yataghans The Turks used lances, which they had not employed till then these lances were Russian Nekrassovists¹ fought in their ranks The Hetaerists, by permission of our Emperor were al lowed to cross the Pruth and take refuge in our quar antine station They began to cross over Kantagoni and Saphianos remained upon the Turkish bank Kırdjalı wounded the evening before was already within our territory Saphianos was killed Kantagoni a very stout man was wounded in the stomach by a lance With one hand he raised his sword with the other he seized the hostile lance thrust it further into himself and in that manner was able to reach his murderer with his sword when both fell together

All was over The Turks remained victorious Mol davia was swept clear of insurrectionary bands About six hundred Arnauts were scattered over Bessimble if they did not know how to support them dies they were jet grateful to Russia for her protection. They led an idle life but not a dissipated one They

could always be seen in the coffee houses of half Turk, ish Bessarahin with long pipes in their mouths sipping coffee grounds out of small cups. Their figured jack, ets and red pointed slippers were already beginning to wear out but their tufted skull caps were still worn on the side of the head and yataghans and pistols still protruded from their broad sashes. Nobody complained of them It was impossible to imagine that these poor peaceably disposed men were the notorious klephis of Moldavia the companions of the ferociou kirdylair and that he him lef was among them.

The pasha in command at Jassy became informed of this and in virtue of treaty stipulations requested the Russian authorities to extradite the brigand

The police instituted a search. They discovered that Kirdjall was really in Kishinev. They captured him in the hou e of a fugitive monk in the evening when he was having supper sitting in the dark with seven com paramous!

Kirdjali was placed under arrest. He did not try to conceal the truth the acknowledged that he was Kird iali

But, he added since I crossed the Pruth I have not taken so mutch as a pin or imposed upon even the lowest gypay To the Turks to the Moldavians and to the Wallachians I am undoubtedly a brigand but to the Russians I am a guest. When Saphianos having fired off all his grape shot, came here collecting from the wounded for the last shots buttons nails watch chains and the knobs of yataghans I gave him twenty bethlikt and was left without money God knows that I kirdjah have been living on chartry Why then do the Russians now deliver me into the hands of my seemes?

After that Kirdjali was silent, and tranquilly await ed the decision that was to determine his fate 'He did not wait long The authorities not being bound to look upon brigands from their romantic side and being convinced of the justice of the demand ordered Kird jali to be sent to Jassy

A man of heart and intellect at that time a young and unknown official, who is now occupying an im portant post vividly described to me his departure

At the gate of the prison stood a caruta you do not know what a caruţa is It is a low wicker vehicle to which not very long since there were gen erally harnessed six or eight sorry jades A Moldavian with a mustache and a sheepskin cap sitting astride one of them incessantly shouted and cracked his whip and his wretched animals ran on at a fairly sharp trot. If one of them began to slacken its pace, he unhar nessed it with terrible oaths and left it upon the road little caring what might be its fate. On the return jour ney he was sure to find it in the same place quietly grazing upon the green steppe It not unfrequently happened that a traveler starting from one station with eight horses arrived at the next with a pair only It used to be so about fifteen years ago Nowadays in Russianized Bessarabia they have adopted Russian har

ness and the Russian telega Such a caruta tood at the gate of the prison in the year 1821 toward the end of the month of September Jewesses who wore drooping sleeves and loose slippers Arnauts in their ragged and picturesque attire well proportioned Moldavian women with black-eyed children in their arms surrounded the caruta The men pre served silence the women were eagerly expecting something

The gate opened and several police officers stepped

out into the street behind them came two soldiers leading the fettered Kirdjali

He seemed about thurty years of age The features of his swarthy face were regular and harsh He was tall broad shouldered and seemed endowed with unusual physical strength A variegated turban covered the side of his head and a broad sash encreted his slender waist A dolman of thick dark blue cloth a shirt its broad folds falling below the kine and handsome slippers composed the remainder of his costume His lool was proud and calm

One of the officials a red faced old man in a faded uniform on which dangled three buttons pinched with a pair of pewter spectacles the purple knob that served him for a nose unfolded a paper and began to read nasally in the Moldavian tongue From time to time he glanced haughtily at the fettered Kirdjali to whom apparently the paper referred Kırdjalı listened to him attentively The official finished his reading folded up the paper and shouted sternly at the people ordering them to make way and the carufa to be driven up. Then Kirdiali turned to him and said a few words to him in Moldavian his voice trembled his counten ance changed he burst into tears and fell at the feet of the police official clanking his fetters. The police offi cial terrified started back, the soldiers were about to raise Kirdiali but he rose up himself gathered up his chains stepped into the caruta and cried Drive on! A gendarme took a seat beside him the Moldavian cracked his whip and the caruta rolled away

What did Kirdjali say to you? asked the young official of the police officer

He asked me replied the police officer smiling to look after his wife and child who live not far from kilia in a Bulgarian village he is afraid that they may suffer through him Foolish fellow.

The young official s story affected me deeply I was orry for poor Kirdjali For a long time I knew noth ing of his fate Some years later I met the young offi

cial We began to talk about the past

What about your friend Kirdjali? I asked Do

you know what became of him?

To be sure I do he replied and related to me the following

Kırdjalı having been brought to Jassy, was taken before the Pasha who condemned him to be impaled The execution was deferred till some holiday In the

meantime he was confined in fail

The prisoner was guarded by seven Turks (simple people and at heart as much brigands as Kirdjali him self) they respected him and like all Orientals lis tened with avidity to his strange stories

Between the guards and the prisoner an intimate ac quaintance sprang up One day Kirdiali said to them Prothers! my hour is near Nobody can escape his fate. I shall soon part from you I should like to leave you something in remembrance of me

The Turks pricked up their ears

Brothers continued Kirdjali three years ago, when I was engaged in plundering along with the late Milchaelaki we buried on the steppes not far from Jassy a kettle filled with coins Evidently neither I nor he will make use of the hoard Be it so take it for your selves and divide it in a friendly manner

The Turks almost took leave of their senses The question was how were they to find the precious spot? They thought and thought and resolved that Kirdjali

himself should conduct them to the place

Night came on The Turks removed the irons f or the feet of the prisoner tied his hands with a rope and leaving the town set out with him for the steppe

Kirdjali led them walking steadily in one direction from mound to mound. They walked on for a lone time. At last kirdjali stopped near a broad stone, mea sured twelve paces toward the south stamped and said. Here

The Turks began to make their arrangements Four of them took out their yataghans and commenced digging Three remained on guard kirdjall sat down on the sone and watched them at their work

Well how much longer are you going to be? he asked haven t you come to it?

Not yet replied the Turks and they worked away with such ardor that the perspiration rolled from them in great drops

Kırdjalı began to show signs of impatience

What people! he exclaimed they do not even know how to dig decently I should have finished the whole business in a couple of minutes Children! untie my hands and give me a yataghan

The Turks reflected and began to take counsel to gether What harm would there be? reasoned they Let us untie his hands and give him a yataghan He is

only one we are seven

And the Turks untied his hands and gave him a yataghan

At lass kirdjali was free and armed. What must he have felt at that moment! He began digging quickly the guards helping him. Suddenly he plunged his yataghan into one of them, and Jeavine the blade in his breast he snatched from his belt a couple of pistols.

The remaining six reing Kirdjali armed with two
pistols ran off

Kırdjalı is now operating near Jassy Not long ago he wrote to the Gevernor demanding from him five

[1834]

Such is Kirdiali!

THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER

Watch over your honor while you are young

1

A SERGEANT OF THE GUARDS

He would have been a Captain in the Guards to morrow I do not care for that a common soldier let him be A splendid thing to say! Hell have much sorrow

Who is his father then?

Knyazhnin

My father Andrey Petrovech Grinyov had in his youth served under Count Munnich and retired with the rank of first major in the year 17— From that time onward he lived on his estate in the province of Simbirs. Where he martied Avdotya Vassilyvena U daughter of a poor landowner of the district There had been nine of us All my brothers and sistest died in infancy Through the kindness of Prince B our near relative, who was a major of the Guards I was regis tered as sergeant in the Semyonovsky regiment I was supposed to be on leave until I had completed my studies Our bringing up in those days was very different from what it is now. At the age of five I was en trusted to the groom Savelyich who was told off to

look after me, as a reward for the sobriety of his be havior Under his supervision I had learned by the age of twelve to read and write Russian and could judge very soundly the points of a borzoi dog. At that time my father hired for me a Frenchman Monsieur Beaupre, who was fetched from Moscow together with a year's supply of wine and olive oil Savelyich very much disliked his coming

The child thank heaven, has his face washed and his hair combed and his food given him he grumbled to himself Much good it is to spend money on the Frenchman as though the master hadn't enough ser

vants of his own on the estate

600

In his native land Beaupre had been a hairdresser ifterward he was a soldier in Prussia and then came to Russia pour etre outchitel 1 without clearly under standing the meaning of that word He was a good fellow but extremely thoughtless and flighty His chief weakness was his passion for the fair sex his attentions were often rewarded by blows which made him groan for hours Besides he was not an enemy of the bottle" as he put it that is he liked to take a drop too much But since wine was only served in our house at dinner, and then only one glass to each person and the tutor was generally passed over my Beaupre soon grew ac customed to the Russian home made brandy and in deed came to prefer it to the wines of his own country as being far better for the digestion. We made friends at once and although he was supposed by the agree ment to teach me French German and all subjects he preterred to pick up some Russian from me and after that we each followed our own pursuits We got on together capitally I wished for no other mentor But tate soon parted us and this was how it happened

To be a teacher TRANSLATOR & NOTE

The laundress Palashka a stout pock marked girl and the dairymaid one-eyed Akulka had agreed to hrow themselves together at my mother s feet con fessing their culpable weakness and tearfully com plaining of the mossoo who had seduced their inno cence My mother did not like to trifle with such thin, s and complained to my father My father was not one to lose time. He sent at once for that rascal the French man They told him mossoo was giving me my lesson My father went to my room At that time Beaupre was sleeping the sleep of innocence on the bed I was use tully employed I ought to mention that a map of the world had been ordered for me from Moscow It hung on the wall no use was made of it and I had long felt tempted by its width and thickness I decided to make a kite of it and taking advantage of Beaupre's slum bers set to work upon it My father came in just at the moment when I was fixing a tail of tow to the Cape of Good Hope Seeing my exercises in geography my father pulled me by the ear then ran up to Beaupre roused him none too gently and overwhelmed him with reproaches Covered with confusion Beaupre tried to get up but could not the unfortunate French man was dead drunk. He paid all scores at once my father lifted him off the bed by the collar kicked him out of the room and sent him away that same day to the indescribable joy of Savelyich This was the end of my education

my education

I was allowed to run wild and spent my time chasing pigeons and playing leap-frog with the boys on the estate. Meanwhile I had turned sixteen. Then there came a change in my life.

came a change in my life

One autumn day my mother was making jam with honey in the drawing room and I licked my lips as I looked at the boiling scum. My father sat by the win dow reading the Court Calendar which he received

every year This book always had a great effect on him he never read it without agitation and the perisal of it invariably surred his bile My mother, who knew all his ways by heart, always tried to stow the unfortuna e book as far away as possible and sometimes the Court Calendar did not catch his eve for months When, however he did chance to find it he would not let it out of his hands for hours And so my father was reading the Court Calendar strugging his shoulders from time to time and saying in an undertom.

Lieutenant General! He was a sergeant in my company a Companion of two Russian Orders!

And it isn't long since he and I At last my father threw the *Calendar* on the sofa, and sank into a thoughtfulness which boded nothing good

He suddenly turned to my mother

Avdotya Vassilyevna how old is Petrusha?

He is going on for seventeen my mother an swered Petrusha was born the very year when Auntie

Nastasya Gerasimovna lost her eye and when Very well my father interrupted her, it is time he went into the Service He has been running about the servant girls quarters and climbing dovecots long enough

My mother was so overwhelmed at the thought of parting from me that she dropped the spoon into the saucepan and tears flowed down her checks My de light however could hardly be described The idea of military service was connected in my rand with thoughts of freedom and of the pleasures of Peterburg life I imagined myself as an officer of the Guards which to my mind was the height of human bliss

My father did not like to change his plans or to put them off The day for my departure was fixed On the eve ot it my father said that he intended sending with me a letter to my future chief and asked for paper and a pen Don't firget Andrey Petrovich to send my greet

ings to Prince B said my mother and to tell him that I hope he will be kind to Petrusha

What nonsense! my father answered with a frown why should I write o Prince B? Why you said you were going to write to Petrusha's chief?

Well what of it? But Petrusha's chief is Prince B to be sure Pe

trusha is registered in the Semyonovsky regiment Registered! What do I care about it? Petrusha is not going to Petersburg What would he learn if he did his service there? To be a spendthrift and a rake? No let him serve in the army and learn the routine of it and know the smell of powder and be a soldier and not a fon! Registered in the Guards! Where is his pass port? Give it me

My mother found my passport, which she kept put away in a chest together with my christening robe and with a trembling hand gave it to my father My father read it attentively put it before him on the ta ble and began his letter

I was consumed by curiosity Where was I being sent if not to Petersburg? I did not take my eyes off my father's pen which moved rather slowly At last he finished sealed the letter in the same envelope with the passport took off his spectacles called me and said

Here is a letter for you to Andrey Karlovich R my old friend and comrade You are going to Orenbury to serve under him

And so all my brilliant hopes were dashed to the ground! Instead of the gay Petersburg life boredom in a distant and wild part of the country awaited me. Going into the army of which I had thought with such

504

delight only a moment before, now seemed to me a dreadful misfortune. But it was no use protestine! Next morning a traveling-chaise drove up to the house my bag a box with rea things and bundles of pies and rolls the last tokens of family affection were packed into it. My patents blessed me My father said.

io me "Good bye Pyotr Carry out faithfully your oath of allegiance obey your superiors dont seek their fa or dont put yourself forward and do not shirk your duty remember the saying Watch over your lothes while they are new and over your honor while you are young

My mother admonshed me with tears to take care of myself and bade Savelyich look after the child They dressed me in a hare skin jacket and a for tu overcoat. I steeped into the chaise with Savelyich and set off on my journey weeping bitterly.

In the evening I arrived at Simbirsh where I was to spend the next day in order to buy the things I needed Savelyich was entrusted with the purchase of them I put up at an inn Savelyich went out shopping early in the morning Bored with looking out of the window into the dirty street I wandered about the inn Coming into the billiard room I saw a tall man of about thirty five with a long black mustache in a dressing gown a billiard-cue in his hand and a pipe in his mouth He was playing with the marker who drank a glass of vodka on winning and crawled under the billiard table on all fours when he lost I watched their game The longer it continued the oftener the marker had to go on all fours till at last he remained under the table altogether The gentleman pronounced some exprestive sentences by way of a funeral oration and asked me to have a game I refused saying I could not play This seemed to strike him as strange He looked at me

with something like pity nevertheless, we entered into conversation I learned that his name was Ivan Ivano-wich Zurin that he was captain of a Histar regiment, that he had come to Simbirsh to receive recruits and was staying at the inin Zurin invited me to share his dinner such as it was like a fellow soldier I readily agreed. We sat down to dinner Zurin drank a great deal and treated me, saying that I must get used to army ways he told me military anecdotes which made me rock with lunghter and we got up from table on the best of terms. Then he offered to teach me to play hillards.

It is quite essential to us soldiers, he said "On a march for instance, one comes to some wretched little place what is one to do? One can the always beating Jews you know. So there is nothing for it but to go to the inn and play billiards and to do that one must be able to play!

He convinced me completely and I set to work very diligently Zurin encouraged me loudly marveled at the rapid progress I was maling and after several les sons suggested we should play for money at a penny a point, not for the sake of gain but simply so as not to play for nothing which he said was a most objection able habit. I agreed to this, too, and Zurin ordered some punch and persuaded me to try it repeating that I must get used to army life what would the army be without punch! I did as he told me We went on play ing The oftener I sipped from my glass, the more reck less I grew My balls flew beyond the boundary every minute I grew excited abused the marker who did not know how to count kept raising the stakes-in short behaved like a silly boy who was having his first taste of freedom I did not notice how the time passed Zurın looked at the clock put down his cue, and told me that I had lost a hundred rubles I was somewha

506 taken aback My money was with Savelyich, I begar to apologize Zurin interrupted me

Please do not trouble, it does not matter at all I can

wait and meanwhile let us go and see Arinushka What can I say? I finished the day as recklessly as J

had begun it We had supper at Arinushka's Zurin kept filling my glass and repeating that I ought to get used to army ways I could hardly stand when we got up from the table at midnight Zurin drove me back to the inn

Savelyich met us on the steps He cried out whin he saw the unmistakable signs of my zeal for the Service. What has come over you sir? he said in a shaking voice wherever did you get yourself into such a state? Good Lord! Such a dreadful thing has never hap pened to you before!

Be quiet you old dodderer! I mumbled You and put me to must be drunk go and he down

Next day I woke up with a headache vaguely re calling the events of the day before My reflections were interrupted by Savelyich who came in to me with a cup of tea

It s early you have taken to drinking Pyotr An dreyich he said to me shaking his head much too early And whom do you get it from? Neither your father nor your grandfather were drunkards and your mother it goes without saying never tastes any

thing stronger than kvass And who is at the bottom of t all? That damned Frenchman He kept running to Antipyevna Madame she voo pree vodka Here s a fine shu voo pree for you! There is no gainsaying it he has taught you some good the curl And much need there was to hire an infidel for a tutor! As though mas

ter had not enough servants of his own! I was ashamed I turned away and said to him Leave me Savelyich I don't want any tea But it was

not easy to stop Savelyich once he began sermonizing
You see now what it is to take too much Pyotr An
dreyich Your head is heavy and you have no appetite
A man who drinks is no good for anything
Have

A man who drinks is no good for anything
some cucumber brine with honey or better still half a
glass of home made brandy Shall I bring you some

At that moment a servant boy came in and gave me

Dear Pyotr Andreyich

Please send me by my boy the hundred rubles you lost to me at billiards yesterday I am in urgent need of money

Always at your service

It an Zurin

There was nothing for it Assuming an oir of indifference I turned to Savelyich—the leeper of my money linen—and affairs—and told him to give the boy a hundred ruble.

What! Why should I give it him?

What 'Wey should I give it nim'
I owe it to him I answered as coolly as possible
Owe it! repeated Savelyich growing more and
no e amazed but when did you have time to con
tract a debt sir? There is something wrong about this
You may say what you like but I wont give the

money

I thought that if at that decisive moment I did not get the better of the obstinate old man it would be difficult for me in the future to free myself from his tu telage and so I said looking at him haughtly

I am your master and you are my servant The money is mine I lost it at billiards because it was my pleasure to do so and I advise you not to argue but to do as you are told

Savelyich was so startled by my words that he clasped his hands 1 and remained motionless

Well why don't you go? I cried angrily

Savelyich began to weep

My dear Pyotr Andreyich he said, in a shaking voice do not make me die of grief My darling do as I tell you, old man that I am, write to that brigand that it was all a joke and that we have no such sum A hun dred rubles! Good Lord! Tell him that your parents have strictly forbidden you to play unless it be for letrir

That will do I interrupted him sternly give me

the money or I will turn you out Savelyich looked at me with profound grief and went to fetch the money I was sorry for the poor old man but I wanted to assert my independence and to

prove that I was no longer a child

The money was delivered to Zurin Savelyich has tened to get me out of the accursed inn He came to tell me that horses were ready I left Simbirsk with an uneasy conscience and silent remorse, not saying good bye to my teacher and not expecting ever to meet him again

11

THE GUIDE

Thou distant land land unknown to met Not of my will have I come to thee Nor was 1 my steed that brought me here I se been led to thee by my recklessness By my courage and youth and my love for drink An Old Song

The gesture may more properly be described as throwing up EDITOR & NOTE the arms and striking the hands together

MY REFLECTIONS on the journey were not particularly pleasant The sum I had lost was considerable recording to the standards of that time I could not help confessing to myself that I had behaved stupidly at the Simbirsk inn and I felt that I had been in the wrong with Savelytch. It all made me wretched The old man six gloomily on the coach boy his head turned away from me occasionally he cleared his throat but said nothing I was determined to make peace with him but did not know how to begin. At last I said to him.

There there Savelyich let us make it up! I am sorry I see myself I was to blame I got into mischief yesterday and offended you for nothing I promise yoi I will be more sensible now and do as you tell me There don the cross let us make peace

Ah my dear Pyotr Andreyich, he answered with a deep sigh 1 am cross with myself—it was all my full. How could I have left you alone at the inni There it is—I yielded to temptation. I thought I would call on the deazon is wife an old friend of finne. It is just as the proverb says—you go and see your friends and in just your visit ends. It is simply dreadfull How shall I show myself before my master and mistress? What will they say when they hear that the child gam bles and drinks?

To comfort poor Savelytch I gave him my word not to dispose of a single farthing without his consent in the future. He calimed down after a time though now and again he still muttered to himself shaking his head. A hundred rubles! It is no joke!

I was approaching the place of my destination A desolate plain intersected by hills and ravines stretched around All was covered with snow the sun was setting. The chaise was going along a narrow road or,

rather a track made by peasant sledges Suddenly the driver begin looking anxiously at the horizon and at last taking off his cap he turned to me and said

Hadn t we better turn back, sir?

What for?

The weather is uncertain the wind is rising see how it sweeps the snow

But what of it? Do you see that?

The driver pointed with the whip to the east

I see nothing but the white steppe and a clear sky Why that little cloud there

I certainly did see at the edge of the sky a white cloud which I had taken at first for a small hill in the

distance. The driver explained to me that the cloud be tokened a snowstorm. I had heard about snowstorms in those parts and knew that whole transports were sometimes buried by them. Savelytch like the driver thought that we ought to turn back. But the wind did not seem to me strong I hoped to arrive in time at the station and told the

man to drive faster
The driver set the horses at a gallop but still kept
glancing eastward The horses went well Menuchile
the wind grew stronger and stronger every hour The
intitle cloud grew bigger and rose heavily gradually en
veloping the sky Fine snow began to fall and then
suddenly came down in big flakes The wind howled
the snowstorm burst upon us In a single moment the
dark sky melted into the sea of snow Everything was

lost to sight

It sa had look out sir the driver shouted Snow
storm! I peeped out of the chaise darkness and whit
wind were around us The wind howled with such fe
rocious expressiveness that it seemed alive Savelyed

and I were covered with snow, the horses walked on slowly and soon stopped altogether Why don't you go on? I asked the driver impa

tiently What s the good? he answered jumping off the

box I don't know where we are as it is there is no road and it is dark

I began scolding him but Savelyich took his side Why ever didn't you take his advice? he said an

grily you would have returned to the inn had some tea and slept in comfort till morning and have gone on when the storm stopped And what s the hurry? We aren t going to a wedding Savelyich was right There was nothing to be done

Snow was falling fast A great drift of it was being heads down and shuddered from time to time. The driver walked round them setting the harness to rights for the sake of something to do Savelvich was grum bling I was looking around in the hope of seeing some sign of a homestead or of the road but I could distin guish nothing in the opaque whirlwind of snow Sud denly I caught sight of something black

Hey driver! I cried Look what is that black

thing over there?

The driver stared into the distance

Heaven only knows sir he said climbing back on to the box it's not a wagon and not a tree and it seems to be moving. It must be a wolf or a man

I told him to go toward the unknown object which immediately began moving toward us In two min utes we came upon a man

Hey there good man the driver shouted to him do you know where the road is?

"The road is here the wayfarer answered I am standing on hard ground but what s the good?

612

I say my good fellow do you know these parts? I asked him Could you guide us to a night's lodg ing? I know the country well enough the wayfarer an

swered I should think I have trodden every inch of it But you see what the weather is we should be sure to lose our way Better stop here and wait maybe the snowstorm will stop and when the sky is clear we can

find our bearings by the stars His coolness gave me courage I decided to trust to Providence and spend the night in the steppe when the wayfarer suddenly jumped on to the box and said to the driver

Thank God there s a village close by turn to the

right and make straight for it And why should I go to the right? the driver ask ed with annoyance where do you see the road? It s

easy enough to drive other people's horses The driver seemed to me to be right

Indeed how do you know that we are close to a village? I asked the man

Because the wind has brought a smell of smoke from over there he answered so a village must be near

His quickness and keenness of smell astonished me I told the driver to go on The horses stepped with dif

ficulty in the deep snow The chaise moved slowly now going into a snowdrift now dipping into a ravine and swaying from side to side It was like being on a ship in a stormy sea. Savelvich groaned as he kept jolt ing against me I put down the front curtain wrapped my fur cost round me and dozed, lulled to sleep by the singing of the storm and the slow swaying motion or the chaise

I had a dream which I could never since forget and in which I still see a kind of prophecy when I reflect upon the strange vicussitudes of my life. The reader will forgive me probably knowing from experience how natural it is for man to indulge in supersition however great his contempt for all vain imaginings may be

I was in that state of mind and feeling when reality gives may no dreams and merges into them in the shad only visions of oncoming sleep. It seemed to me the storm was still raging and we were still wandering in the snowy desert. Suddenly I saw a gateway and drove into the courtyard of our estate My first thought was fear lest my father should be angry with me for my involuntary return and regard it as an intentional disobedience. Antous I jumped down from the chaise and saw my mother who came out to ricet me on the steps with an air of profound grief

Don t make any noise she said Your father is ill

he is dying and wants to say good bye to you

Terror stricken, I followed her to the bedroom It was dimly lighted people with sad looking faces were standing by the bed I approached the bed quietly my mother lifted the bed-curtain and said. Andrey Petro vich! Pertusha has come he returned when he heard of your illness bless him. I knelt down and looked at the sick man But what did I see? Instead of my father a black bearded peasant lay on the bed looking at memerally I turned to my mother in perplevity and said to her. What does it mean? This is not my father And why should I ask his peasants blessing?—Never mind Petrusha my mother answered "he takes your fathers place for the wedding. Liss his hand and let him bless you. I would not do it. Then the peasant jumped off the bed seized an ax from behind his b. ck, and began waving it about I whated to run away and could not the room was full of dead bodies!

blood The terrible peasant called to me kindly, saying Don't be atraid, come and let me bless you.

Terror and confusion possessed me At that moment I woke up The horses were standing still Savel yich held me by the hand saying.

Come out sir we have arrived

Where? I asked rubbing my eyes
At the inn With the Lord's help we stumbled right
against the fence Make haste come and warm your

selt sir

I tepped out of the chaise. The snowstorm was still raging though with less violence. It was pitched a The Indiord met us at the gate holding, a lan er was the cree skirt of his coat and let us into a room that was small but clean enough it was lighted by a buring splinter. A rife and a tall Cossack cap hing on the

wall

The landlord a Yaik Co sack was a man of about
sity active and well preserved Sacleuch brought in
the bor with the tea things and asked for a fire so that
he could make rea which had never seemed to me so
welcome. The landlord went to look after timings

Where is our guide? I asl ed Savelvich
Here your honor answered a voice above me
I looked up and on the shelf by the stove saw a black

beard and two glittering eyes

You must have got chilled brother?

I should thinh! I did with nothing but a thin jethin on! I did have a sheepskin coat but I confess! pawned it yesterday in a tyern the frost did not seem to be

had
At that moment the landlord came in with a boiling
samovar I offered our guide a cup of te1 he climped
down from the shelf. His appearance I thought was
striking He was about forty of medium height lean
and broad shouldered Gray was beginning to show in

his black beard. his big lively eyes were never still. His face had a pleasant but crafty expression. His hair was cropped like a peasant s. he wore a ragged jerkin and Turkish trousers. I handed him a cup of tea. he tasted it and made a grimace.

Be so kind your honor tell them to give me a glass of vodka tea is not a Cossack drink

I readily complied with his wish. The landlord took a glass and bottle out of the cupboard came up to the man, and said, glancing into his face.

Aha! you are in our parts again! Where do you come from?

My guide winked significantly and answered in iddles

I flew about the kitchen garden picking hemp eed granny threw a pebble but missed me And how

are your fellows getting on?

Nothing much to be said of them the landlord said also speaking in metaphors. They tried to ring the bells for vespers but the priest's wife said they must

said also speaking in metaphors. They tried to ring the bells for vespers but the priests whe said they must not the priest is on a visit and the devils are in the chu ch yard.

Be quiet uncle the tramp answered if it rains there will be mushrooms and if there are mushrooms there will be a basket for them and now (he winked again) put the ax behind your back, the forester is about Your honor here sa health to you!

With these words he took the glass crossed himself and drank it at one gulp then he bowed to me and returned to the shelf by the stoye

I could not at the time understand anything of this there's jargon but her on I guessed they were talking of the affairs of the Yaik Cossicks who had just been subdued after their rebellion in 1772. Savelyich listened with an air of thorough disapproval. He looked suspicously both at the landlord and at our guide. The inn

stood in the steppe by itself, far from any village, and looked uncommonly like a robbers den But there was nothing else for it There could be no question of con tinuing the journey Savelyich's anxiety amused me greatly Meanwhile I made ready for the night and lay down on the bench Savelyich decided to sleep on the stove the landlord lay down on the floor Soon the room was full of snoring and I dropped fast asleep

Waking up rather late in the morning I saw that the storm had subsided The sun was shining The bound less steppe was wrapped in a covering of dazzling snow The horses were harnessed I paid the landlord who charged us so little that even Sayelyich did not dispute about it or try to beat him down as was his wont he completely forgot his suspicions of the even ing before I called our guide thanked him for the help he had given us and told Savelyich to give him half a ruble for vodka Savelyich frowned

Half a ruble! he said What for? Because you were pleased to give him a lift and bring him to the inn? You may say what you like sir, we have no half rubles to spare. If we give tips to every one we shall soon have to starve

I could not argue with Savelyich I had promised that the money was to be wholly in his charge I was annoyed however at not being able to thank the man t ho had saved me from a very unpleasant situation if

not from actual danger

Very well I said calmly If you don t want to give him half a ruble live him something out of my clothes He is dressed much too lightly Give him in) hareskin coat

Mercy on us Pyotr Andreyich! Savelyich cried What is the good of your hareskin coat to him? He

will sell it for drink at the next pot house the dog That s no concern of yours old fellow, whether I sell it for drink or not said the tramp. His honor gives me a fur coat of his own it is your master's pleasure to do so and your business as a servant is to obey and not to argue.

"You have no fear of God you brigand! Savelyich answered in an angry vo ce. You see the child has no seense as yet and you are only too glad to take advantage of his good nature. What do you want with a gentleman's coat? You can't squeeze your hulking great shoulders into it however you try!

Please don't argue I said to the old man bring

the coat at once

Good Lord! my Savelyich groaned. Why the coat is almost new! To give it away and not to a decent man either, but to a shameless drunkard!

Nevertheless the hareshin coat appeared The peas ant immed ately tried it on The coat that I had slight by outgrown was certainly a little tight for him He succeeded however in getting into it bursting the seams a he did so Savelyich almost howled when he heard the threads breaking The trainp was extremely pleased with my present He saw me to the chaise and said with a low bow

Thank you your honor! May God reward you for your goodness I shall not forget your kindness so long as I live

He went his way and I drove on taking no notice of Savelyich and soon forgot the snowstorm of the day before my guide and the hareskin coat

Arriving in Orenburg I went straight to the General I saw a fall man already bent by age His long hair was perfectly white An old and faded uniform re minded one of the soldiers of Empress Anna s time he spoke with a strong German accent I gave him my father s letter When I mentioned my name he threw a time he spoke with a group of the strong company actions and action of the strong strong actions are strong strong and the strong company and the strong strong

Du lieber Gott! he said It does not seem long since Andrey Petrovich wa your age and now see what a big son he has! Oh how time flies!

He opened the letter and began reading it in an undertone interposing his own remarks My dear

undertone interposing his own remarks by our Sir Andrey Karlowich I hope that Your Excellency Why so formal? Fire he should be ashamed of himself! Discipline is of course a thing of the first importance but is this the way to write to an old Kamerod?

Your Excellence has not furgotten.

Kamerad? Your Excellency has not forgotten
Hm and when the late Field
Marshil Munnich the march and also
Carolinchen Ehe Bruder! so he still remembers
our old escapades! Now to business I am sending
my young rascal to you H m hold hum in
hedgehog gloves What are hedgehog gloves! It
must be a Russian saying What does it mean?

That means I answered looking as innocent as possible to treat one kindly not to be too stern to give

one plenty of freedom

Hm I see and do not give him too much rope No evidently hedgehog gloves means some thing different Herewith his passport Where is it? Ah here Write to the Semyonov sky regiment Very good very good it shall be done Allow me forgetting your rank to em brace you like an old friend and comrade Ah at

last he thought of it and so on and so on Well my dear he said, having finished the letter and put my passport aside it shall all be done as your father wishes you will be transferred with the rank of an officer to the N regiment and not to lose time you shall go tomorrow to the Belogorsky fortress to serve under Captain Mironov good and honorable man You will see real service there and learn discipline.

There is nothing for you to do at Orenburg dissipa tion is bad for a young man And tonight I shall be pleased to have you dine with me
I am going from bad to worse! I thought What

is the good of my having been a sergeant in the Guards almost before I was born! Where has it brought me? To the N regiment and a desolate fortress on the border of the Kirghiz Steppes!

I had dinner with Andrey Karlovich and his old aide-de-camp Strict German economy reigned at his table and I think the fear of seeing occasionally an ad ditional guest at his bachelor meal had something to do with my hasty removal to the garrison. The following day I took leave of the General and set off for my des tination

ш

THE PORTRESS

In this fortress fine ue lue Bread and water is our fare And when ferocious foes Come to our table bare To a real feast we treat them Load the cannon and then beat them Soldiers Song

Old fashsoned people sir Fonvizin

THE Belogorsky fortress was twenty five miles from Orenburg The road ran along the steep bank of the Yask The river was not yet frozen and its leaden waves looked dark and mournful between the monotonous banks covered with white snow Beyond it the Kirghiz Steppes stretched into the distance I was absorbed in reflections for the most part of a melancholy

620

nature Life in the fortress did not attract me I tried to picture Captain Mironov, my future chief, and thought of him as a stern bad tempered old man who cared for nothing but discipline and was ready to put me under arrest on a diet of bread and water for the least little trifle Meanwhile it was growing dark We

were driving rather fast

Is it far to the fortress? I asked the driver No not far he answered it s over there you can

séé it I looked from side to side expecting to see menacing battlements towers and a rampart, but saw nothing except a village surrounded by a los, fence On one side of it stood three or four haystacks half-covered with snow on another a tumbledown windmill with wings

of bark that hung idle But where is the fortress? I asked in surprise

Why here answered the driver pointing to the village and as he spoke we drove into it

At the gate I saw an old cannon made of cast iron the streets were narrow and crooked the cottages low and for the most part, with thatched roofs I told the driver to take me to the Commandant s and in another minute the chaise stopped before a wood-n house built upon rising ground close to a church also made of wood

No one came out to meet me I walked into the entry and opened the door into the ante room. An old soldier was sitting on the table sewing a blue patch on the sleeve of a green uniform I asked him to announce me

Go in my dear, he said our people are at home I stepped into a clean little room furnished in the

old fashioned style In the corner stood a cupboard full of crockery an officer's diploma in a frame under glass hung on the wall, colored prints representing "The Taking of Ochakoff and Küstrin The Choos ing of a Bride and The Cat's Funeral made bright patches on each side of it. An elderly lady dressed in a Russian jacket and with a kerchief on her head was sitting by the window She was winding yarn which ... one-eyed man in an officer's uniform held for her on his outstretched hands

"What is your pleasure sir? she asked me, going on with her work

I answered that I had come to serve in the army and thought it my duty to present myself to the Captain and with these words I turned to the one-eved old man whom I took to be the Commandant but the lady of the house interrupted the speech I had prepared

Ivan Kuzmich is not at home she answered he has gone to see Father Gerasim but it makes no differ ence sir I am his wife You are very welcome Please sit down

She called the maid and asked her to call the ser geant The old man kept looking at me inquisitively with his single e e May I be so bold as to ask in what regiment you

have been serving?

I satisfied his curiosity

And may I ask he continued why you have been transferred from the Guards to the garrison? I answered that such was the decision of my superi

ors

"I presume it was for behavior unseemly in an officer of the Guards? the persistent old man went on

That s enough nonsense, the Captain's lady inter rupted him You see the young man is used after the journey he has other things to think of your hands straight

T logreyks a padded or fur lined jacket, with or without vice es.

And don't you worry, my dear, that you have been banished to these wilds, she went on, addressing her self to me You are not the first nor the last You will like it better when you are u ed to it Shvabrin Alexey Ivanych was transferred to us five years ago for killin a man Heaven only I nows what possessed him but would you believe it, he went out of town with a cer tain lieutenant and they both took swords and started prodding each other-and Alexey Ivanych did for the lieutenant and before two witnesses tool There it is-

one never knows what one may do At that moment the sergeant, a young and well built

Cossack came into the room Maximych! the Captrin's lady said to him find a lodging for this gentleman and mind it is clean

Yes Vasılısa Yegorovna, the Cossack answered

Shall I get rooms for his honor at Ivan Polezhayev s? Certainly not Maximych said the lady Polez

hayev is crowded as it is besides he is a friend and of ways remembers that we are his superiors Take the gentleman what is your name sir?

Pyotr Andrevich

Take Pyotr Andreyich to Semyon Kuzov s Helet his horse into my kitchen garden the rascal Well Maximych is everything in order?

All is well thank God the Cossack answered only Corporal Prokhorov had a fight in the bath house with Ustinya Negulina about a bucket of hor

water Ivan Ignatyich! said the Captain's lady to the one eyed old man will you look into it and find out whether Ustinya or Prokhorov is to blame? And pun ish them both! Well Maximych you can go now Pyotr Andreyich Maximych will take you to your

todging I rook leave of her The Cossack brought me to a

cottage that stood on the high bank of the river at the very edge of the fortress Half of the cottage was occu pied by Semyon Kuzov s family the other was allotted to me It consisted of one fairly clean room partitioned into two Savelyich began unpacking. I looked out of the narrow window The melancholy steppe stretched before me On one side I could see a few cottages sev eral hens strutted about the street. An old woman stood on the steps with a trough calling to pigs that an swered her with friendly grunting And this was the place where I was doomed to spend my youth! I sud denly felt wretched I left the window and went to bed without any upper in spite of Savelyich's entreaties He kept repeating in distress

Merciful heavens he won t eat! What will my mis

tress say if the child is taken ill?

Next morning I had just begun to dress when the door opened and a young officer short swarthy with a plain but extremely lively face walked in

Excuse me he said to me in French for coming without ceremony to make your acquaintance Yester day I heard of your arrival I could not resist the desire to see at last a human face. You will understand this when you have lived here for a time

I guessed that this was the officer who had been dis missed from the Guards on account of a duel We made friends at once Shvabrin was very intelligent His conversation was witty and entertaining He described to me in a most amusing way the Comman dant's family their friends and the place to which fate had brought him I was screaming with laughter when the old soldier whom I had seen mending a uniform at the Commandant's came in and gave me Vasilisa Yegorovna's invitation to dine with them Shvabrin said he would go with me

As we approached the Commandant's house we saw

624

in the square some twenty old garrison solders in three cornered hats and with long queue. They were standing at attention. The Commandant a tall vigor ous old man wearing a night-cap and a cotton dressing gown, stood facing them. When he saw us he came up said a few kind words to me, and went on drilling his men. We stopped to look on but he asked us to go to his house promising to come soon_after.

There's nothing here worth looking at he added Vasilisa Yegorovan gave us a kind and homely wel come, treating me as though she had known me all my life. The old veteran and the maid Palasha were laying the table.

My Ivan Kuzmich is late with his drilling today, she said Palasha call your master to dinner And where is Masha?

At that moment a girl of eighteen, with a rosy round face came in her fair hair was smoothly combed be hind her ears which at that moment were burning I did not particularly like her at the first glance I was prejudiced against her Shvabrin had described Mishake Captain's daughter as quite stupid Marya Ivan owna sat down in a corner and began sewing Mean while cabbage soup was served. Not seeting her his band Vasilisa Yegorovina sent Palasha a second time to call him.

soup will get cold there is always time for drilling thank heaven he can shout to his heart's content later on

The Captain soon appeared accompanied by the one-eyed old man

What has come over you my dear? his wife said to him Dinner was served ages ago and you wouldn't come

But I was busy drilling soldiers Vasilisa Yegor

oyna let me tell you

Come, come, his wife retorted all this drilling is mere pretence—your soldiers don't learn anything and you are no good at it either. You had much better sit at home and say your prayers. Dear guests come to the table

We sat down to dinner Vasilisa Yegorovna was never silent for a minute and bombarded me with questions who were my parrnts, were they living where did they live how big was their estate. When she heard that my father had three hundred serfs she said. Just fancy to thinh, of there being rich people in the world! And we my dear have only one maid Palasha but we are comfortable enough thanh, heaving. The only trouble is Masha ought to be getting married and all she has by way of dowry is a comh and a broom and a brass farthing just enough to go to the bath, with If the right man turns up all well and good but if not she will die an old maid.

I glanced at Marya Ivanovna she flushed crimson and tears dropped into her plate I feli sorry for her and hastened to change the conversation I have heard I said rather inappropriately that

the Bashkirs propose to attack your fortress

From whom have you heard it my good sir? Ivan

Kuzmich asked

I was told it at Orenburg I answered

Don't you believe it! said the Commandant we have not heard anything of it for years. The Bashkirs have been scared and the Kirghiz too have had their lesson. No fear they won't attack us and if they do I will give them such a fright that they will keep quiet for another ten years.

And you are not afraid I continued turning to Vasilisa Yegorovna to remain in a fortress subject to such dangers?

It s a habit my dear she answered "Twenty year

I carnot tell you how I dreaded those accursed infidels' As soon as I saw their Ivnx caps and heard their squed ing my heir stood still would you believe it! And no v I have grown so used to it that I don't stir when they tell us the villains are prowling round the fort ress

Vasilisa Yegorovna is a most courageous lady Shvabrin remarked pompously Ivan Kuzmich can bear witness to it

Yes she is not of the timed sort, let me tell youl

And Marya Ivanovna? Is she as brave as you are?

Is Masha brave? her mother answered No Masha is a coward She can t bear even now to hear a rifle shot it makes her all of a tremble And when two years ago Ivan Kurzmeh took it into his head to fire our cannon on my name day she nearly died of finghty poor dear Since then we haven t fired the cursed can non any more

We got up from the table The Captain and his wife went to lie down, and I went to Shvabrin's and spent the whole evening with him

TV

THE DUEL

Oh very well take up then your position and you shall see me pierce your body through hnyazhnin

SEVERAL weeks had passed and my life in the Belogorsky fortress had grown not merely endurable but positively pleasant I was received in the Command ant s house as one of the family The husband and wife were most worthy people. Ivan Kuzmich who had risen from the ranks to be an officer was a plain and uneducated man but most kind and honorable. His wife ruled him which suited his easy going disposi tion Vasilisa Yegorovna looked upon her husbands military duties as her own concern and managed the fortress as she did her own home Marya Ivanovna soon lost her shyness with me and we became friends. I found her to be a girl of feeling and good sense Im perceptibly I grew attached to the land family and even to Ivan Ignatyich the one-eyed heutenant of the garrison Shyabrin had said of him that he was on im proper terms with Vasilisa Yegorovna though there was not a semblance of truth in it but Shvabrin did not care about that I received my commission. My military duties were

not strenuous. In our blessed fortress there were no parades no drills no sentry duty Occasionally the Commandant of his own accord taught the soldiers but had not yet succeeded in teaching all of them to know their left hand from their right. Shvabrin had several French books I began reading and developed a taste for literature In the mornings I read pra tised translating and sometimes composed verses I almos always dined at the Commandant's and spent there the rest of the day in the evenings Father Gerasim and his wife Akulina Pamfilovna the biggest gossip in the neighborhood sometimes came there also Of course I saw Alexey Ivanych Shvabrin every day but his conversation grew more and more distasteful to me as time went on I disliked his constant tokes about the Commandant's family and in particular his derisive remarks about Marya Ivanovna There was no other society in the fortress and indeed I wished for no Other

In spite of the prophecies the Bashkirs did not use feace reigned around our fortress. But the peace was suddenly disturbed by an internal war.

I have already sud that I trued my hand at literature Judged by the standards of that period my attempts were quite creditable, and several years later Alexander Petrovich Sumarokov i thoroughly approved of them One day I succeeded in writing a song that pleased me Fverybody, knows that sometimes under the pretext of seeking advice writers try to find an appreciative listen er And so having copied out my song I took it to Shvabrin who was the only person in the fortrest cap able of doing justice to the poet's work. After a few preluminary remarks I took my note book out of my pocket and read the following verses to him

Thoughts of love I try to banish And her beauty to forget And ah me! avoiding Masha Hope I shall my freedom get

But the eyes that have seduced me Are before me night and day To confusion they we reduced me Driven rest and peace away

When you hear of my misfortunes
Pity Masha pity me!
You can see my cruel torments
I am captice held by thee

What do you think of it? I asked Shvabrin expecting praise as my rightful due. But to my extreme annoyance Shvabrin who was usually a kind enticy declared that my song was bad.

Sumarokov (1718 77) at early Russian poet of the pseudoclassical school TRANSLATOR'S NOTE

Why so? I asked concealing my vexation Because such lines are worthy of my teacher Vas sily Kirilych Tretyakovsky 1 and greatly remind me of his love verses

He then took my note book from me and began mercilessly criticizing every line and every word of the poem mocking me in a most derisive manner I could not endure it snatched the note book from him and said I would never show him my verses again Shya

brin laughed at this threat too

We shall see, he said whether you will keep your word Poets need a listener as much as Ivan Kuzmich needs his decenter of vodka before dinner. And who is this Masha to whom you declare your tender passion and lovesickness? Is it Marya Ivanovna by any chance?

It s none of your business whoever she may be I answered frowning. I want neither your opinion nor your conjectures

Ohol A touchy poet and a modest lover! Shyabria went on irritating me more and more. But take a friend's advice if you want to succeed you must have recourse to something better than songs

What do you mean sir? Please explain yourselt

Willingly I mean that if you want Masha Mironov to visit you at dush present her with a pair of ear rings instead of tender verses My blood boiled

And why have you such an opinion of her? I asked ha dly able to restrain my indignation

Because I know her manners and morals from ex perience he answered with a fiendish smile

It's a lie you scoundrel I cried furiously It's a shameless lie!

Shvabrin changed color

O e of the early Russi n writers o poetry remarkable f r hu unweary g call not t r lack of talent. The Tonk Nor

You'll have to pay for this he said gripping my 2rm you will give me satisfaction

Certainly-whenever you like, I answered, with relief I was ready to tear him to pieces at that moment

I went at once to Ivan Ignatuch whom I found with a needle in his hands threading mushrooms to dry for

the winter, at Vasilisa Yegorovna s request Ah Pyotr Andreyich! Pleased to see you! he said, when he saw me What good fortune brings you?

What business, may I ask?

I explained to him briefly that I had quarreled with Alexey Ivanych and was asking him, Ivan Ignatyich to be my second Ivan Ignatyich listened to me attentive

ir staring at me with his solitary eye You are pleased to say he answered that you in tend to kill Alexey Ivanych and wish me to witness it?

Is that so may I ask?

Outte 50 Good heavens Pyotr Andrevichl What are you thinling about? You have quarreled with Alexey Ivanych? What ever does it matter? Bad words are of no consequence He abuses you-you swear back at him he hits you in the face—you hit him on the ear, twice three times-and then go your own way and we shall see to it that you make it up later on But killing a fellow-creature-is that a right thing to do let me ask you? And anyway if you killed him it wouldn't mat ter so much I am not very fond of Alexey Ivanych my self for the matter of that But what if he makes a hole in you? What will that be like? Who will be made a

tool of then may I ask? The sensible old man s arguments did not shake me

I stuck to my intention

As you like said Ivan Ignatyich Do what you think best But vehy should I be your witness? What for? Two men fighting each other! What is there

worth seeing in it may I ask? I ve been in the Swedish War and the Turkish and believe me I ve seen enough

I tried to explain to him the duties of a second but

You Ignatyich simply could not understand me
You may say what you like he said but if I am
to take part in this affair it is only to go to Ivan Kuz mich and tell him as duty bids me that a crime con trary to the interests of the State is being planned in the fortress-and to ask if the Commandant would be pleased to take proper measures

I was alarmed and begged Ivan Ignatyich to say nothing to the Commandant I had difficulty in per suading him but at last he gave me his word and I left him

I spent the evening as usual at the Commandants I tried to appear cheerful and indifferent so as to escape inquisitive questions and not give grounds for suspi cion but I confess I could not boast of the indifference which people in my position generally profess to feel That evening I was inclined to be tender and emotion al Marya Ivanovna attracted me more than ever The thought that I might be seeing her for the last time made her seem particularly touching to me Shvabrin was there also I rook him aside and told him of my conversation with Ivan Ignatyich

What do we want with seconds? he said to me

dryly we will do without them

We arranged to fight behind the corn stacks near the fortress and to meet there the following morning be tween six and seven We appeared to be talking so ami cably that Ivan Ignatyich delighted let out the secret

That's right! he said to me looking pleased a bad peace is better than a good quarrel a damaged name is better than a damaged skin

What's this what's this Ivan Ignatyich? asked

Vasilisa Yegorovna, who was telling fortunes by cards

in the corner I wasn't listening Ivan Ignatyich seeing my look of annoyance and re calling his promise was confused and did not know

what to say Shvabrin hastened to his assistance Ivan Ignatyich approves of our making peace" he

said

But with whom had you quarreled my dear? I had rather a serious quarrel with Pyotr Andrey

ıch What about?

About the merest trifle Vasilisa Yegorovna a

song That's a queer thing to quarrel about! A song! But how did it happen?

Why this is how it was Not long ago Pyotr An dreyich compo ed a song and today he began singing it in my presence, and I struck up my favorite

Captain's daughter I warn you Don t you go for midnight walks

There was discord Pyotr Andreyich was angry at first but then he thought better of it and decided that every one may sing what he likes And that was the end of it

Shyabrin's impudence very nearly incensed me, but no one except me understood his coarse hints or at any rate no one took any notice of them From songs the conversation turned to poets the Commandant remarked that they were a bad lot and bitter drunk ards and advised me as a friend to give up writing verses for uch an occupation did not accord with mili tary duties and brought one to no good

Shvabrin's presence was unendurable to me I soon and good bye to the Captain and his family when came home I examined my sword felt the point of it and went to bed telling Savelvich to wake me at six o clock

The following morning I stood behind the corn stacks at the appointed hour waiting for my opponent

He arrived soon after me

We may be disturbed he said. We had better be

quick

We took off our uniforms and dressed in our waist coats only bared our swords. At that moment Ivan Ignatusch with five soldiers of the garrison suddenly appeared from behind the stacks. He requested us to go to the Commandant's We obeyed vexed as we were the soldiers surrounded us and we followed Ivan Ignatyich who led us in triumph stepping along with an air of extraordinary importance

We entered the Commandant's house Ivan Ignaty ich opened the doors and solemnly proclaimed I have

brought them!

We were met by Vasilisa Yegorovna "Goodness me! What ever next? What? How could you? Planning murder in our fortress! Ivan Kuzmich put them under arrest at once! Pyotr Andreyich Alex-y Ivanych! Give me your swords give them up give them up! Palasha take these swords to the pantry! I did not expect this of you Pyotr Andreyich aren't you ashamed of yourself? It is all very well for Alexey Ivanych-he has been dismissed from the Guards for killing a man and he does not believe in God but

fancy you doing a thing like this! Do you want to be like him? Ivan Kuzmich fully agreed with his wife and kept repeating

Vasilisa Yegorovna is quite right let me tell you duel are explicitly forbidden in the army regulations

Meanwhile Palasha took our swords and carned them to the pantry I could not help laughing Shva

brin retained his dignity

With all respect for you, he said coolly I must observe that you give yourself unnecessary trouble in passing judgment upon us Leave it to Ivan Kuzmich -it is his business

But my dear sir aren t husband and wife one flesh and one spirit? the Commandant a lady retorted Ivon Kuzmich what are you thinking of? Put them under arrest at once in different corners and give them nothing but bread and water till they come to their seuses! And let Father Gerasim set them a penan e that they may beg God to forgive them and confess their sin to the Leople

Ivan Kuzmich did not know what to do Marya Ivanovna was extremely pale Little by little the storm subsided Vasilisa Yegorovna calmed down and made us kiss each other Palasha brought us back our swords We left the Commandant's bouse apparently recon ciled Ivan Ignatyich accompanied us

Aren't you ashamed I said to him angrily have betrayed us to the Commandant when you prom sed me not to?

Gol is my witness I never said anything to Ivan Kuzmich he inswered Vasilisa Yegorovna wormed it all out of me And he made all the arrangements without saying a word to Ivan Kuzmich

thank Heaven that it has all ended in this way With these word he turned home and Shvabrin and

I were left alone

We cannot let it end at that I said to him

be trends for a few days Good bye

Of course not Shvabrin answered you will an over me with your blood for your insolence but I'ex puct we shall be watched. We shall have to pretend to

And we parted as though nothing had happened Returning to the Commandant's I sat down as usual by Marya Ivanovna Ivan Kuzmich was not at home Vasilisa Yegorovna was busy with household matters We spoke in undertones Marya Ivanovna tenderly re proached me for the anxiety I had caused everyone by my quarrel with Shvabrin

I was quite overcome she said when I heard you were going to fight. How strange men are! Because of a single word which they would be sure to forget in a week's time they are ready to kill each other and to sacrifice their lives and their conscience and the well fare of those who But I am sure you did not begin the quarrel Alexey Ivanych is probably to blame

And why do you think so Marya Ivanovna?

Oh I don t know he always reers at people I don't like Alexey Ivanych He repels me and yet strange to say I would not on any account have him dislike me also That would worry me dreadfully

And what do you think Marya Ivanovna? Does he

like you?

Marya Ivanovna stammered and blushed

she said. I believe he does like me And why do you believe it?

Because he made me an offer of marriage He made you an offer of marriage? When?

Last year Some two months before you came And you refused?

As you see Of course, Alexey Ivanych is clever and

rich and of good family but when I think that in church I should have to Liss him before all the people

not for anything! Nothing would induce me! Marya Ivanovna's words opened my eyes and ex-plained a great deal to me I understood the persistent slanders with which he pursued her The words that gave rise to our quarrel seemed to me all the more vile

when instead of coarse and unseemly mockery, I saw in them deliberate calumny My desire to punish the impudent slanderer grew more intense and I waited impruently for an opportunity
I did not have to wait long. The following day as I

sat composing an elegy biting my pen as I searched to a rhyme Shvabrin knocked it my window I left my pen picked up my sword and went out to him Why wait? Shyabrin said we are not watched

Let us go down to the river No one will disturb us there

We walked in silence Descending by a steep pain we stopped at a river-bank and bared our swords Shvabrin was more skilled than I but I was stronger and more during Monsieur Beaupre, who had once

been a soldier, had given me a few lessons in fencing and I made use of them Shvabrin had not expected to find in me so formidable an opponent For a time we could neither of us do the other any harm, at last ob serving that Shvabrin was weakening I began to press him and almost drove him into the river Suddenly I heard someone loudly calling my name I turned round and say Savelyich running toward me down the steep path at that moment I felt a stab in my breast under the right shoulder, and fell down sense less

v

LOVE

Ah you young maiden you maiden fair! You must not marry while still so young You must ask your father and mother fir t Your father and mother and all your kin You must grow in wisdom and keen good sense Must save up for yourself a rich doury

A Folk Song

If you find one bester than me-you'll forges me If one who is worse-you Il remember A Folk Sons

WHFN I regained consciousness I could not grasp for a few minutes where I was and what had happened to me I was lying on a bed in a strange foom feeling very weak. Savelyich was standing before me with a candle in his hand. Someone was carefully un wrapping the bandages round my chest and shoulder Gradually my thoughts cleared I remembered my duel and understond that I had been wounded. At that moment the door creaked

How is he? whispered a voice which sent a tremor

through me

Still the same Savelvich answered with a sigh Still unconscious It's the fifth day

I tried to turn my head but could not

Where am I? Who is here? I said with an effort Marya Ivanovna came up to my bed and bent over

me Well how do you feel? she asked God be thanked I answered in a weak voice "Is

it you Marya Isanovna? Tell me

I had not the strength to go on and broke off Savel yich cried out His face lit up with joy He has come to his senses! Thank God! Well my

dear Pyotr Andreyich you have given me a fright Five days it s no joke!

Marya Ivanovna interrupted him

Don't talk to him too much, Savelyich she said he is still weak. She went out and quietly closed the door

My thoughts were in a turmoil And so I was in the Commandant s house Marya Ivanovna had come in to me I wanted to ask Savelyich several questions but the old man shook his head and stopped his ears I closed my eyes in vexation and soon dropped asleep

When I woke up I called Savelyich but instead of him I saw Marya Ivanovna before me her angelio voice greeted me I cannot express the blissful feeling that possessed me at that moment I seized her hand and covered it with kisses wetting it with tears of ten derness Masha did not withdraw her hand suddenly her lips touched my cheek and I felt then tresh and ardent kiss A flame ran through me

Dear kind Marya Ivanovna I said to her, be my wife, consent to make me happy

She regained her self possession Calm yourself for Heaven's sake she said taking her hand from me you are not out of danger yet-the vound may open Take care of yourself if only for my

Sal e With these words she went out leaving me in an ecstasy of delight Happiness revived me She would be mine! She loved me! My whole being was filled with this though

From that time onward I grew better every hour I was reated by the regimental barber for there was no other doctor in he fortress and fortunately he did not

attempt to be clever Youth and nature hastened my recovery The whole of the Commandant's family looked after me Marya Ivanovna never left my side Of course at the first opportunity I returned to our in terrupted explanation and Marya Ivanovna heard me out with more patience Without any affectation she confessed her love for me and said that her parents would certainly be glad of her happiness

But think well she added won't your parents

raise objections? I pondered I had no doubts of my mother's kind

ness but knowing my father's views and disposition I felt that my love would not particularly touch him and that he would look upon it as a young man's whim I candidly admitted this to Marya Ivanovan but decided to write to my father as eloquently as possible asking him to give us his blessing I showed my letter to Marya Ivanovna who found it so touching and con vincing that she never doubted of its success and aban doned herself to the feelings of her tender heart with all the trustfulness of youth and love

I made peace with Shvabrin in the first days of my convalescence. In reprimanding me for the duel Ivan

Kuzmich had said to me

Ah Pyotr Andrevich I ought really to put you under arrest but you have been punished enough al ready Alexey Ivanych though is shut up in the store house and Vasilisa Yegorovna has his sword under lock and key It is just as well he should think things over and repent

I was much too happy to retain any hostile feeling in my heart I interceded for Shvabrin and the kind Commandant with his wife's consent decided to re lease him Shvabrin called on me he expressed a profound regret for what had passed between us he ad mutted that he had been entirely to blame and whed me to forget the past. It was not in my nature to harbor malice and I sincerely forgave him both our quarrel and the wound he had inflicted on me I ascribed his slander to the vexation of wounded vanity and rejected love and generously excused my unhappy rival

I was soon quite well again and able to move into my lodgings. I awaited with impatience the answer to my longings I awaited with impatience the answer to invi-last letter not daring to hope and trying to stifle melancholy forebodings I had not yet declared my in-tentions to Vasilisa Yegorovna and her husband, but my offer was not likely to surprise them Neither Marya Ivanovna nor I attempted to conceal our feel ings from them and we were certain of their consent beforehand

At last one morning Savelyich came in to me hold ing a letter I seized it with a tremor The address was written in my father's hand This prepared me for something important for as a rule it was my mother who wrote to me and my father only added a few lines at the end of the letter Several minutes passed before I inscaled the envelope, reading over again and again the solemnly worded address To my son Pyotr An drevich Grinyov, at the Belogorsky fortress in th Province of Orenburg I tried to guess from the hand writing in what mood my tather wrote the letter at list I brought myself to open it and saw from the very first lines that all was lost. The letter was as follows

My Son Prote!

On the 15th of this month we received the letter in which you ask for our parental blessing and consent to your marriage with Marya Ivanovna Mironovs daughter I do not intend to give you either my bless ing or my consent and indeed I mean to get at you and give you a thorough lesson as to a naughty boy for your pranks not regarding your officers rank for you

THE CAPTAIN'S DAUGHTER have proved that you are not yet worthy to wear the

sword which has been given to you to defend your jatherland and not to fight duels with scapegraces like yourself I will write at once to Andrey Karlovich ask ing him to transfer you from the Belogorsky fortress to some remote place where you can get over your fool sh ness When your mother heard of your duel and of your being wounded she was taken ill with grief and is now in bed What will become of you? I pray to
God tlat you may be reformed although I dare not hope for this preat mercy Your father

AG

The perusal of this letter stirred various feelings in me The cruel expressions which my father did not stint wounded me deeply The contemptuous way in with wounded me deeply. The contemptuous way in which he referred to Marya Kanowna appeared to me as unseemly as it was unjust. The thought of my being transferred from the Belogorsky fortress terrified me but most of all I was grieved by the news of my moth ers. Illness. I felt indignant with Savelyich never doubting it was he who had informed my parents of the duel As I paced up and down my tiny room I stopped before him and said looking at him angrily

So it s not enough for you that I have been wound ed because of you and lain for a whole month at death's door—you want to kill my mother as well Savelyich was thunderstruck

Good heavens sir what are you saying? he said almost sobbing You have been wounded because of mel God knows I was running to shield you with my own breast from Alexey Ivanych's swordl It was old age curse it that hindered me Bur what have I done to your mother?

What have you done? I repeated 'Who asked you to inform against me? Are you here to spy or me?

I informed gainst you? Savelyich answered with tears O Lord, King of Heaven! Very well read then what ma ter writes to me you will see how I informed against you

He pulled a letter out of his pocket and I read the

toilow ng

You should be ashamed you old dog not to have uritien to me about my son Pootr Indiespeuch in specific to finy strict orders strangers have to inform me of his misdoings. So this is how you carry out your duties and your master; swill? I will send you to look after pigs you old dog for concealing the truth and conniving with the young man As soon as you receive this I command you to write to me at once about his health which I am told is better in a hat place exactly he was wounded and whether his wound has healed properly

It was obvious that Savelyich was innocent and I had insulted him for nothing by my reproaches and suspicion. I begged his pardon but the old man was incon solable

This is what I have come to, he kept repeating this is the favor my masters show me for m) er vices! I am an old dog and a swineherd and I am the cause of your wound! No my dear Pyotr Andrey ich not I but the damned Frenchman is at the bottom of it he taught you to prod people with iron spits and to stamp with your feet as though prodding, and stamping could save one from an evil man! Much need there was to here the Frenchman and spend money for nothing!"

But who then had taken the trouble to inform my father of my conduct? The General? But he did not seem to show much interest in me and Ivan Kuzmich did not think it necessary to report my dues to him I was lost in conjectures My suspicions fixed upon Shya brin He alone could benefit by informing against me and thus causing me perhaps to be removed from the fortress and parted from the Commandant's family I went to tell it all to Marya Ivanovna Sne met me on the steps

What is the matter with you? she said when she aw me How pale you are!

All is lost I answered and gave her my father s letter

She turned pale too After reading the letter she re turned it to me with a hand that shool, and said in a

trembling voice

It seems it is not to be Your parents do not want me in your family God's will be done! God knows better than we do what is good for us There is nothing for it Pyotr Andreyich may you at least be happy

This shall not be I cried seizing her hand you love me I am ready to face any risk Let us go and throw ourselves at your parents feet they are simple hearted people not hard and proud they will bless us we will be married and then in time I am sure we will soften my father s heart my mother will inter cede for us he will forgive me

No Pyotr Andreyich Masha answered I will not marry you without your parents blessing Without their blessing there can be no happiness for you Let us submit to God's will If you find a wife if you come to love another woman-God be with you Pyotr Andrey ich, I shall pray for you both

She burst into tears and left me, I was about to for low her indoors but feeling that I could not control

myself returned home I was sitting plunged in deep thought when Savel

yich broke in upon my reflections Here, sir, he said giving me a piece of paper covered with writing, see if I am an informer against my master and if I try to make mischief between father

and son I took the paper from his hands at was Savelyich's answer to my father's letter Here it is word for word

Dear Sir Andrey Petrovich our Gracious Father!

I have received your gracious letter in which you are pleased to be angry with me your seriant saying that I ought to be athemed not to obey my matter admrt 1 am not an old dog but your fathful servant I obey your orders and hat e always seried, our Ecalously and hat e lited to b an old man I hav not written any thing to you about Pyotr Andreys h s u ound so as not to alarm you needlessly for I hear that, as it is the mistress our mother Aidotya Vlasy vna has been taken ill with fright and I shall pray for her health Pyotr Andreyich was wounded in the chest under the right shoulder just under the Lone three inches deep and he lay in the Commandant's house where we carried him from the river bank and the local barber Stepan Paramonov treated Ism and non thank God Pyotr Andreyich is well and there is nothing but good to be said of him His commanders I hear are pleased with him and Vas liss Yegoroira treats I im as t' ough he were her own son And as to his having got into trouble that is no disgrace to him a horse has four iegs and yet it stumbles. And you are pleased to unite that you will send me to herd pigs. That is for you to

decide as my master Whereupon I h imbly salute you Your faithful serf Arhip Savelyev

I could not help smiling more than once as I read the good old man's epistle I felt I could not answer my father and Savelyich's letter seemed to me sufficient to relieve my mother's anxiety

From that time my position changed Marya Ivan own hardly spoke to me and did her utmost to avoid me The Commandurts house lost all its attraction for me I gradually accustomed myself to sit at home alone Vasilisa Yegorovna chid me for it at first but seeing my obstinacy left me in peace I only saw Ivan kuz mich when my duties required it I seldom met Shva brin and did so reluctantly especially as I noticed his secret dishle of me which confirmed my suspicions. Life became unbearable to me I sank into despondent brooding, nurtured by idleness and isolation. My love grew more ardent in solitude and oppressed me more and more I lost the taste for reading and composition My sprits drooped I was afraid that I should go out of my mind or plunge into dissipation. Unexpected events that had an important influence upon my life as a whole suddenly gave my mind a powerful and bene ficial shock.

37

PUGACHOV S REBELLION

Listen now young men listen
To what we old men shall tell you

To what we old men shall tell you
A Foll Song

BEFORE I begin describing the strange events which I witnessed I must say a few words about the situation in the Province of Orenburg at the end of 1773

This vast and wealthy province was inhabited by a number of half savage peoples who had but recently acknowledged the authority of the Russian sovereigns Unused to the laws and habits of civilized life cruel and reckless they constantly rebelled, and the Govern ment had to watch over them unremittingly to keep them in submission Fortresses had been built in suit able places and settled for the most part with Cossacks, who had owned the shores of Yalk for generations But the Cossacks who were to guard the peace and safety of the place had themselves for some time past been a source of trouble and danger to he Government In 1772 a rising took place in their chief town It was caused by the stern measures adopted by Major Gen eral Traubenberg in order to bring the Cossacks into due submission. The result was the barbarous assassi nation of Traubenberg a mutinous change in the ad ministration of the Cossack army, and finally, the quelling of the mutiny by means of cannon and cruel punishments

This had happened some time before I came to the Belogorsky fortress All was quiet or seemed so the authorities too easily believed the feigned repentance of the perfidious rebels who concealed their malice and waited for an opportunity to make fresh trouble

To return to my story One evening (it was at the beginning of October 1773) I sat at home alone listening to the howling of the autumn wind and watching through the window the clouds that raced past the moon Someone came to call me to the Commandant's I went at once I found there Shvabrin Ivan Ignatyich and the Cossack ser geant Maximych Neither Vasilisa Yegorovna nor Marya Ivanovna was in the room The Commandant looked troubled as he greeted me He closed the doors, made us all sit down except the sergeant who was

standing by the door pulled a letter out of his pocket and said Important news gentlemen! Listen to what the General writes He put on his spectacles and read the tollowing

To the Commandant of the Belogorsky Fortress Captain Mironov

Confidential

I inform you herewith that a runaway Don Coisack an Old Belies er Emelyan Pugacho: has perpetrated the unpardonable outrage of assuming the name of the deceased Emperor Peter III and assembling a criminal band has caused a runny in the Yank settlements and has already taken and sacked several fortresses committing murders and obberies everwhere In siew of the above you have sir on receipt of this immediately to take the necessary measures for repulsing the afore mentioned villam and pertender and if possible for completely destroying him should he attack the fort ress entrusted to your care

Take the necessary measures—said the Command ant removing his spectacles and folding the paper

ant removing his speciacles and folding the paper. That seasy enough to say let me tell you The villain is evidently strong and we have only a hundred and thirty men not counting the Cossacks on whom there is no relying—no offence meant Maximych. (The ser geant smiled.) However there is nothing for it gentlemen! Carry out your duties scrupulously artange for sentry duty and night patrols in case of at tack, shut the gites and lead the soldiers afield. And you Maximych keep a strict watch over your Cossacks. The cannon must be seen to and cleaned proper ly And above all keep the whole thing secret so that no one in the fortress should know as yet.

Having given us these orders, Ivan Kuzmich dismissed us Shvabrin and I walked out together, talking of what we had just heard

048

What will be the end of it do you think? I asked him Heaven only knows he answered We shall see

So far, I don't think there is much in it. But if He sank into thought, and began absent mindedly

whistling a French tune In spite of all our precautions the news of Pugachov spread throughout the fortress Although Iyan Luz mich greatly respected his wife he would not for any thing in the world have disclosed to her a military se cret entrusted to him Having received the General's letter he rather skilfully got rid of Vasilisa Yegorovna by telling her that Father Gerasin had had some start ling news from Orenburg, which he was guarding jenlously Vasilisa Yegorovna at once decided to go and call on the priest's wife and on Ivan Kuzmich's advice took Masha with her lest the girl should feel

lonely at home I inding himself master of the house Ivan Kuzmich at once sent for us and locked Palasha in the pantry so

that she should not listen at the door

Vasilisa Yegorovna had not succeeded in gaining any information from the priest's wife and coming home she learned that in her absence Ivan kuzmich had held a council and that Palasha had been locked up She guessed that her husband had deceived her and began questioning him Ivan Kuzmich however had been prepared for attack. He was not in the least abashed and boldly answered his inquisitive consort

Our women my dear have taken to heating the stoves with straw let me tell you and since this ma) cause a fire I have given strict orders that in the future they should not use straw but wood

Then why did you lock up Palasha? the Comman dants wife asked What had the poor girl done to have to sit in the pantry till our return?

Ivan kuzmich was not prepared for this question he was confused and muttered something very incoherent Vasilisa Yegorovna saw her husband's perfid but knowing that she would not succeed in learning anything from him ceased her questions and began talking of pickled cucumbers which the priest's wife prepared in some very special way Vasilisa Yegorov na could not sleep all night trying to guess what could be in her husband s mind that she was not supposed to Lnow

The next day returning from Mass she saw Ivan Ig natyich pulling out of the cannon bits of rag stones splinters knuckle bones and all kinds of rubbish that

boys had thrust into it

What can these military preparations mean? the Commandant's wife wondered Are they e pecting another Kirghiz raid? But surely Ivan Kuzmich would not conceal such trifles from me! She hailed Ivar Ignatyich with the firm intention of finding out from him the secret that tormented her feminine curi osity

Vasilisa Yegorovna made several remarks to him about housekeeping just as a magistrate who is cross examining a prisoner begins with irrelevant questions so as to take him off his guard Then after a few mo ments silence she sighed deeply and said shaking her

head "Oh dear oh dear! Just think what news! Whatever

will come of it? Don't you worry madam Ivan Ignatyich an swered God willing all will be well We have sol diers enough plenty of gunpowder and I have cleaned

Doesn't he know that we've been forty years in the army and have seen a thing or two? Surely no com manders have listened to the brigand? I should not have thought so Ivan Kuzmich an

meet him and lay the banners at his feet! Ah the dog!

swered but it appears the villain has already taken many fortresses

652

He must really be strong then Shvahran re marked

We are just going to find out his real strength said the Commandant Vasilisa Yegorovna, give me the key of the storehouse Ivan Is natyich bring the Bash hir and tell Yulay to bring the whip said the Commandants Wait Ivan Kuzmich

wife getting up Let me take Masha out of the house she will be terrified if she hears the screams And to tell the truth I don t care for the business myself Good luck to you

In the old days torture formed so integral a part of judicial procedure that the beneficent law which abol ished it long remained a dead letter It used to be thought that the criminal s own confession was nette sary for convicting him which is both groundless and wholly opposed to judicial good sense for if the ac cused person s denial of the charge is not considered proof of his innocence there is still less reason to regard his confession a proof of his guilt Even now I some times hear old judges regretting the abolition of the barbarous custom But in those days no one doubted the necessity of torture—neither the judges nor the cused And so the Commandant's order did not sur prise or alarm us Ivan Ignatyich went to fetch the Bashkir, who was locked up in Vasilisa Yegorovals storehouse and a few minutes later the prisoner was led into the entry The Commandant gave word for

him to be brought into the room The Bashkir crossed the threshold with difficulty Then why did you lock up Palasha? the Comman dants wife asked What had the poor girl done to nave to sit in the pantry till our return?

Ivan Luzmich was not prepared for this question he was confused and muttered something very incoherent Vasilisa Yegorovan siw her husband sperfid) tat knowing that she would not succeed in learning anything from him ceased her questions and began talking of pickled cucumbers which the priests wife prepared in some very special way Vasilisa Yegorow a could not sleep all might trying to guess what could be in her husband s mind that she was not supposed to know

The next day returning from Mass she saw Ivan Ig natyich pulling out of the cannon bits of rag stones splinters knuckle bones and all kinds of rubbish that

boys had thrust into it

What can these military preparations mean? the Commindants wife wondered. Are they expecting another Kirghiz raid? But surely Ivan huzmich would not conceal such trifles from mel. She hailed Ivar Ignatyich with the firm intention of finding out from him the secret that tormented her feminine curi

osity Visilisa Legorovna made several remarks to him about housekeeping just as a migistrate who is cross examining a prisoner begin with irrelevant questions of a to take him off his guard. Then after a few moments silence she sighed deeply and suid shaking her

head

"Oh dear oh dear! Just think what news! Whatever will come of it?

Don't you worry madam Ivan Ignatyich in swered God willing all will be well We have sol diers enough plenty of gunpowder and I have cleaned

650 the cannon We may yet keep Pugachov at bay Whom

God helps nobody can harm

And what sort of man is this Pugachov?" she isked Ivan Ignaryich saw that he had made a slip and tried not to answer But it was too late Vasilisa Yego ovna torced him to confess everything, promising not to re

peat it to anyone She kept her promise and did not say a word to any one except to the priest's wife, and that was only be cause her cow was still grazing in the steppe and might

be seized by the rebels Soon everyone began talking about Pugachav The rumors differed The Commandant sent Maximych to find out all he could in the neighboring villages and fortresses. The sergeant returned after two days' ab sence and said that in the steppe some forty miles from the fortress he had seen a lot of lights and had heard from the Bashkirs that a host of unknown size was approaching He could not however say anything del

inite for he had not ventured to go any farther The Cossacks in the fortress were obviously in a state of breat agitation in every street they stood about in groups whispering together, dispersing as soon as they saw a dragoon or a garrison soldier Spies were sent among them Yulay, a Kalmuck converted to the Christian faith brought important information to the Commandant Yulay said that the sergeant's report was false on his return the sly Cossack told his com rades that he had seen the rebels, presented himself to their leader who gave him his hand to kiss and held a long conversation with him The Commandant imme

diately arrested Maximych and put Yulay in his place This step was received with obvious displeasure by the Cossacks They murmured aloud and Ivan Ignatych who had to carry out the Commandant's order heard with his own ears how they said 'You will catch it presently, you garrison rat! The Commandant had intended to question his prisoner the same day but Maximych had escaped probably with the help of his comrades

Another thing helped to increase the Commandant's anxiety A Bashkir was caught carryin; seditious papers On this occasion the Commandant thought of calling his officers together once more and again want ed to send Vasilias Yegorovan away on some preter! But since Ivan Kuzmich was a most truthful and straightforward man he could think of no other device that the one he had used before

I say Vasilisa Yegorovna he began clearing his throat Father Gerasim I hear has received from town

Don t you tell stories Ivan Kuzmich his wife in terrupted him I expect you want to call a council to talk about Emelyan Pugachov without me but you won't deceive me

Ivan Kuzmich stared at her

Well my dear he said if you know all about it afready you may as well stay we will talk before you That's better man she answered You are no

hand at deception send for the officers

We assembled again Ivan Kuzmich read to us in his wifes presence Pugachov's manifesto written by some half literate Cossach. The villand declared his in tention to march against our fortress at once invited the Co sach and the soldiers to join his band and exhorted the commanders not to resist him threatening to put them to death if they did The manifesto was written in crude but forceful language and must have produced a strong impression upon the minds of simple people

The rascall eried Vasilisa Yegorovna To think of his daring to make us such offers! We are to go and

652 PROSE meet him and lay the banners at his feet! Ah the dog!

Doesn't he know that we've been forty years in the army and have seen a thing or two? Surely no com manders have listened to the brigand?

I should not have thought so Ivan Kuzmich an swered but it appears the villain has already taken

many fortresses He must really be strong then Shyabrin re

marked

We are just going to find out his real strength said the Commandant Vasilisa Yegorovna give me the key of the storehouse Ivan Ignatyich bring the Bash kir and tell Yulay to bring the whip

Wait Ivan Kuzmich said the Commandants wife getting up Let me take Masha out of the house she will be terrified if she hears the screams And to tell the truth I don t care for the business myself Good luck to you

In the old days torture formed so integral a part of judicial procedure that the beneficent law which abol ished it long remained a dead letter. It used to be thought that the criminal s own confession was neces sary for convicting him which is both groundless and whoily opposed to judicial good sense for if the ac cused person s denial of the charge is not considered a proof of his innocence there is still less reason to regard his confession a proof of his guilt Even now I some times hear old judges regretting the abolition of the barbarous custom But in those days no one doubted the necessity of torture-neither the judges nor the ac cused And so the Commandant 5 order did not sur prise or alarm us Ivan Ignatyich went to fetch the Bashkir who was locked up in Vasilisa Yegorovna s storehouse, and a few minutes later the prisoner was led into the entry The Commandant gave word for

him to be brought into the room The Bashkir crossed the threshold with difficulty

(he was wearing fetters) and taking off his tall cap stood by the door I glanced at him and shuddered I shall never forget that man. He seemed to be over sev enty He had neither nose nor ears. His head was shave en instead of a beard a few gray hairs stuck out he was small thin and bent but his narrow eyes still had a gleam in them

Ahal said the Commandant recognizing by the terrible marks one of the rebels punished in 1741 I ee you are an old wolf and have been in our snares Re belling must be an old game to you to judge by the look of your head Come nearer tell me who sent vou?

The old Bashkir was silent and gazed at the Commandant with an utterly senseless expression

Why don't you speak? Ivan Kurmich continued Don't you understand Russian? Yulay ask him in your language who sent him to our fortress?

Yulay repeated Ivan Kuzmich's question in Tatar But the Bashkir looked at him with the same expres

sion and did not answer a word Very well! the Commandant said. I will make you speak! Lads take off his stupid striped gown and

streak his back. Mind you do it thoroughly Yulay

Two veterans began undressing the Bashkir The unfortunate man's face expressed anxiety. He looked about him like some wild creature caught by children But when the old man was made to put his hands round the veteran's neck and was lifted off the ground and Yulay brandished the whip the Bashkir groaned in a weak imploring voice and nodding his head opened his mouth in which a short stump could be seen instead of a tongue

When I recall that this happened in my lifetime and that now I have lived to see the gentle reign of the Em peror Alexander, I cannot but marvel at the rapid progress of enlightenment and the diffusion of hu

mane principles Young man! If my notes ever fall into your hands remember that the best and most perman ent changes are those due to the softening of manners and morals and not to any violent upheavals

It was a shock to all of us

Well said the Commandant, we evidently cannot learn much from him Yul 1y take the Bashkir back to the storehouse We have a few more things to talk over,

gentlemen

We began discussing our position when suddenly Vasilisa Yegorovna came into the room breathless and looking extremely alarmed

What is the matter with you? the Commandant a ked in surprise

My dear dreadful news! Vasilisa Yegorovna an swered The Nizhneozerny fortress was tal en this

morning Father Gerasim's servant has just returned from there He saw it being taken The Commandant and all the officers were hanged All the soldiers were taken prisoners. The villains may be here any minute

The unexpected news was a great shock to me I knew the Commandant of the Nizhneozerny fortress a modest and quiet young man some two months be fore he had put up at Ivan Kuzmich's on his way from Orenburg with his youn wife The Nizhneo-

zerny fortress was some fifteen miles from our fortress Pugachov might attack us any momen now I vividly imagined Marya Ivanovna s fate and my heart sank Listen Ivan Kuzmich, I said to the Commandant, it is our duty to defend the fortress to our last breath, this goes without saying But we must think of the women's safety Send them to Orenburg if the road is

still free or to some reliable fortress farther away out of the villain's reach

Ivan Kuzmich turned to his wife and said I say my dear hadn t I indeed better send you and Masha away while we settle the rebels?

Oh nonsense! she replied No fortress is safe from bullets What s wrong with the Belogorsky? We have lived in it for twenty two years thank Heaven! We have seen the Bashkir and the Kirghiz God will ing Pugachov won tharm us either

Well my dear Ivan Kuzmich replied stay if you like since you rely on our fortness But what are we to do about Masha? It is all very well if we ward them off or last out till reinforcements come, but what if the villans take the fortness?

Well then

Vasilisa Yegorovna stopped with an air of extreme

No Vasilisa Yegorovna the Commandant con tunued noting that his words had produced an effect perhaps for the first time in his life it is not fit for Masha to stay here. Let us send her to Orenburg to her godmothers there are plenty of soldiers there and enough artillery and a stone wall. And I would advise you to go with her you may be an old woman but you! I see what they lit do to you if they take the for tress.

Very well said the Commandant's wife so be it, let us send Masha away But don't you dream of asking me—I won t go I wouldn't think of parting from you in my old age and seeking a lonely grave far away Lue together die rogether.

There is something in that " said the Commandant "Well we must not waste time You had better get Masha ready for the journey. We will send her at day break tomorrow and give her an escort, though we have no men to spare But where is Masha?"

"At Akulina Pamfilovinas" the Commandant s wife answered "She fainted when she heard about the Nr-hneozerny being taken I am afraid of her falling ill."

Vasilisa Yegoro-na went to see about her daugh

ter's departure. The conversation continued but I took no part in it and did not listen. Marya Ivanovna came in to supper, pale and with tear stande deys. We als supper in silence and rose from the table sooner than usual saying good bye to the family, we went to our lodgings. But I purposely left my sword behind and went back for it. I had a feeling that I should find Marya Ivanovna alone. Indeed, she met me at the door and handed me my sword.

Good bye Pyotr Andreyich she said to me with tears. I am being sent to Orenburg. May you live and be haopy, perhaps God will grant that we meet again, and if not.

She broke into sobs I embraced her

Good bye my angel I said good bye my sweet, my darling! Whatever happens to me, believe that my last thought and my last prayer will be for you!

Masha sobbed with her head on my shoulder I kissed her ardently and hastened out of the room.

w

THE ATTACK

Oh my poor head a soldier's headl It served the Cara truly and faithully For thirty scars and three years more It won for itself neither gold nor poy No word of praise and no high rank All it has won is a gallow high With a cross beam made of maple wood And a nouse of it usited silk

A Folk Song

I DID not undress or sleep that night I intended to go at dawn to the fortress gate from which Marya Ivanov na was to start on her journey and there to say good bye to her for the last time I was conscious of a great change in myself the agitation of my mind was much less oppressive than the gloom in which I had but re cently been plunged The grief of parting was mingled with vague but delicious hope with eager expectation of danger and a feeling of noble ambition. The night passed imperceptibly I was on the point of going out when my door opened and the corporal came to tell me that our Cossacks had left the fortress in the night taking Yulay with them by force and that straige men were riding about outside the fortress The thought that Marya Ivanovna might not have time to leave ter rified me I hastily gave a few instructions to the cor poral and rushed off to the Commandant s

It was already daybreak. As I ran down the street I heard someone calling me I stopped

Where are you going? Ivan Ignatyich asked over

taking me Ivan Kuzmich is on the rampart and has sent me for you Pugachov has come Has Marya Ivanovna left? I asked with a sinking

heart

She has not had time Ivan Ignatyich answered The road to Orenburg is cut off the fortress is sur

rounded It is a bad lookout Pyotr Andreyich!

We went to the rampart—a natural rise in the ground reinforced by palisading. All the inhabitants of the fortress were crowding there The garrison stood under arms. The cannon had been moved there the day before The Commandant was walking up and down in front of his small detachment. The presence of dan ger inspired the old soldier with extraordinary vigor Some twenty men on horseback were riding to and fro in the steppe not far from the fortress They seemed to be Cossacks, but there were Bashkirs among them easily recognized by their lyny caps and quivers. The

ROSE

658

Commandant walked through the ranks, saying to the soldiers Well children let us stand up for our Empress and prove to all the world that we are brave and loyal men! The soldiers loudly expressed their zeal Shvabrin stood next to me, looking intently at the enemy Noticing the commotion in the fortress the horsemen in the steppe met together and began talk ing The Commandant told Ivan Ignatisch to airi the cannon at the group and fired at himself. The cannon ball flew with a buzzing sound over their heads with out doing any damage. The horsemen disper ed and

instantly galloped away, and the steppe was emp y
At that moment Vasilisa Yegorovna appeared on
the rampart followed by Masha, who would not leave

her Well what's happening? the Commandant's wife asked How is the battle poing? Where is the

tnemy? The enemy is not far Ivan Kuzmi h answered God willing, all shall be well Well Masha aren tyou

afraid?

No father Marya Ivanovna answered It is worse at home by myself

She looked at me and made an effort to smile I clasped the hilt of my sword remembering that the day before I had received it from her hands as though for the protection of my lady love. My heart was glowing, I fancied myself her knight I longed to prove that I was worthy of her trust and waited impatiently for the decisive moment

Just then fresh crowds of horsemen appeared from beh nd a hill that was less than half a mile from the fortress and soon the steppe was covered with a multi tude of men armed with spears and bows and arrows A man in a red coat with a bare sword in his hand,

was riding among them mounted on a white horse it was Pugachov He stopped the others surrounded him Four men galloped at full speed evidently at his command right up to the fortress We recognized them as our own treacherous Cossacks One of them was holding a sheet of paper over his cap another car ried on the point of his spear Yulay a head which he shook off and threw to us over the palisade. The poor kalmuck's head fell at the Commandant's feet the trattors shouted

Don't shoot come out to greet the Czar! the Czar is here!

Ill give it you! Ivan Kuzmich shouted Shoot, lads!

Our soldiers fired a volley The Cossack who held the letter recled and fell off his horse others salloped away I glanced at Marya Ivanovna Hornhed by the sight of Yulay s blood stanned head and stunned by the volley she seemed dazed The Commandant called the corporal and told him to take the paper out of the dead Cossack, a hands The corporal went out into the field and returned leading the dead man's horse by the bridle He handed the letter to the Commandant Ivan Kuzmich read it to himself and then tore it to bits Meanivhile the rebels were evidently making ready for action In a few manutes bullets whizzed in our ears and a few arrows stuck into the ground and the palisade near use.

Vasilisa Yegorovna said the Commandant this is no place for women take Masha home you see the

girl is more dead than alive

Vasilisa Yegorovna who had grown quiet when the bullets began to fly glanced at the steppe whe e a great deal of movement was noticeable then she turned to her husband and said

Ivan Kuzmich life and death are in God's hands

bless Masha Masha go to your father!
Masha, pale and trembling went up to Ivan Kuz
much knelt before him and bowed down to the
ground The old Commandant made the sign of the
cross over her three times then he raised her and I is

ing her said in a changed voice
Well, Masha may you be happy Pray to God, He
will not forsake you If you find a good man may God
give you love and concord Live as Vasilisa Yegorov
na and I have lived Well, good bye, Masha Vasilsa

Yegorovna make haste and take her away!

Masha flung her arms round his neck and sobbid Let us kiss each other too said the Commandant's wife bursting into tears Good bye my Ivan Kuz

much Forgive me if I have vexed you in any way
Good bye good bye my dear said the Command
ant embracing his old wife Well that will do! Make
haste and go home and, if you have time, dress Masha
in a saraffer

The Commandant's wife and daughter went away I followed Marya Iwanowna with my eyes she lool ed round and nodded to the Then Iwan Kuzimich turned to us and all his attention centered on the enemy The whels assembled round their leader and suddenly be gan dismounting.

Now stand firm the Commandant said They are going to attack

At that moment terrible shouting and yelling was heard the rebels were running fast toward the for tress Our cannon was loaded with grape shot. The Commandant let them come quite near and then fred igain. The shot fell right in the middle of the crowd the rebels scattered and rushed back, their leader alone lid not retreat.

He waved his saber and seemed.

to be persuading them The yelling and shouring that had stopped for a moment began again

Well lads the Commandant said now open the gates beat the drum Forward lads come out follow me!

The Commandant Ivan Ignatyich, and I were in stantly beyond the rampart but the garrison lost their nerve and did not move

Why do you stand still children? Ivan Kuzmich shouted. If we must die we must—it s all in the day work!

At that moment the rebels ran up to us and rushed into the fortress The drum stopped the soldners threw down their rifles. I was knocked down but got up again and walked into the fortress together with the rebels. The Commandant wounded in the head wa surrounded by the villains who demanded the keys I rushed to his assistance several burly Cossacks seized me and bound me with their belts saying. You will catch it presently you cinemes of the Carlo.

They dragged us along the streets the townspeople came out of their houses with offerings of bread and silt Church belfs were ringing Suddenly they shouted in the crowd that the Czar was awaiting the prisoners in the square and receiving the oath of allegiance. The People rushed to the source we were driven there also

Pigachov was sitting in an arm-chair on the steps of the Commandant's house. He was wearing a red Cos sack caftan trimmed with gold braid A tall sable cap with golden tassels was pushed low over his glittering yes. His face seemed familiar to me The Cossack el ders urrounded him Father Gerasim pale and trem bling was standing by the steps with a cross in his hands and seemed to be silently imploring mercy for future victums Gallows were being hastly pur up a

the square As we approached the Bashkus dispersed the crowd and brought us before Pugachov The bells stopped ringing there was a profound stillness Which is the Commandant? the Pretender asked

Our Cossack sergeant stepped out of the crowd and pointed to Ivan Kuzmich Pugachov looked at the old man menacingly and said to him

How did you dare resist me your Czar?

Exhausted by his wound the Commandant mustered his last strength and answered in a firm voice

You are not my Czar you are a thief and an impos

tor let me tell you!

Pugachov frowned darkly and waved a white hand kerchief Several Cossacks seized the old Captain and dragged him to the gallows The old Bashkir whom we had questioned the night before, was sitting astride on the cross beam. He was holding a rope and a min ute later I saw poor Ivan Kuzmich swing in the air Then Ivan Ignatysch was brought before Pugachov Take the oath of allegiance to the Czar Peter IIIl

Pugachov said to him You are not our monarch Ivan Ignatyich an swered repeating his captain's words you are a thief

and an impostor my dear! Pugachov waved his handkerchief again and the good lieutenant swung by the side of his old chief

It was my turn next I boldly looked at Pugachov, making ready to repeat the answer of my noble com rades At that moment to my extreme surprise I saw Shvabrin among the rebellious Cossacks he was wear ing a Cossack coat and had his hair cropped like theirs He went up to Pugachov and whispered something in his car

Hang himl said Pugachov without looking at me My head was put through the noose I began to pray elently succeedy repenting before God of all my sins

THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER and begging Him to save all those dear to my heart I

was dragged under the gallows Never you fear the assassins repeated to me per

haps really wishing to cheer me

Suddenly I heard a shout Stop you wretches! Wait! The hangmen stopped I saw Savelyich lying ar Pugachov s feet

Dear father the poor old man said what would a gentle born child's death profit you? Let him go t rey will give you a ransom for him and as an exam

plc and a warning to others hang me,-an old man! Pugachov made a sign and they instantly untied me and let go of me Our father pardons you they told

I cannot say that at that moment I rejoiced at being saved nor would I say that I regretted it My feelings were too confused I was brought before the Pretender once more and made to kneel down Pugachov stretched out his sinewy hand to me

Kiss his hand kiss his hand people around me said But I would have preferred the most cruel death

to such vile humiliation

Pyotr Andreyich my dear Savelyich whispered standing behind me and pushing me forward don't be obstinate! What does it matter? Spit and Liss the vill-I mean Liss his hand!

I did not stir Pugachov let his hand drop saying with a laugh

His honor must have gone crazy with joy Raise

him!

They pulled me up and left me in peace I began watching the terrible comedy

The townspeople were swearing allegiance They came up one after another kissed the cross and then bowed to the Pretender The garrison soldiers were there too The regimental tailor armed with his blunt 664 scissors was cutting off their plaits. Shaking them

elves they came to kiss Pugachov's hand he granted them his pardon and enlisted them in his gang All this went on for about three hours At last Pugachov got up from the arm-chair and came down the steps accom

panied by his elders. A white horse in a rich harness was brought to him Two Cossacks took him by the arms and put him on the horse He announced to Father Gerasim that he would have dinner at his house At that moment a woman's cry was heard Sev eral brigands had dragged Vasilisa Yegorovna naked and disheveled on to the steps One of them had al

ready donned her coat Others were carrying feather beds boxes crockery, linen and all sorts of household mods

My dears let me go! the poor old lady cried "Have mercy let me go to Ivan Kuzmich! Suddenly she saw the gallows and recognized her

husband Villains! she cried in a frenzy What have you done to him! Ivan Kuzmich light of my eyes soldier

brave and bold! You came to no harm from Prussian swords or from Turkish guns you laid down your life not in a fair combat but perished from a runaway threft Silence the old witch! said Pugachov

A young Cossack hit her on the head with his sabre and she fell dead on the steps Pugachov rode away the people rushed after him

THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER VIII

AN UNBIDDEN GUEST

An unbidden quest is worse than a Tatar

A Proverb

THE square emptied I was still standing there un able to collect my thoughts confused by the terribie m pressions of the day

Uncertainty as to Marya Ivanovna s fate tortured me most Where was she? What had happened to her? Had she had time to hide? Was her refuge secure? Full of anxious thoughts I entered the Commandant s house All was empty chairs tables boves had been smashed crocl ery broken everything had been taken I ran up the short stairway that led to the top floor and for the first time in my life entered Marya Ivanovna s room I saw her bed pulled to pieces by the brigands the wardrobe had been broken and pillaged the sanc tuary lamp was still burning before the empty ikon stand The little mirror that hung between the win dows had been left too Where was the mistress of this humble virginal cell? A terrible thought flashed through my mind I imagined her in the brigands my heart sank I wept bitterly and At that moment called aloud my beloved s name I heard a slight noise and Palasha pale and trembling appeared from behind the wardrobe

Ah Pyotr Andrevich! she cried clasping her

hands What a day! What horrors! And Marya Ivanovna? I asked impatiently

What has happened to her? She is alive Palasha answered she is hiding in

Akulina Pamfilovna s house

666

At the priest sl I cried in horror Good God! Pu gachov is there!

I dashed out of the room instantly found myself in the street and ran headlong to the priest's house not seeing or feeling anything. Shouts laughter, and songs came from there—Pugachov was feasting with his comrades Palasha followed me I sent her to call out Akulina Pamfilovna without attracting attention A minute later the priest's wife came into the entry to

speak to me with an empty bottle in her hands For God's sake where is Marva Ivanovna? I

asked with inexpressible anxiety She is lying on my bed there, behind the parti ion,

poor darling the priests wife answered Well Pyotr Andreyich we very nearly had trouble but thank God, all passed off well the villain had just sat down to din ner when she poor thing, came to herself and ground I simply gasped! He heard Who is it groaning there old woman? he said I made a deep bow to the thief My nicce is ill sire she has been in bed for a fort night And is your niece young? She is sire Show me your niece, old woman My heart sink but there was nothing for it Certainly sire only the girl cannot get up and come into your presence - Never mind old woman I will so and have a look at her myself And you know the wretch did to behind the partition what do you think? He drew back the curtain glanced at her with hawk's eyes-and nothing hap God saved us! But would you believe it both my husband and I had prepared to die a marty's death Fortunately the dear gard did not know who he was Good Lord what things we have lived to see Poor Ivan Kuzmich! Who would have thought it And Vasilisa Yegorovnal and Ivan Ignatyich! What did they hang him for? How is it you were spated?

And what do you think of Shvabrin? You know he cropped his hair like a Cossack and is sitting here with them feasting! He is a sharp one there s no gainsay ing! And when I spoke about my sic! niece his eyes would you belie e it went through me like a knife but he hasr t betrayed us and that s something to bu thankful for

At that moment the drunken shouts of the guests were heard and Father Gerasim's voice The guests were clamoring for more drink and the priest wa calling his wife Akulina Pamfilovna was in a flut er

You go home now Pyotr Andreysch she said I haven t any time for you the villains are drinking It might be the end of you if they met you now Good bye Pyotr Andreyich What is to be will be I hope God will not forsake us!

The priest s wife left me I set off to my lodgings feel ing somewhat calmer As I passed through the market place I saw several bashkirs who crowded round the gallows pulling the boots off the hanged men's feet I had difficulty in suppressing my indignation but I knew that it would have been useless to intervene The brigands were running about the fortress plundering the officers quarters. The shouts of the drunken rebels resounded everywhere I reached my lodgings Savel yich met me at the threshold

"Thank God! he cried when he saw me I was afraid the villains had seized you again Well Pyotr Andreyich my dear! Would you believe it the rascals have robbed us of everything clothes linen crockerythey have left nothing But there! Thank God they let you off with your life! Did you recognize their leader

No I didn t why who is he? What sir? You have forgotten that drunkard who

668

took the hareskin jacket from you at the inn? The coat was as good as new and the brute tore it along the serms as he struggled into it!

I was surprised Indeed Pugachov had a stril ing re semblance to my guide I felt certain Pugachov and he were the same person and understood the reason for his sparing me I could not help marveling at the strange concitenation of circumstances a child's cost given to a tramp had saved me from the gallows and a drunk ard who had wandered from inn to inn was besigning fortresses and shaking the foundations of the State!

Won t you have something to eat? asled Swel yich true to his habit. There is nothing at home I

will look about and prepare something for you Left idone I sank into thought Whit was I to do? It was not fitting for an officer to remun in a fortress that belonged to the villain or to follow his gang It was my duty to go where my services could be of use to my country in the present trying circumstances. But love prompted me to stay by Marya Ivinovna to pretect and defend her Although I had no doubt that things would soon change I could not help shuddering at the thought of the danger she wis in

My reflections were interrupted by the arrival of a Cossack who had run to tell me that the great Czar was asking for me

Where is he? I said making ready to obey

In the Commandant's house the Cossick an swered After dinner our father went to the bath house and now he is resting Well your honor one can see by everything that he is a person of importance at danner he was pleased to eat two roast suching pigs and he likes the bath house so hot that even Taras ku rochkin could not stand it—he passed on the birch to Fomka Bikbaev, and had to have cold water poured

over him There's no denying it all his ways are so grand And they say in the bath house he showed them the royal marks on his breast on one side the two headed eagle, the size of a penny and on the otner his own likeness

I did not think it necessary to dispute the Cossack s opinion and together with him went to the Comman dants house trying to picture my meeting with Puga chov and wondering how it would end The reader may well guess that I was not altogether calm It was growing dusk when I reiched the Comman

dant's house The gallows with its victims loomed menacingly in the dark Poor Vasilisa Yegorovna's body was still lying at the bottom of the steps where two Cossacks were mounting guard. The Cossack who nag prought me went to announce me and returning at once led me into the room where the night before I had taken such tender leave of Marya Ivanovna

An extraordinary scene was before me Pugachov and a dozen Cossack elders wearing colored shirts and caps were sitting round a table covered with a cloth and littered with bottles and glasses their faces were flushed with drink and their eyes glittered Neither Shvabrin nor our sergeant—the freshly recruited trai tors-were among them

Ah your honor! said Pugachov when he saw me come and be my guest here is a place for you you are very welcome

The company made room for me I sat down at the end of the table without speaking My neighbor a slim and good looking young Cossack, poured out a glass of vodka for me which I did not touch I looked ar my companions with curiosity Pugachov sat in the place of honor leaning on the table his black beard propped up with his broad fist. His features regular and rather

pleasant, had nothing ferocious about them He often turned to a man of fifty addressing him sometimes as Count sometimes as Timoleich and occasionally call ing him uncle They all treated one another as com rades and showed no particular deference to their lead er They talked of the morning s attack of the success of the rising and of the plans for the future Everyone boasted offered his opinion and freely argued with Pugachov At this strange council of war it was de cided to go to Orenburg a bold move which was very nearly crowned with disastrous success! The march was to begin the following day

Well brothers Pugachov said let us have my fa vorite song before we go to bed Chumakov strike up My neighbor began in a high pitched voice a mourn tul boatmen's song and all joined in

Murmur not mother forest of rustling green leaves Hinder not a brave lad thinking his thoughts For to morrow I go before the judgment seat Before the dreaded judge our sovereign C-ar And the Czar our lord will ask me Tell me now good lad tell me peasants son With whom didst thou go robbing and plundering And how many were thy commades bold? I shall tell thee the whole truth and naught but truth Four in number were my comrades bold My first trusty comrade u as the dark night And my second true comrade-my knife of steel And my third one was my faithful steed And the fourth one was my stout bow And my messengers were my arrows sharp Then our Christian Czar will thus speak to me Well done good lad shou peasants son! Thou knowest how to rob and to answer for it 1nd a fine reward is in store for thee-A mansion high in the op n plain Tuo pillars and a cross beam I grant thee

I cannot describe how affected I was by this peasant son, about the gallow sung by men doomed to the pallows. Their menacing faces their tuneful voices the mournful expression they gave to the words expressive enough in themselves—it all thrilled me with a feehing akin to awe.

The guests drank one more glass, got up from the table and took leave of Pugachov I was about to fol low them when Pugachov said to me

Sit still I want to talk to you

We were left alone We were both silent for a few mutuse Nigachor was watching me intently occasionally screwing up his left eye with an extraordinary extression of slyness and mockery At last he laughed with such unaffected gainty that as I looked at him I laughed too without Anowing why Well your honor? he said to me Confess you

Well your honor? he said to me Confess you had a bit of a fright when my lads put your head an the noose? I expect the sky seemed no bag, or than a theepskin to you. And you would have certainly swing if it had not been for your servant I knew the old creature at once. Well did you think your honor that the man who brought you to the inn was the great Czar himself? (He as umed an air of mystery and importance.) You are very much at fault. The commund but I have spared you for your I indness for your having done me a service when I had to hide from memens. But this is nothing to what you shall see! It is not to be compared to the favor I II show you when I obtain my kingdom! Do you promise to serve me zeal outsly?

The rascal's question and his impudence struck me as so amusing that I could not help smiling

What are you smiling at? he asked with a frown. Don't you believe I am the Czar? Answer me plainly

I was confu ed I felt I could not acknowledge the tramp as Czar to do so seemed to me unpardonable cowardice To call him an impostor to his face meant cowardice to can mm an impostor to his face meani-certain death, and what I was ready to do under the gallows in sight of all the people and in the first flush of indignation now seemed to me useless bravado I hesitated Pugachov gloomily awaited my reply Arlast (and to this day I recall that moment with self satisfac tion) the feeling of duty triumphed over human weak ness I said to Pugachov

Listen I will tell you the whole truth Think how can I acknowledge you as Czar? You are an intelligent man you would see I was pretending Wno then do you think I am?

God only knows but whoever you may be you are playing a dangerous game

Pugachov threw a swift glance at me

So you don't believe he said that I am the Crat Peter III? Very well But there is such a thing as success for the bold Didn t Grishka Orrepyer reign in the old days? Think of me what you like but follow me What does it matter to you? One master is as good as another Serve me truly and faithfully and I Il make

you Field Marshal and Prince What do you say?

No I answered firmly "I am a gendeman by birth I swore allegiance to the Empress I cannot serve you If you really wish me well let me go to Oren burg

Pugachov was thoughtful

"And if I let you go he said "will you promise at

any rate, not to fight against me?
"How can I promise that? I answered You know yourself I am not free to do as I like if they send me against you I shall go there is nothing for it You

Pseudo Demetrius I an allege i impostor who ruled Russia 1505 1606

yourself are a leader now you require obedience from those who serve under you What would you call it if I refused to fight when my service was required? My life is in your hands if you let me go I will thank you if you hang me God be your judge but I have told you the truth

My sincerity impressed Pugachov

So be it he said clapping me on the shoulder I don't do things by halves Go wherever you like and do what you think best Come to morrow to say good bye to me and now go to bed I too am sleepy I left Pugachov and went out into the street The

night was still and frostry. The moon and the stars shone brightly shedding their light on the square and the gallows. In the fortress all was darl and quiet Only the tavern windows were lighted and the shouts of late revelers came from there. I looked at the priest a house. The gates and shutters were closed. All seemed quiet there.

I went home and found Savelyich grieving for my absence The news of my freedom delighted him more than I can say Thanks be to God! he said crossing himself We

I hanks be to God! he said crossing nimself we shall leave the fortress as soon as it is light and go straight away I have prepared some supper for you my dear have something to eat and then sleep peace fully till morning

I followed his advice and having eaten my supper with great relish went to sleep on the bare floor exhausted both in mind and body 674

PROSE

I٦

THE PARTING

Sweet it was O dear heart To meet and learn to love thee But sad it was from thee to part— As though my soul fled from me

Kheraskov

EARLY in the morning I was wakened by the drum I went to the square Pugachov's crowds were already forming into ranks by the gallows where the victims of the day before were still hanging The Cossacks were on horseback the soldiers under arms Banners were flying Several cannon among which I recognized ours were placed on their carriages. All the inhabitants vere there too waiting for the impostor A Cossack stood at the steps of the Commandant's house holding a beautiful white Kirghiz horse by the bridle I arch ed with my eyes for Vasilisa Yegorovna's body It had been moved a little to one side and covered with a piece of matting At last Pugachov appeared in the doorway The people took off their caps Pugachov stood on the steps and greeted them all One of the elders gave him a bag of coppers and he began throwing them down in handfuls The crowd rushed to pick them up shout ing some were hurt in the scramble Pugachov was surrounded by his chief confederates Shvabrin was among them Our eyes met he could read contempt in mine and he turned away with an expression of sin cere malice and feigned mockery Catching sight of me in the crowd Pugachov nodded and beckoned to me

Listen he said to me Go at once to Orenburs and tell the Governor and all his generals from me that

they are to expect me in a week. Advise them to meet me with childlike love and obedience else they will not escape a cruel death. A pleasant journey to you your honor!

Then he turned to the people and said pointing to Shvahrin Here children is your new commandant Obey him in everything and he will be answerable to me for you and the fortress

I heard these words with horror Shvabrin was put in command of the fortress Marya Ivanovaa would be in his power! My God! what would become of her? Pugachov came down the steps His horse was brough to him He quickly jumped into the saddle without waiting for the Cossacks to help him At that moment I saw my Sacklysh step out of the crowd and hand Pugachov a sheet of paper I could not imagine what this would lead to

What is this? Pugachov asked with an air of importance

Read and you will see Savelyich answered

Pugachov took the paper and gazed at it significant ly for a few moments

ly for a few moments

Why do you write so illegibly? he said at last
Our bright eyes can make nothing of it Where is my

chief secretary?
A young man in a corporal's uniform at once ran up

A young man in a corporal s uniform at once ran up to Pugachov

Read it aloud said the impostor giving him the paper I was extremely curious to know what Savel yich could have written to Pugachov The chief secre tary began reading aloud syllable by syllable

Two dressing gowns one cotton and one striped silk worth six rubles

What does this mean? Pugachov asked with a frown

Tell him to read on Savelyich answered calmly

The chief secretary continued

A uniform coat of fine green cloth worth seven rubles White cloth tronsers, worth five rubles Twelve fine linen shirts with frilled cuffs worth ten rubles A tea set worth two and a half rubles

What nonsense is this? Pugachov interrupted him What do I care about tea sets and fulled cuffs and

trousers?
Savelyich cleared his throat and began explaining

Well you see, sir this is a list of my master's goods stolen by the villains

What villains? Pugachov said menacingly

I am sorry at was a slip of the tongue Savelyich answered. They are not villains, of course your men but they runminged about and took these things Don't oe angry a horse has four legs and yet it stumbles. Tell him to read to the end answay.

"Read on Pugachov said

The secretary continued

A cotton brdspread, a silk eiderdown worth four
rubles A red cloth coat lined with for fur worth forty
rubles Also a hareskin jacket given to your honor at
the up worth fiften publes.

"What next! Pugachov shouted with blazing eyes I confess I was alarmed for Savelyich. He was about to give more explanations, but Pugachov interrupted him.

How dare you trouble me with such trifles!" he cried seizing the paper from the secretary shands and throwing it in Savelyich's face. Stupid old man! They have been robbed—as though it mattered! Why, you old dodderer you ought to pray for the rest of your life for me and my men and thank your stars that you and your master are not swinging here together with those who rebelled against me. Hareskin jacket indeed!

Ill give you a hareskin jacket! Why Ill have you flayed alive and make a jacket of your skinl

As you please Savelyich answered But I am a bondman and have to answer for my master's prop-

Pugachov was evidently in a generous mood He turned away and rode off without saying another word Shyabru and the Cossack elders followed him. The Lang left the fortress in an orderly fashion. The townspeople walked out some distance after Pugachov Savel yich and I were left alone in the square. He was hold ing the paper in his hands and examining it with an air of deep regret

Seeing that I was on bood terms with Pugachov he had decided to take advantage of it but his wise inten tion did not meet with success I tried to scold him for his misplaced zeal but could not help laughing

It sall very well to laugh sir Savelyich answered It won t be so amusing when we shall have to buy

everything afreshi

I hastened to the priest's house to see Marya Ivan ovna The priests wife had bad news for me In the night Marya Ivanovna had developed a fever She lay unconscious and delirious Akulina Pamfilovna took me into her room I walked quietly to the bedside The change in her face struck me She did not know me I stood beside her for some time without listening to Father Gerasim and his kind wife who were I think trying to comfort me Gloomy thoughts tormented me The condition of the poor defenceless orphan left among the vindictive rebels and my own helplessness terrified me The thought of Shyabrin tortured my im agination more than anything Given power by the Pretender put in charge of the fortress where the un happy girl-the innocent object of his hatred-remain

678

ed he might do anything What was I to do? How could I help her? How could I free her from the vil alian s hands? There was only one thing left me I de cided to go to Orenburg that very hour and do my ut most to hasten the rehef of the Belogorsky fortress I said good byte to the priest and to Akulina Pamfilovaa begging them to take care of Marya Ivanovna whom! already regarded as my wife I took the poor gul's hand and kissed it wetting it with my tears

hand and kissed it wetting it with my tears
Good bye, said the priests wife, taking leave of
me good bye Pyotr Andreyich I hope we shall meet
in better times Don't forget us and write to us often
Poor Marya Iyanovina has now no one to comfort and
defend her but you

Coming out into the square I stopped for a moment to look at the gallows bowed down before it and left the fortress by the Orenburg road accompanied by Savelyich who kept pace with me

I walked on occupied with my thoughts when I std denly heard the sound of a horse's hoofs behind me I turned round and saw a Cossach, galloping from the fortress he was leading a Bashhir horse by the brille and signaling to me from a distance I stopped and soon recognized our sergeant Overtaking me he dis mounted and said, giving me the reins of the other horse.

Your honor our father presents you with a horse and a fur coat of his own (a sheepskin coat was tied to the saddle) and he also presents you —Maximych heistated— with fifty kopecks in money to the horse to on the way kindly forgive me

Savelyich looked at him askance and grumbled Lost it on the way! And what is this rattling in the breast of your coat? You we got no conscience!

What is rattling in the breast of my coat? replied the sergeant not in the least abashed Why, mercy on

us my good man! that s my bridle and not the fifty kopecks!

Very well I said, interrupting the argument Thank from me him who sent you and on your way back try to pick up the money you dropped and take it for vodka

Thank you very much your honor he answered turning his horse I shall pray for you as long as I live

With these words he galloped back holding with one hand the breast of his coat and in another minute was lost to sight I put on the sheepskin and mounted the horse making Savelyich sit behind me

You see now sir the old man said it was not for nothing I presented the petition to the rascal the thief's conscience pricked him It's true the long legged Bash kir nag and the sheepskin coat are not worth half of what they have stolen from us the rascals and what you had yourself given him but it will come in useful one may as well get a piece of wool off a fierce dog

THE SIEGE OF THE TOWN

He pitched his camp upon the hills and meadous And eagle like he gared upon the city He had a mound made beyond the camp Concealing fire which at night he brought to city walls Kheraskov

AS WE approached Orenburg we saw a crowd of con victs with shaven heads and faces disfigured by the branding iron They were working at the fortifications under the supervision of garrison soldiers. Some were carting away the rubbish with which the moat had

been filled others were digging on the ramparts ma sons were carrying bricks mending the town wall At the gates we were stopped by the sentries who asked for our passports. As soon as the sergeant heard that I came from the Belogorsky fortress he took me straight to the General's house

I found the General in the garden He was examin ing the apple trees already bared by the breath of au tumn and with the help of an old gardener, was care fully wrapping them up in warm straw His face work a look of serenity health and good nature He was pleased to see me and began questioning me about the terrible happenings I had witnessed I told him every thing The old man listened to me attentively as he pruned the trees

Poor Mironov! he said when I finished my sad story I am sorry for him he was a fine officer and Madam Mironov was an excellent woman and so good at pickling mushrooms! And what has become of Masha the Captain's daughter?

I answered that she remained at the fortress in the

charge of the priest s wife Are are arel the General remarked that s bad very bad There is certainly no relying on the brigands

discipline What will become of the poor girl?

I answered that the Belogorsky fortress was not far and that probably his Excellency would not delay in sending troops to deliver its poor inhabitants The Gen eral shool his head doubtfully We shall see we shall, see he said There will be time enough to talk of this Please come and have a cup of tea with me I am having a council of war today You can give us exact information about the rascal Pugachov and his troops And meanwhile go and have a rest!

I went to the quarters allotted to me, where Savel

yich was already setting things to rights and waited impatiently for the appointed hour. The reader may well imagine that I did not fail to appear at the council which was of such importance to my future. At the

appointed time I was at the General's I found there one of the town officials the director of the customs house if I remember rightly a stout rosy checked old man in a brocade coat. He asked me about the fate of I van Kuzmikh with whom he was con nected and often interrupted me with fresh questions and moral observations which proved, if not his skill in the art of war, at any rate his natural quickness and in telligence. Meanwhile other guests arrived When all had sat down and cups of tea had been handed round, the General explained at great length and very clearly the nature of the business.

Now gentlemen we must decide how we are to act against the rebels must we tale the offensive or the defensive? Each of these methods has its advantages and disadvantages: The offensive offers more hope of exterminating the enemy in the shortest time the defensive is safer and more reliable. And so let us take votes in the proper manner that is beginning with the youngest in ran! Ensign! he continued ad dressing himself to me please give us your opinion

dressing himself to me please give us your opinion. I got up and began by saying a few words about Pugachov and his gang. I said positively that the im

postor had no means of resisting regular troops
My opinion was received by the officials with obvious
disfavor. They saw in it the defiance and rishness of
youth. There was a murmur and I clearly heard the
word greenhorn uttered by someone in an under

tone

The General turned to me and said with a smile Ensign, the first votes in councils of war are generally 682

in favor of the offensive this is as it should be Now let us go on collecting votes Mr Collegiate Councilor tell us your opinion

The little old man in the brocade coat hastily finish ed his third cup of tea considerably diluted with rum, and said in answer to the General

I think, your Excellency we need not take either

the offensive or the defensive

How so sir? the General retorted in surprise No
o her tacties are possible one must either take the of

fensive or be on the defensive Your Excellency take the way of bribery

Hal hal Your suggestion is very reasonable Bribery is permitted by military tactics and we will fol low your advice. We can offer seventy ribles perhaps, a hundred for the rascals head or, perhaps to be paid from the secret fund

And then the chief customs officer interrupted may I be a Kirghiz sheep and not a collegiate coun cilor if those thieves do not surrender their leader to

us bound hand and foot!

We will think of it abain and talk it over the Gen etal answered but we must in any case take military measures Gentlemen please vote in the usual man nee!

All the opinions were opposed to mine. All the officials spoke of troops being unreliable and luck change, able of caution and such like things. All thought it waser to remain behind strong stone walls def inded by cannon rather than venture into the open field. At lasts, when the General had heard all the opinions he shook the ashes out of his pipe and made the following

the asses out of his pipe and made the following speech

My dear sirs! I must tell you that for my part!

ntirely agree with the Ensign's opinion for it is based upon all the rules of sound military tactica, according

to which it is almost always preferable to take up the offensive rather than to remain on the defensive

At this point he stopped and began filling his pipe once more My vainty was gratified I proudly looked at the officials who whispered to one another with an

air of vexation and anxiety

Put my dear sirs he continued letting out to gether with a deep sigh a big whiff of tobacco smoke I dare not take upon myself so great a responsibility when the security of provinces entrusted to me by Her Imperial Majesty our gracious sovereign is at stake And so I agree with the majority which has decided that it is wiser and safet to awat a sie e-within the city walls repulsing the enemy s attacks by artillery and if possible by silies

The officials in their turn looked mockingly at me The council dispersed I could not help regetting the weakness of the venerable soldier who decided against his own conviction to follow the opinion of ignorant

and inexperienced men

Several days after this famous council we learned the Ply achor true to his promise was approaching Orenburg From the top of the town hall I saw the rebels army It seemed to me their numbers had in creased tenfold since the last attack which I witnessed They now had artillery brought by Pugachov from the small fortesses he had taken Recalling the council section I foresaw a prolonged confinement within the town walls and nearly we pro with vexious.

I will not describe the stege of Orenburg which be longs to history and is not a subject for family memnors I will only say that owing to the car-lessness of the local authorities the stege was disastrous for the in habitants: who suffered famine and all sort of calarmities. One may well imagine that life in Orenburg was simply unendurable. All were despondently waiting

for their fate to be decided all complained of the prices which were indeed exorbitant The inhabitants had grown used to cannon balls falling into their back yards even Pugachos s assaults no longer excited gen eral interest I was dying of boredom Time was pass ing I received no letter from the Belogorsky fortress All the roads were cut off Separation from Marya Ivanovna was growing unberrable Uncertainty about her fate tormented me The skirmishes were my only distractions thanks to Pugachov I had a good horse with which I shared my scanty fare and I rode it every day to exchange shots with Pugachov's men As a rule the advantage in these skirmishes was on the side of the villains who we e well fed had plenty to drink and rode good horses. The starving cavalry of the town could not get the better of them Sometimes our hungry infantry also went afield but the thick snow prevented it from acting successfully against the horsemen scat tered all over the plain Artillery thundered in vain from the top of the rampart and in the field it stuck in the snow and could not move because the horses were too exhausted to pull it along This is what our military operations were like! And this was what the Orenburg officials called being cautious and sensible One day when we succeeded in scattering and driv

One day when we succeeded in scattering and driving away a rather thick crowd I overtook a Cossack who had lagged behind I was on the point of striking him with my Turkish sword when he suddenly took off his cap and cried

Good morning Pyotr Andreyich! How are you getting on?

I looked at him and recognized our Cossack ser

geant I was overjoyed to see him

How do you do Maximych I said to him Have
you been in the Belogorsky lately?

"Yes, sir I was there only vesterday I have a latter for you Pyots Andreysch

Where is it? I asked flushing all over

Here said Maximych thrusting his hand in the breast of his coat. I promised Palasha I would manage somehow to give it to you He gave me a folded paper and galloped away I

opened it and read with a tremor the following lines

It has pleased Cod to deprive me suddenly of both father and mother I have no friends or relatives in this world I appeal to you knowing that you have alt ays wished me well and that you are ready to help every one I pray that this letter may reach you! Maximych has promised to take it to you Palatha has heard from Maximych that he often sees you from a distance dur ing the sallies and that you do not take any care of yourself or think of those who pray for you with tears I was ill for a long time and when I recovered Alexey leanouch who is now commandant instead of my father forced Father Geraum to gue me up to him threatening him with Pugaihov! I lue in our house as a prisoner Alexey Ivanovich is forcing me to marry him He says he saved my life because he did not be tray Akulina Pamfilovna when she told the villains I was her niece And I would rather die than marry a man like Alexey Ivanouich He treats me very cruelly and threaten; that if I don't change my mind and marry him he will take me to the villans camp and there the same thing will happen to me as to Liz at eta Kharlora I hate asked Alexey Ivanovich to git e me time to think He agreed to neat three more days and if I don t marry him in three days time he will have no pity on me Dear Pootr Andreyach! You alone are my protector help me in my dutiest Persuade the

General and all the commanders to make haste and send a relief party to us and come yourself if you can I remain yours obediently

A poor orphan Marya Mironov

I almost went out of my mind when I read this let ter I galloped back to the town spuring my poor horse mercilessly On the way I ricked my brain for the means of saving the poor girl but could think of nothing When I reached the town I rode straight to

the General s and rushed headlong into his house.

The General was walking up and down the room, smoking his pipe. He stopped when he saw me. He must have been struck by my appearance, he inquired with concern about the reason for my coming in such a

Your Excellency I said to him I appeal to you as

to my own father for God's sake don't refuse me the happiness of my whole life is at stake

What is it my dear? the old man asked in sur

prise What can I do for you? Tell me

Your Excellency allow me to have a detachment of soldiers and fifty Cossacks and let me go and clear the

Belogorsky fortress

The General looked at me attentively probably thinking that I had gone out of my mind—he was not far wrong

How do you mean-to clear the Belogorsky fort

ress? he brought out at last

I wouch for success I said eagerly only let me go No young man he said shaking his head at so great a distance the enemy will find at easy to cut off your communication with the main strategic point and to secure a complete victory over you Once the communication has been cut off

I was afraid he would enter upon a military discus sion and made haste to interrupt him

Captain Mironov's daughter I said to him has sent me a letter she begs for help Shvabrin is forcing her to marry him

Really? Oh that Shvabrin is a great Schelm and if he falls into my hands I will have him court martialed within twenty four hours and we will shoot him on the fortress wall! But meanwhile you must have no tience

Have patience! I cried beside myself. But mean

while he will marry Marya Ivanovna! Oh that won t be so had the General retorted at will be better for her to be Shyabrin a wife for the time being he will be able to look after her at present and afterwards when we shoot him she will find plenty of suitors God willing Charming widows don't remain old maids I mean a young widow will find a husband sooner than a girl would

I would rather die I cried in a rage than give her up to Shyabrin1

Oh I see! said the old man now I understand. You are evidently in love with Marya Ivanovna Oh that s another matter! Poor boy! But all the same

I cannot possibly give you's detachment of soldiers and fifty Cossacl's Such an expedition would be unreason able I cannot take the responsibility for it

I bowed my head I was in despair Suddenly an idea flashed through my mind The reader will learn from the following chapter what it was—as the old fashion ed novelists put it

XI

THE REBELS CAMP

The iton has just had a meal Ferocious as he is he asked me kindly What brings you to my lair?

Sumarokov

I LEFT the General and hastened to my lodgin-s Savelyich met me with his usual admonitions

Why ever do you go fighting those drunken brig and sir? It isn't the thing for a gentleman You may persh for nothing any day If at least they were Turks or Swedes—but these wretches are not fit to be men toned.

I interrupted him by asking how much money we

We have enough he said with an air of sausfaction the rascals runmaged everywhere but I have managed to hide it from them. With these words he took out of his pocket a long knitted purse full of silver to the control of the control

Well, Savelyich said I to him give me half of it and tal e the rest for yourself I am going to the Belo-

gorsky fortress

My dear Pyotr Andreyich! said the kind old man in a shaking voice, what are you thinking of! How can you go at a time like this when the brigands are all over the place? Have pity on your parents if you don't care about yourself. How can you go? What for? Wait a little troops will come and catch the rascals then go anywhere you like

But my decision was firm

It is too late to argue I answered I must go I cannot help it Don't grieve Savelyich God willing,

we will meet again. Now don't be over scrupulous or stint yourself Buy everything you need even if you have to pay three times the price I make you a present of that money If I don't return in three days

What sir! Savelyich interrupted me Do you im agine I would let you go alone? Don't you dream of asking that Since you have decided to go I will follow you if I have to walk I wont leave you To think of my sitting behind a stone wall without you! I haven t taken leave of my senses yet Say what you like sir but I will go with you

I knew it was useless to argue with Savelyich and so I allowed him to prepare for the journey Half an hour later I mounted my good horse and Savelyich a lame and skinny nag which one of the townspeople presented to him not having the means to feed it We rode to the town gates the sentries let us pass we left Orenburg It was growing dusk. My way liy through the vil

lage of Berda which was occupied by Pugachov's troops The main road was covered with snow-drifts but traces of horses hoofs were all over the steppe marked afresh each day I was riding at a quick trot Savelyich could hardly follow me at a distance and kept shouting

Not so fast sir for God's sake not o fast! My cursed nag cannot keep up with your long legged devil Where are you hurrying to? It s not to a feast we are going-more likely to our funeral! Pyotr Andreyich!

Pyotr Andreyich my dear! Good Lord that

child will come to grief!

The lights of Berda soon came into sight We rode up to the ravines that formed the natural defences of the village Savelyich kept pace with me never ceasing from his pitiful entreaties I was hoping to get round the village when suddenly I saw before me in the twi

light some five peasants armed with clubs it was the advance guard of Pugachov s camp. They called to us Not knowing their password. I wanted to ride pait them without saying anything but they immediately surrounded me and one of them seized my horse by the bridle. I striked my sword and hit the peasant on the head his cap saved him but he staggered and let go the bridle. The others were confue d and ran away I took advantage of that moment spurred my horse and galloped on. The darkness of the approaching night might have saved me from all danger when turn ing round I studdenly saw that Savelyich was not with me. The poor old man could not ride away from the brigands on his lame horse. What was I to do? After watting a few immutes and making certain that he had been detained. I turned my horse back and went to his rescue.

As I rode up to the ravine I heard a noise shouts and my Savellych's voice I rode faster and soon found myself once more among the peasant watchmen who had stopped me a few minutes before Savelyuh was with them. They had pulled the old man off his rag and were preparing to bind hum. My return pleased them They rushed at me with a shout and instandly pulled me off my horse. One of them evidently the third said that he would take us to the Cara at once.

And it is for the Father Czar to decide he added whether we are to hang you at once or wait till dawn

I offered no resistance Savelyich followed my example and the watchmen led us along in triumph

ample and the watchmen led us along in triumph We crossed the ravine and entered the village. Lights were burning in all the windows. Noise and shouting came from everywhere. We met a number of people in the streets but in the dark no one noticed us or recognized me for an officer from Orenburg. We wise orough straight to a cottage that stood at the cross-

THE CAPTAIN'S DAUGHTER roads. There were several wine barrels and two cannon at the gate

Here is the palace one of the peasants said I ! go and announce you

He went in I glanced at Savelyich the old man was silently repeating a prayer and crossing himself I wait ed a long time at last the peasant returned and said to me

Walk in our Father says he will see the officer

I went into the cottage or the palace as the peasants

called it It was lighted by two tallow candles and the walls were papered with gold paper but the benches the table the washing arrangments the towel on a nail the oven fork in the corner and the broad stove shelf covered with pots were just as in any other cottage Pugachov wearing a red coat and a tall cap was sitting under the ikons with an air of importance his arms akimbo Several of his chief associates were s anding by him with an expression of feigned servility news of the arrival of an officer from Orenburg had evidently aroused the rebel curiosity and they had prepared an impressive reception for me Purachov recognized me at the first glance His assumed hir of importance sud denly disappeared

Ah your honor! he said genially How are you?

What brings you here?

I answered that I was traveling on my own business and that his men had detained me

And what is your business? he asked me

I did not I now what to say Thinking I did not want to speak before witnesses Pugachov turned to his com rades and ordered them to leave the room. All obeyed except two who did no stir

Speak boldly in their presence Pugachov said to

me I hide nothing from them I threw a sidelong glance at the impostor s confidants

692

One of them a puny bent old man with a gray beard had nothing remarkable about him except a blue rib bon worn across the shoulder over a gray peasant cont But I shall never forget his comrade He was tall stout and broad shouldered and seemed to be about forty five A thick red beard gray glittering eyes a nose with out nostrils and reddish marks on the forehead and the cheel's gave an indescribable expression to his broad pock marked face. He wore a red shirt a kir ghiz gown and Cossack trousers As I learned later the first was a runaway corporal, Beloborodov, the sec ond Afanasy Sokolov nicknamed Khlopusha a con vict who had escaped three times from the Siberian mines In spite of the feelings which absorbed me the company in which I so unexpectedly found myself strongly appealed to my imagination But Pugachov brought me back to myself by repeating

Tell me on what business have you left Orenburg? A strange idea came into my head it seemed to me that Providence which had brought me for the second time to Pugachov was giving me an opportunity to carry out my intention I decided to take advintage of it and without stopping to consider my decision said in answer to Pugachov

I was going to the Belogorsky fortress to rescue an orphan who is being ill treated there

Pugachov s eyes glittered

Which of my men dares to ill treat an orphan? he cried

He may be as clever as you please but he wont

escape my sentence Tell me who is the guilty man? Shvabrin I answered He keeps under lock and key the girl whom you saw lying ill at the priest s

house and wants to marry her by force

Ill teach Shvabrin! said Pugachov menacingly
Ill show him what it is to take the law into his own
hands and to ill treat people I will hang him!

Allow me to say a word khlorusha said, in a hearse voice. You were in a hurry to put Shvabrin in command of the fortness and now you are in a hurry to hang him. You have already offended the Cossacks by putting a gentleman over them, do not now frighten the gentry by hanging him at the first accusation.

One need not pity them nor show them favors' said the old man with the blue ribbon. There is no harm in hanging Shvabrin but it wouldn't be amiss to question this officer thoroughly too. Why has he come here? If he doesn't recognize you as Cara he need not seck justice from you and if he does acknowledge you why has he sait till to-day with your enemies in Oren burg? Won t you let me take him to the office and light a fire under his toes? It seems to me his honor has been sent to us by the Orenburg commanders.

The old villains logic struck me as rather convincing A shiver ran down my back when I thought in whose hands I was Pugachov noticed my confusion

Eh your honor? he said to me with a wink I fancy my field marshal is talking sense. What do you think?

Pugachov's mockery gave me back my courage I calmly answered that I was in his power and that he was free to do what he liked with me

Good said Pugachov and now tell me how are things going with you in the town?

Thank Heaven all is well I answered

All is well? Pugachov repeated and people are dying of starvation? The Pretender was right but in accordance with my duty I began assuring him that this was an empty rumor and that there were plenty of provisions in Orenburg

You see the old man chimed in he is deceiving you to your face All refugees say with one voice that there is famine and pestilence in Orenburg people eat

carcasses and even that is a treat and his honor assures vou they have plenty of everything If you want to hang Shvabrin hang this fellow, too on the same gal lows so as to be fair to both!

The cursed old man's words seemed to have shaken Pugachov Fortunately Khlopusha began contradicting

his comrade

Come Naumych he sud to him you always want to be hanging and murdering And you are not much of a man to lool at—you can hardly keep body and soul together You have one foot in the grave and yet you are destroying others. Isn't there enough blood on your conscience?

You are a fine saint! Beloborodov retorted Why

should you have pity?

Of course I too have things on my conscience, Khlopusha answered and this hand (he clenched his bony first and turning up his sleeve showed a hairy arm) has been guilty of shedding Christian blood But I destroyed enemies, not guests, on a high road and in the dark forest and not at home behind the stove with a club and an axe and not with womanish slander

The old man turned away and muttered Torn

nostrils

What are you muttering you old wretch? khlo-pusha shouted. I'll give you torn nostrils! Wait a bit, your time will come too. God willing you too will suiff the hangmans pincers. And meanwhile take care I don't pull our your scury; beard! My Generals! Pugachor said pompously that's enough quarreling! It does not matter it all the Oren burge and wreapen and a transmitter it all the Oren

burg pack wriggle under the same sallows but it does matter if our dogs are at one another's throats There make peace!

Khlopusha and Beloborodov did not say a word and

looked at each other gloomily I saw that it was neces sary to change the subject of a conversation which might end very badly for me and turning to Puga chov I said to him with a cheerful air

Oh I have forgotten to thank you for the horse and the sheepskin Had it not been for you I could not have found the road and should have been frozen on the way

My ruse succeeded Pugachov's good humor was re stored

One good turn deserves another he said with a wink. And tell me now why are you concerned about the girl whom Shvabrin is ill treating? Is she you sweetheart by any chance?

She is my betrothed! I answered seeing the favor able change in the weather and not thinking it necessary to conceil the truth

Your betrothed! Pugachov shouted Why didn t you say so before? Why well have you married and

make merry at your wedding!

Then he turned to Beloborodov and said Listen, Field Marshal! His honor and I are old friends so let us sit down to supper Morning is wiser than evening we shall see to morrow what we are to do with him

I should have been glad to refuse the honor but there was nothing for it Two young girls daughters of the Cossack to whom the hut belonged spread a white cloth on the table brought bread fish soup and sever I bottles of volds and beer Once more I found myself at the same table with Pugachov and his terrible com rades

The orgy of which was an involuntary witness lasted far into the night At last the company were overpowered with drink Pugachov dozed his friends got up and made me a sign to leave him I went with them out of the room At khlopushas orders the

596

watchman took me into the cottage that served as of fice I found Swelyich there and we were locked up together for the night The old man was so amazed at all that was happening that he did not ask me a single question He lay down in the dark and was a long time sighing and groaning at last he snored and I gave my self up to thoughts which did not give me 1 wink of

tleep all night In the morning Pugachov sent for me. I went to him A chaise drawn by three Tatar horses was standing at his gite There was a crowd in the street I met Puga chov in the entry he was dressed for the journey in 1 fur coat and a kirghiz cap His comrades of the day before surrounded him with an air of servility which little accorded with all that I had seen the night be fore Pugachov greeted me cheerfully and told me to step into the chaise with him We took our seats

To the Belogorsky fortress! Pugachov said to the broad shouldered Tatar who drove the troika standing My heart beat violently The horses set off the bell

clanged the chaise flew along Stop! Stop! a familiar voice called out and I saw Savelyich running toward us Pugachov told the driv

er to ston

My dear Pyotr Andreyich! Savelyich cried "don't

abandon me in my old age among these riscals!

Ah you old creature! Pugachov said to him So God has brought us together again Well climb on to

the boyl"

Thank you sire thank you our father! said Savel yich climbing up May God let you live to be a hun dred for your kindness to an old min I will pray for you as long as I live and will never mention the hare skin jacket again

This hareskin jacket might anger Pugachov in earn est at last Fortunately he had not heard or took no notice of the inopportune remark. The horses set off at a gallop the people in the street stopped and bowed. Pugachov nodded right and left. A minute later we left the village and flew along the smooth road.

One may well imagine what I was feeling at that moment In a few hours I was to see her whom I had already considered as lost to me I was specturing the moment of our meeting I was also thinking of the man in whose hands I was and who was mysteriously connected with me through a strange combination of circumstances I was recalling the thoughtless cruelty the bloodthirsty habits of the would be rescuer of my beloved Pugachov did not know that she was Captain Muronov s daughter Shvabrin in his bitter ness might tell him or Pugachov might discover the truth in other ways

Wat would become of Mar ya I was worth the way what would become of Mar ya I wanowna then? A shiver ran down my back and my hair stood on end

Suddenly Pugachov interrupted my reflections with a question What are you thinking of so deeply your honor?

How can I help thinking "I answered I am an officer and a gentleman only yesterday I was fighting against you and today I am driving beside you and the

happiness of my whole life depends upon you

Well, are you afraid? Pugachov asked
I answered that since he had spared me once I was
hoping he would do so again and would indeed help

me And you are right, upon my soul you are right! Pugachov said. You saw that my men were looking askance at you and the old man again insisted this morning that you were a spy and ought to be tortured and hanged but I did not agree he added lowering his voice so that Savelyich and the Tatar should not hear him. Temembering your glass of "adka and the lear him."

hareskin jacket. You see I am not so bloodthirsty as your people make me out

I recalled the taking of the Belogorsky fortress but did not think it necessary to contradict him and did not

What do they say of me in Orenburg? Pugachov asked after a silence

They say it s not easy to get the better of you There s no denying it, you ve made your presence felt

The Pretender's face assumed an expression of saus fied vanity

Yes! he said cheerfully I am quite a hand at fighting Do they know at Orenburg about the battle a Yuzeyeva? Forty generals were killed four armies taken captive What do you think? would the Prussian king be a match for me?

The brigand's boasting amused me

What do you think yourself? I asked him could you beat Frederick?

Why not? I beat your generals and they used to beat him So far I have been lucky in war Wait, you ll see even better things when I march on Moscow Are you thinking of doing that?

Pugachov pondered and said in a low voice

God only knows I am cramped I cannot do as I like My men are too independent They are thieses I have to keep a sharp look out at the first defeat they will ransom their necks with my head

That's just at I said Hadn't you better leave them yourself in good time and appeal to the Em

Pugachov smiled bitterly

No he said it is too late for me to repent There will be no mercy for me I will go on as I have begun.

Wao knows? I may succeed after all! Grishka Otrep yev did reign over Moscow you know

And do you know what his end was? They threw him out of the window killed him burned his body

and fired a cannon with his ashes

Listen Pugachov said with a kind of wild inspir ation I will tell you a fairy tale which in my child hood an old Kalmuck woman told me The eagle ask ed the raven one day Tell me raven bird why do you live in the world for three bundred years and I only for thirty three? - Because rather-eagle you drink living blood the raven said and I feed on things that are dead The eagle thought I will try and feed as he does Very well The eagle and the raven flew along They saw the carcas of a horse came down and perch ed on it The raven plucled and praised the food The eagle took a peck or two then waved his wing and said No brother raven rather than feed on carrion flesh for three hundred years. I would have one drink of living blood-and leave the rest to God! What do you think of the Kalmuck tale?

It is clever I answered But to live by murder and

brigandage is to my mind just pecking carrion

Pugachov looked at me with surprise and made no answer We both sank into silence each absorbed in his own reflections The Tatar struck up a doleful song Savelyich dozed as he sat rocking to and fro on the

box The chaise flew along the smooth winter road Suddenly I saw on the steep bank of the Yaik a

village with a palisade round it and a belfry rising above it-and in another quarter of an hour we drove into the Belogorsky fortress

ИX

AN ORPHAN

Our slender young apple tree Has no spreading branch nor top to it Our tender young bride to be Has no father nor mother to care for her

She has no one to see her off

No one to bestow a blessing on her A Wedding Song

IHE chaise drove up to the Commandant's house The people recognized the sound of Pugachov's bell and ran after us in a crowd Shyabrin met the Pre tender on the step He was dressed like a Cossack and had grown a beard The traitor helped Pugachov to tep out of the chaise speaking in servile expressions of his delight and devotion. He was confused when h saw me but soon recovered and gave me his hand saying

So you too are one of us? Time you were!

I turned away and made no answer

My heart ached when we came into the familiar room the certificate of the late Commandant still hung on the wall as a sad epitaph of bygone days Pugachov sat down on the sofa where Ivan Kuzmich used to doze lulled to sleep by his wife's grumbling Shvabrin brought him some vodka Pugachov drank a glass and said pointing to me

Offer some to his honor too

Shvabrin came up to me with the tray but I turned away again He was obviously very uneasy With his usual quickness he guessed of course that Pugachov was displeased with him he was afraid and looked at me with distrust Pugachov asked about the state of the fortress the news of the enemy s troops and such like things and suddenly asked him

Tell me brother who is the girl you are keeping prisoner in your house? Show her to me

Shyabran turned white as death

Sire he said in a shaking voice Sire she is not a prisoner She is ill she is upstairs in bed

Take me to her the Pretender said getting up It was impossible to refuse him Shvabrin led Puga chov to Marya Ivanovna s room. I followed them

Shvabrin stopped on the stairs

Sire he said you may require of me whatever you wish but do not allow a stranger to enter my wife's bedroom I shuddered

So you are married? I said to Shvabrin ready to

tear him to pieces keep quiet! Pugachov interrupted me It is my affair And don't you try to be elever he went on ad dressing Shyabrin or invent excuses wife or not I take to her whomsoever I like Follow me your honor

At Marva Ivanovna's door Shyabrin stopped again and said in a breal ing voice

Sire, I warn you she has brain fever and has been raving for the last three days

Open the door! said Pugachov

Shvabrin began searching in his pockets and said he had not brought the key Pugachov pushed the door with his foot the lock fell off the door opened and we went in

I looked-and was aghast Marya Ivanovna pale and thin with disheveled hair and dressed like a peasant was sitting on the floor a jug of water covered with a piece of bread stood before her When she saw me she started and cried out. What I felt then I cannot de scribe

Pugachov looked at Shyabrin and said, with a bitter

Pugachov looked at Shvabran and said, with a bitter smile

Fine hospital you have here! Then he went up to Marya Ivanovna and said Tell me my dear what is your husband punishing you for? What wrong have you done to him?

My husband! she repeated he is not my husband! will never be his wife I would rather die, and I shall die if I am not saved from him.

Purachov looked menacingly at Shyabrin

And you dared to deceive mel he said Do you know what you deserve you wretch?

Shvabrin dropped on his knees. At that moment a feeling of contempt outweighed my hatred and anger I looked with disguist upon a gentleman groveling at the feet of an escaped convict. Pugachos was softened.

I will spare you this time, he said to Shvabrin but next time you are at fault this wrong will be remembered against you. Then be threed to Marya Ivanovna and said kindly

Then he turned to Marya Ivanovna and said kindly
Come away, my pretty maid I set you free I am the

Marya Ivanovna glanced at him and understood that her patents murderer was before her. She burned her face in her hands and fell down senseless I rushed to her but at that moment my old friend Palasha very boldly made her way into the room and began atterding to her mistress Pugachow walked out and the three

of us went downstairs
Well your honor Pugachov said laughing
we've delivered the fair maideal What do you think
hadn't we better send for the priest and tell him to

marry you to his niece? Ill give her away if you like, and Shvabrin will be best man we'll make merry and drink, and give the guests no time to think!

dtink, and give the guests no time to think!

The very thing that I feared happened Shvabrin
was beside himself when he heard Pugachov's sugges

tion

Sire! he cried in a frenzy I am to blame I have lied to you but Grinyov too is deceiving you This girl is not the priest's nucce she is the daughter of Captain Mironov who was hanged when the fortress was taken

Pugachov fixed on me his fiery eye

What's this? he asked in perplexity Shvabrin is right. I answered firmly

You hadn t told me remarked Pugachov and his face clouded

But consider I answered him How could I have said in your men's presence that Mironov's daughter was living? They would have torn her to pieces Nothing would have sayed her!

That s true enough Pugachov said laughing My drunkards would not have spared the poor girl The priest s wife did well to deceive them

Lister I said seein, that he was in a kind mood I do not know what to call you and I don it want to know But God knows I would gladly pay you with my life for what you have done for me Only don t ask of me what is against my honor and Christian conscience You are my benefactor Finish as you have begun let me go with the poor orphan whither God may lead us. And whatever happens to you and whereve you may be we shall pray to Him every day of our lives to save your sinful soul

It seemed that Pugachov s stern heart was tou hed
So be it! he said I don't believe in stopping half

way be it in rengeance or in mercy Take your sweet heart, go with her where you will and God grant you love and concord!

Then he turned to Shvabrin and told him to give me a pass through all the villages and fortresses subject to

a pass through all the villages and fortress his rule

Shvabrin, utterly overwhelmed, stood like one dumbfounded Pugachov went to look at the fortress Shvabrin accompanied him and I remained behind under the pretext of miling ready for the journey

I ran upstairs The door was locked I knocked Who is there? Palasha asl ed

I gave my name Marya Ivanovna s sweet voice came from behind the door

Wait a little Pyotr Andreyich, I am changing my dre s Go to Akulina Pamfilovna s I shall be there directly "

I obeyed and went to Father Gerasin's house Both he and his wife ran out to meet me Savelyich had al

he and his wife ran out to meet me Savelyich had al ready siven them the news

How do you do Poot Andreyich? the pness wife said God has brought us together again! Ho vare you? We have talked of you every day Marya Ivanovan has been through a dreadful time without you poor darling! But tell me my dear how did you hit it off with Pugachov? How is it he hant made an and of you? It is something to the villain s credit!

That will do my dear, Father Gerasim interrupted her Don't blurt out all you know There is no salva tion in speaking overmuch Please come in Pyotr Andreyich! You are very welcome We haven't seen you for months!

The priest's wife offered me what food there was and talked incessantly as she did so. She told me how Shvabrin had forced them to give up Marya Ivanovna how Marya Ivanovna wept and did not want to part

from them how Marya Ivanovna always kept in touch with her through Palasha (a spirited girl who made the sergeant himself daire to her tune) how she had advised Marya Ivanovna to write a letter to me and so on I in my turn briefly told her my story. The priest, and his wrife crossed them elves when they heard that Pugachov Linew of their deception.

The power of the Holy Cross be with usl said Akulina Pamfilovna May the Lord let the storm go byl Fancy Alexey Ivanich betraying usl He is a fine one!

At that moment the door opened and Marya Ivan ovna came in a smile on her pale face. She had laid aside peasant clothes and was dressed as before simply and prettily

I clasped her hand and for some moments could not utter a word Our hearts were too full for speech Our hosts felt that we had no thoughts to spare for them and left us We were alone All was forgotten We talked and talked Marya Ivanovna told me all that had happened to her after the fortress was taken she described to me the horror of her position and all that she had had to endure at the hands of her vile pursuer We recalled the bygone happy days We were both weeping At last I put my plans before her It was impossible for her to stay in a fortress subject to Pugachov and ruled by Shyabrin It was no use think ing of Orenburg where the inhabitants were suffering all the horrors of the siege She had no one belonging to her in the world I offered her to go to my parents estate. She hesitated at first, she knew my father's an mosity toward her and was afraid I reassured her I knew that my father would be happy and consider it his duty to welcome the daughter of a veteran who had died for his country

Darling Marva Ivanovna I said to her at last "?

look upon you as my wife Miraculous circumstances have united us for ever nothing in the world can part

Marya Ivanovna listened to me without coyness or feigned reluctance. She felt that her fate was united to mine But she repeated that she would only marry me with my parents consent I did not contradict her about it We kissed each other sincerely and ardently -and all was settled between us

An hour later Maximych brought me a pass signed with Pugachov's hieroglyphics and said that he wanted to see me I found him ready for the journey I cannot express what I felt on parting from this terrible man a monster of evil to all but me Why not confess the truth? At that moment I was drawn to him by warm sympathy I longed to tear him away from the criminals whose leader he was and to save his head before it was too late Shyabrin and the people who crowded round us prevented me from saying all that was in my heart

We parted friends Seeing Akulina Pamfilovna in the crowd Pugachov shook his finger at her and winked significantly then he stepped into the chaise told the driver to go to Berda, and as the horses moved he put out his head from the chaise once more and

shouted to me Good bye your honor! We may yet meet again

We did meet again-but under what circumstances Pugachov drove away I gazed for some time at the white steppe where his troika was galloping The crowd dispersed Shvabrin disappeared I returned to the priest is house. Everything was read for our departure. I did not want to delay any longer. All our belongings were packed in the old Commundant ser rage. The drivers harnessed the horses in a trice. Marya Ivanovna went to say good bye to the graves of her parents, who were buned behind the chirch. I wan,ed to accompany her but she asked me to let her go alone. She returned in a few manues, silend's weeping quert tears. The carriage was brough before the house. Father Gerasim and his wife came out on to the steps. The three of us—Manya Ivanovini, Palasha, and I—sit muche the carriage and Savelyth climbed on the fox.

"Good-bye, Marya Iv...10vna, mv darling! Good-bye, Pyotr Andreyich, our brigh falcon!" kind Akulina Pamfilovna said to us. "A happy journey to you, and

God gran you happiness!"

We set off I saw Shyabini standing a the window of the Commandan's house. His face was expressive of gloomy rallice. I did not want to trumph over a defeated enemy and turned my eyes in another direction. At last we drove our of the fortress gates, and left the Belogovsky fortress for ever

XIII

THE ARREST

"Do no be engry or middly hids me To send you off to god this tery day" By all means I are ready but I trus You will first allow me to have my say Knyazhaia

UNITED so unexpectedly to the sweet gul about whom I had been terribly annous only that morning I could not believe my senses and fanced that all tha had happened to re was an empty dream. Marva I van orns gazed thoughfull how at me and now a the toud she d d no seem to have come to herself as yet. We were silent. Our hearts were much too tred. We

did not notice how in a couple of hours we found our selves at the neighboring fortress which also was in Pugachovs hands. We changed horses there The quickness with which they were harness d and the hurned servility of the bearded Cossack promoted by Pugachov to the post of Commandant proved that owing to our driver's talkativeness I was being taken for the Care a favorite.

We continued our journey Dusl, was falling We drew near a small town occupied according to the bearded Commandant by a strong detachment of Pugachos s supporters on their way to join him We were stopped by the sentires To the question. Who goes there's the driver answered in a loud voice. The Carr's friend with his lady. Suddenly a crowd of Hus sart surrounded us swering fearfully.

sars surrounded us swearing fearfully
Come out, you devil s friend! a sergeant with a
big mustache said to me
You will get it hot present
y and that girl of yours too

I stepped out of the chase and demanded to be taken to the commanding officer. Seeing my uniform the sol diers stopped swearing. The sergeant led me to the major. Savelyich went with me, muttering to him self. There is a fine. Czar is friend for you! Out of the frying pan into the fire. Good Lord what will the end of it be? The chaise followed us at a walking pace. After five minutes walk we came to a brillandly lighted house. The sergeant left me with the sentret and went to announce me. He returned at once saying the major had not time to see me but that he ordered that I should be taken to jail and my lady brought to him.

What's the meaning of this? I cried in a rage Has he gone off his head?

I cannot tell your honor, the sergeant answered

to sail and her honor brought to his honor

I rushed up the steps The sentrie, made no attempt to detain me and I ran strat ht into the room t here six officers of the Hussars were playing cards. The major was dealing Imagine my surprise when I recognized him for Ivan Ivanovich Zurin who had won from me at billiards at the Simbirsk inn!

"Is it possible? I cried. "Ivan Ivanych? Is that you? "Why Pyotr Andreyich! What wind brings you? Where do you come from? G'ad to see you, brother

Won t you join the game?

Thanks Better tell them to give me a lodging What lodging? Stay with me

"I cannot I am not alone.

"Well bring your comrade along

It s not a comrade I am with a lady

"A lady! Where did you pick her up? Oho broth erl At these words Zurin whistled so expressively that

everyone laughed I was utterly confused

"Well" Zunn went on "so be it! You shall have a We could have had a gay lodging but it s a pity Hey, boy! Why don't time as in the old days they bring along Pugachov's sweetheart? Doesn't she want to come? Tell her she need not fear the gentle man is very kind and will do her no harm-and give her a good kick to hurry her up

What are you talking about? I said to Junn "Pugachov's sweetheart? It is the late Captain Mironov's daughter I have rescued her and am now seeing her off to my father & estate where I shall leave her

"What! So it was you they have just announced?

Upon my word! Wha does it all mean?

I will tell you atterward And now for Heaven's sake reassure the poor girl whom your Hussars have frightened

710 Pj

Zurin made arrangements at once He came out into the street to applicate to Marya Isanovina for them's understanding and told the sergeant to give her the best lodging in the town I was to spend the night with him.

We had supper and when we were left alone I told him my adventures Zurin listened with great atten

tion When I had finished he shook his head and said That's all very good brother, one thing only is not good why the devil do you want to be married? I man honest officer I would not deceive you believe me marriage is a delusion? You don't want to be bothered with a wife and be nursing belies! Throw it up! Do as I tell you get rid of the Captain's daughter. The road to Simbirsh is aften own I have cleared it Send her to morrow to your parents by herself and you stay in my detachment. There is no need for you to return to Orenburg. If you fall into the rebels hands once more you may not escape this time. And so the love foolish ness will pass of itself and all will be well.

I did not altogether agree with him but I felt that I was in duty bound to remain with the arms I decided to follow Zurin's advice and send Marya Ivanovas to the country while I remained in his detachment

Savelyich came to undress me, I told him that he must be ready next day to continue the journey with

Marya Ivanovna He did not want to at first

What are you thinking of sir? How can I leave you? Who will look after you? What will your parents say?

Knowing Savelyich's obstinary I decided to win him by affection and sincerity

Arhip Savelyich my dearl I said to him Don't refuse You will be doing me a great kindness I shall not need a servant, but I shall have no peace if Marya Ivanovna goes on her journey without you In serving

711

her you will be serving me because I am determined to marry her as soon as circumstances allow

Savelyich clasped his hands 1 with an air of inde scribable amazement

To marry! he replied The child thinks of marry ing! But what will your father say what will your mother think?

They will agree I am sure they will agree when they know Marya Ivanovna I answered I rely on you too My father and mother trust you you will intercede for us won t you?

Savelyich was touched

Ah Pyotr Andrevich dear he answered though it is much too early for you to think of marrying Marya Ivanovna is such a good young lady that it would be a sin to mis the opportunity Have it your own way! I shall go with her angel that she is and will tell your parents faithfully that such a bride does not need a dowry

I thanked Savelyich and went to bed in the same room with Zurin My mind was in a turmoil and I talked and talked At first Zurin answered me readily but gradually his words became few and disconnected at last in answer to a question he gave a snore with a whistle in it I stopped talking and soon followed his example

Next morning I went to Marya Ivanovna and told her of my plans She recognized their reasonableness and agreed with me at once Zurin s detachment was to leave the town that same day There was no time to be lost I said good bye to Marya Ivanovna there and then entrusting her to Savelyich and giving her a letter to my parents Marya Ivanovna wep

Good-bye, Pyotr Andreyich she said in a low

See footnot on p 608

712 PROSE

voice God only knows whether we shall meet again

but I will not forget you as long as I live, till death you alone shall remain in my heart
I could not answer her Other people were there I did not want to abandon myself in their presence to the feelings that agitated me At last she drove away I re turned to Zurin sad and silent He wanted to chere

me I sought distraction we spent the day in riotous gaiety and set out on the march in the evening. It was the end of February The winter which had made military operations difficult was coming to an end and our generals were preparing for concerted.

action Pugachov was still besieging Orenburg Mean while the army detachments around him were joining forces and approaching the brigands nest from all sides Rebellious villages were restored to order at the sight of the soldiers brigand bands dispersed on our approach and everything indicated a speedy and successful end of the war Soon Prince Goltzyn defeated Pugachov at the Tatishchea fortress scattered his hordes delivered

cessful end of the war
Soon Prince Golitzyn defeated Pugachov at the
Tatishcheva fortress scattered his hordes delivered
Orenburg and dealt it seemed the last vad decisive
blow to the rebellion Zurin was at that time sent
against a gang of rebellious Bashkirs who had dis
persed before we caught sight of them Spring found
us in a Tatar village Rivers were in flood and roads
impassable We could do nothing but comforted our
selves with the thought that the petty and tedious war
with brigands and savages would soon be over

with brigands and savages would soon be over Pugachov was not caught however He appeared at the Siberian foundries collected there fresh bands of followers and began his evil work once more Again rumors of his success spread abroad We heard of the fall of the Siberian fortresses. Soon afterward, the army leaders who slumbered carefree in the hope that the contemptible rebel was powerless were alarmed by the news of his taking Kazan and advancing toward Moscow Zurin received an order to cross the Volga

I will not describe our eampaign and the end of the war I shall say briefly that there was extreme misery. There was no lawful authority anywhere. The land owners were hiding in the forests. Bands of brigands were rausselving the country. The chiefs of separate de tachments arbitrarily meted out punishments and granted pardons the wast region where the conflagration had raged was in a terrible state. God save us from secupie a Russian revolt senseless and mercilesis.

Pug chov was in retreat, pursued by Ivan Ivanovich Michelson Soon after we learned that he was utterly defeated. At last Zurin heard that he had been captured and at the same time received an order to halt. The war was over I could go to my parents at last! The thought of embracing them and of seeing Marya Ivanovna of whom I had had no news delighted me I danced with Joy like a child Zurin laughed and said shrugging his shoulders, No you'll come to a bad end! You will be married and done for!

And yet a strange feeling poisoned my joy I could not help being troubled at the thought of the villain smeared with the blood of so many innocent vectims and now awaiting his punishment. Why didn't he fall on a bayonet? or get hit with a cannon hall? I thought with veration. He could not have done any thing better. What will you have? I could not think of Pugachov without remembering how he had spared me at one of the awful moments of my life and saved my bettorthed from the ville Skyabrus is hands.

Zurin gave me leave of absence In a few days I was to be once more with my family and see my Marya Ivanovna Suddenly an unexpected storm burst upon the

On the day of my departure at the very minute

when I was to go Zurin came into my room with a paper in his hand looking very much troubled My heart sank I was frightened without knowing why He sent out my orderly and said he had something to What is it? I asked anxiously

Something rather unpleasant, he answered giving me the paper Read what I have just received

I began reading it it was a secret order to all com manding officers to arrest me wherever they might find me and to send me at once under escort to Kazan to the Commission of Inquiry into the Pugachov ris

ing The paper almost dropped out of my hands There is nothing for it Zurin said my duty is to obey the order Probably the news of your friendly journeys with Pugachov has reached the authorities I hope it will not have any consequences and that you will clear yourself before the Committee Go and don't be down hearted My conscience was clear I was not afraid of the

trial but the thought of putting off, perhaps for several months the sweet moment of reunion terrified me The carriage was ready Zurin bade me a friendly good bye I stepped into the carriage Two Hussars with bare swords sat down beside me and we drove along the high road

λIV

THE TRIAL

Popular rumor is like a sea waie

A Proverb

I WAS certain it was all due to my leaving Orenburg without permission I could easily justify myself sal lying out against the enemy had never been prohibited and was indeed encouraged in every way I might be accused of too great rashness but not of disobedence. My frendly relations with Pugeshow however could be proved by a number of witnesses and must have seemed highly suspicious to say the least of it Throughout the journey I Fept thinking of the questions I might be asked and pondering my answers I decided to tell the plain truth at the trial believing that this was the simplest and at the same time the most certain way of justifying myself.

I arrived at Azzan it had been devastited and burnt.

down Instead of houses there were heaps of anders in the streets and remnants of charred walls without roofs or windows. Such was the trail left by Pugachov I was brought to the fortress that had remained intact in the midst of the burnt city. The Hussars passed me on to the officer in charge. He called for the blacksmith Shackles were put on my feet and soldered together. Then I was taken to the prison and left alone in the darl and narrow cell with bare walls and a window with iron bar.

Such a beginning boded nothing good I did not however lose either hope or courage I had recourse to the comfort of all the sorrowful and having tasted for the first time the sweetness of prayer poured out

from a pure but bleeding heart, dropped calmly asleep without caring what would happen to me

The next morning the warder woke me up, saying I

was wanted by the Commission Two soldiers took me across the yard to the Commandant's house they stopped in the entry and let me go into the inner room by myself

I walked into a rather large room. Two men were sitting at a table covered with papers an elderly gen eral who looked cold and forbidding and a young cap tain of the Guards a good looking man of about twenty eight with a pleasant and easy manner A sec retary with a pen behind his ear sat at a separate table bending over the paper in readiness to write down my answers The examination began I was asked my name and rank The General asked whether I was the son of Andrey Petrovich Grinyov When I said I was he remarked severely

It is a pity that so estimable a man has such an unworthy son!

I calmly answered that whatever the accusation against me might be I hoped to clear myself by can didly elling the truth The General did not like my confidence

You are sharp brother he said to me frowning but we have seen cleverer ones than youl

Then the young man asked me

On what occasion and at what time did you enter Pugachov's service and on what commissions did he employ you?

I answered with indignation that as an officer and a gentleman I could not possibly have entered Puga chov s service or have carried out any commissions of

his "How was it then my questioner continued that an officer and a gentleman was alone spared by the

717

Pretender while all his comrates were villamously murdered? How was it that this same officer and gentleman feasted with the rebels as their friend and accepted presents from the villatio—a sheepskin coat a horse and fifty kopecks in money? How had such strange friendship arisen and what could it be based upon except treason or at any rate upon base and vile cowardice?

I was deeply offended by the officer's words and warmly began my defence I rold them how I had first net Pugachov in the steppe in the snowstorm and how he reco, nized and spared me at the taking of the Belogorsky fortress I admitted that I had not scrupled to accept from the Pretender the horse and the sheep skin coat but said that I had defended the Belogorsky fortress against him to the last extremity at last I referred them to my General who could testify to my zealous service disring the perilous Orcaburg stege.

The stern old man took an unsealed letter from the table and began reading it aloud

With regard to Your Excellency's inquiry, concern ing Enign Grinyov said to be un olded in the pre ent insurect on and to have had relations at with the eillain contrary to the military lan and to our oath of alle giance. I have the honor to report as follows: The said Enign Grinyov certed at Orenburg from the begin ming of October 1773 to 4 behruary 1774 upon a hich date he left the city on 4 returned no more to serie under my command. I have heard from refugees that he had been in Pugachow samp and ucin tith him to the Belogoriky fortress where he had served before as to his conduct I can

At this point he interrupted his reading and said to me sternly What can you say for yourself now? 718

I wanted to go on as I had begun and to explain my connection with Marya Ivanovna as candidly as all the rest but I suddenly felt an overwhelming repulsion It occurred to me that if I mentioned her she would be summoned by the Commission, and I was so over come at the awful thought of connecting her name with the vile slanders of the villains, and of her being confronted with them that I became confused and hesitated My judges who seemed to have been listening to me

with favor were once more prejudiced against me by my confusion The officer of the Guards asked that I should be faced with the chief informer The General gave word that yesterday's villain should be brought in I turned to the door with interest waiting for the appearance of my accuser A few minutes later there was a rattle of chains the door opened and Shvabrin walked in I was surprised at the change in him He was terribly pale and thin His hair that had a short time ago been black as pitch was now white his long beard was unkempt. He repeated his accusations in a weak but confident voice According to him I had been sent by Pugachov to Orenburg as a spy under the pretext of sallies I had come out every day to give him written news of all that was happening in the town at last I had openly joined the Pretender had driven with him from fortress to fortress doing my ut most to ruin my fellow traitors so as to occupy their posts and had taken presents from the Pretender heard him out in silence and was pleased with one thing only Marya Ivanovna's name had not been ut tered by the base villain either because his vanity suf fered at the thought of one who had scorned him or because there lingered in his heart a spark of the same feeling which made me keep silent about her In any case the name of the Belogorsky Commandant

719 daughter was not mentioned before the Commission I was more determined than ever not to bring it up and when the judges asl ed me how I could disprove Shvabrin's accusations I answered that I adhered to my original explanation and had nothing more to say in my defence. The Ceneral gave word for us to be led away We went out together I calmly looked at Shya brin but did not say a word to him He gave a malig nant smile and lifting his chains quickened his pace and left me behind I was taken back to prison and not called for examination any more

I have not witnessed the subsequent events of which I must inform the reader but I had them told me so often that the least derails are engraved on my memory and I feel as though I had been invi ibly present

Marya Ivanovna had been received by my parents with that sincere cordiality which distinguished people in former days. They held it to be a blessing that they had been afforded the opportunity of sheltering and comfor ing the poor orphan They soon became truly attached to her for it was impossible to know her and not to love her My love for her no longer seemed to my father a mere whim and my mother had but one wish-that her Petrusha should marry that dear crea ture the Captain's daughter

The news of my arrest was a shock to my family Marya Ivanovna had told my parents of my strange acquaintance with Pugachov so simply that so far from being troubled about it they often laughed at it with whole hearted amusement. My father refused to believe that I could have been implicated in vile rebel lion the aim of which was to overthrow the throne and exterminate the gentry. He closely questioned Savely ich The old man did not conceal the fact that I had been to see Pugachov and that the villain had been kind to me but he swore that he had not heard of any

treason. My parents were reassured and waited impa tiently for favorable news Marya Ivanovna was very much alarmed but said nothing for she was extremely modest and prudent

Several weeks passed Suddenly my father re-ceived a letter from our relative in Petersburg Prince B The Prince wrote about me After beginning in the usual way he went on to say that, unfortunately the suspicions about my complicity in the rebels designs proved to be only too true and that I should have been put to death as an example to others had not the Empress in consideration of my father's merits and advanced age decided to spare the criminal son and commuted the shameful death penalty to a mere exile for life to a remote part of Siberia

This unexpected blow very nearly killed my father He lost his habitual self-control and his grief, usually

silent found expression in bitter complaints

What I he repeated beside himself My son is an accomplice of Pugachov s! Merciful heavens what have I lived to see! The Empress reprieves him! Does that make it any better for me? It s not the death pen alty that is terrible My great grandfather died on the scaffold for what was to him a matter of conscience my father suffered together with Volynsky and Khrushchov 1 But for a gentleman to betray his oath of allegiance and join brigands murderers and run away serfs! Shame and distrace to our name!

Terrified by his despair my mother did not dare to weep in his presence and tried to cheer him by talking of the uncertainty of rumor and the small faith to be attached to people's opinions. My father was incon-

solable

720

Leaders of the Russian party against Buhren the German TRANSLATOR & NOTE

Marya Ivanovna suffered most She was certain that I could have cleared myself if I had chosen to do so and guessing the truth considered herself the cause of my misfortune. She concealed her tears and sorrow from everyone but was continually thinking of the means to save me.

One evening my father was sitting on the sofa turn ing over the leaves of the Court Calendar but his thoughts were far away and the reading did not have its usual effect upon him. He was whisting an old march. My mother was hinting a woolen coat in is lence and now and again a tear dropped on her work. Suddenly Marya Ivanovna who sat by her doing needlework, said that it was necessary for her to go to Petersburg and asked for the means of traveling there. My mother was very much greeved.

What do you want in Petersburg? she said Can it be that you too want to leave us Marya Ivanovna? Marya Ivanovna answered that her whole future de

pended upon this journey and that she was going to seek the help and protection of influential people as the daughter of a man who had suffered for his loyalty

My father bent his head every word that reminded him of his son s alleged crime pained him and seemed to him a bitter reproach Go my dear he said to her with a sigh We don t

want to stand in the way of your happiness God grant you may have a good man for a husband and not a disgrared traitor

He got up and walked out of the room

Left alone with my mother Marya Ivanovna partly explained her plan to her. My mother embraced her with tears and prayed for the success of her under taking Marya Ivanovna was made ready for the pour ney and a few days later she set off with the faithful

Palasha and the faithful Savelyich who in his enforced parting from me comforted himself with the thought that at least he was serving my betrothed

Marya Ivanovna safely arrived at Sofia and, hearing that the Court was at Czarkoe Selo, decided to stop there At the posting station, a tiny recess behind the partition was assigned to her. The station masters write immediately got into conversation with her, said that she was the niece of the man who tended the stoves at the Palace, and initiated her into the mysteries of Court life. She told her at what time the Empress woke up in the morning, took coffee went for valls, what courtiest were with her at the time what she had said at dinner the day before whom she had received in the evening In short, Anna Vlayevna so ouversition was as good as several pages of historical memoirs and would have been precious for posterity Marya Ivan owna listened to her attentively. They went into the gardens Anna Vlayevna told the history of every account and every bridge and they returned to the station after a long walk, much pleased with each other station after a long walk, much pleased with each other

Marya I wanowa woke up early the next morning dressed, and slipped out into the gardens It was a beautiful morning the sun was lightung the tops of the lime trees that had already turned yellow under the fresh breath of autumn The broad lake, without a ripple on it glittered in the sunlight. The stately swans just awake came saiting out from under the bushes that covered the banks Marya Ivanowa walked along a beautiful meadow where a monument had just been put up in honor of Count Rumyantzevs recent victories Suddenly a little white dog of English breed ran toward her, barking Marya Ivanowa was finghtened and stood still. At that moment she heard a woman so fleating to you wan a so leasant yorce.

Don t be afraid he won t bite

And Marya Ivanovna saw a lady sitting on a bench opposite the monument Marya Ivanovna sat down at the other end of the bench. The lady was looking at her attentively Marya Ivanovna in her turn cast sex eral sidelong glances at her and succeeded in examining her from head to foot. She was wearing a white morning dress a night-cap and a Russian jacket. She seemed to be about forty Her plump and rosy face wore an expression of calm and dignity her blue eyes and slight smile had an indescribable charm. The lady was the first to break the silence.

I expect you are a stranger here? she asked Yes madam I came from the country only yester

day
Have you come with your relatives?
No madam I have come alone

Alone! But you are so young

I have neither father nor mother You are here on business of course?

Yes madam I have come to present a petition to the Empress

You are an orphan I suppose you are complaining of some wrong or injustice?

of some wrong or injustice?

No madam I have come to ask for mercy not justice

Allow me to ask What is your name?

I am Captain Mironov's daughter

Captain Mironov s! The man who was Command ant in one of the Orenburg fortresses?

Yes madam

The lady was evidently touched

Excuse me she said still more kindly for inter fering in your affairs but I go to Court sometimes tell me what your petition is and perhaps I may be able to help you

See footnote p 621

724 Marya Ivanovna got up and respectfully thanked her

Everything in the unknown lady instinctively at tracted her and inspired her with confidence Marya Ivanovna took a folded paper out of her pocket and have it to the lady who began reading it to herself

At first she read with an attentive and kindly air, but suddenly her expression changed and Marya Ivan ovna, who was watching her every movement was frightened at the stern look on her face, so calm and pleasant a moment before

You are interceding for Grinyov? the lady said coldly The Empress cannot forgive him He joined the Pretender not from ignorance and credulity but as a dangerous and immoral scoundrel

Oh it isn't true! Marya Ivanovna cried

How it isn't true? the lady repeated flushing crimson

It isn't true I swear to God it isn't! I know all about it I will tell you everything It was solely for my sake that he went through it all And if he hasn't cleared himself before the judges it was only because he did not want to implicate me

And she told with great warmth, all that is already known to the reader

The lady listened to her attentively

Where have you put up? she asked and hearing

that it was at Anna Vlasyevna's said, with a sm le Ah I know Good bye do not tell anyone of our meeting I hope you will not have long to wait for an answer to your letter

With these words she rose and went into a covered alley and Marya Ivanovna full of joyous hope re turned to Anna Vlasyevna s

He landlady chid her for her early walk which she saul was not good for a young girl's health as it

was autumn. She brought the samovar and sust began over a cup of tea her endless stories about the Court when suddenly a Court carriage stopped at the door and a footman from the Palace came into the room saying that the Empress invited Miss Mironov to her presence

Anna Vlasyevna was surprised and flurried

Dear mel she cried The Empress sends for you to come to the Palace! How has she heard of you? And how are you going to appear before the Empress my dear? I expect you know nothing about Court man Hadn t I better go with you? I could warn

you about some things at any rate And how can you go in your traveling dress? Hadn't we better send to the midwife for her yellow gown?

The footman announced that it was the Empress s pleasure that Marya Ivanovna should come alone and as she was There was nothing else for it Marya Ivan ovna stepped into the carriage and drove to the Palace accompanied by Anna Vlasyevna's admonitions and blessings

Marya Ivanovna felt that our fate was going to be decided her heart was throbbing A few minutes later the carriage stopped at the Palace Marya Ivanovna walked up the stair trembling The doors were flung wide open before her Sh. walked through a number of deserted luxuriously furnished rooms the footman was pointing out the way At last coming to a closed door he said he would go in and announce her and left her alone

The thought of seeing the Empress face to face so ter ified her that she could hardly keep on her feet. In mother minute the door opened and she walked into the Empress s dressing room

The Empress was seated in front of her dressing table Several courtiers were standing round her but

they respectfully made way for Marya Ivanovna The Empress turned to her kındly and Marya Ivanovna recognized her as the lady to whom she had been talking so freely not many minutes before. The Empress called her to her side and said with a smile

I am glad that I have been able to keep my promise to you and to grant your request Your case is settled I am convinced that your betrothed is innocent Here is a letter which please take yourself to your future

father in law

Marya Ivanovna took the letter with a trembling hand and fell weeping at the feet of the Empress who lifted her up kissed her and engaged her in conversa-

I know you are not rich she said but I am in debt to Captain Mironov's daughter. Do not worry about the future. I will provide for you

After saying many kind things to the poor orphan the Empress dismissed her Marya Ivanonan was driven back in the same Court carriage Anna Vlasyevan who had been eagerly awaiting her return bombarded her with questions to which Marya Ivanonan an swered rather vaguely Anna Vlasyevan was disappointed at her remembering so little but ascribed it to provincial shyness and generously excused her Marya Ivanona went back to the country that same day, without troubling to have a look at Petersburg

The memoirs of Pyotr Andreyich Grinyov end at this point It is known from the family tradition that he was released from confinement at the end of 1774 at the express order of the Empress that he was preent at the execution of Pugachov, who recognized him in the crowd and nodded to him a minute before his lifeless bleeding head was held up before the people. longing to ten owners. In one of the lodges a lette written by Catherine II may be seen in a frame under glass It is addressed to Pyotr Andreyich's father it affirms the innocence of his son and praises the heart and intelligence of Captain Mironov's daughter Pyotr Andrevich Grinyov's memoirs have been given to us by one of his grandchildren who had heard

THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER

Simbirsk Thirty miles from N there is an estate be

that we were enpaged upon a work dealing with the period described by his grandfather. With the relatives consent we have decided to publish it separately pre fixing a suitable epigraph to each chapter and taking the liberty to change some of the proper names THE EDITOR.

October 10 1836 [1836]

THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER

OMITTED CHAITER 1

WE WERE approaching the banks of the Volga Our regiment entered the village of N and halted to spend the night there. The village headman told me that all the villages on the other side had rehelled, and that Pugachov s hands were prowing about everywhere I was very much alarmed at this news. We were to cross the riner the following morning.

Impatience possessed me and I could not rest My tather's estate was on the other side of the river some twenty miles away I asked if anyone would row me across All the peasants were fishermen there were plenty of boats I came to Zurin and told him of my in

tention

Tale care he said, it is dangerous for you to go nlone Wait for the morning We will be the first to cross and will pay a visit to your parents with fifty Hussars in case of emergency

I insisted on going The boat was ready I stepped into it with two boatmen They pushed off and plied

their oars

The sky was clear The moon was shining brightly
The air was still The Volga flowed calmly and even
ly Swaying rhythmically the boat glided over the dark

This early variant of the latter part of Chapter XIII is of fered here because of its intrinse interest. The names of the charact is ha e here been given as in the final version.

EDITOR & NOTE

waves Haif an hou passed I sank into dreaming I thought of the calm of nature and the horrors of civil war of love and so on We reached the middle of the river Suddenly the boatmen began whispering together

What is it? I asked coming to myself

Heaven only knows we can't tell the boatmen

answered looking into the distance

I looked in the same direction and saw in the dark something floating down the river. The mysterious obcet was approaching us. I told the oarsmen to stop and wait.

The moon hid behind a cloud. The foating phan

tom seemed darl er still It was quite close to me and yet I could not distinguish it Whatever can it be? the boatmen said It isn't a

whatever can it her the boatmen said it isn't

sail nor a mast

Suddenly the moon came out from behind the cloud and lighted a terrible sight A gallows fixed to a raft was floating toward us Three corpses were swinging on the cross bar A morbid curiousty possessed me I wanted to look into the hanged men s faces I told the carsinen to hold the raft with a boat hood and mybot knocked against the floating gallows I jumped out and found myself between the terrible posts The full moon lighted the disfigured faces of the unfortunate creatures

One of them was an old Churash another a Russian peasant boy of about twenty strong and healthy I was shocked when I looked at the third and could not refrain from crying out it was our ser vant Vanka—poor Vanka who in his foolishness went over to Pugachov A black board was nailed over the gallows and had written on it in white letters

Thieves and rebels The oarsmen waited for me un concerned holding the raft with the hook. I stepped into the boar The raft floated down the river The gal

lows showed black in the dim night long after we passed it At last it disappeared and my boot landed at the high and steep bank

I paid the oarsmen handsomely. One of them took me to the headman of the village by the landing stage. We went into the hit together. When the headman heard that I was asking for horses he spoke to me rather cudely but my guide whispered something to him and his sternness immediately gave way to hur ried obsequiousness. The troika was ready in a minute. I stepped into the carriage and told the driver to take me to our estate.

We galloped along the high road past the sleeping villages. The only thing I feared was being stopped on the way. My night meeting on the Volga proved the presence of rebels in the district but it also proved the strong counter action on the part of the authorities. To meet all emergencies I had in my pocket the pass given me by Pugselovo and Colonel Zurins order But I did not meet anyone and, toward morning I saw the river and the pine copse behind which lay our village. The driver whipped up the horses and in another quarter of an hour I drove into it. Our house stood at the other end. The horses were going at full speed Sud denly in the middle of the village street the driver be can outline up.

What is it I asked impatiently

A barrier, sir" the driver answered, with difficulty bringing the furning horses to a standstill

Indeed I saw a barrier fixed across the road and a

watchman with a club The man came up to me and taking off his hat asked for my passport What does this mean? I asked him Why is this

What does this mean? I asked him barrier here? Whom are you guarding?

Why sir, we are in rebellion, he answered scratch

ing himself

730

731 And where are your masters? I asked with a sink ing heart

Where are our masters? the peasant repeated

Master and mistress are in the granary

In the granary?

Why Andryushka the headman 1 put them in stocks you see and wants to take them to our Father Czar

Good Heaven! Lift the bar you blockhead! What

are you gaping at?

The watchman did not move I jumped out of the carriage gave him a box on the ear I am sorry to say and lifted the bar myself

The peasant looked at me in stupid perplexity I took my seat in the carriage once more and told the driver to drive to the house as fast as he could Two peasants armed with clubs were standing by the locked doors of the granary 'The carriage drew up just in front of them I jumped out and rushed at them

Open the doors! I said to them I must have looked formidable for they threw down their clubs and ran away I tried to anock the lock off the door or to pick it but the doors were of oak and the huge lock was unbreakable. At that moment a

young peasant came out of the servants quarters and haughtily asked me how I dared to make a disturbance Where is Andryushka the headman? I shouted to

him Call him to me"

I am Andrey Afanasyevich and not Andryushka he answered proudly with his arms akimbo. What do you want?

By way of an answer I seized him by the collar and dragging him to the granary doors told him to open them He did not comply at once but the fatherly

Headman when appl d to Andryushka, tands for zemsk an official appointed by Pug chow

chastsement had due effect upon him He pulled out the key and unlock-de the granary I rushed over the threshold and saw in a dark corner dmily lighted by a narrow skylight my father and mother Their hands were tied and their feet were in stocks I flew to em brace them and could not utter a word They both looked at me with amazement three years of military life had so altered me that they could not recognize me

Suddenly I heard the sweet voice I knew Pyotr

Andreyich! It s you?

I turned round and saw Marya Ivanovna in another corner also bound hand and foot I was dumbfounded My father looked at me in silence not daring to be lieve his senses His face lit up with joy

Welcome Petrusha he said, pressing me to his

heart Thank God, we have hved to see youl

My mother cried out and burst into tears

Petrusha my darling! she said "How has the Lord brought you here? Are you well?

I hastered to cut with my sword the ropes that bound them and to take them out of their prison but when I came to the door I found that it had been lo k ed at an

Andryushka open! I shouted

No fear! the man answered from behind the door You may as well sit here, too! We ll teach you how to be rowdy and drig the Cars officials by the collu!

to be rowdy and drug the Czar s officials by the collul I began looking round the granary to see if there has some way of getting out

Don't trouble my father said to me It's not it's way to have granaries into which thieves could find a way

My mother, who had rejoiced a morrent before at my coming was overcome with despair at the thoughth-t I, too would have to perish with the rest of the THE CAPTAIN'S DAUGHTER

family But I was calmer now that I was with them and Marva Ivanovna I had a sword and two pistols I could withstand a siege Zurin was due to arrive in the evening and would set us free I told all this to my parents and succeeded in calming my mother and Mar ya Ivanovna They gave themselves up completaly to the joy of our meeting and several hours passed for us imperceptibly in expressions of affection and continual conversation

Well Pyotr my father said you have been foolish enough and I was quite angry with you at the time But it s no use remembering old scores I hope that you have sown your wild oats and are reformed I know that you have served as an honest officer should I thank you you have comforted me in my old age If I owe my deliverance to you life will be doubly pleasant to me

I kissed his hand with tears and gazed at Marya Iv anovna who was so overloyed at my presence that she seemed quite calm and happy

About midday we heard extraordinary uproar and shouting What does this mean? my father said Can it already be your colonel?

Impossible I answered He won't come before evening

The noise increased The alarm bell was rung We heard men on horseback galloping across the yard At that moment Savelyich's gray head was thrust through the narrow opening cut in the wall and the poor old man said in a pitiful voice

Andrey Petrovich! Pyotr Andreyich my dear! Mar ya Ivanovna! We are lost! The villains have come into the village And do you know who has brought them, Pyotr Andreyich? Shvabrin Alexey Ivanych damna tion take him!

734

When Marya Ivanovna heard the hated name she clasped her hands 1 and remained motionless

Listen! I said to Savelyich Send someone on horseback to the ferry to meet the hussar regiment and to tell the Colonel of our danger

But whom can I send sir? All the boys have joined the rebels and the horses have all been seized Oh, dear! There they are in the yard! They are coming to the granary

As he said this we heard several voices behind the door I made a sign to my mother and Marya Ivanov na to move away into a corner bared my sword, and leaned against the wall just by the door My father took the pistols, cocked them both and stood beside me The lock rattied the door opened and Andryushka s head showed I hit it with my sword and he fell, block ing the doorway At the same moment my father fired the pistol The crowd that had besieged us ran away, cursing I dragged the wounded man across the thresh old and closed the door

The courtyard was full of armed men I recognized

Shyabrin among them

Don't be afraid I said to the women, there is hope And don't you shoot any more father Let us

save up the last shot

My mother was praying silently Marya Ivanovna stood beside her waiting with angelic calm for her fate to be decided Threats abuse and curses were heard behind the door I was standing in the same place ready to hit the first man who dared to show himself Suddenly the villains subsided I heard Shyabrin s voice calling me by name

"I am here What do you want?

Surrender Grinyov resistance is impossible Have

See footnote on p 608

pity on your old people Obstinacy will not save you I shall get at youl

Try traitor!

I am not going to put myself forward for nothing or waste my men I will set he granary on fire and then we ll see what you will do Belogorsky Don Quixote Now it is time to have dinner Meanwhile you can sit and thin! it over at leisure Cood bye! Marya Ivanovna I do not apologize to you you are probably not feeling bored with your knight beside you in the dark

Shyabrin went away leaving sentries at the door We were silent each of us thinking his own thoughts not daring to express them to the others I was picturing to myself all that Shyabrin was capable of doing in his malice I hardly cared about myself Must I confess it? Even my parents fate terrified me less than Marya Iv anovna's I knew that my mother was adored by the peasants and the house serfs. My father too was loved in spite of his sternness for he was just and knew the true needs of the men he owned Their rebellion was a delusion a passing intoxication and not the expression of their resentment. It was possible that my parents would be spared But Marya Ivanovna? What did the dissolute and unscrupulous man hold in store for her? I did not dare to dwell upon this awful thought and would have killed her (God forgive me!) sooner than see her fall once more into the hands of the cruel enemy

Another hour passed Drunken men could be heard singing in the village Our sentries envied them and in their annoyance abused us threatening us with tor tures and death. We were waiting for Shvabrin to car ry out his threat At last there was great commotion in the courtyard and we heard Shvabrin's voice once more

Well have you thought better of it? Do you sur render to me of your own will?

No one answered

After waiting a while, Shvabrin ordered his men to bring some straw In a few minutes flames appeared lighting the dim granary Smoke began to rise from

under the door

Then Marya Ivanovna came up to me and taking me by the hand said in a low voice

Come Pyotr Andreyich don't let both you self and your parents perish because of me Shvahtin will listen to me Let me out!

Never! I cried angrily Do you know what a vaits

your

I will not survive dishonor she answered calmly but perhnys I shall save my deliverer and the family that has so generously sheltered a poor orphan Good bye Andrey Petrovich! Good bye Avdotya Vass I) exna! You have been more than benefactors to me Bless me! Farewell to you too Pyotr Andreyich Be lieve me that that

She burst into tears and buried her face in her hands

I was beside myself. My mother was weeping I stop this nonsense Marya Ivanoria said for the two two the dream of letting you go slone to the brigands? Sit here and keep quiet. If we must die we may as well die together Listen! What is he saying now?

Do you surrender? Shyabran shouted You see

you will be roasted in another five minutes We won't surrender you villain! my father an

swered firmly
His vigorous, deeply lined face was wonderfully ant
mated His eyes sparkled under the gray eyebrows
Turning to me, he said Now 5 the time!

He opened the door The flames rushed in and rose

up to the beams whose chinks were stuffed with dry moss My father fired the pistol stepped over the burn ing threshold and shouted Follow me! I took my mother and Marya Ivanovna by the hands and quickly led them out. Shvabrin shot through by my fathers feeble hand was lying by the threshold The crowd of brigands who had rushed away at our sudden sally took courage and began closing in upon us I succeeded in dealing a few more blows but a well aimed brick hit me right on the chest I fell down and lost conscious ness for a few moments I was surrounded and dis armed Coming to myself I saw Shvabrin sitting on the blood stained grass with all our family standing before him

I was supported under the arms A crowd of peas ants Cossachs and Bashkurs hemmed us in Shvabrin was terribly pale He was pressing one hand to his wounded side His face expressed malice and pain He slowly raised his head glanced at me and said in a weak hardly audible voice

Hang him and all of them except her

The crowd surrounded us at once and dragged us to the gates But suddenly they left us and scampered away Zurin and a whole squadron of Hussars with bared swords rode into the courtyard

The rebels were flying as fast as they could The Hussars pursued them striking right and left with their swords and taking prisoners. Zurin jumped off his horse bowed to my father and mother and warmly clasped me by the hand

I have come just in time he said to me Ah and here is your betrothed!

Marya Ivanovna flushed crimson My father went up to him and thanked him calmly though he was obiously touched My mother embraced him calling him an angel-deliverer

Welcome to our home! my father said to him and 'ed him toward the house

Zurın stopped as he passed Shvabrın

Who is this? he asked looking at the wounded mın

It is the leader of the gang my father answered, with a certain pride that betokened an old soldier

God has helped my feeble hand to punish the young

villain and to avenge the blood of my son It is Shvabrin I said to Zurin

Shvabrin! I am very glad Hussars take him! Tell the seech to dress his wound and to take the utmot care of him Shvabrin must certainly be sent to the Kar an Secret Commission He is one of the chief criminals

and his evidence may be of great importance Shyabrin wearily opened his eyes. His face expressed nothing but physical pain The Hussars carried him

away on an outspread cloak We went into the house I looked about me with a tremor remembering the years of my childhood Noth in, had changed in the house, everything was in it usual place Shvabrin had not allowed it to be pillaged preserving in his very degradation an unconscious aver

sion to base cupidity The servants came into the hall. They had taken no part in the rebellion and were genuinely glad of our deliverance Savelyich was triumphant It must be men tioned that during the alarm produced by the brigands arrival he ran to the stables where Shyabrin's horse had been put saddled it led it out quietly and unnoticed in the confusion galloped toward the ferry He met the regiment having a rest this side of the Volga When Zurin heard from him of our danger he ordered his men to mount cried Off! Off! Gallop! and thank

God, arrived in time Zurın insisted that Andryushka's head should be ex posed for a few hours at the top of a pole by the tavern The Hussars returned from their pursuit bringing several prisoners with them They were locked in the same granary where we had endured our memorable siege. We all went to our rooms. The old people needed a rest. As I had not slept the whole night. I flung myself on the bed and dropped fest asleep. Zurin went to make.

his arrangements
In the evening we all met round the samovar in the
drawing room talking gaily of the past danger Marya
Yunovan pouted out the tea I sat down beside her
and devoted myself entirely to her. My parents seemed
to look with favor upon the tendemess of our relations.
That evening lives in my memory to this day I was
happy completely happy—and are there many such
moments in poor human life?

The following day my father was told that the peas ants had come to ask his pardon My father went out on to the steps to talk to them When the peasants saw him they knelt down

Well you silly fools he said to them whatever

did you rebel for?

We are sorry master they an wered as one man Sorry are you? They get into mischief and then they are sorry! I forgive you for the sake of our family joy—God has allowed me to see my son Pyotr Andre yich again So be it a sin confessed is a sin forgiven

We did wrong of course we did

Cod has sent fine weather It is time for hay making and what have you been doing for the last three days you fools? Headmanl send everyone to make hay and mind that by St John's Day all the hay is in stacks, you red haired raskal! Begone!

The peasants bowed and went to work as though nothing had happened Shvabrin's wound proved not to be mortal He was sent under escort to Kazan I saw 740 PR

from the window how they laid him in a cart. Our eyes met He bent his head and I made haste to move away from the window I was afraid of looking as though I were triumphing over a humiliated and un

Zurin had to go on farther. I decided to join him, in spite of my desire to spend a few more days with my family. On the eve of the march I came to my parents and in accordance with the custom of the time, bowed down to the ground before them asking their blessing on my marriage with Marya Ivanovan. The old people lifted me up and with joyous tears gave their consent. I brought Marya Ivanovan pale and trembling to them. They blessed us I will not attempt to de scribe what I was feeling. Those who have been in my position will understand as to those who have not an only pity them and advise them while there is still

time to fall in love and receive their parents blesting. The following day our regiment was ready Zunn took leave of our farmly. We were all certain that the military operations would soon be over I was hoping to be married in another month's time Marja Jian owna kused me in front of all as she said good by I mounted my horse. Savelyich followed me again and the regiment marched off For a long time I kept look ing back, at the country house that I was leaving one more. A gloomy foreboding tormented me. Something

seemed to whisper to me that my misfortunes were not yet over My heart felt that another storm was ahead
I will not describe our campaign and the end of the Pugachov war We passed through villages pillaged by Pugachov and could not help taking from the poor

inhabitants what the brigands had left them They did not know whom to obey There was no lawful authority anywhere. The landowners were hid THE CAPTAIN S DAUGHTER
on the forests Bands of brigands were ransa

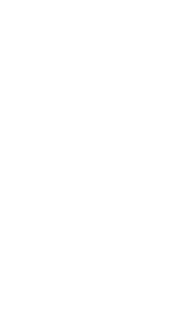
ing in the forests. Bands of brigands were ranacking the country. The chiefs of separate detachments sent in pursuit of Pugachov who was by then retreating roward Astrakhan arburanly punished both the guilty and the innocent. The entire region where the conflagration had raged was in a terrible state. God save us from seeing a Russian revolt senseless and mercless. Those who plot impossible upheavals among us are either young and do not know our people or are hard.

hearted men who do not care a straw either about their

own lives or those of other people



Unfinished Stories



THE NEGRO OF PETER THE GREAT

I

A MONG the young men sent abroad by Peter the Great for the acquisition of knowledge indispen sable to a country in a state of transition was his god son the Negro Ibrahim After being educated in the Military School at Paris which he left with the rank of Captain of Artillery he distinguished himself in the Spanish war and severely wounded returned to Paris The Emperor in the midst of his vast labors never ceased to inquire after his favorite and he always re ceived flattering accounts of his progress and conduct Peter was exceedingly pleased with him and repeated ly requested him to return to Russia but Ibrahim was n no hurry. He excused himself under various pre texts now it was his wound now it was a wish to com plete his education now a want of money and Peter indulgently complied with his wishes begged him to take care of his health, thanked him for his zeal for study and although extremely thrifty where his own expenses were concerned he did not stint his favorite in money adding to the ducats fatherly advice and cautionary admonition

According to the testimony of all the historical memours nothing could be compared with the frivolity folly and luxury of the French of that period. The last year of the reign of Louis the Fourteenth remarkable for the strict piety, gravity, and decorum of the Court had left no traces behind The Duke of Orleans unuing many brilliant qualities with vices of every kind un fortunately did not possess the slightest shadow of hy poerisy. The orgies of the Palais Royal were no secret in Paris the example was infectious. At that time Law appeared upon the scene greed for money was united to the thirst for pleasure and dissipation, estates were squandered morals perished Frenchmen laughed and calculated and the kingdom was falling apart to the playful refrains of saturcal vaudevilles.

In the meanume society presented a most enterianing picture. Culture and the need of amusement brought all ranks together. Wealth amusbing renown talent even eccentricity—everything that fed curiosity or promised pleasure, was received with the same indulgence. Literature, learning and philosophy forsook their quiet studies and appeared in the circles of the great world to render homage to fashion and to govern it. Women reigned, but no longer demanded adoration. Superficial politicies sreplaced the profound respect formerly shown to them. The pranks of the Duke de Richelieu the Alchabades of modern Athens belong to history, and give an idea of the morals of that period.

Tems fortuné marque par la licence Ou la folie aguant son grelot Dun piea léger parcourt toute la France, Ou nul mortel ne daigne être dévoi Ou lon fait tout excepté penitence

The appearance of Ibrahim his looks culture and native intelligence excited general attention in Paris

MI the ladies were anxious to see le negre du czar at their houses and vied with each other in trying to capture him The Regent invited him more than once to his merry evening parties he assisted at the suppers animited by the youth of Arouet the lold age of Chau lieu and the conversations of Montesquieu and Fon tenelle. He did not miss a nugle ball feet or first night and he gave himself up to the general whill with all the ardor of his vears and natu e. But the thought of exchanging these districtions these brilliant amuse ments for the harsh simplicity of the Petersburg Court was not the only thing that dismayed Ibrahim other and stronger ties bound him to Paris. The young Atrican was in love

The Countess D— although no longer in the first bloom of youth was still renowned for her beauty On leaving the convent at sevent en she had been mar ned to a man with whom she had not had time to fill in love and who later on did not tal et he trouble to gain her affection. Rumor ascribed several lovers to her but such was the indlugence of the world that she enjoyed a good reputation for nobody was able to reproach her with any rideculous or scandalous adventure. Her house was one of the most fashionable and the best Parisian society made it their rendezvour lorshim was introducd to her by young Merville, who was generally looked upon as her latest lover—and who did all in his power to obtain credit for the report

who did all in his power to obtain credit for the report.

The Countess received librahm countrously but without any particular attenuon this flattered him Generally the young Niegro was regarded in the light of a curiosity people ii d to surround him and over whelm him with compliments and questions—and this curiosity although conceived by a show of gracousness offended his vanity Womens delightful attention almost the sole aim of our exercions not only at

forded hum no pleasure but even filled hum with buter ness and indignation. He felt that he was for them a kind of rare beast a peculiar aben creature, accidentally brought into a world with which he had nothing in common. He even enved people who tremaned un noticed and considered them fortunate in their insignificance.

The thought that nature had not created him to en joy requited love saved him from self assurance and vain pretensions and added a rare charm to his be havior toward women His conversation was simple and dignified he pleased Countess D-, who had grown tired of the eternal jokes and subtle insinua tions of French wits Ibrahim frequently visited her Little by little she became accustomed to the young Negro s appearance and even began to find something agreeable in that curly head that stood out so black in the midst of the powdered perukes in her reception room (Ibrahim had been wounded in the head and wore a bandage instead of a perule) He was twenty seven years of age and was tall and slender and more than one beauty glanced at him with a feeling more flattering than simple curiosity But the prejudiced Ib rahim either did not observe anything of this or mere ly looked upon it as coquetry. But when his glances met those of the Countess his distrust vanished Her eyes expressed such winning kindness her manner toward him was so simple so unconstrained that it was impossible to suspect her of the least shadow of coquetry or saillery

The thought of love had not entered his head but to see the Countess each day had become a necessity to him He sought her out everywhere and every merung with her seemed an unexpected favor from heaven The Countess guessed his feelings before he huself did There is no denying that a love which is without

hope and which demands nothing touches the female heart more surely than all the devices of seduction In the presence of Birshim the Countess followed all his movements: Isstened to every word that he stud, without him she became thoughtful and fell into her usual abstraction Merville was the first to observe his mutual inclination and he congratulated Ibrahim Nothing inflames love is much as the encouraging observations of a bystander love is blind and having no

trust in itself, readily grisps hold of every support. Merville's words roused Ibrahim He had never till then magined the possibility of possessing the woman that he loved hope suddenly illumined his soil. he fell raidly in love In vain did the Countes alarmed by the ardor of his passion seek to oppose to it the admonitions of friendship and the countest of pru dence she herself was beginning to weaken. In cuttious rewards swiftly followed one another. And at last carned away by the force of the passion she had herself inspired surrendering to its influence she gave herself to the ravished Ibrahim.

gave herself to the ravished Ibrahim
Nothing is hidden from the eyes of the observing
world The Countess is new liaison was soon known to
everybody Some ladies were amazed at her choice to
many it seemed quite natural Some laughed others
regarded her conduct as unpardonably indiscreet. In
the first interviention of passion, Ibrahim and the Coun
tess noticed nothing but soon the equivocal jokes of
the men and the pointer, remarks of the women began
to reach their ears Ibrahims cold and dignified man
ner had hitherto protected him from such attacks, he
bore them with impatience and knew not how to ward
them off The Coun est accustomed to the respect of
the world could not calmly bear to be herself an ob
ject of gossip and ridicule. With tears in her eyes she
complained to Ibrahim, now bitterly reproaching him,

750 now imploring him not to defend her, lest by some useless scandal she should be completely rumed

A new circumstance further complicated her post tion the consequence of imprudent love began to be apparent Consolation advice proposals-all were ex hausted and all rejected The Countess saw that her ruin was inevitable and in despair awaited it

As soon as the condition of the Countess became known tongues wagged again with fresh vigor, senti mental women gave vent to exclamations of horro, men wagered as to whether the Countess would go e birth to a white or a black baby Numerous epigrams were aimed at her husband who alone in all Paris knew nothing and suspected nothing The fatal moment approached The condition of the

Countess was terrible Ibrahim visited her every day He saw her mental and physical strength gradually giving way Her tears and her terror were renewed every moment Finally she felt the first pains Mensures were has ily taken Means were found for getting he Count out of the way The doctor arrived Two days before this a poor woman had been persuaded to surrender to strangers her new born infant a trusted person had been sent for it Ibrahim v as in the room adjoining the bedchamber where the unhappy Countess lay not during to breathe he heard her muffled grouns, the maids whisper and the doctors orders Her suf firings lasted a long time. Her every groan lacerated his heart Every interval of silence overwhelmed him Suddenly he heard the weal cry of with terror a baby—and unable to repress his elation he rushed into the Countess's room A black baby lay upon the bed at her feet Ibrahim approached it His heart beat violently He blessed his son with a trembling hand The Countess smiled faintly and stretched out to him her feeble hand but the doctor, fearing that the

excitement might be too great for the patient, dragged Ibrahim away from her bed The new born child was placed in a covered basket and carried out of the house by a secret staircase. Then the other child was brought in and its cradle placed in the bedroom Ibrahim took his departure, feeling somewhat more at ease. The Count wis expected. He returned late heard of the happy delivery of his wife and was much gratufed. In this way the public which had been expecting a great scandal was deceived in its hope and was compelled to console itself with malicious gossip alone.

Everything resumed its usual course But Ibrahim felt that there would have to be a change in his lot and that sooner or later his relations with the Countess would come to the knowledge of her husband In that case whatever might happen the ruin of the Countess was inevitable Ibrahim loved passionate ly and was passionately loved in return but the Coun tess was wilful and frivolous, it was not the first ime that she had loved Disgust and even hatred might re place in her heart the most tender feelings. Ibrahim al ready foresaw the moment when she would cool to ward him Hitherto he had not known jealousy but with dread he now felt a presentiment of it he thought that the pain of separation would be less distressing and he resolved to break off the unhappy connection leave Paris and return to Russia whither Peter and a vague sense of duty had been calling him for a long time

Ιĭ

DAYS months passed and the enamored Ibrahim could not resolve to leave the woman that he had se duced The Countess grew more and more attached to him Their son was being brought up in a distant prov

752

ince The slanders of the world were beginning to sub side, and the lovers began to enjoy greater tranquillity silently remembering the past storm and endeavoring not to think of the future

One day Ibrahim attended a levee at the Duke of Orleans residence The Duke passing by him stopped and handing him a letter, told him to read it at his leisure It was a letter from Peter the First The Em peror guessing the true cause of his absence, wrote to

ne Duke that he had no intention of compelling lbra him that he left it to his own free will to return to Russia or not but that in any case he would never abandon his former foster-child This letter touched Ibrahim to the bottom of his heart From that moment ais lot was settled The next day he informed the Re gent of his intention to set out immediately for Russia

Consider what you are doing said the Duke to him Russia is not your native country I do not think that you will ever again see your torrid birthplace but your long residence in France has made you equally a stranger to the climate and the ways of life of half savage Russin You were not born a subject of Pet r Listen o my advice take advantage of his magnam nous permission remain in France, for which you have already shed your blood and rest assured that here your services and talents will not remain unrewarded

Ibrahim thanked the Duke sincerely but remained firm in his resolution

'I am sorry said the Regent but perhaps you are right

He promised to let him retire from the French set

vice and wrote a full account of the matter to the Czar Ibrahim was soon ready for the journey He spent the evening before his departure at the house of the Countess D, as usual She knew nothing Ibrahim

had not the heart to inform her of his intention The

753

Countess was calm and cheerful She several times called him to her and joked about his being so pensive After supper the guests departed. The Countess her husband and Ibrahim were left alone in the parlor. The unhappy man would have given everything in the world to have been left alone with her but Count D— seemed to have seared himself so comfortably beside the fire that there was no hope of getting him out of the goom All three remained silent.

Bonne nutl said the Countess at last

Ibrahim's heart contracted and he suddenly felt all the horrors of parting. He stood motionless

Bonne nut messeurs! repeated the Countess
Still he remained motionless At last his eyes
darkened his head swam round and he could scarce
ly walk out of the room On reaching home he wrote
almost unconsciously the following letter

I am going away dear Leonora I am leaving you foreter I am writing to you because I have not the strength to tell it to you otherwise

My happiness could not host I have empoyed it in spite of fate and nature You were bound to stop losting me the enchantment was bound to vanish This hought has always pursued me even in those moments when I have seemed to forget everything when at your feet I have been intoxicated by your passionate self denial by your unbounded tenderness. The first volous world unmerefully persecutes in fact that which it permits in theory its cold mockery sooner or later would have sanguished you would have humbled your ardent soul and at last you would have become whamed of your passion. What would then have become of me? No it is better to die better to lease you before that terrible moment

Your peace is dearer to me than anything you

could not enjoy it while the eyes of the norld nere fixed upon us Recall all that you have suffered all the msults to your amour propre all the tortures of lear remember the terrible birth of our son Think, ought I to expose you any longer to such aguitation and dan gers? Why should I endeavor to unte the fue of such e tender beautiful creature to the miserable fate of a Negro of a pittable creature scarce worthy of the name of man?

Farewell Leonora farewell my dear and only friend I am leasing you I am leasing the first and last yoy of my life I have neither fatherland nor kin dred I am going to gloomy Rusna where my utter voltitude will be a consolation to me Serious work to which from now on I shall devote myself will at least dwert me from if not stifle painful recollections of the days of rapture and bluss Farewell Leonoral I tear myself away from this letter as if from your embrace Farewell be happy, and think cometimes of the poor Negro of your faithful Ibrahim

That same night he set ou for Russia

The journey did not seem to him as terrible as he and expected His imagination triumphed over the real try The farther he got from Paris the more wind and nearer rose up before him the objects he was leaving forever

Before he was aware of it he found himself at the Russian frontier Autumn had already set in but the coachmen in spite of the bad state of the roads, drow him with the speed of the wind and on the seventeenth day of his journey he airrived at Krasnoc Selo through which at that time the high road passed

It was still a distance of twenty-eight versts to Peters burg While the horses were being hitched up Ibra bim entered the po t house In a corner a tall man ib

a green caftan and with a clay pipe in his mouth his elbows upon the table, was reading the Hamburg news papers Hearing somebody enter he raised his head

Ah Ibrahim! he exclaimed rising from the bench

How do you do godson?

Ibrahim recognized Peter and in his delight was about to rush toward him but he respectfully paused The Emperor approached embraced hun and kissed him upon the head

I was informed of your coming said Peter and set off to meet you I have been waiting for you here

since yesterday Ibrahim could not find words to express his grati

tude

Let your carriage follow on behind us continued the Emperor and you take your place by my side and tide along with me

The Czar's carriage was driven up he took his seat with Ibrahim and they set off at a gallop. In about an hour and a half they reached Petersburg Ibrahim gazed with curiosity at the new born city which was crat Bare dams canals without embankments wooden bridges everywhere testified to the recent triumph of the human will over the hostile elements. The houses seemed to have been built in a hurry. In the whole town there was nothing ma_nificent but the Neva not yet ornamented with its granite frame but already covered with warships and merchant vessels. The imperial car tiage stopped at the palace, the so-called Czarina's Gar den On the steps Peter was met by a woman of about thirty five years of age, handsome and dressed in the latest Parisian fashion Peter Lissed her on the lips and

taking Ibrahim by the hand said Do you recognize my godson Kaunka? I beg you

to treat him as kindly as you used to

756 Catherine fixed on him her dark piercing eyes and

stretched out her hand to him in a friendly manner Two young beauties, tall slender and fresh as roses, stood behind her and respectfully approached Peter

Lizi said he to one of them, do you remember the little Negro who stole my apples for you at Oranien baum? Here he is let me introduce him to you

The Grand Duchess laughed and blushed They went into the dining room In expectation of the Czar the table had been laid Peter sat down to dinner with all his family and invited Ibrahim to sit down with them During dinner the Emperor conversed with him on virious subjects questioned him about the Spanish war the internal affairs of France and the Re gent whom he liked, although he condemned much in him Ibrahim possessed an exact and observant mind Peter was very pleased with his replies He recalled to mind some features of Ibrahim's childhood, and related them with such good humor and gaiety that nobody could have suspected this kind and hospitable host to be the hero of Poltava the dread and mighty reformer of Russia

After dinner the Emperor according to the Russian custom retired to rest Ibrahim remained with the Em press and the Grand Duchesses He tried to satisfy their curiosity, described the Parisian way of life, the holi days that were kept there and the changeable fashions In the meantime some of the persons belonging to the Emperor's suite had assembled in the palace. Ibrahim recognized the magnificent Prince Menshikos who seeing the Negro conversing with Catherine cast an ar rogant glance at him, Prince Jacob Dolgoruky Peter stern counselor the learned Bruce who had acquired among the people the name of the "Russian Faust the young Raguzinsky his former companion and

others who had come to make their reports to the Em peror and to receive his orders

In about two hours time the Emperor appeared

Let us see said he to Ibrahim if you have for gotten vour old duties Take a slate and follow me Peter shut himself up in his turnery and busied him self with state affairs. He worked in turns with Bruce with Prince Dolgoruky and with the chief of police General Devier and dictated to Ibrahim several ukases and decisions Ibrahim could not sufficiently admire the quickness and firmness of his understanding the strength and flexibility of his powers of attention and the variety of his occupations. When the work was fin ished Peter drew out a notebook in order to see if all that he had proposed to do that day had been accom plished Then issuing from the work room he said to Ibrahim

It is late no doubt you are tired-sleep here to night as you used to do in the old days, tomorrow I

will wake you

Ibrahim on being left alone could hardly collect his thoughts He was in Petersburg he saw again the great man near whom not yet knowing his worth he had passed his childhood Almost with regret he con fessed to himself that the Countess D-- for the first time since their separation had not been his sole thought during the whole of the day. He saw that the new mode of life which awaited him-the activity and constant occupation-would revive his soul wearied by passion, idleness and secret grief The thought of being a great man s co worker and together with him influencing the fate of a great nation aroused within him for the first time the noble feeling of ambition. In this disposition of mind he lay down upon the camp bed prepared for him and then the usual dreams car

ried him back to far-off Paris, to the arms of his dear Countess

Ш

THE NEXT morning Peter according to his promise, woke librahim and congratulated him on his elevation to the rank of Capitan lieutenant of the Artillery company of the Preobrazhensky Regiment, in which himself was Capitan The courters surrounded birahim each in his way trying to be attentive to the new favorite. The haughty Prince Menshikov pressed his hand in a friendly manner. Sheremetyev inquired after his Parisian acquaintances and Golovin invited him to dinner. Others followed the example of the latter so that Ibrahim received enough invitations to last him at least a whole month.

Ibrahim now began to lead a monotonous but busy life consequently he did not feel at all dull From day to day he became more attached to the Emperor, and was better able to comprehend his lofty soul. To follow the thoughts of a great man is a most absorbing study ibrahim saw Peter in the Senate arguing weighty questions of legislation with Buturlin and Dolgoruky with the Admiralty committee establishing the naval power of Russia he saw him with Feofan Gavrill Burhin sky and Kopievich in his free hours examining translations of foreign authors or visiting the factory of a merchant the workshop of a mechanic, or the study of a savant Russia presented to Ibrahim the appearance of a huge word shop where machines alone move where each workman subject to established rules, is excupted with his own particular business He too felt obliged to work at his own bench and he endean read to regret as little as possible the garettee of his Parisan life Burt was more difficult for him to drive from

his mind another and dear memory he often thought of the Countess D—— and pictured to himself her just indignation her tears and her despondency— But sometimes a terrible thought oppressed his heart—the distractions of the great world—a new te another favorite—he shuddered jealousy began to set his Afri can blood boiling—and hot tears were ready to roll down his black face—

One morning he was sitting in his study surrounded by business papers when suddenly he heard a loud greeting in French librahim turned round quickly, and young Korsakov whom he had left in Paris in the whirl of the great world embraced him with joy ful exclamations

I have only just arrived said Korsakov and I have come straight to you All our Parisan acquain tances send their greetings to you and egret your ab sence The Countess D— ordered me to summon you to return without fail and here is her letter to you

Thrahim seized it with a trembling hand and lool ed at the familiar handwriting of the address not daring to believe his eyes

How glad I am continued Korsakov that you have not yet died of ennu in this barbarous Peters burg! What do people do here? How do they occupy themselves? Who is your tailor? Have you opera at least?

Ibrahim absently replied that probably the Emperor was just then at work in the dockyard

horsakov laughed

I see said he that you can't attend to me just now some other time we will talk to our heart's con tent. I will go now and pay my respects to the Em peror

760

With these words he turned on his heel and hastened out of the room

Ibrahim, left alone, hastily opened the letter The Countess tenderly complained to him reproaching him with dissimulation and distrust You say wrote she that my peace is dearer to

you than everything in the world Ibrahim, if this were the truth would you have brought me to the condition to which I was reduced by the unexpected news of your departure? You were afraid that I might have de tained you Be assured that, in spite of my love I should have known how to sacrifice it for your happi ness and for what you consider your duty

The Countess ended the letter with passionate as surances of love and implored him to write to her if only now and then even though there should be no hope of their ever seeing each other aguin

Ibrahim read this letter through twenty times kissing the priceless lines with rapture. He was burning with impatience to hear something about the Countess and he was just preparing to set out for the Admiralty, hoping to find Korsakov still there when the door opened and Koisakov himself appeared once more He had already paid his respects to the Emperor and as was usual with him he seemed very well satisfied with himself

Entre nous he said to Ibrahim the Emperor is a very strange person Just fancy I found him in a sort of linen singlet on the mast of a new ship whither I was compelled to climb with my dispatches I stood on the rope ladder and had not sufficient room to make a suitable bow and so I became completely confused a thing that had never happened to me in my life be fore However when the Emperor had read my letter he looked at me from head to foot and no doubt was agreeably struck by the taste and smartness of my at

tire at any rate he smiled and invited me to tonight a assembly But I am a perfect stranger in Petersburg in the six years that I have been away I have quite for gotten the local customs pray be my mentor call for me and introduce me

Ibrahim agreed to do so and hastened to turn the conversation to a subject that was more interesting to

Well and how is the Countess D----?

The Counters? Of course at first she was very much greved on account of your departure then of course little by little she found solace and took a new lover do you know whom? The lank, y Marquis R.— Why are yot, staring at me so with your Negro eye? Or does it seem strange to you? Don t you know that last ing graft is not in human nature particularly in ferm nine nature? Chew on this while I po and rest after my journey, and don't forget to come and call for m

What feelings filled the soul of Ibrahim? Jealousy? Rage? Despair? No but a deep oppressing despot dency He repeated to himself. I foresaw it it had to happen. Then he opened the Countess s letter read it again hung his head and wept bitterly. He went for a long time. The tears relieved his heart Lookins, at the clock, he perceived that it was time to set our librahim would have been very glad to stay away but the assembly was a matter of duty and the Emperor strict ly demanded the presence of his retainers. He dressed lumself and started out to call for horsakov.

himself and started out to call for Korsakov

Korsakov was sitting in his dressing gown reading

French book

So early? he said to Ibrahim on seeing him Mercy the latter replied it is already half past five, we shall be late make haste and dress and let

us go
Korsakov in a flurry, rang the bell with all his

762

might, the servants came running in and he began hastily to dress himself. His French valet gave him shoes with red heels blue velvet breeches and a pink caftan embrodered with spangles. His pertike was hut nedly powdered in the ante-chamber and brought in to hm Korsakov stuck his cropped head into it asked for his sword and gloves turned round about ten times before the glass and tien informed lbrahim that he was ready. The footmen handed them their bearsking

greatcoats and they set out for the Winter Palace Korsakov overwhelmed Ibrahm with questions Who was the greatest beauty in Petersburg? Who was supposed to be the best dancer? Which dance was just then the rage? Ibrahim very reluctantly gratified his curtoust; Meanwhile they reached the palace A great number of long sledges old fast roned carriages and hilded coaches already stood on the lawn Near the steps were crowded liveried and mustachioed coach men messengers resplendent in tinsel ar d plumes and bearing maces hussars pages and clumsy footmen loaded with the coats and mulls of their masters—a retinue indispensable according to the notions of the gentry of that time At the sight of Ibrah m a general murmur arose The Negro the Negro the Czar s Ne gro! He hurriedly conducted Korsakov through this mothey crowd The Court lackey opened the doors wide and they entered the hall Korsakov was dumb-In a large room illuminated by tallow founded. candles which burnt damly amidst clouds of tobacco smoke magnates with blue ribbons across the shoul ders umbassadors foreign merchants officers of the Gua in green uniforms ship masters in jackets and striped trousers moved backwards and forwards in rowds to the uninterrupted sound of the music of wind instruments. The ladies sat against the walls the roung ones being decked out in all the splendor of the prevailing fashion. Gold and silver glittered upon their gowns out of sumptious farthinvales their slender forms rose like flower stalls, diamonds sparkled in their ears in their long curls and around their necks. They turned gaily about to the right and to the left waiting for their cavaliers and for the dancing to be gin. The elderly ladies craftily endeavored to combine the new fashions with the proseribed style of the past their caps resembled the sable head dress of the Czarina Natalya Kritovan ¹ and their gowns and capse recalled the arafam and duthergreika. They seemed to attend these newfangled gatherings with more astonishment than pleasure and cast look sof resentment at the wives and daughters of the Dutch shippers who in dimity skirts and red bodices. Intited their stockings and laughted and chatted among themselves as if they were at home.

Korsakov was completely bewildered Observing new arrivals a servant approached them with beer and glasses on a tray

Que diable est ce que tout cela? he asked Ibrahim in a whisper

in a whisper

Ibrahim could not repress a smile. The Empress and
the Grand Duchesses, dazzling in their beauty and
their ature walked through the rows of puests con
versing affably with them. The Emperor was in an
other room. Forsakov wishing to show himself to
him with difficulty succeeded in pushing his way
thinger through the constantly moving crowd In thi
room were chiefly foreigners solemnly smoking their
day pipes and draining earthenware mugs. On the
tables were bottles of beer and wine leather pouches
with tobacco glasses of punch and some ches boards

At one of these Peter was playing draughts with a

The mother of Peter the Great.
A fur h d or wadded sleeveless sacket

EDITOR S NO

764

broad shouldered skipper They zealously saluted one another with whiffs of tobacco smoke, and the Emperor was so puzzled by an unexpected move that had been made by his opponent that he did not notice Korsa kov in spite of the latter's efforts to call attention to himself Just then a stout gentleman with a large bou quet upon his breast, fussily entered the room, an nounced in a loud voice that the dancing had commenced and immediately retired A large number of the guests followed him Korsakov among them

An unexpected sight filled him with astonishment Along the whole length of the ball room to the sound of the most wretched music the ladies and gentlemen stood in two rows facing each other the gentlemen bowed low the ladies curtised still lower first forward then to the right, then to the left then again forward again to the right and so on Korsakov, gazing at this peculiar pastime, opened his eyes wide and bit his laps. The curtiseying and bowing continued for about hair an hour at last they ceased and the stout gentleman with the bouquet announced that the ceremonial dances were ended and ordered the musicians to play a minuet Korsakov rejoiced and prepared to shine Among the young ladies was one in particular whom he was greatly charmed with She was about sixteen years of age was richly dressed but with taste and sat near an elderly pentleman of stern and disnified ap-pearance Korsakov approached her and asked her to do him the honor of dancing with him. The young beauty looked at him in confusion and did not seem to know what to say to him The gentleman sitting near her frowned still more korsakov awaited her de cision but the gentleman with the bouquet came up to him led him to the middle of the room and said ir pompous manner

Sir, you have done wrong In the first place you

approached this young person without making the three necessary bows to her and in the second place you tool upon yourself to choose her whereas in the munuer that right belongs to the lady and not to the gentleman. On that account you must be severely pun ushed that is to say you must drain the goblet of the Great Eagle.

Korsakov grew more and more astonished In a moment the guests surrounded him loudly demanding the immediate payment of the penalty Peter hearing the laughter and the shouting came out of the adjoining room as he was very found of being present in person at such punishments. The crowd divided before him and he entered the circle where stood the culprit and before him the marshal of the assembly holding in his hands a huge goblet filled with malimey. He was trying in vain to persuade the offender to complisibilingly with the law.

Alial" said Peter seeing Korsakov you are caught brother Come now monsieur drink and don't make faces

There was no help for it the poor fop without pausing to take breath drained the goblet and returned it

to the marshal

Look here Korsakov saud Peter to him those breeches of yours are of velvet such as I myself do not wear and I am far richer than you That is extrava gance take care that I do not fall out with you

Hearing this reprimand Korsakov wished to make his way out of the circle but he uaggered and almost fell to the indescribable delight of the Emperor and the whole merry company This episode not only did not spoil the harmony and interest of the principal per formance but even enlivened it. The gentlemen be gan to scrape and bow and the ladies to curtsey and clap their heels together with great zeal and out of 66 prose

time with the music Korsakov could not take part in the general gatety. The hady whom he had chosen approached Brahim at the command of her father Gavula Afanasyevich Rzhevsky and, dropping her blue eyes timulity gave him her hand Ibrahim danced the minuter with her and led her back to her former place hien sought out Korsakov, led him out of the ball room placed him in the carriage and drove him home. On the way Korsakov began to mutter indistinctly Acturised assembly! accursed goblet of the Oreit Eagle! but he soon fell into a sound sleep and knew not how he reached home nor how he was in dressed and put into bed and he awoke the next day with a headache and with a dim recollection of the scraping the cuttseying the tobacco smoke the gentle man with the bouquet, and the goblet of the Great Eagle.

ΙV

I MUST now introduce the gracious reader to Gavrila Afanasyevich Rzhevsky. He was descended from an ancient noble family possessed vast estates was hos pitable loved falconry and had a large number of domestics—na word he was a geniume Russian gen tleman. To use his own expression he could not endure the German spirit and he endeavored to preserve in his home the ancient customs that were so dear to him. His daughter was seventeen years old. She had lost her mother while she was yet a child She had been brought up in the old style that is to say she was surrounded by governesses nurse playmates and maid servants was able to embroider in gold, and could neither read nor write Her father notwithstanding his dishke of everything foreign could not oppose her

wish to learn German dances from a captive Swedish officer living in their house. This deserving dancing master was about fifty year of age, his right foot had been shot through at Narva and consequently it was not capable of performing immuest and courantes but the left executed with wonderful ease and agulty the most difficult steps. His pupil did honor to his efforts Natalya Gavrilovna was celebrated for being the best dancer at the assemblies and this was partly the cause of Korsakova transgression. He came the next day to upologize to Gavrila Afanasyevich but the grace and elginice of the young foo did not find favor in the eyes of the proud boyar who wittly nicknamed him the Freich monkey.

It was a holiday Cavilla Afansyevich expected ome relatives and friends. In the ancient hall a long table was being laid. The guests were arriving with their wives and daughters who had at last been set free from domestic imprisonment by the decree of the Emperor and by his own example. Natalya Gavrilovna carried round to each guest a silver tray laden with golden cups and each man as he drained his regretted that the kiss which it was customary to receive on such occasions in the olden turns had gone out of fashion.

occasions in the olden times had gone out of rashion. They sat down to table In the place of honor next to the host sat his father in law. Prince Boris Aleveye wich Lykov a boyar of seventy years of age the other guest ranged themselves according to the rank of their guest ranged themselves according to the rank of their guest ranged themselves according to the rank of their guest reading the happy times when rules of precedence were generally respected. The men sat on one side the women on the other At the end of the table, the housekeeper in her old fashioned jacket and head-dress the dwarf a thirty year-old midget, prim and wrinkled and the capture Swede in his faded blue uniform occupied their accustomed places. The table, which was toaded with a large number of dishes was

surrounded by an anxious crowd of domestics, among whom the butler was prominent, thanks to his severe look, big paunch and stately immobility. The first few minutes of the conner were devoted entirely to the products of our old fashioned cuising the noise of plates and the rattling of spoons alone disturbed the general silence At last the host, seeing that the time had arrived for amusing the guests with agreeable con versation turned round and asked

But where is Yekimovna? Call her here

Several servants were about to rush off in different directions but at that moment an old woman pow dered and rouged decked out in flowers and tinsel in a low necked silk gown entered, singing and dancing

All were pleased to see her Good-day, Yekimovna said Prince Lykov ho

are you?

Quite well and happy, gossip still singing and dancing and looking out for suitors
Where have you been fool? asked the host

Decking myself out gossip for our dear guests for this holy day by the order of the Czar at the command of the boyar in the German style to make you all smile

At these words there was a loud burst of laughter and the fool took her place behind the host's chair

"The fool talks nonsense but sometimes speaks the truth said Tatyana Afanasyevna, the eldest sister of the host for whom he entertained great respect.

Truly, the present fashions are something for all to laugh at Since you gentlemen have shaved off your beards and put on short castans it is of course, useless to tal. about women's rags but it is really a pity about the sarajan the girls ribbon and the posonnik 15 it is

The national head-dress of the Russian women

pitiable and at the same time laughable to see the belles of today their hair fluffed up like tow greased and covered with French flour their stomachs laced so tightly that they almost break in two their petti coats are stretched on hoops so that they have to enter a carriage sideways and to go through a door they have to stoop they can neither stand nor sit nor breathereal martyrs the darlings!

Oh my dear Tatyana Afanasyevna! said Kirila Petrovich T --- a former Governor of Ryazan where he had acquired three thousand erfs and a young wife both by somewhat shady means as far as I am con cerned my wife may dress as she pleases she may get herself up like a blowsy peasant woman or like the Chinese I mperor provided that she does not order new dresses every month and throw away the out moded ones that are nearly new In former times the grandmother s sarafan formed part of the granddaugh ter s dowry but nowadays all that is changed the dress that the mistress wears today you will see the servant wearing tomorrow What is to be done? It is the ruin of the Russian nobility it s a calamity!

At these words he sighed and lool ed at his Marya Ilymishna who did not seem at all to like either his praises of the past or his disparagement of the latest customs The other young ladics shared her displeas ure but they remained silent for modesty was then considered an indispensable attribute of a young woman

And who is to blame? said Gavrila Afanasyevich filling a tankard with foaming kvass Isn't it our own fault? The young women play the fool and we en courage them

But what can we do when our wishes are not con sulted? retorted Kirila Petrovich. One would be glad to shut his wife up in the women's rooms but 770

with beating of drums she is summoned to appear at the assemblies. The husband goes after the wl ip, but he wife after frippery. Oh hose assemblies! The Lord has visited us with this punishment for our sins.

Marya Ilyanishna sat as if on needles and pins het tould restrain her self no longer and turning to her husband she asked him with an acid smile what he found wrong in the assemblies.

assemblies

This is what I find wrong in them replied the husband heatedly states they began husbands have been unable to mrange their waves were have for gotten the words of the Apostle. Let the wife see that the reverence her husband they no longer busy them selves about their households but about finery, they do not think of how to please their husbands, but how to utract the attention of giddy officers. And is it be coming madam, for a Russian lady to associate with tobacco smoking Germans and their charvomen? And was ever such a thing heard of as dancing and talking with young men till far into the night? It word be all very well if it were with relatives but with our siders with strangers with people that they are totally unacquainted with!"

I ve a word for your ear but the wolf is prowhen as and Gavrila Afanasyevich frowning I confess that I too dishlike these assembles before you know where you are you knock into a drunken min or are made drunk, journelf to become the lau, hing stock of others. Ther you must keep your eyes open for fert dats some good for nothing fellow might be up to mischief with your daughter the young men nowadays are so utterly spoil. Look, for example at the son of the late 1 veryfal Sergeye ich Korsakov who at the last assembly made such commotion over Natasha that brought the blood to my checks. The next day I

ce somebody driving straight into my courtyard 1 thought to injo-ff who in the name of Heaven is it can it be Prince Alexander Danilovich? But no it was Ivan Yevgrafovich! He could not stop at the gate and make his way on foot to the steps not he! He flew in bowing and chattering the Lord preserve us! The fool Yekinovina minutes him very amusingly by the way fool give us an imitation of the foreign monkey.

The foo' Yekimovna seized hold of a dish cover placed it under her arm like a hat and began twist ing scrap no and bowing in every direction repeat ing mon neur mamselle assemblee

pardon General and prolonged laughter again tests fied to the delight of the guests

The very spit of Korsakov said old Prince Lykov withing away the tears of laughter when quiet was again restored. But why conceal the face? He is not the first nor will he be the last who has returned from abroad to holy Russia a buildon. What do our children learn there? To bow and scrape with their feet to chat ter God knows what gibberish to treat their elders with disrespect and to dangle after other men s wives Of all the young people who have been educated abroad (the Lord forgive me!) the Czar s Negro most

resembles a man
Of course observed Gavril Afanasyevich he is
a sober decent man not like that good for nothing

But who is it that has just driven through the gate Lito the courtyard? Surely it cannot be that foreign monkey again? Why do you stand gaping there beasts? he continued turning to the servants. run and tell him he won t

Old man are you dreaming? interrupted Yel; mount the fool or are you blind? It is the Emperor's sledge—the Czar has come

Gavrila Afanasyevich rose hastily from the table

everybody rushed to the windows, and sure enough they saw the Emperor ascending the steps leaning on his orderly's shoulder There was great commotion The host rushed to meet Peter the servants ran hither and thither as if they had gone crazy, the guests be came alarmed some even thought how they might hasten home as quickly as possible Suddenly the thun dering voice of Peter resounded in the ante room all became silent, and the Czar entered, accompanied by his host who was beside himself with joy

Good day gentlemen! said Peter, with a cheer

ful countenance

772

All made a profound bow The sharp eyes of the Czar sought out in the crowd the young daughter of the house, he called her to him. Natalya Gavrilovna advanced boldly enough but she blushed not only to the ears but even to the shoulders

You grow pretuer from hour to hour the Emperor said to her and as was his habit he kissed her on the head then turning to the guests, he added I have di turbed you? You were dining? Pray sit down again and give me some aniseed brandy, Gavrila Afanas) vich.

The host rushed to the stately butler snatched from his hand a tray filled a golden goblet himself, and gai it with a bow to the Emperor Peter drank the brand ate a biscuit, and for the second time requested th guests to continue their dinner All resumed their fo mer places except the dwarf and the housekeeper wh did not dare to remain at a table honored by the pre ence of the Czar Peter sat down by the side of the ho and asked for cabbage soup The Emperors order handed him a wooden spoon mounted with ivory an a knife and fork with green bone handles for Pete never used any other table implements but his own The dinner, which a moment before had been so nor

and merry was now continued in silence and con straint. The host in his delight and awe, ate nothing the guests also stood upon ceremony and listened with respectful attention as the Emperor spoke in German respectual attention as the Emperor spoke in German with the captive Swede about the campagin of 1701. The fool Yekmovina several times questioned by the Emperor replied with a sort of timid indifference which by the way did not at all prove her natural stupidity. At last the dinner came to an end. The Emperor rose and after him all the guests.

Gavrila Afanasyevich!" he said to the host I must speak to you in private and, taking him by the arm he led him into the parlor and locked the doo. The guests remained in the dining room talking in whis pers about the unexpected visit, and, afraid of being in discreet they soon drove off one after another without thanking the host for his hospitality. His father in law daughter and ister conducted them very queetly to the door and remained alone in the dining room. waiting for the Emperor to emerge

ν

HALF AN HOUR later the door opened and Peter issued forth With a dignified inclination of the head he responded to the threefold bow of Prince Lykov, Tatyana Afanasyevna and Natasha and wa ked strught out into the ante room. The host handed him his red coat conducted him to the sledge and on the steps thanked him once more for the honor he had shown him

P ter drove off

Returning to the din ng room Gavrila Afanasye vich seemed very much troubled he angrily ordered the servants to clear the table as quickly as possible

774

sent Natasha to her own room, and, informing his sister and father in law that he must talk with them he led them into the bedroom where he usually rested after dinner. The old Prince lay down upon the oak bed. Tatyana Afanasyevna sank into the old brocaded armchair and placed her feet upon the footstool, Gavrila Afanasyevich locked all the doors sat down upon the bed at the feet of Prince Lykoy, and in a low your

began

It was not for nothing that the Emperor paid me a

visit today guess what he wanted to talk to me about How can we know, brother? said Tatyana Afan asseyna

Has the Czar appointed you governor of some promee? said his father in law — it is high time that he did so Or has he offered you an ambassador's post? Men of noble birth—not only plain clerks—are sent to foreign monarch.

No replied his son in law frowning I am a man of the old school and our services nowadays are not in demand although, perhaps, an orthodox Russian nobleman is worth more than these modern upstarts nancake vendors and beathens But this is a different matter altogether

Then what was it brother? said Tatyana Afanas yevna that he was talking with you about for such a long time? Can it be that you are in trouble? The

Lord save and defend usl

Not exactly in trouble, but I confess that it is a

matter reflection

Then what is it brother? What is it all about?"

It is about Natasha the Czar came to speak of a maich for her

God be praised! said Tatyana Afanasyevna cross-

The allu ion is to Menshikov who is said to have sold pan cakes or pies on the Moscow streets in his youth genrous s worn ing herself. The girl is of marriageable age and as the matchmaker is so must the bridgroom be God give them love and counsel the honor is great. For whom does the Czar ask, her hand?

II m! exclaimed Gavrila Afanasyevich whom? That s just it—for whom!

Who is it then? repeated Prince Lykov, already beginning to doze off

Guess said Gavrila Afanasvevich

My dear brother replied the old lady how can we guess? There are a great number of eligibles at Court each of whom would be glad to take your Na tasha for his wife Is it Dolgoruky?

No it is not Dolgoruky

Its just as well he is much too conceited Is it Shein? Trovekurov?

No neither the one nor the other

I do not care for them either they are flighty and too much imbued with the German spirit Well is it Miloslavsky?

No not he

Its just as well he is rich and stupid Who then? Yeletzky? Lvov? No? It cannot be Raguzinsky? I cannot think of anybody else For whom then does the Czar intend Natasha?

For the Negro Ibrahim

The old lady exclaimed and struck her hands together Prince Lykov raised his head from the pillow and with assonishment repeated

and with astonishment repeated For the Negro Ibrahim?

My dear brother! said the old lady in a tearful voice do not ruin your own child do not deliver poor little Natschaupte the club hes of that black devil

But how replied Gavrila Afanasyevich can I refuse the Emperor who promises in return to bestow

his favor upon us and all our house?

Whatl' exclaimed the old Prince who was now

wide awake Nitashi my granddaughter to be married to a bought Negrol

He is not of common birth said Gavrila Afinas yevich he is the son of a Negro Sultan The Massul men took him prisoner and sold him in Constanti nople and our ambassador bought him and presented him to the Czar The Negro's eldest brother came to

Russia with a considerable ransom and-My dear Gavrila Afanasyevich! interrupted the old lady we have heard the fair; tale about Prince Bova and Yeruslan Lazarevich Tell us rather what

answers you made to the Emperor's proposal I said that we were under his authority, and that

it was our duty to obey him in all things

At that moment a noise was heard behind the door Gavrila Afanasyevich went to open it but felt some ob struction He pushed it hard the door opened and they saw Natasha lying in a swoon upon the blood stained floor

Her heart had sunk within her, when the Emperor shut himself up with her father some presentiment had whispered to her that the matter concerned her and when Gavrila Afanasyevitch ordered her to with draw saying that he wished to speak to her aunt and grandfather she could not resist the promptings of ferninine curiosity stole quietly along through the inner rooms to the bedroom door and did not miss a ungle word of the whole terrible conversation when he heard her father's last words the poor Litl lost con ciousness and falling struck her head against on iron

bound chest in which her dowry was kept The servants hastened to the spot Natasha was lifted up carried to her own room and placed in bed. After a while she regained conscicusness opened her eves but recognized neither father nor aunt. A violent

777

fever set in she spoke in her delirium about the Czar s Negro about marriage and suddenly cried in a plain tive and piercing voice Valeryan dear Valeryan my 'fe save me' there

they are there they are

Tatyana Afanasyevna glanced uneasily at her broth er who turned pale bit his lips and silently left the room He returned to the old Prince who unable to

mount the stairs had remained below How is Natasha? he asked

Very bad replied the grieved father worse than I thought she is delirious and raves about Valervan

Who is this Valeryan? asked the anxious old man "Can it be that orphan the son of a streletz 1 whom vou brought up in your house?

The same to my misfortune! replied Gavrila Afanasyevich His father at the time of the rebellion saved my life, and the devil put it into my head to take the accursed wolf-cub into my house When, two years ago he was enrolled in the regiment at his own re quest Natasha on taking leave of him shed bitter tears and he stood as if petrified This seemed suspi ciou to me, and I spoke about it to my sister But since that time Natasha has never mentioned his name and nothing whatever has been heard of him I thought that she had forgotten him but apparently this is not the case It's settled she shall marry the Negro

Prince Lykov did not contradict him is would have been useless. He returned home. Tatyana Afanasy vna remained by the side of Natasha's bed Gavrila Afan asyevich having sent for the doctor locked himself in his room and the house grew silent and gloomy

The unexpected proposal astonished Ibrahim quite as mu h as Gayrila Afanasyevich This is how it hap

VI

A LAMP shed a soft light on the glass case in which glittered the gold and silver mountings of the old fam ily ikons The flickering light faintly illuminated the curtained bed and the little table set out with labeled medicine bottles Near the stove sat a servant maid at her spinning wheel, and the subdued noise of the spindle was the only sound that broke the silence of the room

Who is there? asked a feeble voice

The servant maid rose immediately approached the bed and gently raised the curtain

Will it soon be daylight? asked Natalya It is already midday replied the maid.

Oh Lord! and why is it so dark? The curtains are drawn miss

"Help me to dress quiel ly

You must not do so miss the doctor has forbidden 24

Am I ill then? How long have I been this way? About a tortnight

Is it possible? And it seems to me as if it were only

vesterday that I went to bed

Natasha became silent she tried to collect her scat tered thoughts Something had happened to her, but

what it was she could not exactly remember The maid stood before her awaiting her orders At that moment a dull noise was heard below

What is that? asked the invalid

"The gentlemen have finished dinner replied the maid "they are rising from the table Taryana Afan a yevna will be here presently

Natasha seemed pleased at this, she waved her feeble

ing herself "The girl is of marriageable age and as the matchmaker is so must the bridegroom be God give them love and counsel the honor is great For whom does the Czar ask her hand?

Hm! exclaimed Gavrila Afanasyevich whom? That s just it-for whom!

Who is it then? repeated Prince Lykov, already beginning to doze off

Guess said Gavrila Afanasvevich

My dear brother, replied the old lady how can we guess? There are a great number of eligibles at Court each of whom would be glad to take your Na tasha for his wife Is it Dolgoruky?

No it is not Dolgoruky

It's just as well he is much too conceited Is it Shein? Trovekurov?

No neither the one nor the other

I do not care for them either they are flighty and too much imbued with the German spirit Well is it Miloslavsky?

No not he

"It's just as well he is rich and stupid Who then? Yeletzky? Lvov? No? It cannot be Raguzinsky? I cannot think of anybody else For whom then does the Czar intend Natasha?

For the Negro Ibrahim

The old lady exclaimed and struck her hands together Prince Lykov raised his head from the pillow and with astonishment repeated

For the Negro Ibrahim? My dear brother! said the old lady in a tearful voice "do not ruin your own child do not deliver poor

little Natasha into the clutches of that black devil But how replied Gavrila Afanasyevich can I refuse the Imperor who promises in return to bestow

his favor upon us and all our house?"

776

What!' exclaimed the old Prince, who was now wide awake Natasha my granddaughter to be married to a bought Negrol

He is not of common birth said Gavrila Vinas yevich he is the son of a Negro Sultan. The Massul men took him prisoner and sold him in Constant nople and our ambassador bought him and presented him to the Czar. The Negro's eldest brother came to Russia with a considerable ransom and——

My dear Gavrila Afanassevich! interrupted the old lady we have heard the fairy tale about Prince Bova and Yeruslan Lazarevich Tell us rather what appropriate the Expenses proposal.

answers you made to the Emperor's proposal
I said that we were under his authority and that
it was our duty to obey him in all things
At that moment a noise was heard behind the door.

it was our duty to obey him in all things
At that moment a noise was heard behind the door
Gavrila Afanasyevich went to open it but felt some ob
struction. He pushed it hard, the door opened and
they saw Natasha lying in a swoon upon the blood
structed for.

struction He pushed it hard, the door opened and they saw Natasha lying in a swoon upon the blood stained floor. Her heart had sunk within her when the Emperor share himself up with her father some presentiment had whispered to her that the matter concerned her and when Gavrila Afanasyevitch ordered her to with draw saving the her angled to cook to her annt and

and when Gavria Afansayevisch ordered het to with draw saying that he wished to speak to her aunt and grandfather she could not resist the promptings of feminine curiosity stole quietly along through the inner rooms to the bedroom door and did not miss a single word of the whole terrible conversation when he heard her father's last words the poor girl lost concoussess and falling struck her head a, anst an iron bound chest in which her downy was kept

ingle word of the whole terrible conversation which he heard her father's last words the poor guil lost concounters and falling struck her head a annst an iron bound chest in which her dowry was kept. The servants hatened to the spot. Natasha was lifted up carried to her own room and placed in bed After a while she regained consciousness opened here but recog inzed neither father nor aunt. A violent

fever set in she spoke in her delirium about the Czar s Negro about marriage and suddenly cried in a plain tive and piercing voice

Valeryan dear Valeryan my 'fe sair mel there

they are there they are

Tatyana Afanasyevna glanced uneasily at her broth er who turned pale bit his lips and alently left the room He returned to the old Prince who unable to mount the stairs had remained below

"How is Natasha? he asked Very bad replied the grieved father worse than

I thought she is delirious and raves about Valeryan Who is this Valeryan? asked the anxious old man Can it be that orphan the son of a streletz 1 whom

vou brought up in your house?

The same to my misfortune! replied Gavrila Afanasyevich His father at the time of the rebellion saved my life, and the devil put it into my head to tal e the accursed wolf-cub into my house When, two years ago he was enrolled in the regiment at his own re quest Natasha on taking leave of him shed bitter tears and he stood as if petrified This seemed suspi ciou to me, and I spoke about it to my sister But since that time Natasha has never mentioned his name and nothing whatever has been heard of him I thought that she had forgotten him but apparently this is not the case It's settled she shall marry the Negro

Prince Lykov did not contradict him it would have been useless He returned home Tatyana Afanasy vna remained by the side of Natasha's bed Gavrila Afan asyevich having sent for the doctor locked himself in

his room and the house grew silent and gloomy The unexpected proposal astonished Ibrahim quite as mu h as Gavrila Afanasyevich This is how it han

A ldier in the standing army of old Muscovy Epiron sorts

VΙ

A LAMP shed a soft light on the glass case in which gluttered the gold and silver mountings of the old fam light short properties. The flickering light fundly illuminated the curtained bed and the little table set out with labeled mediume bottles. Near the stove sat a servant mind at her spinning wheel and the subdued noise of the spindle was the only sound that broke the silence of the from

Who is there? asked a feeble voice

The servant maid rose immediately approached the bed and gently raised the curtain

Will it soon be daylight? asked Natalya

It is already midday, replied the maid Oh Lord! and why is it so dark?

The curtains are drawn miss

Help me to dress quickly

You must not do so miss the doctor has forbidden

Am I ill then? How long have I been this way? About a fortnight

Is it possible? And it seems to me as if it were only yesterday that I went to hed

Natisha became silent she tried to collect her soft tered thoughts Something had happened to her but what it was she could not exactly remember. The man stood before her, awaiting her orders. At that moment a dull noise was heard below.

What is that? asked the invalid

The gentlemen have finished dinner replied the maid "they are rising from the table Tatyana Afan a yevna will be here presently

pleased at this she waved her feeble

hand The maid drew the curtain and seated herseli again at the spinning wheel

A few minutes afterwards a head in a broad white cap with dark ribbons appeared in the doorway and

asked in a love voice

How is Natasha?

How do you do auntie? said the invalid in a faint voice and Tatyana Afrinasyevina hastened toward her

The voting lady has come to said the maid care fully drawing a chair to the side of the bed. The old lady with tars in her eyes lassed the pale langual face of her nicce and sat down beside her Just behind her came a Cerman doctor in a blade eaftmat and the wing worn by the learned. He felt Natashas spulse and announced in Latin and then in Russian that the danger was over He asked for paper and ink wrote out a new prescription and departed. The old ladir tose, kissed Natashya once more and immediately nur ned down with the good news to Gavrila Afanasse with

The Czar t Negro in uniform wearing his sword and carrying his hat in his hand sat in the drawing from with Garvila Afansweich Loriakov stretched out upon a soft couch was listening to their conversation and teasing a venerable greybound Becoming tited of this occupation he approached the mirror the usual refuge of the idle and in it he saw fatyana Afansayevina who through the doorway was junly

signaling to her brother

Someone is calling you Gayrila Afanasterich said Kersikov turning round to him and interrupting lbrahim s speech

Gavrila Afanasyevich immediately went to his sister

I am astonished at your patience said Korsakov to

182

Ibrahim. "For a full hour you have been listening to a lot of nonsense about the antiquity of the Jylov and Rzhevsky lineage and have even added your own moral observations! In your place jaurati plante la the old irri and his whole tribe, including Natalya Garril own a who puts on airs, and is only pretending to be all—time petite santé. Tell me candidly are you really in love with this little misquiree?

No replied Ibrahim I am not going to marry for love I am going to make a marriage of convenience, and then only if she has no decided aversion to me

Listen, Ibrahim said Korsakov follow my advice this time in truth I am more sensible than I seem Get this foolish idea out of your head—don't marry II seems to me that your bride has no particular liking for you Don't all sorts of things happen in this world? For instance I am certainly not a bad looking fellow myself and yet it has happened to me to deceive husbands who Lord knows, were in no way worse looking than me And you yourself do you remem ber our Parisian friend Count D—? There is no de pendence to be placed upon a woman's fidelity hippy is he who can regard it with indifference But you! With your passionate pensive and suspicious

nature with your flat nose thick lips, and coarse wool to rush into all the dangers of matrimony!

I thank you for your friendly advice interrupted

Ibrahim coldly "but you know the proverb It is not our duty to rock other people's children

Take care Ibrahim replied Korsakov, Jughing

that you are not called upon some day to prove the truth of that proverb in the literal sense of the word Meanwhile the conversation in the next room be came very heated

You will kill her the old lady was saying "she cannot bear the sight of him

But judge for yourself replied her obstinate broth

er For a fortuight he has been coming here as her birdegroom and during, that time he has not once seen his bride. He may think at last that her illness? a mere in ention and that we are only ecking to gain time in order to rid ourselves of him in some way. And what will the Czar say? He has already sent three times to ask after the health of Natlaya Do as you lide but! have no intention of quarreling with him. Good Lord! said Tatyana Manasyevna what

will become of the poor child! At least let me go and

prepare her for such a visit

Gavrila Afanasyevich consented and then returned

to the parlor
Thank God! said he to Ibrahim the danger is
over Natalya is much better Were; not that I do not
like to leave my dear guest Ivan Yeografovich here
alone I would take you upstairs to have a glimpse of
your bride.

Aorsakov congratulated Gavrila Afanasyevich asked him not to be uneasy on his account assured him that he was compelled to go at once and rushed our into the hill without allowing his host to accompany him

Meanwhile Taty ina Afanasyevna hastened to pre pare the invalid for the appearance of the terrible guest Fatering the room she sit down breathless by the side of the bed, and took Natasha by the hand but before she is as able to utter a word the door opened

Natasha asked Who has come in?

The old lady turned faint Gavrila Afanasves the frew bick the curtain looked coldly at the sick girl, and asked how she was The invalid wanted to smile at him but could not Her father a stern look struck her, and uneasiness took possession of her At that moment it seemed to her that someone was standing at the head of her bed She ruised her head with an effort and tuddenly recognized the Czar s Negro Then she ro

membered everything, and all the horror of the future presented itself to t r But she was too exhausted to be perceptibly shocked Natasha laid her head down again upon the pillow and closed her eyes her heart beat painfully Tatynon Afanasyevna made a sign to her brother that the avalid wanted to go to sleep, and all quitted the room very quietly, except the maid, who re sumed her seat v the spinning wheel

The unhapp/ girl opened her eyes, and no longer seeing anybod/ by her bedside, called the maid and sent her for the dwarf. But at that moment a round, old figure roll d up to her bed like a ball Lastochka (for so the dwarf was called) with all the speed of her short legs had followed Gavrila Afanasyevich and Ibra him up the tairs and concealed herself behind the door in accordance with the promptings of that curi osity which is inborn in the fair sex Natasha seeing her ent the maid away and the dwarf sat down upon a stool by the bedside

Never had so small a body contained within itself so much energy She meddled in everything knew every thing and busied herself about everything By cunning and insinuating ways she had succeeded in gaining the love of her masters and the hatred of all the household, which he controlled in the most autocratic manner Gavril Afanasyevich listened to her tale bearing com plaint, and petty requests Tatyana Afanasyevna con stantly isked her opinion and followed her advice and Natasha had the most unbounded affection for her and confided to her all the thoughts all the emotions of her sixteen year-old heart

Do you know Lastochka said she my father is

fing to marry me to the Negro
The dwarf sighed deeply and her wrinkled face be ame still more wrinkled

Is there no hope? continued Natasha will my father not take pity upon me?

The dwarf shook her cap

Will not my grandfather or my aunt intercede for me?

No miss during your illness the Negro succeeded in bewitching everybody. The master dotes upon him the Prince raves about him alone and Tatyana Atanas yevna says it is a pity that he is a Negro as a better bridegroom we could not wish for

My God my God! mounted poor Natasha

Do not grieve my pretty one, said the dwart Liss ing her feeble hand If you are to marry the Negro you will have your own way in everything Nowadiys it is not as it was in the olden times husbands no long er keep their wives under lock and key they say the Negro is rich you will have a plendid house-you will lead a merry life

Poor Valeryan! said Natasha but so softly that the dwarf could only guess what she said rather than hear

the words

That is just it miss said she mysteriously lower ing ner voice if you thought less of the streletz or phan you would not rave about him in your delirium and your father would not be angry

What said the alarmed Natasha I have raved about Valeryan? And my tather heard it? And my father is angry?

That is just the trouble replied the dwarf Now if you were to ask him not to marry you to the Negro he would think that Valeryan was the cause There is nothing to be done submit to the will of your parents

for what is to be will be

Natasha did not reply The thought that the secret of her heart was known to her father produced a

powerful effect upon her imagination. One hope alone emained to her to die before the consummation of he odious marriage. This thought consoled her Weak and sad at heart she resigned herself to her fate.

VII

IN THE house of Gavrila Afanasyevich to the right of the vestibule was a narrow room with one window In it stood a simple bed covered with a woolen counter pane in front of the bed was a small deal table on which a tallow candle was burning and some sheets of music lay open On the wall hing an old blue uniform and its contemporary, a three-cornered hat above its fastened by three nails was a cheap print representing Charles XII on horseback. The notes of a flute resounded through this humble abode The captive dane ing master its lonely occupant in a night-cap and nan keen dressing gown was relieving the technium of a winter evening by playing some old Swedshi marchet which reminded him of the gay days of his youth After devoting two whole hours to this exercise, the Swede took his flute to pieces placed it in a box, and began to underess.

Just then the latch of his door was lifted and a tall handsome young man in uniform entered the room

The Swede rose surprised

You do not recognize me Gustav Adamych said the young visitor in a moved voice. You do not re member the boy to whom you used to give military instruction and with whom you nearly started a fire in this very room shooting off a toy cannon.

Gustav Adamych looked closely

Eh eh he cried at last embracing him Greet ings! How long have you been here? Sit down you teapegrap let us talk [1827]

DUBROVSKY

1

SOMF years ago there lived on one of his estates a Russian gentleman of the old school named Kırıla Petrovich Troyekurov His wealth distin guished birth and connections gave him great weight in the provinces where his estates were situated. The neighbors were ready to gratify his slightest whim the government officials trembled at his name Kirila Petrovich accepted all these signs of obsequiousnes as his rightful due His house was always full of guests ready to include his lordship in his hours of idleness and to share his noisy and sometimes boisterous mirth Nobody dared to refuse his invitations or on certain days onut to put in an appearance at the village of Pokrovskove In his home circle Kirila Petrovich ex hibited all the vices of an uneducated man. Spoilt by all who surrounded him he was in the habit of giving way to every impulse of his passionate nature, to every caprice of his somewhat narrow mind In spite of the extraordinary vigor of his constitution he suffered two or three times a week from surfeit and became tipsy every evening

Very few of the serf girls in his household escaped

In the ong no! MS the first eight chapters are called volume I
the est—volume II

the amorous attempts of this fifty year-old satyr More over in one of the wings of his house lived sixten girls engaged in needlework. The windows of this wing were protected by wooden bars the doors were kept locked and the legs retained by Kirali Petrowich. The young recluses at an appointed hour went into the garden for a walk under the surveillance of two old women. From time to time Kirali Petrovich married some of them off and newcomers took their places. He treated his peasants and domestics in a severe and ar bitrary fashion in spite of which they were very devoted to him ties loved to boast of the wealth and influence of their master and in their turn took many a liberty with their neighbors trusting to his powerful protection.

Troyekurov s usual occupations were driving over his vast domains, feasting at length, and playing practical jokes invented newly every day the victims being generally new acquaintances, though his old friends did not always escape one only—Andrey Gavrilovich Dubrossly,—excepted

This Dubrovsky a retured lieutenant of the Guards was his nearest neighbor and the owner of seventy serfs Troyckurev haughty in his dealings with people of the highest rank respected Dubrovsky in spite of his humble situation. They had been in the service to gether and Troyckurov I new from experience his impatient and resolute character Circumstances separated them for a long time. Dubrovsky with his reduced fortune, was compelled to leave the service and settle down in the only village that remained to him. Krifal Petrovich hearing of this offered him his protection but Dubrovsky thanked him and remained poor and in dependent. Some years later. Troyckurov having retired with the rank of general arrived at his estatat. They met again and were delighted with each other After

that they saw each other every day and Kurila Petro vich who had never deigned to visit anybody in his lite came quite without ceremony to the modest house of his old comrade. In some respects their fates had been similar both had married for love, both had soon become widowers and both had been left with an only child The son of Dubrovsky was being brought up in Petersburg the daughter of Kirila Petrovich was growing up under the eyes of her father, and Troyeku rov often said to Dubrovsky

Listen brother Andrey Gavrilovich if your Volod ha should turn out well I will let him have Masha for his wife in spite of his being as poor as a church

monse

Andrey Gavrilovich used to shake his head and generally replied

No Kırıla Petrovich my Volodka is no match for Marya Kırılovna A penniless gentleman such as he, would do better to marry a poor girl of the gentry and be the head of his house, rather than become the bailiff of some spoilt baggage

Everybody envied the good understanding existing between the haughty I royekurov and his poor neigh bor, and wondered at the boldness of the latter when at the table of Kirila Petrovich, he expressed his own opinion frankly and did not hesitate to maintain an opinion contrary to that of his host. Some attempted to imitate him and ventured to overstep the limits of due respect but Karila Petrovich taught them such a lesson that they never afterward felt any desire to repeat the experiment Dubrovsky alone remained be youd the range of this general law But an accidental occurrence upset and altered all this

One day in the beginning of autumn, kinla Petrovich prepared to go out hunting Orders had been given the evening before for the whips and huntsmen

to be ready at five o clock in the morning. The tent and 'itchen had been sent on beforehand to the place where Kirila Petrovich was to dine The host and his buests went to the kennels where more than five hun dred harriers and greyhounds lived in luxury and warmth, praising the generosity of Kirila Petrovich in their canine language There was also a hospital for the sick dogs under the care of staff surgeon Timosh ka and a separate place where the pedigreed bitches brought forth and suckled their pups Airila Petrovich was proud of this magnificent establishment and never missed an opportunity of boasting about it be fore his guests each of whom had inspected it at least twenty times He walked through the kennels, sur rounded by his guests and accompanied by Timoshka and the head whips pausing before certain kennels either to ask after the health of some sick dog to make some observation more or less just and severe or to call some dog to him by name and speak tenderly to it The guests considered it their duty to go into raptures over Kirila Petrovich's kennels Dubrovsky alone remained silent and frowned He was an ardent sports man but his modest fortune only permitted him to keep two harriers and one pack of greyhounds and he could not restrain a certain feeling of envy at the sight

of this magnificent establishment
Why do you frown brother? Kirila Petrovich
asked him Don't you like my kennels?

No replied Dubrovsky abruptly the kennels are marvelous indeed I doubt whether your men live as well as your does

One of the whips took offence

Thanks to God and our master we don't complain of the way we live, said he but if the truth must be told there is many a gentleman who would not do badly if he exchanged his manor house for any one of these kennels he would be better fed and warmer

Arrila Petrovich burst out laughing at his servant's insolent remark and the guests followed his example although they felt that the whip's joke might apply to them also Dubrovsky turned pale and said not a word At that moment a basket containing some new born puppies was brought to Kirila Petrovich he bused himself with them choosing two for himself and or dering the rest to be drowned. In the meantime Andrey Gavrilovich had disappeared without anybody having observed it

On returning with his gue ts from the kennels Kırıla Petrovich sat down to supper and it was only then that he noticed the absence of Dubrovsky His people informed him that Andrey Gavrilovich had gone home Troyekurov immediately gave orders that he was to be overtaken and brought back without fail He had never gone hunting without Dubrovsky who was a great connoisseur in all matters relating to dogs and an infallible umpire in all possible disputes con nected with sport The servant who had calloped after him returned while they were still seated at table and informed his master that Andrey Gavrilovich had re fused to listen to him and would not return Kirila Petrovich as usual was heated with liquor and be coming very angry he sent the same servant a second time to tell Andrev Gavrilovich that if he did not re turn at once to spend the night at Pokrovskoye he Troyekurov would never have anything further to do with him The servant galloped off again Kirila Petro vich rose from the table dismissed his guests and re tired to bed

The next day his first question was Is Andrey Gav rilovich here? By way of answer he was handed a let ter folded in the shape of a triangle. Kirila Petrovich ordered his secretary to read it aloud and he heard the following

"Gracious Sirl

I do not intend to return to Polyrot skope until you send the u hip Paramoshka to me u th an apology and it shall be for me to decade whether to punth or for give him. I do not intend to put up with joke from your servants or for that matter from you at I om not chifloon but a genileman of ancient lineage. I remain your obediens serial to.

Andrey Dubrovsky

According to present ideas of etiquette, such a letter would be very unbecoming, yet it irritated Kirila Pet rovich not by its strange style and form but by its substance

What! thundered Troyekurov, jumping barefoot ed out of bed send my people to him with an apology! And he to decide whether to punish or pardon them! What can he be thinking of? He doesn't know with whom he is dealing! I It show him what i what! I Il give him something to cry about! He shall know what it is to oppose Troyekurov!

Airila Petrovich dressed himself and set out for the hunt with his studiostentiation but the chase was not successful during the whole of the day one hare only was seen and that escaped. The dinner in the field with der the tent was also a faulture or at least it was not to the taste of kirila Petrovich who struck the cook abused the guests, and on the return journey rode in tentionally with all his suite through Dubrovsky's fields.

SEVERAL days passed and the animosity between the two ne ghbors did not subside Andrey Gavrilovich re turned no more to Pokrovskoye, and Kırıla Petrovich bored without him vented his spleen in the most in sulting expressions which thanks to the zeal of the neighboring gentry reached Dubrovsky revised and augmented A fresh incident destroyed the last hope of a reconciliation

One day Dubrovsky was driving around his little property when on approaching a grove of birch trees he heard the blows of an axe and a minute afterward the crash of a falling tree he hastened to the spot and found some of the Pokrovskoye peasants calmly steal ing his timber. Seeing him they took to flight, but Du brovsky with the assistance of his coachman caught two of them whom he brought home bound More over two horses belonging to the enemy fell into the hands of the victor

Dubrovsky was exceedingly angry Before this Troyckurov s people who were well known robbers had never dared to do any mischief within the boundaries of his property being aware of the friendship which existed between him and their master Dubrovsky now perceived that they were taking advantage of the rup ture which had occurred between him and his neigh bor and he resolved contrary to all ideas of the rules of war to teach his prisoners a lesson with the rod which they themselves had collected in his grove and to send the horses to work adding them to his own live stock

The news of these proceedings reached the ears of kırıla Petrovich that very day He was almost beside himself and in the first moment of his rage, he wanted

to take all of his domestics and make an attack upon Listenyovka (for such was the name of his neighbor s village) raze it to the ground, and besiege the land holder in h s own manor Such exploits were not rare with him but his thoughts soon took another direc tion Pacing with heavy steps up and down the hall be glunced casually out of the window and saw a troibe stopping at his gate A little man in a leather traveling cap and a frieze cloak stepped out of the carriage and proceeded toward the wing occupied by the bailiff Tro-yekurov recognized the assessor Shabashkin and gave orders for him to be sent in to him A minute after ward Shabashkin stood before Kirila Petrovich and bowing repeatedly waited respectfully to hear his or ders

Good day-what is your name anyway? said Tro

yekurov What has brought you here?
I was going to town Your Excellency replied Sha bashkin and I called on Ivan Deniyanov to find out if there were any orders from Your Excellency

You have come just at the right time-whatever your name is I have need of you Have some vodka

and listen to me Such a friendly welcome agreeably surprised the as-sessor he declined the vodka and listened to Kirila

Petrovich with all possible attention I have a neighbor, said Troyekurov, a small pro-

prietor a rude fellow and I want to take his property away from him What do you think of that?

Your Excellency are there any documents or Don't talk nonsense brother what documents are

you talking about? Ukases will take care of them The point is to take his property away from him in spite of the law But stop! This estate belonged to us at one time. It was bought from a certain Spitzyn and then sold to Dubrovsky's father Can t you make a case out of that?

It would be difficult Your Excellency probably the sale was effected in strict accordance with the law

Think brother try your hardest

If for example Your Excellency could in some way obtain from your neighbor the deed in virtue of which he holds possession of his estate then of course

I understand but that is the trouble all his papers

were burnt at the time of the fire

What! Your Excellency his papers were burnt? What could be better? In that case take proceedings according to law without the slightest doubt you will receive complete satisfaction

You think so? Well see to it I rely upon your zeal

and you can rest assured of my gratitude

Shabashish bowing almost to the ground took his departure at once he began to occupy himself with the business interasted to him and thanks to his prompt action exactly a fortnight afterward Dubrovsky received from town a summons to appear in court and to produce the documents in virtue of which he held posses ston of the village of hissetavovka.

Andrey Gartlovich greatly astonished by this un expected request wrote that very same day a somewhat rude reply in which he explained that the village of kastenyovka became hi on the death of his father that he held it by might of inheritance that Troyel urow had nothing to do with the matter and that anyore else selaim to this property of his was nothing but chican ery and fraud

This letter produced a very agreeable impression on the mind of Shabashkin he saw in the first place that Dubrovsky knew very little about legal matters and un the second that it would not be difficult to place 796 such a rash and hot tempered man in a very disadvan

tageous position Andrey Gavrilovich after a more careful considera tion of the questions addressed to him saw the neces-sity of replying more circumstantially. He wrote a suf ficiently businesslike letter but this ultimately proved insufficient also Dubrovsky had no experience in liti

pation He generally followed the dictates of common sense a guide rarely safe, and nearly always insufficient The business dragged on Confident of being in the right Andrey Cavrilovich troubled himself very little the means to scatter money about and although he was always the first to poke fun at the venality of the scribbling fraternity the idea of being made the vic tim of chicanery never entered his head Troyekurov

on his side thought as little of winning the case he had started Shabashkin took the matter in hand for him acting in his name, intimidating and bribing the judges and quoting and interpreting various ukases in the most distorted manner possible

At last, on the 9th day of February, in the year 18—
Dubrovsky received through the town police, an in

vitation to appear at the district Court to hear the deci sion in the matter of the disputed property between himself-Lieutenant Dubrovsky-and General Troye kurov and to signify his approval or disapproval of the verdict That same day Dubrovsky set out for town On the road he was overtaken by Troyckurov They glared haughtily at each other and Dubrovsky observed a malicious smile upon the face of his adversary

Arriving in town Andrey Gavrilovich stopped at the house of an acquaintance a merchant where he spent the night and the next morning he appeared be fore the Court Nobody paid any attention to him After him arrived kirila Petrovich The clerks rose and stuck their pens behind their ears, while the mem bers of the Court received him with every sign of ab-Ject obsequiousness and an arm-chair was offered him out of consideration for his rank, years and corpu lence He sat down Andrey Gavrilovich stood leaning against the wall A deep silence ensued and the secre tary began in a sonorous voice to read the decree of the Court

We cite it in full believing that everyone will be pleased to see one of the ways in which we in Russia may lose an estate to which we have an indisputable

right 1

When the secretary had ceased reading the assessor arose and with a low bow turned to Troyekuros in viting him to sign the paper which he held out to him Troyekurov quite triumphant took the pen and wrote beneath the decision of the Court a statement signify ing his complete satisfaction with it

It was now Dubrovsky s turn. The secretary handed the paper to him but Dubrovsky stood immovable, with his head bowed. The secretary repeated his invita tion To signify his full and complete satisfaction or his manifest dissatisfaction if he felt in his conscience that his case was just, and intended at the time stipu lated by law to appeal against the decision of the Court

Dubrovsky remained silent Suddenly he raised his head his eyes flashed he stamped his foot pushed back the secretary with such force that he fell saized the inkstand and hurled it at the assessor Everyone was horrified

What! Dubrovsky shouted "Not to respect the Church of God! Out with you you spawn of Ham!

then turning to Kirila Petrovich

The I nighty court decree which abounds in all the techni-cal ties of a legal docum nt. 1 omitted here EDITOR NOTE

Has such a thing ever been heard of Your Eved lency? he continued. The whips bring dogs into the Church of God! The dogs are running about the church! I will teach you a lesson!

The 3u rds ru hed in on hearing the noise, and with difficulty overpowered him. They led him out and placed him in a sledge. Troje-turow went out after him a companied by the whole Court. Dubrousky's sudden madness had produced a deep impression up on his imagination and poisoned his triumph. The judges who had counted upon his gratitude did not receive a single affable word from him. Fe returned immediately to Pokrovskoye Dubrousky in the mention and the post of the district doctor—not -thougether a blockhead—bled him and applied leeches and fij blisters to him. Toward evening he begin to feel better and the next day be was tale no to kistenyovka, which scarcely belonged to him any longer.

111

SOME time elapsed but poor Dubrovsky's health though of song so improvement it was true that the tims of madness did not eccur but his stringth was visibly failing. He abandoned his former occupations rarely left his forom and for days together remained absorbed in his own reflections. Legorowna, a kind nearted old woman who had once tended his son now occame his nurse. She waited upon him as though he were a child, remained him when it was time to et and steep, fed him and put him to hed Andrey Garril ovich obeyed her and had no dealings with anybody else He was not in a condition to think, about his altairs or to look after his property and Yegoro na saw hen excessing of informing young Dubrovsky, who was

then serving in one of the regiments of Foot Guard 8 atmond in St Petersburg of everything that had han bened. And so tearing a leaf from the account book she dictated to Khanton the cook the only literate per on in Kistenyovka a letter which she sent off that same dry to town to be posted.

But it is time to acquaint the reader with the real

hero of our story

Vladımır Dubrossky had been educated at the cadet senool and on leaving it had engred the quartle at sub licutenant. His father spared nothing that was ne cessary to enable him to live in 4 becoming mainer and the young man received from home a great deal more than he had any right to expect. Being imprudent and ambinous he indulgeo in extravagant habits played eards ran into debt and troubled himself very little about the future. Occasionally the thought crossed his mind that sooner of Liter he would be obliged to take to himself a right had edited to the total to the strucking voters stricking voters.

One evening when several officers were visiting him lolling on couches and smoking his amber pipes Gri thin his valet handed him a letter the address and seal of which immediately struck the young man He hast by opened it and read the following

Our Master Vladimir Andreyestch I your old stirte have decided to report to you regarding your tather s health He is very poorly sometimes he tan ders in his talk and the whole day long he sits tile a foolish child—but tile and death are in the hands of Cod Cone to six my bright hist falson and ice will sind hoises to meet you at Peschnove We hear this the Court is young to hand its out? To Kirlis Perosch Iroyekuros because it is said that we belong to him although we have altays belonged to you and har

always heard so ever since we can remember You might living in St Peterching inform our father the Care of this and he will not allow us to be wronged I remain your faithful servant nurse Arina Yegorovna Busiresa

Listing my material blessing to Guide Local beautiful.

I send my maternal blessing to Grisha does he serve with well? It has been raining here for the last fort night and Rodya the shepherd died about St Nicholas day

Vladimir Dubrovsky read these somewhat confused lines several times with great aguation. He had lost his mother during his childhood, and hardly knowing his father had been taken to St. Petersburg when he was eight years of age. In spite of that he was romantically attached to his father, and having had but little opportunity of enjoying the pleasures of finally life he losed it all the more in consequence.

The thought of losing his father pained him exceed ingly and the condition of the poor invalid which he guessed from his nurse's letter horrified him. He im agined his father, left in an out-of the way village in the hands of a stupid old woman and the domestics threatened with some misfortune and fading away helplessly in the midst of mental and physical tortures Vladimir reproached himself with criminal neglect Not having received any news of his father for a long time he had not thought of making inquiries about him supposing him to be traveling about or absorbed in the management of his estate. He decided to go to him and even to retire from the army should his fo ther s condition require his presence at his side Seeing that he was upset his friends left Once alone Vlad imir wrote an application for leave of absence lit his pipe and sank into deep thought. That same evening he began to take further steps for obtaining leave of

absence and two days afterward he set out in a stage coach accompanied by his faithful Grisha

Vladimir Andreyevich neared the post station at which he was to take the turning for Kistenyovka His heart was filled with sad forebodings he feared that he would no longer find his father alive. He pictured to himself the dreary kind of life that awaited him in the village the desolation solitude poverty and cares con nected with business of which he did not under stand a thing Arriving at the station he went to the postmaster and asked for horses. The postmaster hav ing inquired where he was going informed him that horses sent from Kistenyovka had been waiting for him for the last four days Before Vladimir Andreyevich there soon appeared the old coachman Anton who used formerly to take him over the stables and look after his pony Anton's eyes filled with tears on seeing his young master and bowing to the ground he told him that his old master was still alive and then rushed off to harness the horses Vladimir Andreyevich de clined the proffered meal and hastened to depart An ton drove him along the cross-country roads and con versation began between them

Tell me if you please Anton what is this business

between my father and Troyekurov?

God knows little father Vladimir Andreyevich the master they say fell out with Kirila Petrovich and the latter went to law about it though often he takes the law into his own hands. It is not the business of u servants to have a say about what our masters please to do but God knows that your father had no business to go against the will of Kirila Petrovich it s no use butting your head against a wall

It seems then that this Kirila Petrovich does just

what he pleases with you?

802

He certainly does, master he does not care a rap for the assessor and the police officer is his errand boy The gentry kowtow to him, for as the proverb says Where there is a trough there will the pigs be also

Is it true that he is taking our estate from us? Oh master that is what we have heard The other day the sexton from Pokrovskoye said at the christen ing held at the house of our overseer You we had it easy long enough Kırıla Petrovich will soon take you in hand and Mikita the blacksmith said to him Sa velich don't distress the godfather don't disturb the guests Kırıla Petrovich is for himself and Andrey Gav rilovich is for himself-and we are all God's and the Czar s But you cannot sew a button upon another per

son s mouth Then you do not wish to pass into the possession of

Troyekurov?

Into the possession of Kirila Petrovich! The Lord save and preserve us! His own people fare badly enough and if he got possession of strangers he would strip off not only the skin but the flesh also No may God grant long life to Andrey Gavrilovich and if God should take him to Himself we want nobody but you our provider Do not give us up and we will stand by you

With these words Anton flourished his whip shook the reins and the horses broke into a brisk trot

Touched by the devotion of the old coachman Du brovsky became silent and gave himself up to his own reflections More than an hour passed suddenly Grisha roused him by exclaiming There is Pokrovskoyel Dubrovsky raised his head. They were just then driving along the bank of a broad lake, out of which flow ed a small stream which was lost to sight among the hills On one of these above a thick green wood, rose the green roof and belvedere of a huge stone house, and on another a church with five cupolas and an an

803

recognized these places he remembered that on that very hill he had played with little Masha Troyekurov who was two years younger than he and who even then gave promise of being a beauty. He wanted to make inquiries of Anton about her but a certain bash fulness restrained h.m. As they drove past the manor house he noticed a

white dress flitting among the trees in the garden At that moment Anton whipped the horses and impelled by that vanity common to village coachmen as to driv ers in general he drove it full speed over the bridge and past the village On emerging from the village, they ascended the hill and Vladimir perceived the lit tle birch grove and to the left in an open place a small gray house with a red roof His heart be an to beat-before him wis kistenyovka and the humble house of his father About ten minutes afterwards he drove into the

courtyard He looked around him with indescr bable emotion it was twelve years since he had last seen his birthplace. The little birches which had just then been planted near the wooden fence had now become tall spreading trees The courtyard formerly ornamented with three regular flower beds between which ran a broad path carefully swept had been converted into a meadow in which was grazing a tethered horse. The dogs began to barl but recognizing Anton they stopped and wagged their shaggy tails. The servints came rushing out of the house and surrounded the young master with loud manifestations of joy It was with difficulty that he was able to make his way through the enthusiastic crowd He ran up the rickety steps in the vestibule he was met by Yegorovna who tearfully em braced him

"How do you do how do you do nurse? he re

peated, pressing the good old woman to his heart And father? Where is he? How is he?

At that moment a tall old man pale and thin in a dressing gown and cap entered the room dragging

one foot after the other with difficulty How are you Volodka? said he in a weak soice

and Vladimir embraced his father warmly

The joy proved too much for the sick man, he grew weak, his legs gave way beneath him and he would have tallen if his son had not held him up

Why did you get out of b-d?" said Yegorovna to him He cannot keep on his feet, and yet he wants to

behave sust like anybody

The old man was carried back to his bedroom He tried to converse with his son but he could not collect his thoughts and his words were incoherent He he came silent and fell into a kind of doze Vladimir was struck by his condition. He installed himself in the bedroom and requested to be left alone with his fath f The household obeyed and then all turned toward Grisha and led him away to the servents hall where they regaled him with a hearty meal according to the rustic custom and entertained him hospitably, weary ing him with questions and greetings

١V

There is a coffin where the festile board u as spread

A FFW days after his arrival, voung Dubrovsky wish ed to turn his attention to business but his fainer wa not in a condition to give him the necessary explana tions and there was no one in charge of Andrey Gav rilovich's affairs Examining his papers Vladenur only found the first letter of the assessor and a rough copy of his father's reply to it From these he could not ob tain any clear idea of the lawsuit and he determined to await the result trusting in the justice of their cause

Meanwhile the health of Andrey Gavrilovich grew worse from hour to hour Vladimir foresaw that his end was not far off and he never left the old man who

was now in his second childhood

In the meantime the term for appealing the case had elapsed and nothing had been done kistenyovka now pelonged to Troyekurov Shabashkin came to him and with a profusion of salutations and congratulations in quired when His Excellency intended to enter into possession of his newly acquired property-would he go and do so himself or would he deign to commission somebody else to act as his representative?

Kırıla Petrovich was troubled By nature he was not avaricious his desire for revenge had carried him too far and now his conscience pricked him He knew in what condition his adversary the old comrade of his youth was, and his victory brought no joy to his heart He glared sternly at Shabashkin sceking for some pretext to give him a dressing down but not finding a suitable one he said to him in an angry tone

Get out! I m in no mood to see you! Shabashkin seeing that he was in a bad humor bowed and hastened to withdraw and Kirila Petro vich left alone began to pace up and down whistling Thunder of victory resound! which with him was

always a sure sign of unusual agitation of mind

At last he gave orders for the droshky to be got ready wrapped himself up warmly (it was already the end of September) and, himself holding the reins drove away

He soon caught sight of Andrey Gavrilovich's little house Contradictory feelings filled his soul Satisfied vengeance and love of power had to a certain extent

deadened his more noble sentiments, but at last these latter prevailed He resolved to effect a reconciliation with his old neighbor to efface the traces of the quar rel and restore to him his property. Having eased his soul with this good intention, Kirila Petrovich set off at a gallop toward the residence of his neighbor and drove straight into the courtyard

At that moment the invalid was sitting at his bed room window He recognized Kirila Petrovich-and his face assumed a look of violent agitation a livid flush replaced his usual pallor his eyes gleamed and he uttered unintelligible sounds. His son who was sitting there examining the account books raised his head and was struck by the change in his father's condition The sick man pointed with his finger toward the courtyard with an expression of rage and horror At that moment the voice and heavy tread of Yegorovna were heard

Master master! Kirila Petrovich has come! Kirila Good God! Petrovich is on the steps! she cried What is the matter? What has happened to him?

Andrey Gavrilovich had hastily gathered up the skirts of his dressing gown and was preparing to rise from his arm-chair He succeeded in getting upon his feet-and then suddenly collapsed His son rushed toward him the old man lay insensible and without

breathing he had had a stroke Quick quick! send to town for a doctor! cried

Vladimir Kirila Petrovich is asking for you" said a servant, entering the room

Vladimir gave him a terrible look

Tell Kırıla Petrovich to take himself off as quickly

as possible before I have him turned out-go! The servant gladly left the room to execute his mas-

ter's orders Yegorovna struck her hands together Master she exclaimed in a piping voice you will do for yourself! Kirila Petrovich will devour us all " Silence, nurse said Vladimir angrily send Anton to town at once for a doctor

Yegorovna left the room There was nobody in the ante-chamber all the domestics had run out into the courtyard to look at Kırıla Petrovich. She went out on the steps and heard the servant deliver his young mas ter's word Kirila Petrovich heard it, seated in the droshky his face became darker than night he smiled contemptuously looked threateningly at the assembled domestics and then drove slowly out of the courtyard He glanced up at the window where a minute before Andrey Gavrilovich had been sitting but he was no longer there 'The nurse remained standing on the steps forgetful of her masters order The domestics were noisily talking of what had just occurred Sud denly Vladimir appeared in the midst of them and said abruntly

There is no need for a doctor-father is dead!

General consternation followed The domestics rush ed to the room of their old master. He was lying in the arm-chair in which Vladimir had placed him his right arm hung down to the floor his head was sunk on his chest-there was not the least sign of life in his body which although not yet cold was already disfigured by death Yegoros na set up a wail The domestics sur rounded the corpse, which was left to their care, wash ed it dressed it in a uniform made in the year 1797 and laid it out on the same table at which for so many years they had waited upon their master

v

THE funeral took place on the third day The body of the poor old man lay in the coffin covered with a

shroud and surrounded by candles The dining room was filled with domestics ready to carry out the corpise Vladimir and three servants raised the coffin The priest went in front followed by the deacon chanting the prayers for the dead The master of historyo /a crossed the threshold of his house for the last time The coffin was carried through the wood—the church lay just be hind it The day was clear and cold the autumn leaves were falling from the trees On emerging from the wood they saw before them the wooden church of kistenyevka and the cemetery shaded by old lime trees Their reposed the body of Vladimirs mother there beside her tomb a new grave had been dug the day before.

The church was full of the Asstenyovka peasanty, come to render the last homage to their master Young Dubrovsky stood in the chancel he neither wept nor prayed but the expression on his face was terrible The sad ceremony came to an end Vladimir approached first to take leave of the corpse after him came the domestics. The lid was brought and nailed upon the coffin. The women wailed loudly and the men frequently wiped away their tears with their fists. Vlad innir and three of the servants carried the coffin to the ceremetery accompanied by the whole village. The coff fin was lowered into the grave all present threw upon it a handful of earth the pit was filled up the crowd saluted for the last time and then dispersed. Vladimir hastily departed got ahead of everybody and disappeared into the kistenyovak wood

Acgoroung in her master's name invited the priest and all the clergy to a funeral feast informing them that her young master did not intend being present Then Father Anton his wife Fedotowna and the

Then Father Anton his wife Fedotovna and the deacon set out on foot for the manor house discoursing with Yegorovna upon the virtues of the deceased

and upon what in all probability awaited his heir The visit of Troyekurov and the reception given to him were already known to the whole neighborhood and the local politicians predicted that it would have serious consequences

What is to be will be said the priest's wife but it will be a pity if Vladimir Andreyevich does not be come our master. He is a fine young fellow there is no denying that

And who is to be our master if he is not to be? urterrupted Yegorovia Linila Petrovich is storming to no purpose—it is no initial soul he has to deal with My young falcon will know how to stand up for his rights and with God's help his friends in high places will stick, up for him Linila Petrovich is too proud and yeth edid put his tail between his legs when my C n shak arned out to him. Be off you old cur! Clear out of the place!

Oh! Yegorovna said the deacon honever could he bring his tongue to utter such words? I think. I could more easily bring myself to gainsay the bishop than look askance at Kirila Petrovich. I shiver and shake at the very sight of him and my back bends of itself of itself.

Vanity of vanities! said the priest the service for the dead will some day be chanted for Kirila Petrovich as it was today for Andrey Gavrilovich the funeral will perhaps be more imposing and more guests will be invited but is it not all the same to God?

Oh father we wanted to invite all the neighbor hood but Vladimir Andreyevich forbade it. To be sure we have plenty to entertain people with but what would you have had us do? At all events if there are

not many people I will treat you well our dear guests.
This friendly promise and the hope of finding toothsome pie, caused the talkers to quicken their steps.

810 and they safely reached the manor house where the table was already laid and vodka served

Meanwhile Vladimir advanced further into the depth of the wood trying to deaden his grief by tiring him self out He walked on without troubling to keep to the road the branches constantly caught at and scratch ed him and his feet continually sank into the swamp -he observed nothing At last he reached a small glade surrounded by trees on every side a little stream wound silently through the trees half stripped of their leaves by the autumn Vladimir stopped, sat down upon the cold turf and thoughts each more gloomy than the other crowded his mind He felt his lonely ness very keenly the future appeared to him enveloped in threatening clouds Troyekurov's enmity fore boded fresh misfortunes for him His modest heritage might pass from him into the hands of another, in which case destitution awaited him For a long time he sat quite motionle s observing the gentle flow of the stream bearing along on its surface a few withered leaves and vividly presenting to him a true image of life At last he noticed that it was growing dark he arose and began to look for the road home but for a long time he wandered about the unknown forest be fore he stumbled upon the path which led straight up to the gate of his house

There he saw the priest and his companions coming toward him The thought immediately occurred to him that this foreboded misfortune. He automatically turn ed aside and disappeared behind the trees. They had not caught sight of him and they continued talking

heatedly among themselves as they passed him
"Fly from exil and do good said the priest to his
wife There is no need for us to remain here it does

not concern us however the business may end

The priest's wife made some reply but Vladimii could not hear what she said

Approaching the house he saw a crowd of people peasants and house serfs filled the courtyard In the dis tance Vladimir could hear an unusual noise and the sound of voices Near the shed stood two t orkas On the steps several unknown men in uniform were seem

ingly engaged in conversation

What does this mean? he asked angrily of Anton who ran forward to meet him Who are these people. and what do they want? Oh father Vladimir Andrevevich replied Anton

out of breath the magistrates have come They are handing us over to Troyekurov they are taking us from your honor!

Vladimir hung his head his people surrounded their unhappy master

You are our father they cried kissing his hands We want no other master but you We will die but we will not leave you Give us the order and we will settle the officials

Vladimir looked at them and strange feelings moved hım

Keep quiet he said to them I will speak to the officers

That s it - speak to them father shouted the crowd bring the accursed wretches to reason!

Vladimir approached the officials Shabashkin with his cap on his head stood with his arms akimbo look ing proudly around him The sheriff a tall stout man of about fifty years of age with a red face and a mus tache seeing Dubrovsky approach cleared his throat and called out in a hoarse voice

"And therefore I repeat to you what I have already said by the decision of the district Court, you now be

long to Kirila Petrovich Troyekurov who is here represented by Mr Shabashkin Obey all his orders and you, women, love and honor him for he is certainly fond of you

At this coarse joke the sheriff guffaw.d, Shabashkin and the other officials following his example Vladimir was boiling with indignation

Allow me to ask, what does all this mean?" he in quired with pretended calmness, of the jocular police officer

It means replied the witty official that we have come to place Kirila Petrovich Troyckurov in posses soon of this property, and to request certain others to take themselves off while they can do it in peace

But I think that you could have communicated all this to me first rather than to my peasants and an nounced to the landowner the decision of the authorities—

The former landowner Andrey Gavrilovich Dubrovsky died by the will of God and who are you any way? said Shabashkin, with an insolent lool. We do not know you and we don't want to know you.

Your honor that is our young master, Vladimir Andreyevich" said a voice in the crowd

Who dared to open his mouth? said the sheriff ferociously. What master? What Vladimir Andreye

ferocously What master? What Vladimir Andreye vich? Your master is kirila Petrovich Troyekurov do you hear you blockheads?

Not quite! said the same voice

But this is a revolt! shricked the police officer Hi,
build! come here!

The bailiff stepped forward

"Find out immediately who it was that dared to an

swer me. I ll teach him a lesson!

The bailif turned toward the crowd and asked who had spoken But all remained silent 500n a murmur was heard at the back, it gradually grew louder and

in a minute it broke out into a terrible clamor. The sheriff lo vered his voice and was about to try to per suade them to be calm.

Don't pay attention to him! cried the house seris

Lay on lads! And the crowd lurched forward

Shabashkin and the others rushed into the vestibule and locked the door behind them

Break in lads' cried the same voice and the crowd

Hold! cried Dubrovsky idnost what are you do ing? You will ruin yourselves and me too Go home all of you and leave me to myself. Don't fear the Czar is mercful! I will present a petition to him—he will not let us be wronged. We are all his children But how can he stand up for you if you begin acting like rebels and brigands?

This speech of young Dubrovsky's his resonant voice and imposing appearance produced the desired effect. The crowd grew quiet and dispersed the court yard became empty the officials kept indoors. Vladimur sadly ascended the steps. Shabashkin cautiously un locked the door came out on to the steps and with obsequious bows began to thank. Dubrovsky for his kind intervention.

Vladimir listened to him with contempt and made

no reply

We have decided continued the assessor with your permission to remain here for the night as it is already dark and your peasants might attack us on the road. Be kind enough to order some hay to be put down for us on the parlor floor as soon as it is day light we will leave

Do what you please, replied Dubrovsky drily I

am no longer master here

With these words he retired to his father s voom and locked the door behind him

Vi

AND SO I m done for! said Vladimir to himself. This morning I had a corner and a piece of bread to morrow I must leave the house where I was born My father with the ground where he reposes will belong to that hateful man the cause of his death and of my run! Vladimir clenched his teeth and fixed his eyes upon the portrait of his mother. The artist had

represented her leaning upon a balustrade, in a white morning dress with a rose in her hair

And that portrait will fall into the hands of the enemy of my family thought Vladimir 'It will be thrown into a lumber room together with broken chairs or hung up in the ante room, to become an object of derision for his whips and in her bedroom in the room where my father died will be installed his bailiff or his harem. No nol he shall not have posses ion of the house of mourning from which he is driving me.

Vladimir clenched his teeth again terrible thoughts rose up in his mind The voices of the officials reached him they were giving orders demanding fir t one thing and then another, and disagreeably disturbing

him in the midst of his sad meditations

At last all became quiet

Vladimir unlocked the chests and boyes and began to examine the papers of the deceased They consisted for the most part of accounts and business letters Vlad imir tore them up without reading them Among them he came across a packet with the inscription. Letters from my wife A prey to deep emotion, Vladimir be gan to read them They had been written during the Turl ish campaign and were addressed to the army from kistenjovka She described to her husband her

lonely life and the affairs of the farm complained with tenderness of the separation and implored him to return home as soon is possible to the arms of his good wife In one of these letters she expressed to him her anxiety concerning the health of little Vladimir in an other she rejoiced over his early intelligence and pre dicted for him a happy and brilliant future Vladimir was so absorbed in his reading that he forgot every thing else in the world as his mind conjured up visions of domestic happiness and he did not observe how the time was passing the clock upon the wall struck elev en Vladimir placed the letters in his pocket, took a candle and left the room. In the parlor the officials were sleeping on the floor Upon the table were turn blers which they had emptied and a strong smell of rum pervaded the entire room Vladimir turned from them with disgust and passed into the ante room The doors were locked Not finding the key Vladimir re turned to the parlor the key was lying on the table Vladimir unlocked the door and stumbled on a man who was crouching in a corner An ax glistened in his hand Turning the candle on him Vladimir recog tuzed Arkhip the blacksmith

Why are you here? he asked

Oh Vladimir Andreyevich it s you!" Arkhip an swered in a whisper The Lord save and preser e us! It s a good thing that you had a candle with you"

Vladimir looked at him in amazement Why are you hiding here? he asked the black

dumz

I wanted-I came to find out if they were all in the house replied Arkhip in a low faltering voice

And why have you got your ax?

Why have I got my ax? Can anybody go about nowadays without an ax? These officials are such im pudent knaves that one never knowsYou are drunk, drop the av and go sleep it off

I drunk? Master Vladımır Andreyevich God is my witness that not a single drop of brandy has passed my lips nor has the thought of such a thing entered my mind Would the thought of drink enter my mind at a time like this? Was ever such a thing heard of? These clerks have taken it into their heads to rule over us and to drive our master out of the minor house

How they snore the wretches! I d put an end to the lot and be done with it

Dubrovsky frowned

Listen Arkhip said he, after a short pause Get such ideas out of your head It is not the fault of the officials Light the lantern and follow me

Arkhip took the candle out of his masters hand found the lantern behind the stove lit it and then both of them softly descended the steps and proceeded down the courtyard. The vatchman began beating upon an iron plate the dogs commenced to bark.

Who is on the watch? asked Dubrovsky

We master replied a thin voice Vasilisa and Lukerya

Go home said Dubrovsky to them, you are not wanted

You can quit added Arkhip

Thank you kind sir replied the women, and they immediately went home

Dubrovsky wall ed on further Two men approached him they challenged him and Dubrovsky recognized the voices of Anton and Grisha

the voices of Anton and Grisha
Why are you not in bed and asleep? he asked
them

This is no time for us to think of sleep replied An ton Who would have thought that we should ever

have come to this?

Softly interrupted Dubrovsky Where is Yepo-

In the manor house in her room replied Grishi

Go and bring her here and make all our people get out of the house let not a soul remain in it except the officials and you Anton get the cart ready

Grisha departed a minute afterward he returned with his mother. The old woman had not undressed that night with the exception of the officials nobody

in the house had closed an eye
Are all here? asked Dubrovsky Has anybody

been left in the house? Nobody except the clerks replied Crisha

Bring some hay or some straw said Dubrovsky

The servants ran to the stables and returned with

armfuls of hay

Put it under the steps—that s it Now my lads a light! Arklup opened the lantern and Dubrovsky kindled

a torch
Watt a minute said he to Arkhip I think in my

Wait a minute said he to Arkhip I think in my hurry that I locked the doors of the hall Go quickly and open them

Arkhup ran to the vestibule the doors were open He locked them muttering in an undertone. It is likely that I Il leave them open! and then returned to Dubrosky

Dubrov Ly applied the torch to the hay which burst into a blaze the flames rising to a great height and illuminating the whole courtyard

Oh dear mel cried Yegorovna plaintively "vlad imit Andreyevich what are you doing

Silencel said Dubrovsky Now children fare well! I am going where God may direct me Be happy with your new master

Our father our provider! cried the peasants we will die-but we will not leave you we will go with you

you

The horses were ready Dubrovsky took his seat in
the cart with Grisha, Anton whipped the horses and

they drove out of the courtyard A wind rose In one moment the whole house was enveloped in flames. The panes cracked and splintered the burning beams began to crash a red smoke rose above the roof, and there were piteous groans and cries.

of Help help! Shout away!" said Arkhip with a malicious smile

contemplating the fire

Dear Arkhip said Yegorovna to him save them

Not a chance replied the blacksmith

At that moment the officials appeared at the window, endeavoring to burst the double sash. But at the same instant the roof caved in with a crash—and the cries ceased.

Soon all the peasants came pouring into the court yard. The women screaming wildly hastened to savtheir effects the children danced about admiring the conflagration. The sparks flew up in a fiery shower setting the huts on fire.

Now everything is right! said Arkhip How it hurges! It must be a grand sight from Pokrovskove

burns! It must be a grand sight from Pokrovskoye
At that moment a new sight attracted his attention
A cat ran along the roof of a burning barn without

A cat ran along the roof of a burning barn without knowing where to leap down Flames surrounded it on every side The poor creature cried for help with plain tive mewings the children screamed with laughter on seeing its despair

What are you laughing at you imps? said the blacksmith angrily "Do you not fear God? One of God's creatures is perishing and you rejoice over it"

Then placing a ladder against the burning roof he clumbed up to fetch the cat She understood his intention and with grateful eagerness clutched hold of his sleeve. The half burnt blacksmith descended with his burden.

And now lads good bye, he said to the dismayed peasants there is nothing more for me to d_o here May you be happy. Do not think too badly of me

The blacksmith went away The fire raged for some time longer and at last went out Piles of red hot embers glowed brightly in the darkness of the night while round about them wandered the burnt out in habitants of Kistenyovka

VΠ

THE next day the news of the fire spread through all the neighborhood All discussed it and made various guesses about it Some maintained that Dubrovsky servants having got drunk at the funeral had set fire to the house through carelessness others blamed the officials who were drunk also in their new quariers Many maintained that he had himself perished in the flames with the officials and all his servants Some guessed the truth and affirmed that the author of the terrible calamity was Dubrovsky himself urged on by resentment and despair

Troyckuror came the next day to the scene of the conflagration and conducted the inquest himself I transpired that the sheriff the assessor of the district Court a solicitor and a clerk, as well as Vladamir Du browsky, the nurse Yegorovan the servant Grisha the coachman Anton and the blacksmith Arkhip had disappeared—nobody knew where All the servants de clared that the officials perished at the moment when

820

the roof fell in Their charred remains in fact were discovered Vasilisa and Lukerya said that they had seen Dubrovsky and Arkhip the blacksmith a few minutes before the fire The blacksmith Arl hip all asserted wa alive and was probably the principal, if not the sole author of the fire Strong suspicions fell upon Du brovsky Kirila Petrovich sent to the Governor a de tailed account of all that had happened and a new suit

was commenced

Soon other reports furnished fresh food for curiosity and go sip Brigands appeared at X and spread terror throughout the neighborhood. The measures taken against them proved unavailing Robberies each more startling than the last followed one after another There was no security either on the roads or in the villages Several troikas, filled with brigands trav ersed the whole province in open daylight stopping travelers and the mail The villages were visited by them and the manor houses were attacked and set on fire The chief of the band had acquired a great repu tation for intelligence daring and a sort of generosity Wonders were related of him The name of Dubros

sky was upon every tongue Everybody was convinced that it was he and nobody else, who commanded the

daring robbers. One thing was remarkable the domains and property of Troyekurov were spared The brigands had not attacked a single barn of his, nor s opped a single cart belonging to him With his usual ar rogance. Troyekurov attributed this exception to the fear which he had inspired throughout the whole prov ince as well as to the excellent police which he had or gamzed in his villages. At first the neighbors smiled at the presumption of Troyel urov, and everyone expect ed that the uninvited guests would visit Pokrovskoye where they would find something worth having but at last they were compelled to agree and confess that the

brigands showed him unaccountable respect Troye kurov triumbhed and at the news of each fresh ex plot on the part of Dubrovsky he indulged in ironical remarks at the expense of the Governor, the police and the company commanders from whom Dubrovsky in variably escaped with impunity

Meanwhile the 1st of October arrived the day of the annual church festival in froyel urov svillage But be fore we proceed to describe this solemn occasion as well as further events we must acquaint the reader with some characters who are new to him or whom we merely mentioned at the beginning of our story

VIII

THE reader has probably already guessed that Kirila Petrovich's daus hter of whom we have as yet said but very little is the heroine of our story At the period about which we are writing she was seventeen years old and in the full bloom of her beauty Her father loved her to distraction but treated her with his char acteristic wilfulness at one time endeavoring to gratify her slightest whims at another terrifying her by his stern and sometimes brutal behavior Convinced of her attachment he could yet never gain her confidence She was accustomed to conceal from him her thoughts and feelings because she never knew in what manner they would be received She had no companions and had grown up in solitude The wives and daughters of the neighbors rarely visited Kirila Petrovich whose usual conversation and amusements demanded the companionship of men and not the presence of ladies Our beauty rarely appeared among the guests who feasted at her father s house The extensive library con sisting for the most part of works of French writers of

the eighteenth century was put at her disposal Her father who never read anything except The Perfect Cook, could not guide her in the choice of books and Masha after having rummaged through works of various kinds had naturally given her preference to romances. In this manner she went on completing her education first begun under the direction of Made moiselle Mimi in whom Lirila Petrovich reposed great confidence and whom he was at last obliged to send away secretly to another estate when the results of this

friendship became too apparent Mademoiselle Mimi left behind her a rather agree able recollection She was a good natured girl, and had never misused the influence that she evidently ever cised over Kirila Petrovich in which she differed from the other favorites whom he constantly kept changing Kırıla Petrovich himself seemed to like her more than the others and a dark-eyed roguish looking little fel low of nine recalling the Southern features of Made moiselle Mimi was being brought up by him and was recognized as his son, in spite of the fact that quite a number of bare footed lads ran about in front of his windows who were the very spit of Kirila Petrovich and who were considered house serfs Litila Petrovich had sent to Moscow for a French tutor for his little son Sasha, and this tutor came to Pokrovskoye at the time of the events that we are now describing

This tutor by his pleasant appearance and simple manner produced an agreeable impression upon Kir la Petrovich. He presented to the latter his diplomas and a letter from one of Troyckurov's relations with whom he had lived as tutor for four years Kirila Petrovich examined all these and was dissatisfied only with the youthfulness of the Frenchman, not because he consid tred this agreeable defect incompatible with the pa tience and experience necessary for the unhappy call

ing of a tutor but because ne had doubts of his own which he immediately resolved to have cleared up. For this purpose he ordered Masha to be sent to him Kirila Petrovich did not speak French and she acted as inter preter for him

Come here Masha tell this Monsieur that I accept him only on condition that he does not venture to run after my girls for if he should do so the son of a dog Translate that to him Masha

Masha blushed and turning to the tutor told him in French that her father counted upon his modesty and orderly conduct

The Frenchman bowed to her and replied that he hoped to merit esteem even if favor were not shown to him

Masha translated his reply word for word

Very well very well said Kirila Petrovich he needs neither favor nor esteem His business is to bok after Sasha and teach him grammar and geographytranslate that to him

Masha softened the rude expressions of her fathe in translating them and Kirila Petrovich dismissed his Frenchman to the wing of the house where a room had been assigned to him

Masha had not given a thought to the young Fren li man Brought up with aristocratic prejudices a tu or in her eyes was only a sort of servant or artisan and a servant or an artisan did not seem to her to be a man Nor did she observe the impression that she had produced upon Monsieur Deforges his confusion his agi tation his changed voice For several days in success sion she met him fairly often but without deignin, to pay him much attention. In an unexpected manner however she formed quite a new idea of him

In Kirila Petrovich's courtyard there were usually kept several bear-cubs and they formed one of the chief amusements of the master of Pokrovskove While they were young they were brought every day into the par for where Kirila Petrovich used to spend whole hours in amusing himself with them setting them at cats and puppies. When they were grown up they were put on a chain being baited in earnest. Sometimes they were brought out in front of the windows of the manor house, and an empty wine-cash, studded with nails was put before them. The bear would snift it then touch it gently, and getting its paws pricked it would become angry and push the cask with greater force, and so wound itself still more. The beast would then work itself into a perfect frenzy and fling itself upon the cask, growling furiously until they removed from the poor animal the object of its vain rage Sometimes a pair of bears were harnessed to a telega, then, will ingly or unwillingly guests were placed in it and the bears were allowed to gallop wherever chance might direct them But the favorite joke of Kirila Petrovich was as follows

A strived hear used to be locked up in an emply room and fastened by a rope to a ring screwed wto the wall. The rope was nearly the length of the room so that only the opposite corner was out of the reach of the ferocous best A novice was generally brought to the door of this room, and as if by accident, pushed in where the bear was, the door was then locked and the unhappy victim was left alone with the shappy her mit. The poor guest with torn skirt and scratched lainds soon sought the safe corner but he was some times compelled to stand for three whole hour pressed against the wall watching the savage beast two steps from him, leaping and standing on its hind legs growling tugging at the rope and endeavoring to reach him Such were the noble amusements of a Russian genile

Some days after the arrival of the French tutor Tro yekurov thought of him and resolved to give him a taste of the bear s room For this purpose he summon ed him one morning and conducted him along several dark corridors suddenly a side door opened-two ser vants pushed the Frenchman into the room and locked the door after him Recovering from his surprise, the tutor perceived the chained bear. The animal began to snort and to sniff at his visitor from a distance and suddenly raising himself upon his hind legs he ad vanced toward him The Frenchman did not lose his head he did not run away but awaited the attack The bear approached Deforges drew from his pocket a small pistol inserted it in the ear of the hungry and mal and fired The bear rolled over All ran to the spot the door was opened and Kırıla Petrovich en tered astonished at the outcome of his joke

Kırıla Petrovich wanted an explanation of the whole affair Who had warned Deforges of the jole or how came he to have a loaded pistol in his pocket? He sent for Masha Masha came and interpreted her fathers questions to the Frenchman

I never heard of the bear replied Deforges but I always carry a pistol about with me because I do not intend to put up with an offence for which on account of my calling I cannot demand satisfaction M isha looked at him in astonishment and translated

his words to Kirila Petrovich Kirila Petrovich made no reply he ordered the bear to be removed and skinned then turning to his people, he said A capital fellow! There is nothing of the coward

about him By the Lord he is certainly no coward!

From that moment he took a liking to Deforges and never thought again of putting him to the proof
But this incident produced a still greater impression

upon Masha Her imagination had been struck she

had seen the dead bear, and Deforges standing calmly over it and talking tranquilly to her She saw that have ery and proud self respect did not belong exclusin lyto one class and from that moment she began to show the young man a respect which increased from hour of hour A certain intimacy sprang up between them Masha had a beautiful voice and great musical shilty Deforges volunteered to give her lessons. After that it will not be difficult for the reader to guess that Masha fell in love with him without acknowledging it to herself

ΙX

ON THE eye of the festival of which we have already spoken, the guests began to arrive at Pokrovskove Some were accommodated at the manor house and in the wings, others in the house of the bailiff, a third party was quartered upon the priet and the remain der upon the better class of peasants The stables were filled with the horses of the visitors and the yards and coach houses were crowded with vehicles of every sort At nine o clock in the morning the bells ring for mass, and everybody repaired to the new stone church built by Kırıla Petrovich and annually embellished thanks to his contributions The church was soon crowded with such a number of distinguished worshipers that the simple peasants could find no room within the edi fice and had to stand on the porch and within the en closure The mass had not yet begun they were waiting for Kirila Petrovich. He arrived at list in a caleche drawn by six horses and solemnly walked to his place accompanied by Marya Kirilovna The eves of both men and women were turned upon her-the former were astonished at her beauty the latter examined her dress with great attention

The mass began The home trained choristers sang in the choir and Kirila Petrovich joined in with them He prayed without looking either to the right or to the left and with proud humility he bowed himself to the ground when the deacon in a loud voice mentioned the name of the builder of this temple.

The mass came to an end Airila Petrovich was the first to go up to his the crucins. All the others follow ed him the neighbors approached him with deference, the ladies surrounded Masha Kirila Petrovich on leaving the church invited everybody to dince with him, then he seated himself in his coach and drove home.

All the guests followed him

The rooms began to fill with the visitors every mo ment new faces appeared and it was with difficulty that the host could be approached. The ladies sat decorous ly in a semicircle dressed in anniquated fashion in gowns of faded but expensive material and were be decked with pearls and diamonds. The men crowded round the caviar and the wolka conversing among themselves with great animation. In the dining room the table was laid for eightly the servants were bustling about arranging the bottles and decarters and adjust ing the table.cloths.

At last the house steward announced that dinner was ready Jurila Petrovich went in first to tale his seat at the table the ladies followed him and took their places with an air of great dignity obeying to some extent the rule of semionity. The young ladies crowded to gether like a timid flock of kids and took their places nown to one another Oppointe to them sat the men At the end of the table sat the tutor by the side of little Satho.

Sasha

The servants began to serve the guests according to rank in case of doubt they were guided by Lavater's theories and almost never made a mistake. The noise

of the plates and spoons mungled with the loud tilk of the plates Kirila Petrovich looked gaily round his to ble and thoroughly enjoyed the pleasure of being so hospitable a host At that moment a carriage, drawn by its horses drose into the yard

Who is that? asked the host

Anton Pafnutyich, replied several voices

The doors opened and Anton Pafnutyich Spitzyn, a stout man of about fifty years ot age with a round poly marked face, adorned with a treble chin rolled into the dining room bowing smiling and preparing to make his excuses

A cover herel cried Kirila Petrovich Pray sit down Anton Pafinityich and tell us what this means you were not at my mass, and you are late for diarret. This is not like you. You are devout and you love good cheer.

Pardon me, replied Anton Pafnutytch fastening his servictie in the button hole of his coat pardon me my dear Kirla Petrovich I started out early but I had not gone ten versts when suddenly the ture of the front wheel snapped in two What was to be done? Fortu ne lev it was not far from the village But by the time we had strived there and had found a blacksmith and had got exerything put to rights, three hours had elays ed It could not be helped. To take the shortest route through the Kistenyoka woods I did not dare so we came the longest way round.

"Ah ah! interrupted kirils Petrovich it is evident that you are no dare-devil What are you afraid

"How what am I afraid of my dear kinla Petrosich? And Dubrovsky? I might have fallen into his clutches He is a young man who never misses his aim -he lets nobody off and I am afraid he would have dayed me twice over had he got hold of me." Why brother such a distinction?

Why dear Kirsla Petrovich? Have you forgotten the lawsus of the late Andrey Gavrilovich? Was it not I who to please you that is to say according to con science and justice showed that Dubrovsky held posses sion of Kistenyovka without having any right to it and solely through your condescension and did not the de ceased-God rest his soull-vow that he would settle with me in his own way and misht not the son keep his father's word? Hitherto the Lord has been merci ful to me Up to the present they have only plundered one of my burns but one of these days they may find their way to the manor house

Where they would find rich booty observed Kirila Petrovich I have no doubt that the little red cash box is as full as it can be

Not so dear kirila Petrovich there was a time when it was full but now it is quite empt/ Don't you fib Anton Pafnutyich We know you

Where do you speed money? At home you live like a pig you never receive anybody and you fleece your peasants. You do nothing with your money but hoard ī†

You are only joking dear Kirila Petrovich mur mured Anton Pafnuryich smiling "but I swear to you that we are ruined and Anton Pafnutyich began to chew a greasy piece of pie, to take away the sting of his ho ts joke

Kirila Petrovich left him and turned to the new sheriff who was his guest for the first time and who was sitting at the other end of the table, near the tutor Well Mr Sheriff will you catch Dubrovsky"

The sheriff was frightened bowed smiled stam mered and said at last

We will do our best, Your Excellency"

H m! we will do our best! You have been doing

your best for a long time and to no purpose. And after all why try to catch him? Dubrovsky's robbenes are a blessing to the sheriffs what with trips and investigations, the money gets into one's pocket. Why do away with such a fodsend? Isn't that true Mr. Sherif?

Perfectly true Your Excellency, replied the sheriff

in utter confusion

The guests roared with laughter

I like the fellow for his frankness said Kirila Pet rovich but it is a pity that our late sheriff is no longer with us If he had not been burnt the neighborhood would have been quieter. And what news of Dubro

sky? Where was he last seen?

At my house Kirila Petrovich said a female voice

last Tuesday he dined with me

All eyes were turned toward Anna Savishna Glob ova a widow a rather simple person beloved by every body for her kind and cheerful disposition Everyone prepared to listen to her story with curiouty

You must know that three weeks ago I sen my steward to the post with a letter for my Vanyusha I do not spoil my son and moreover I haven t the means of spoiling him, even if I wished to do so However you know very well that an officer of the Guards must live in suitable style and I share my income with Van yusha a well as I can Well I sent two thousand ru bles to him and although the thought of Dubrovsky came more than once into my mind I thought to my self the town is not far off-only seven versts altogether please God all will be well But what happens? In the evening my steward returns pal tatter ed and on foot What is the matter? What has hap pened to you! I exclaimed The brigands have robbed and almost killed me he answered Dubrovsky himself was there, and he wanted to hang me but he afterwards had pity upon me and let me go But he

took away everything I had-money horse and cart A taintness came over me Heavenly Lord! What will become of my Vanyusha? There was nothing to be done I wrote him a letter telling him all that had happened and sent him my blessing without a groat One week passed, and then another Suddenly, one day a coach drove into my courtyard Some general asked to see me I gave orders for him to be shown in He entered the room and I saw before me a man of about thirty five years of age dark with black hair mustache and beard-the exact portrait of Kulnev He introduced himself to me as a friend and colleague ot my late husband Ivan Andreyevich He happened to be passing by he said and he could not resist paying a visit to his old friend's widow knowing that I lived there I invited him to dine and I set before him what God had sent me We spoke of this and that and at last we began to talk about Dubrovsky I told him of my trouble My general frowned That is strange said he I have heard that Dubrovsky does not attack every body but only people who are well known to be rich and that even then he leaves them a part of their pos sessions and does not rob them of everything As for murdering people nobody has yet accused him of that is there not some knavery here? Oblive me by sending for your steward The steward was sent for and quickly made his ap

pearance But as soon as he caught sight of the general

he stood as if petrified

Tell me brother in what manner did Dubrovsky rob you and how was it that he wanted to hang you? My steward began to tremble and fell at the general's feet

Sir I am guilty The evil one led me astray I have

hed If that is so replied the general have the good ness to relate to your mistress how it all happened and

832

I will listen My steward could not recover himself

Weil then continued the general tell us where sou met Dubross! v

At the two pine trees sir at the two pine trees

What did he say to your He asked me who I was, where I was going and 11.427

Well and after that?

After that he demanded the letter and the money from me and I gave them to him

And he?

Well and he forgive me sirl

Weil what did he do? Fig returned me the money and the letter and said

Go in peace and post this' Well

Forgive me sir!

I will settle with you my dear fellow said the general sternly. And you madam order this seoun drels trunk to be searched and then give him into my hands I will teach him a lesson Remember that Du brovsky himself was once an officer in the Guards, and

uruld not wish to take advantage of a comrade I guessed who His Excellency was but there was no use saying anything. The coachmen tied the steward to the carriage box the money was found the general dined with me and departed immediately afterwards taking with him my steward. The steward was found the next day in the wood tied to an oak, and stripped

bare Everybody listened in silence to Anna Savishnas story especially the young ladies. Many of them secret ly wished well to Dubrovsky seeing in him a romanuc

hero particularly Marya Kirilovna an ardent dream er steeped in the mysteries and horrors of Mrs Anne Radcliffe

And do you think Anna Savishna that it was Du bross's himself who visited you? asked Airila Petrovich You are very much mistaken I do not know who your guest may have been but I feel quite sure

that it was not Dubrovsky Not Dubrovsky? How can that be, my dear sir? But who else would stop travelers on the high road and search them?

I don't know but certainly not Dubrovsky I re member him as a child I do not know whether his hair has turned black but in those days his hair was fur and curly But I do know for a positive fact, that Dubrovsky is five years older than my Masha and that consequently he is not thirty five but about twenty there.

Exactly Your Fxcellency observed the sheriff thave in my pocket the description of Vladimir Dubrovsky There it is distinctly stated that he is twenty three years of age

Ah! said kirila Petrovich By the way read it and we will listen it will not be a had thing for us to know what he looks like Perhaps we may catch a glimpse of him and if so he will not escape in hurry

The sheriff drew from his pocket a rather dirty sheer of paper unfolded it with an air of importance and be

gin to read in a sing song manner
Description of Vladimir Dubrovsky based upon the depositions of his former house serfs

Age twenty two height medium complexion clear beard shaven eyes hazel hair light nose straight special marks none

And is that all? said Kirila Petrovich

That is all replied the sheriff folding up the paper

I congratulate you Mr Sheriff A very valuable document! With that description it will not be difficult for you to find Dubrovsky! Who is not of medium height? Who has not Ight hair a straight nose and hazel eyes? I would wager that you would talk for three hours at a stretch to Dubrovsky himself, and you would never guess in whose company you were There is no dening that these officials are clever fellows

The sherriff, meekly replacing the paper in his pocket, silently attacked his goose and eabbage. Meanwhile the servants had already gone the round of the guests ever all times filling up each one's glass. Several bortles of Don and Caucasian wine had been opened with a great deal of noise and had been favorably received under the name of champagne. Faces began to glow and the conversation grew louder more incoherent and more lively.

No continued Lirila Petrovich we shall never see another sheriff like the late Taras Aleveevich! He was no blunderhead no simpleton It is a pity that the fellow was burnt for otherwise not one of the band would have got away from him He would have lad his hands upon the whole lot of them and not even Dubrovsky himself would have escaped or bribed his way out Taras Alexeyevich would surely have taken his money but he would not have let him go That was the man's way Undentily there is nothing else to be done but for me to take the matter in hand and go after the brigands with my people I will begin by sending out twenty men to scour the wood I ty people are not cowards Each of them would attack a bear single handed and they certainly would not fall backbefore a brisingle

How is your bear, Kirila Petrovich? asked Anton Pafinutyich, being reminded by these words of his shaggy acquaintance and of certain pleasantries of which he had once been the victim

Misha has departed this life replied Kirila Petro vich he died a glorious death at the hands of the enemy. There is his conqueror! Kirila Petroich pointed to the French tutor. You should have an image of the Frenchman patron saint. He has avenged you—if you will allow me to siy so—do you remember?

How should I not remember? said Anton Pafnut yes rearching his head. I remember it only too well 86 Misha is dead 1 am very sorry for Misha—upon my word I am very sorry! How amusing he was! How in telligent! You will not find another bear like him. And why did mossoo kill him?

Kirila Petrovich began with great satisfaction to relate the exploit of his Frenchman for he possessed the happy ficulty of bossting of all that belonged to his entourage. The guests listened with great attention to the story of Misha s death and gazed in astonishment at Deforges who not uspecting that his bravery was the subject of the conversation calmly sat in his place occasionally rebul ing his restive pupil

The dinner which had lasted about three hours came to an end the host placed his napkin upon the table and everybody rose and repaired to the parlor where coffee and cards were awaiting them and a continuation of the drinking so famously begun in the dinnir room.

х

ABOUT seven a clock in the evening some of the guests wished to depart but the host merry with 836

punch, ordered the gates to be locked and declared that he would let no one leave the house until the next morning Music soon resounded the doors of the ball room were thrown open and the dancing began The host and his intimates sat in a corner draining glass after glass and admiring the gaiety of the young people The old ladies played cards There were fewer men than women as is always the case, except where a brigade of Uhlans is stationed and all the men suitable tor partners were soon pressed into service. The rutor particularly distinguished himself he danced more than anyone else all the young ladies wanted to have him as a partner finding it very pleasant to waltz with him He danced several times with Marya Kirilovna and the young ladies observed them mockingly At last about midnight the tired host stopped the dance ing ordered supper to be served while he betook him self to bed

The returement of kirala Petrovich allowed the company more freedom and animation. The gentlemen ventured to ast near the ladies the girls laughed and whispered to their neighbors the ladies spoke in Joud voices across the sible the gentlemen drank disputed and laughed bosterously In a word the supper was exceedingly merry and left behind it many agreeable memories.

One man only did not share in the general joy An ton Pafnutyich sat gloomy and silent in his place are absently and seemed extremely uneasy. The conversation about the brigands had worked upon his imagination. We shall soon see that he had good cause to fear here.

hem
Anton Pafnutyich in invoking God as a witness that
he little red cash-box was empty had not lied and
sinned The little red cash-box was really empty. The
money which it had at one time contained had been

transferred to a leather pouch which he carried on his breast under his shirt. This precaution alone quieted his distrust of everybody and his constant fear. Being compelled to spend the night in a strange house, he was afraid that he might be lodged in some solitary room where thieves could easily break in He looked round in search of a trustworthy companion and at last his choice fell upon Deforges. His appearance—indicative of strength—but especially the bravery shown by him in his encounter with the bear which poor Anton Paf nutyich could never think, of without a shudder decided his choice. When they rose from the table. Anton Pafinutyich began to circle round the young Freich man clearing his throat and coughing and at last he turned to him and addressed him.

Hm! hm! Couldn t I spend the night in your room,

mossoo because you see-

Que désire monueur? asked Deforges with a

Ah! what a pity mossoo that you have not yet learnt Russian Je vase moa chez vous coucher Do you understand?

Monsteur très volontiers teplied Deforges teuillez donner des ordres en consequence

Anton Pafnutyich well satisfied with his knowledge of the French language went off at once to make the necessity arrangements

The guests began to wish each other good night and each retired to the room assigned to him while Anton Pafnutyich went with the tutor to the wing The night was dril. Deforges lighted the way with a lantern Anton Pafnutyich followed him boldly enough pressing the hidden treasure occasionally against his breast in order to convince himself that his money was still there.

On arriving at the wing the tutor lit a candle and

838

both began to undre s, in the meantime Anton Pafaut yich was walking about the room examining the locks and windows and shaking his head at the disquiering results of his inspection. The doors fastened with only a bolt and the windows had not yet their double frames He tried to complain to Deforges but hs knowledge of the French language was too limited for so elaborate an explanation. The Frenchman did not understand him, and Anton Palnutyich was obliged to cea e his complaints. Their beds stood opposite each other they both lay down and the turor extinguished the light

Pourquoi vous extinguishez pourquoi vous extin guishes? cried Anton Palnutyich, conjugating the verb to extinguish after the French manner 1 cannot dormer in the dark

Deforses did not understand his exclamation and wished him good night.

Accursed heathen! muttered Spitzyn wrapping himself up in the bedelothes he couldn't do without extinguishing the light So much the worse for him I cunnot sleep without a light-Mossoo mossoo he con unued le vé avec vous parler

But the Frenchman did not reply and soon beyon to snore

He is snoring the French brute thought Anton Pafnutyich while I can t even think of sleep Thieves might walk in at any moment through the open doors or climb in through the window and the firing of a cannon would not vake him the beast!

Mossoo! mossoo!-the devil take you!

Anton Pafnutyich became silent Fatigue and the effect of the wine gradually overcame his fear He be gan to doze, and soon fell into a deep sleep A strange sensation aroused him. He felt in his sleep that some one was gently pulling him by the collar of his shirt

Anton Pafnutyich opened his eyes and by the pale light of an autumn morning he saw Deforges strind ing before him. In one hand the Frenchman held a pocket pistol and with the other he was unfastening the strings of the precious leather pouch. Anton Pafnutyich felt fastat.

Quest ce que cest Mossoo quest ce que cest? said he in a trembling voice

Hush! Silence! replied the tutor in pure Russian Silence! or you are lost I am Dubrovsky

XI

WE WILL now ask the reader's permission to explain the last incidents of our story by referring to the circumstances that preceded them and which we have not yet had time to relate

At the station in the house of the postmaster of whom we have already spoken sat a traveler in a cor ner looking sery meek and patient which showed him to be a man without rank or a foreigner that is a per son unable to assert his rights on the post road His carriage stood in the courtyard waiting for the wheek to be greased. Within it lay a small portmanteau evidence of a very modest fortune. The traveler ordered neither tea nor coffee but sat looking out of the van dow and whisting to the great annoyance of the postmistress stiting behind the partition.

The Lord has sent us a whistler said she, in a low voice How he does whistle! I wish he would burst

the accursed heathen!

What does it matter? said her husband. Let him whistle!

What does it matter? retorted his angry spouse don't you know the saying? What saying? That whistling drives money away? Oh Pakhomovna whether he whistles or not we shall have precious little money anyway

Then let him go Sidorych What pleasure have you in keeping him here? Give him the horses and let him

go to the devil

He can wast Pakhomovna I have only three stooks in the stable, the fourth is resung Trailers of more importance may arrive at any moment, and I don't wish to task my neck for a Frenchman Listen there you are! Someone is driving up! And at

what a rate! Can it be a general?

A coach stopped in front of the steps. The servant jumped down from the box opened the door and a moment afterwards a young man in a military doal and white cap entered the station. Behind him followed his servant carrying a small box which he placed upon the window ledge.

Horses! said the officer in an imperious voice

Directly! replied the postmaster your pass if you please

I have no pass I am not going to take the main

road Don't you recognize me?

The postmaster began to bustle about and rushed out to hurry the drivers. The young man began to pace up and down the room went behind the partition and inquired in a low voice of the postmaster's wife.

Who is that traveler?"

God knows! she replied some Frenchman or other He has been five hours waiting for horses and has done nothing but whistle the whole time I am titled of him, drat him!

The young man spoke to the traveler in I rench

Where are you bound for sir? he asked

For the neighboring town replied the French man and from there I am going to a landed proprie tor who has engaged me as tutor without ever having seen me I thought I should have reached the place to day but the postmaster has evidently decided other wise In this country it is difficult to procure horses Mr Officer.

And who is the landed proprietor about here with whom you have found a position? asked the officer

Mr Troyekurov replied the Frenchman

Troyekurov? Who is this Troyekurov?

Ma for monseur I have heard very little good of him They say that he is a proud and wilful gentleman and so harsh toward the members of his household that nobody can live on good terms with him that all tremble at his name and that with his tutors he stands upon no ceremony whatever indeed that he has flogged two of them to death

Good Lord! And you have decided to take a position with such a monster?

What can I do Mr Officer? He offers me a good salary three thousand rubles a year and all found Perhaps I shall be more fortunate than the others I have an aged mother one half of my salary I will send to her for her support and out of the rest of my money I shall be able in five years to save a small capital sufficient to make me independent for the rest of my hine Then bon sour I return to Paris and set up in busi

Does anybody at Troyekurov s know you?" asked

Nobody replied the tutor He engaged me at Moscow through one of his friends, whose cook is a country man of mine and who recommended me I must tell you that I did not intend to be a tutor but a confectioner but I was told that in your country the profession of tutor is more lucrative

The officer reflected

Listen to me, he said to the Frenchman What would you say if, instead of this position you were offered ten thousand rubles ready money, on condition that you returned immediately to Paris?

The Frenchman looked at the officer in astonish ment smiled and shook his head

The horses are ready, said the postmaster, entering the room at that moment

The servant confirmed this statement

Presently replied the officer leave the room for a moment. The postmaster and the servant withdrew I am not job to the continued to French. Lean rite

I am not joking he continued in French I can give you ten thousand rubles I only want your absence and your papers

So saying he opened his small box and took out of it several bank notes. The Frenchman stared. He did not know what to think. My absence my papers! he repeated in aston

ishment Here are my papers but you are surely joking What do you want my papers for?

That does not concern you I ask you do you con sent or not?

The Frenchman still unable to believe his own ears handed his papers to the young officer who rapidly examined them

Your passport very well your letter of recommendation let us see your birth certificate capital! Well, here is your money return home Fare well

The Frenchman stood as if glued to the spot The officer came back

I had almost forgotter the most important thing of all Give me your word of honor that all this will re main between you and me Your word of honor"

My word of honor replied the Frenchman "But my papers? What shall I do without them? In the first town you come to announce that you have been robbed by Dubrovsky They will believe you and give you the necessary documents Farewell God grant you a safe and speedy return to Paris and may you find your mother in good health

Dubrovsky left the room, got into the coach and dished off

The postmaster stood looking out of the window and when the coach had driven off he turned to his

wife exclaiming
Pakhomovna do you know who that was? That

was Dubrovsky

The postmaster s wife rushed toward the window but it was too late Dubrovsky was already a long way off Then she began to scold her husband

You have no fear of God Sidorych Why did you not tell me sooner. I should at least have had a glimpse of Dubrovsky But now I shall have to wait long enough before he looks in on us again. You have no conscience—that s what it is no conscience.

The Frenchman stood as if petrified The agreement with the officer the money—verything seemed like a dream to him. But the bundle of bank notes was there in his pocket eloquently confirming the reality of the

wonderful adventure

He resolved to hire horses to take him to the next town He was driven very slowly and he reached the

town at nightfall

Just before they reached the gates where in place of a sentinel stood a dilapidated sentry bor the French man told the driver to stop gor out of the carriage and proceeded on foot explaining by signs to the driver that he might keep the vehicle and the portmanteau as a tip. The driver was as much astonished at his gen crossity as the Frenchman himself had been at Dubrov stys proposal But concluding that the foreigner had

taken leave of his senses the driver thanked him with a very profound bow, and not caring about entering the town he made his way to a house of entertainment which was well known to him and the proprietor of which was a friend of his There he passed the whole night and the next morning he started back on his return journey with the troils a without the carriage and without the portmanteau, but with a swollen face and red exes

Dubrovsky, having possessed himself of the French man's papers boldly presented himself to Trojekurov, as we have already seen and settled in the house What ever were his secret intentions—we shall know them later on—there was nothing at all objectionable in his behavior. It is true that he did not occupy himself very much with the education of little Sasha to whom he allowed full liberty nor was he very exacting in the matter of the boy's lessons which were only given as a matter of form but he paid great attention to the must call studies of his fair pupil and frequently sat for hours beside her at the piano

Everybody liked the young tutor Kırıla Petrovich for his boldness and dexterity in the hunting field Marya Kırılovna for his unbounded zeal and slavish attentiveness Sasha for his tolerance and the members of the household for his kindness and generosity apparently incompatible with his station. He himself seemed to be attached to the whole family and already regarded himself as a member of it.

Between the time that he entered upon a tutor sealing and the date of the memorable fete about a month had elapsed and nobody suspected that the modest young Frenchman was in reality the terrible brigand whose name was a source of terror to all the landed proprietors of the neighborhood During all this time.

845

thanks to the inventive imagination of the country people It is possible too that his band may have con tinued their exploits during their chief > absence Passing the night in the same room with a man

reports of his depredations did not cease for all that

whom he could only regard as a personal enemy and one of the principal authors of his misfortune Dubrov sly had not been able to resist temptation. He knew of the existence of the pouch and had resolved to take possession of it

We have seen how he astounded poor Anton Paf nutyich by his unexpected transformation from a tutor into a bris and

At nine o clock in the morning the guests who had passed the night at Pokrovslove repaired one after the other to the sitting room where the samovar was al ready boiling while before it sat Marya Kirilovna in a morning frock and Kirila Petrovich in a frieze coat and slippers drinking his tea out of a large cup

like a slop basin The last to appear was Anton Pafnutysch he was so pale and seemed so troubled that everybody was struck by his appearance and Lirila Petrovich in Quired after his health. In reply Spitzyn said something unintelligible glarin, with horror at the tutor who sat there as if nothing had happened A few minutes after ward a servant entered and announced to Spitzyn that his carriage was ready Anton Pafnutyich hastened to take his leave of the company and then hurried out of the room and in spite of the host's efforts to detain him drove off immediately No one could understand what had happened to him and Kirila Petrovich came to the conclusion that he had over-eaten

After tra and the farewell breakfast the other guests began to take their leave and soon Pokrovskoye grew empty and life there resumed its ordinary course

XII

SEVERAL days passed and nothing remarkable had happened The life of the inhabitants of Pokrovskoje was monotonous Kirila Petrovich went out hunting every day while Marya Kirilovna devoted her time to reading walking and especially to music lessons Sho was beginning to understand her own heart and ac knowledged to herself with involuntary vexation that she was not indifferent to the good qualities of the young Frenchman He on his side never overstepped the limits of respect and strict decorum and thereby quieted her pride and her timid doubts With more and more confidence she gave herself up to the allumng habit of seeing him She felt dull without Deforges and in his presence she was constantly occupied with him wishing to know his opinion of everything and always agreeing with him She was not yet in love with him perhaps but at the first accidental obstacle or sud den adverse move of Fate the flame of passion was sure to burst forth within her heart

One day on entering the parlor where the tword awaited her Marya Atrilona observed with astonish ment that he looked pale and troubled She opened the piano and sang a few notes but Dubrovsky under the pretret of a headache apologized interrupted the less on and closing the music book immediately slipped a note into her hand Marya Airilovan without palising to reflect took it and immediately repented. But Dubrovsky had gone Marya Kirilovan went to her room unfolded the note and read as follows.

Be in the arbor near the brook this evening at seven

o clock I must speak to you

Her curiosity was strongly excited. She had long expected a declaration both desiring it and dreading it. It

would have been agreeable to her to hear the confirma tion of what she divined but she felt that it would have been unbecoming to hear such a declaration from a man who on account of his position ought never to aspire to win her hand. She resolved to keep the tryst but she hesitated about one thing in what manner she ought to receive the tutor's declaration-with aristo critic indignation with friendly admonition with good humored banter or with silent sympathy. In the meantime she kept constantly looking at the clock. It grew darly candles were brought in Kirila Petrovich sat down to play at Boston with some of his neighbors who had come to pay him a visit The clock struck a quarter to seven and Marya Kirilovna walked quietly out on to the steps looked round on every side and then ran into the garden The night was dark the sky was covered with clouds

and it was impossible to see anything at a distance of two paces but Marya Kirilovn i went forward in the darkness along paths that were quite familiar to her and in a few minutes she reached the arbor There she paused in order to draw breath and to present herself before Deforges with an air of unhurried indifference But Deforges already stood before her

I thank you he said in a low sad voice for hav ing granted my request I should have been in despair if you had not complied with it

Marya Kirilovna answered him in the words she had prepared beforehand

I hope you will not cause me to repent of my con descension

He was silent and seemed to be collecting himself

Circumstances demand-I am obliged to leave you he said at last It may be that you will soon hear -but before going away I must have an explanation with you

Marya Kirilovna made no reply. In these words she saw the preface to the expected declaration

I am not what you suppose he continued lower ing his head. I am not the Frenchman Deforges-I am Dobrovsky

Marya Kirilovna intered a cry

Do not be alarmed for God's sakel You need not be afraid of my name Yes I am that unhappy man whom your father after depriving him of his last crust of bread drove out of his paternal home and sent on to the highway to rob But you need not be afraid either on your own account or on your father's All is over

I have forgiven him you have saved him My first bloody deed was to have had him for its victim I prowled round his house determining where the fire was to burst out where I should enter his bedroom and how I should cut him off from all means of escape at that moment you passed by me like a heavenly vision and my heart was subdued I understood that the house, in which you dwelt was sacred that not a single being connected with you by the ties of blood could be subject to my curse I repudiated vengeance as though it were madness. For days on end I wandered around the gardens of Pokrovskoye in the hope of see ing your white dress in the distance On your incau tious walks I followed you stealing from bush to bush happy in the thought that I was protecting you that for you there was no danger where I was secretly pre sent At last un opportunity presented itself came to live in your house. Those three weeks were for

me days of happiness the recollection of them will be To-day I received news the tov of my sad life which renders it impossible for me to remain here any longer I part from you to-day-at this very moment

But before doing so, I felt that it was necessity that I should reveal myself to you so that you might not curse me nor despise me Think sometime of Du brovsky Know that he was born for another fate that his soul was capable of loving you that never—

bis soul was capable of loving you that never—
Just then a low whistle sounded and Debrovsky opped He seized her hand and pressed it to his burn

ing lips The whistle was repeated

Farewell said Dubrovsly they are calling me A moment's delay may undo me

He moved away Marya Karilovna stood mo tionless Dubrovsky returned and once more took her hand

If misfortune should ever overtake you he said in obtain help or protection from anybody will you promise to apply to me to demand from me everything that may be necessary for your happiness? Will you promise to to reject my devotion?

Marya Ki ilovna wept silently The whistle sounded for the third time

You are ruining me! cried Dubrovsky but I will not leave you until you give me a reply Do you pro mise me or not?

I promise! murmured the poor girl

Greatly agitated by her interview with Dubrovsky Marya Kırılovna returned from the garden. As she approached the hou e she perceived a great crowd of people in the courtyard a troika was standing in front of the steps the servants were running hither and thither and the whole house was in a commotion. In the distance she heard the voice of kirila Petrovich and she hastened to reach her room fearing that her ribsence might be noticed kirila Petrovich met her in the hall. The visitors were pressing round our old acquaintance the sheriff and were overwhelming him with questions. The sheriff in traveling clothes and

armed to the teeth answered them with a mysterious and anxious air

Where have you been Masha? asked Kirila Petro

sich Have you seen Monsieur Deforges?

Masha could scarcely answer in the negative

Just imagine continued Kirila Petrovich the

sheriff has come to arrest nim and assures me that he is Dubrovsky

He answers the description in every respect Your Excellency said the sheriff respectfully

Oh! brother interrupted Kirila Petrovich go to -you know where-with your description I will not surrender my Frenchman to you until I have investi gated the matter myself. How can anyone believe the word of Anton Pafnutyich a coward and a liar? He must have dreamt that the tutor wanted to rob him Why didn't he tell me about it the next morning? He never said a word about the matter

The Frenchman scared him Your Excellency replied the sheriff and made him swear that he would

preserve silence

A pack of lies! exclaimed Kirila Petrovich I will clear the matter up immediately Where is the tutor? he asked of a servant who entered at that moment

He cannot be found anywhere, sir replied the

servant

Then search for him! cried Troyekurov begin

ning to entertain doubts Show me your vaunted description he said to the

sheriff who immediately handed him the paper Hm! hm! twenty three years old etc., etc That is so but yet that does not prove anything Well what

about the tutor?

He is not to be found was again the answer Kırıla Petrovich began to be uneasy, Marya Kırıl

os no was neither dead nor alive

You are pale Masha her father remarked to her they have frightened you No papa replied Masha I have a headache

Go to your own room Masha and don't he

alarmed Masha kissed his hand and retired hastily to her

room There she threw herself upon her bed and burst into tears and a fit of hysterics. The maids bastened to her assistance undressed her with difficulty and with difficulty succeeded in calming her by means of cold water and all kinds of smelling salts They put her to bed and she dozed off

In the meantime the Frenchman could not be found Kirila Petrovich paced up and down the room loudly whistling Thunder of Victory Resound The visitors whispered among themselves the sheriff looked fool ish the Frenchman was not to be found Probably he had managed to escape through being warned before hand But by whom and how? That remained a mys tery

It wa eleven o clock but nobody thought of sleep At last Kirila Petrovich said anguly to the sheriff

Well do you wish to stop here till daylight? My house is not an man You are not quick enough brother to catch Dubrovsky-if he is Dubrovsky Go home and in future be a little quicker And it is time for you to go home too he continued addressing his guests Order the horses to be hitched up I want to go to

bed In this ungracious manner did Troyekurov take leave of his guests

III

SOME TIME elapsed without anything remarkable happening. But at the beginning of the following

summer, many changes occurred in the family life of

About thirty versts from Pokrovskoye was the wealthy estate of Prince Vereysky The Prince had lived abroad for a long time and his estate was man aged by a retired major No intercourse existed be tween Pokrovskoye and Arbatovo But at the end of the month of May the Prince returned from abroad and took up residence in his own village, which he had never seen since he was born. Accustomed to social pleasures he could not endure solitude, and the third day after his arrival he set out to dine with Troyeku rov with whom he had formerly been acquainted The Prince was about fifty years of age but he looked much older Excesses of every kind had ruined his health, and had placed upon him their indelible stamp. In spite of that his appearance was agreeable and distin guished, and his having always been accustomed to society gave him a certain adroitness, especially with women He had a constant need of amusement and he was a constant victim of ennui

Kirila Petrovich was exceedingly graufied by this visit which he regarded as a mark of respect from a man who knew the world In accordance with his usual custom he began to entertain his visitor by conducting him to inspect his out buildings and kennels. But the Prince could hardly breathe in the atmosphere of the kennels and he hurried our holding a seented handkerchief to his nose. The old garden with its clipped limes square pond and regular walls, did not please him he liked English gardens and so-called nature but he praised and admired everything. The servant came to announce that dinner was served, and they went in to dine. The Prince limped being fangued after his walls, and already repenting his visit. But in the reception room Marya Kirilovan met.

them-and the old roue was struck by her beauty Troyekurov placed his guest beside her The Prince was revived by her presence he became quite cheerful and succeeded several times in arresting her attention by his curious stories After dinner Kirila Perrovich proposed a ride on horseback but the Prince excused himself pointing to his velvet boots and joking about his gout 'He preferred a drive in a carriage, so that he should not be separated from his charming neighbor The carriage was got ready The two old men and the beautiful young girl took their seats in it and they drove off The conversation did not flag Marya Kiril ovna listened with pleasure to the flattering compli ments and witty remarks of the man of the world when suddenly Vereysky turning to Kirila Petrovich asked him what that burnt building was and whether it belonged to him

Kirila Petrovich frowned the memories awakened by the burnt manor house were disagreeable to him He replied that the land was his now but that formerly it had belonged to Dubrovsky

To Dubrovsky? repeated Vereysky "What! to the

famous brigand? To his father replied Troyekurov and the father himself was something of a brigand too

And what has become of our Rinaldo? Have they

caught him? Is he still alive?

He is still alive and at liberty and as long as our sheriffs are in league with thickes he will not be caught By the way Prince Dubrovsky paid you a visit at Ar bátovo

Yes last year I think he burnt something down or got away with some loot Don't you think Marya Kirilovna that it would be very interesting to make a closer acquaintance with this romantic hero?

Interesting! said Troyekurov she knows him al

ready He taught her music for three whole weeks and thank God took nothing for his lessons

Then Kirila Petrovich began to relate the story of his French tutor Marya Kirilovna was on pins and needles Veressky listening with deep attention found tall very strange, and changed the subject. On returning from the drive he ordered his carriage to be brought, and in spite of the carriest requests of Kirila Petrovich to spend the night, he took his departure in mediately after tea Before setting out, however, he in vited Kirila Petrovich to pay him a visit and to bring Marya Kirilovia with him and the proud Troyekurov promised to do so for taking into consideration his princely dignity his two stars, and the three thousand serfs belonging to his ancestral estate he regarded Prince Vereysky in some degree as his equal

Two days after this visit Kirila Petrovich set out with his daughter to call on Prince Vereysky On approaching Arbatovo he could not sufficiently admire the clean and cheerful looking huts of the peasants and the stone manor house built in the style of an Eng lish castle. In front of the house stretched a green lawn, upon which were grazing some Swiss cows tinkling their bells A spacious park surrounded the house on every side The master met the guests on the steps, and gave his arm to the young beauty. She was then con ducted into a magnificent hall, where the table was laid for three The Prince led his guests to a window and a charming view opened out before them The Volga flowed past the windows and upon its bosom floated laden barges under full sail, and small fishing boats known by the expressive name of murderers Be yand the river stretched hills and fields and several vil lages animated the landscape

Then they proceeded to inspect the pictures bought by the Prince in foreign countries. The Prince ex plained to Marya Kirilovna their subjects related the history of the painters and pointed out the ments and defects of their can vises. He did not speak of pictures in the conventional language of the pedantic connois seur but with feeling and imagination. Marya Kirilov na listened to him with pleasure

They went in to dine Troyekurov rendered full justice to his hos s wines and to the skill of his cook while Marya Kirilovna did not teel at all confused or constrained in her conversation with a man whom she now saw for the second time in her life. After dinner the host proposed a wall in the garden They drain coffee in the arbor on the bank of a broad lake studded with little islands Suddenly music was heard and a boat with six ours drew up before the arbor They ros ed on the lake round the islands and vi ited some of them On one they found a marble statue on an other a lonely grotte on a third a monument with a mysterious inscription which awakened within Marva Kirilovna a pirlish curiosity not completely satisfied by the polite but retreent explanations of the Prince Time passed imperceptibly It be an to grow dark The Prince under the pretext of the chill and the dew hast ened to return to the house, where the samovar await ed them The Prince requested Marya Kirilovna to discharge the functions of ho tess in this home of an old bachelor. She poured out the teal listening to the in exhaustible stories of the charming talker. Suddenly a sho was heard and a rocket illuminated the sky The Prince gave Marya Karalovna a shawl and led her and Troyckuros onto the balcony In front of the house in the darkness different colored fires blazed up whirled round tose up in sheaves poured out in fourtains fell in showers of rain and stars went out and then burst into a blaze again Marya Kirilovna was happy as a child Prince Vereysky was delighted with her enjoy

ment and Troyekurov was very well satisfied with him for he accepted tous les frais of the Prince as signs of respect and a desire to please him

The supper was quite equal to the dinner in every respect. Then the guests retired to the rooms assigned to them and the next morning took leave of their anniable host, promising each other soon to meet again

XIV

MARYA KIRILOVNA was sitting in her room beat over her embroidery frame before the open window she did not mistake one skein for another hile Con rids mistress who in her amorous distraction embroidered a rose in green sill. Under her needle, the canvar repeated unerringly the design of the original, but in spite of that her thoughts did not follow her work—they were far away.

Suddenly a hand was thrust silently through the window placed a letter upon the embroidery frame and disappeared before Marya Kirilovia could recover herself. At the same moment a servant entered to call ser to Kirila Petrovich Trembling she had the letter under her fichu and hastened to her fabler in his study.

Kirila Petrovich was not alone Prince Vereysky was in the room with him On the appearance of Marya Kirilovia the Prince rose and silently bowed with a confusion that was quite innusual in him

Come Fere, Masha said kirila Petrovich I have a piece of news to tell you which I hope will gladden you Here is a suitor for you the Prince seeks you in marriage.

Masha was dumbfounded her face grew deathly pale She was silent. The Prince approached her, took her hand and with a tender look, asked her if she would consent to make him happy. Masha remained

Consent? Of course she consents said Kirila Pet rovich but you know Prince it is difficult for a girl to say the word Well children kiss one another and be happy

Masha stood motionless the old Prince kissed her hand Suddenly the tears began to stream down her

pale cheeks The Prince frowned slightly

Go go go! said kiril Petrovich dry your tears and come bac! to us in a merry mood They all weep when they are betrothed he continued turnin, to Vereysky it is their custom Now Prince let us talk business that is to say about the down.

Marya kirilovna eagerly took advintage of the per tussion to reture She ran to her room locked herself in and gave way to her tears already imagining herself the wife of the old Prince He had suddenly become repugnant and hateful to her Marriage terrified her like the block, like the grave

No no she repeated in despair I would rather go into a convent I would rather marry Dubrov

sky

Then she remembered the letter and eagerly began
to read it having a presentiment that it was from him
In fact it was written by him and contained only the
following words

This evening at ten o clock at the same place

XV

THE MOON was shining the July night was calm the wind rose now and then and a gentle rustle ran over the garden

Like a light shadow the beautiful young gul drew

near to the appointed meeting place. Nobody was yet to be seen Suddenly from behind the arbor, Du brovsky appeared before her

I know all he said to her in a low, sad voice re

member your promise You offer me your protection replied Masha, do not be angry-but it alarms me In what way can you help me?

I can deliver you from the man you detest

For God's sake do not touch him do not dare to touch him if you love me I do not wish to be the cause of any horror

I will not touch him your wish is sacred to me He owes his life to you Never shall a crime be com mitted in your name You must be pure even though I commit crimes But how can I save you from a cruel father?

There is still hope, perhaps I shall touch him by my tears-my despair He is obstinate but he loves me very dearly

Do not put your trust in a vain hope In those tears he will see only the usual timidity and aversion com mon to all young girls when they make a marriage of convenience instead of marrying for love But what if he takes it into his head to bring about your happiness in spite of yourself? What if you are conducted to the altar by force in order that your life may be placed for ever in the power of an old man?

Then-then there will be nothing else to do Come

for me-I will be your wife

Dubrovsky trembled his pale face flushed deeply and the next minute he became paler than before He remained silent for a long time with his head bent down

Muster the full strength of your soul implore your father throw yourself at his feet represent to him all the horror of the future that he is preparing for you,

your youth fading away by the side of a decrept and dissipated old man Tell him that riches will not procure for you a single moment of happiness Luvury consoles poverty alone and at that only for a short time, until one becomes accustomed to it Do not be put off by him and do not be frightened either by his anger or by his threats as long as there remains the least shadow of hope. For God's sake do not stop plead ing with him If however you have no other resource left decide upon a cruel explanation tell him that if he remains inexorable then—then you will find a ter rible protector.

Here Dubrovsky covered his face with his hands he

seemed to be choking Masha wept

My miserable miserable fatel: said he with a bitter sigh. For you I would have given my life To see you from afar to touch your hand was for me happiness beyond expression and when I see before me the possibility of pressing you to my agitated heart and saying to you. Ange! let us die—miserable creature that I am! I must fly from such happiness I must put it from me with all my strength I dare not throw myself at your feet and thank. Heaven for an unthinkable, un merited reward. Oh! how! I ought to hatch him who-but I feel that now there is no place in my heart for harted.

He gently passed his arm round her slender figure and pressed her tenderly to his heart Confidingly she leaned her head upon the young brigand's shoulder Both were silent. Time flew

I must go said Masha at last

Dubrovsky seemed to awaken from a dream He took her hand and placed a ring on her finger

If you decide upon having recourse to me, said he

If you decide upon having recourse to me said he then bring the ring here and place it in the hollow of this oak. I shall know what to do"

Dubrovsky kissed her hand and disappeared among the trees

xvi

PRINCE VEREYSKY S intention of getting married was no longer a secret to the neighbors kirila Petro vich was receiving congratulations and preparations were being made for the wedding. Masha postponed from day to day the decisive explanation. In the mean time her manner toward her elderly fiance was cold and constrained. The Prince did not trouble himself about that the question of love gave him no concern, her silent consent was quite sufficient for him.

But time was passing Masha at last decided to act, and wrote a letter to Prince Vereysky. She tired to awaken within his heart a feeling of magnanimy candidly confessing that she had not the least attach ment for him and entertaing him to renounce her hand and even to protect her from the tyranny of her father. She furtively handed the letter to Prince Verey sky. The latter read it alone but was not in the least moved by the candor of his betrothed. On the contrary he perceived the necessity of hastening the marriage and therefore he showed the letter to his future father in law.

in law

Mirila Petrovich was furious and it was with difficulty that the Prince succeeded in persuading him not
to let Masha see that he knew of the letter. A wila Petrovich agreed not to speal, about the matter to her, but he
resolved to lo e no time and fixed the wedding for the
next day. The Prince found this very reasonable, and
he went to his betrothed and told her that her letter
had greeved him very much but that he hoped in time
to gain her affection, that the thought of resigning her
was too much for him to bear, and that he had on the

strength to consent to his own death sentence. Then he kissed her hand respectfully and took his departure without saying a word to her about Kirila Petrovich decision.

But scarcely had he left the house when her father entered and peremptorily ordered her to be ready for the next day Marya Kirilovna already agitated by the interview with Prince Vereysky burst into tears and threw herself at her father sieer

Papal she cried in a plaintive voice papal do not destroy me I do not love the Prince I do not wish to be his wife

What does this mean? said Kirila Petrovich fiercely All this time you have kept silent as though you consented and now when everything is settled you become capricious and refuse to accept him Don t play the fool you will gain nothing from me that

Do not destroy mel repeated poor Masha Why are you sending me away from you and giving me to a man that I do not love? Are you tired of me? I want to stay with you as before Papa you will be sad with out me and sadder still when you knew that I am un happy Papa do not force me I do not wish to marry

Lirila Petrovich was touched but he con ealed his emotion and pushing her away from him said harsh

ly

That is all nonsense, do you hear? I know better than you what is necessary for your happiness Tears will not help you The day after tomorrow your wed ding will take place"

The day after tomortowl exclaimed Masha My God! No no impossible it cannot be! Papi hear me if you have resolved to destroy me then I will find a protector that you do not dream of \lambda ou will see, and then you will regret having driven me to despair " 862

What? What? said Troychurov Threats! You threaten me? Insolent grill You will see that I will do something to you that you little imagine. You date to threaten me! Let us see who will this protector oe?

Vladimir Dubrovsky, replied Masha, in despair Kirila Petrovich thought that she had gone out of

her mind and looked at her in astonishment

Very well! he said to her, after an interval of si

lence, expect whom you please to deliver you but in the meantime remain in this room—you shall not lease it till the very moment of the wedding

With these words Kirila Petrovich went out locking

The door behind him. For a long time the poor girl wept, imagining all that awaited her. But the stormy interview had eased her soul and she could more calmly consider the question of her future and what it behoved her to do. The principal thing was—to escape this odious martiage. The lot of a brigand s wife seemed paradise to her in comparison with the fate prepared for her. She glanced at the ring given to her by Dubrossky Ardendy did she long to see him alone once more and take counted with him before the decisive moment. A presentment told her that in the evenings she would find Dubrossky in the garden near the arbor she resolved to go and wait for him there.

As soon as it beg in to grow dark. Masha prepared to carry our her intention but the door of her room wook clocked. Her mud told her from the other side of the door that Kirila Petrovich had given o ders that she was not to be let out. She was under arrest. Deeply hurt she sat down by the window and remained there till late in the night without undressing gazing fixed by at the dark sky. Toward dawn she dozed off but her light sleep was disturbed by sad visions and sae was soon awakened by the rays of the ruing sun

XVII

SHE AWORE and all the horror of her position rose pin in her mind She rang. The maid entered and in answer to her questions replied that Kirila Petrovich had been to Arbation the previou evening and had returned very late that he had given struct orders that she was not to be allowed out of her room and that should was to be permitted to speak, to her that other wase there were no signs of any particular preparations for the wedding except that the prest had been or dered not to leave the village under any pretext what ever After giving her this news the maid left Marya Kirilovia and again locked the door.

Her words hardened the young prisoner Her head burned her blood boiled She resolved to inform Du browsky of everythin, and she begin to think of some means by which she could get the ring conveyed to the hollow in the chosen oak. At that moment a stone struck against her window the glass rattled and Marya Kirilovia looking out into the courtyard saw little Sasha making signs to her She knew that he was attached to her and she was pleased to see him She opened the window

Good morning Sasha why do you call me?

I came si ter to know if you wanted anything Papa is angry and has forbidden the whole house to do anything for you but order me to do whatever you like and I will do it for you

Thank you my dear Sasha Listen you know the old hollow oak near the arbot?

Yes I know it sister

Then if you love me run there as quickly as you can and put this ring in the hollow but take care that nobody sees you

861 PROSE

With these words she threw the ring to him and closed the window

The lad picked up the ring and ran off with all his might and in three minutes he arrived at the chosen stree. There he paused quie out of breath and after looking round on every side placed the ring in the hol low. Having successfully accomplished his mission he wanted to inform Marya Kinlovan of the fact at once when suddenly a red haired cross-eyed boy in rags darted out from behind the arbor, dashed toward the oak and thrust his hand into the hole. Sisha quicker than a squirrel threw himself upon him and seized him with both hands.

What are you doing here? said he sternly

What business is that of yours? said the boy, trying to disengage himself

Leave that ring alone red head cried Sasha or I will teach you a lesson in my own style

Instead of replying the boy gave him a blow in the face with his fist but Sasha still held him firmly in his grasp and cried out at the top of his voice

"Thieves! thieves! help! help!"

The boy tred to get away from him. He seemed to be about two years older than Sasha and very much stronger but Sasha usen more agile. They struggled to gether for some munutes at last the red headed boy gained the advantage. He threw Sasha upon the ground and serzed him by the throat But at that mo ment a strong hand grasped hold of his shagey red hair and Stepan the gardener lifted him half a yard from the ground.

Ahl you red headed beast! said the gardener "How dare you strike the young gentleman?

In the meantime Sasha had jumped to his feet and recovered himself

You caught me under the arm pits said he "or

you would never have thrown me Give me the ring at once and he off

"It's likely! replied the red headed one, and sudden

ly twistin himself round he freed his mon from Ste Dan's hand

Then he started off running but Sasha overtook him gave him a blow in the back, and the boy fell. The gardener again seized him and bound him with his **Belt**

Give me the ring! cried Sasha

Wait a moment young master said Stepan we will take him to the bailiff to be questioned

The gardener led the captive into the courtyard of the manor hou e accompanied by Sasha who glanced uneasily at his torn and grass stained trousers. Sud denly all three found themselves face to face with Kirila Petrovich who was going to inspect his stables

What is the meaning of this? he said to Stepan Stepan in a few words related all that had happened

Lucla Petrouch listened to him with attention

You rascal said he turning to Sasha why did you get into a fight with him?

He stole a ring from the hollow papa make him

give up the ring What ring? From what hollow?

The one that Marya Kirilovna that ring Sasha stammered and became confused Larda

Petrovich frowned and said shaking his head

Ah! Marya Kirilovna is mixed up in this Confess everything or I will give you such a thrashing as you have never had in your life " As true as Heaven papa, I Mary.

Kirilovna never told me to do anything papa Stepan go and cut me some fine fresh birch

syntches

Stop papa I wili teli you all I was running about

the courtyard today, when sister opened the window I ran toward her and she opened the window and dropped a ring, not on purpose and I went and hid it and this red headed fellow in the hollow, and wanted to steal the ring

She dropped it not on purpose-you wanted to

Stepan go and get the switches hide it

Papa wait I will tell you everything Sister told me to run to the oak tree and put the ring in the hollow 1 ran and did so but this pasty fellow-

Kirila Petrovich turned to the nasty fellow and

said to him sternly

To whom do you belong?

I am a house serf of the Dubrovsky s answered the red headed boy

Kırıla Petrovich's face darkened

It seems, then that you do not recognize me as your master Very well What were you doing in my gar den?

Stealing raspberries the boy answered with com plete indifference

Aha! like master like servant As the priest is so is his parish And do my raspberries grow upon oak trees?

The boy made no reply

Papa make him give up the ring said Sasha

Silence Alexanderl replied Kirila Petrovich, don t forget that I intend to settle with you presently Go to your room And you squint-eyes you seem a clever lad if you confess everything to me I will not whip you but will give you a five-copeck piece to buy

nuts with Give up the ring and go home.

The boy opened his fist and showed that there was

nothing in his hand

If you don t, I shall do something to you that you little expect Now!

The boy did not answer a word but stood with his head bent looking like a perfect simpleton

Very well! said Kirila Petrovich lock him up somewhere and see that he does not escape or I Il flay

everyone of you

Stepan conducted the boy to the pigeon house locked him in there and ordered the old poultry woman

Agafya to keep a watch upon him

There is no doubt about it she has been in touch with that accursed Dubrovsky But can it be that she has really asked his help? thought Kirila Petrovich pacing up and down the room and whistling. Thun der of Victory angrily—Perhaps I am hot upon his track and he will not escape us We shall take advan Hark a bell thank God tage of this opportunity that is the sheriff Bring here the boy that is locked up

Meanwhile a small carriage drove into the court yard and our old acquaintance the sheriff entered the

room all covered with dust

Glorious news! said Kirila Petrovich I have

caught Dubrovsky Thank God Your Excellency! said the sheriff his

face beaming with delight. Where is he?

That is to say not Dubrovsky himself but one of his band. He will be here presently. He will help us to catch his chief Here he is

The sheriff who expected to see some fierce looking brigand was astonished to perceive a thirteen year-old lad of somewhat delicate -ppearance. He turned to Kirila Petrovich with an incredulous look, and awaited an explanation Kirila Petrovich then began to relate the events of the morning without however mention

ing the name of Marya Kirilovna

The sheriff listened to him attentively glancing from time to time at the young rogue who assuming a look of imbecility seemed to be paying no attention to all that was going on around him

Will Your Excellency allow me to speak to you pri vately? said the sheriff at list

Kirila Petrovich took him into another room and locked the door after him

Half an hour after him Half an hour afterwards they returned to the hall where the captive was awaiting the decision respecting his fate

The master wished, the sheriff said to him to have you locked up in the town gaol to be whipped and then deported as a convict but I interceded for you and have obtained your pardon Unite himl

The lad was unbound

Thank the master, said the sheriff

The lad went up to Kirila Petrovich and kissed his

Run away home Kırıla Petrovich said to him and in future do not steal raspherries from oak trees

The lad went out ran merrily down the steps and without looking behind him, dashed off across the fields in the direction of Kistenyovka. On reaching the village he stopped at a ramshackle hut on the edge of the settlement and tapped at the window. The window was opened and an old woman appeared. Grandmother, some bread! said the boy. I have

eaten nothing since this morning I am dying of hunger

Able to the your Many, but subset have you been all

Ahl it is you Mitya, but where have you been all this time, you imp? asked the old woman

I will tell you afterwards grandmother For Gods sake, some bread!

Come into the hut then

I haven t the time grandmother I ve got to run on to another place Bread for the Lord's sake bread?" What a fidget! Frumbled the old woman there's

a piece for you and she pushed through the window

a slice of black bread

The boy bit into it greedily and went on slowly chewing a he walked

It v as beginning to grow dark. Mitya made his way along past the barris and I inchen gardens toward the kistenyov! a grove. On arriving at the two pine trees standing like advance guards before the grove he paused, loo! ed round on every side gave a shrill abrupt whistle and then listened A faint and prolong ed whistle was heard in reply and somebody came out of the grove and advanced roward him.

xviii

NIRILA PETROVICH was pacing up and down the hall whisting his favorice air louder than usual. The whole house was in commotion the seri-ants were run ning about and the maids were busy. In the coach house horses were being hitched up to a carriage in the coutty-ard there was a crowd of people. In Marya Kirilovna a dressing room before the looking glass a lady surrounded by maidservants was attining the pale motionless young bride. Her head bent languidy beneath the weight of her diamonds is started slight by when a careless hand pricked her but she remained silent gazing absently into the mirror.

Will you soon be ready, the voice of Kirila Petro-

Will you soon be ready yich was heard at the door

In a minute! replied the lady Marya Kirilovna get up and look at yourself Is everything right?

Marya Kirilovna rose but made no reply The door was opened

The bride is ready" said the lady to Kirila Petrovich order the carriage"

May God be with us! replied Kirila Petrovich and taking a sacred ikon from the table, Approach,

Masha" he said with emotion I bless you

PROSE

870 The poor girl fell at his feet and began to sob

papa she said through her tears

and then her voice failed her

Kirila Petrovich hastened to give her his blessing She was lifted up and almost carried into the carriage The matron of honor and one of the maidservants got in with her and they drove off to the church There the bridegroom was already waiting for them. He came forward to meet the bride, and was struck by her pallor and her strange look They entered the cold deserted church together, and the door was locked behind them The priest came out of the chancel and the ceremony at once began

Marya Kirilovna saw nothing heard nothing she had been thinking of but one thing the whole morn ing she expected Dubrovsky, nor did her hope aban don her for one moment When the priest turned to her with the usual question she started and felt faint but still she hesitated still she expected. The priest re ceiving no reply from her pronounced the irrevocable

The ceremony was over She felt the cold kiss of her unloved husband she heard the flattering congratula tions of those present and yet she could not believe that her life was bound for ever that Dubrovsky had not arrived to deliver her The Prince turned to her with tender words-she did not understand them They left the church in the porch was a crowd of peasants from Pokrovskoje Her blance rapidly scanned them and again she seemed unaware of what was going on around her The newly married couple seated them selves in the carriage and drove off to Arbatovo whither Kirila Petrovich had already gone on before in order to welcome the wedded pair there

Alone with his young wife the Prince was not in the least piqued by her cold manner. He did not begin to weary her with amorous protestations and ridiculous

enthusiasm his words were simple and required no answer. In this way they traveled about ten versts. The horses dashed rapidly along the uneven country roads and the carriage scarcely shook upon its English springs Suddenly shouts of pursuit were heard. The carriage stopped and a crowd of armed men surround ed it A man in a half mask opened the door on the side where the young Princess sat and said to her

You are free! Alight What does this mean? cried the Prince Who are you that---

It is Dubrovsky replied the Princess The Prince without losing his presence of mind drew from his side pocket a traveler's pistol and fired at the masked brigand. The Princess shrieked and in horror covered her face with both hands Dubrovsky was wounded in the shoulder the blood was flowing The Prince, without losing a moment drew another pistol but he was not allowed time to fire the door was opened and several strong hands dragged him out of the carriage and snatched the pistol from him. Above him flashed several knives

Do not touch him! cried Dubrovsky and his som ber companions drew back

You are free! continued Dubrovsky turning to the pale Princess

No! she replied it is too late! I am married I am the wife of Prince Vereysky

What are you saying? cried Dubrovsky in despair No! you are not his wife You were forced you could never have consented

I did consent I took the oath she answered with firmness The Prince is my husband give orders for him to be set at liberty and leave me with him I have not deceived you I waited for you till the last mobut now I tell you now it is too late Let ment

us go

872 PROSE

But Dubrovsky no longer heard her. The pain of his wound and his violent emotion had deprived him of his strength. He fell against the wheel the brigands surrounded him. He managed to say a few words to them. They placed him on horseback, two of their supported him a third took the horse by the bridle and all withdrew from the spot leaving the carriage in the middle of the road the servants bound, the horses unharnessed, but without having done any pil laging and without having shed one drop of blood in revenue for the blood of their chief.

XIX

IN THE MIDST of a dense forest in a narrow clearing rose a small fort consisting of earthworks and a ditch behind which were some shacks and mud huss. Within the inclosed space a crowd of men who by their varied garments and by their arms could at once be recognized as brigands were having their dinner, seated barcheaded around a common cauldron. On the earthworks by the side of a small cannon squatted a sentunel with his legs crossed under him. He was sewing a patch upon a certain part of his garment, physic his needle with a deaterity that bespoke the experienced tailor and every now and then glancing round on every side.

Although a certain mug had passed from hand to hand several times a strange silence reigned among this crowd. The brigands finished their dinner one after another rose and said a prayer some dispersed among the shacks others strolled away into the forest or lay down to skeep according to the Russian custom.

or ity down to steep according to the Russian Custom.

The sentinel finished his work shook his garment gazed admiringly at the patch stuck the needle in his sleeve, sat astride the cannon and began to sing a mel.

ancholy old song at the top of his lungs

Green boughs do not murmur be still Mother
Forest

Hinder me not from thinking my thoughts

At that moment the door of one of the shacks open ed and an old woman in a white cap neatly and even primly dressed appeared upon the threshold

Enough of that Styopka she said angrily The master is resting and yet you must go on bawling like

that you have neither conscience nor pity

I beg pardon Yegorovna replied Styopka I won t do it any more Let our good master rest and get well The old woman withdrew into the hut and Styopka

began to pace to and fro upon the earthworks

Within the shack from which the old woman had emerged lay the wounded Dubrovsky upon an irmy cot behind a partition Before him upon a small table lay his pistols and a sword above the head of the bed Rich carpets covered the floor and walls of the mud hut In the corner was a lady s a liver toulet set and mir ror Dubrovsky held in his hand an open book but his eyes were closed and the old woman peeping at him from behind the partition could not tell whether he was asleen or only lost in thought

Suddenly Dubrovsky started The fort was roused by an alarm and Styopka thrust his head in through the window

Vladimir Andreyevich! he cried our men are signaling—they are on our track!

Dubrovsky leaped from his bed seized his arms and came out of the hack. The brigands were noisily crowding together in the inclosure but when he ap

peared a deep silence fell
Is everyone here? asked Dubrovsky

Everyone except the sentries" was the reply
"To your places! cried Dubrovsky and each of the
brigands took his appointed place

874 PROSE

At that moment three of the sentries ran up to the gate of the fort Dubrovsky went to meet them

What is it? he asked

The soldiers are in the forest was the reply, they are surrounding us

Dubrovsky ordered the gate to be locked and then went hurself to examine the cannon In the wood could be heard the sound of several voices every momen drawing nearer and nearer. The brigands waited in silence Suddenly three or four soldiers appeared out of the forest but immediately fell back again firing their guins as a signal to their comrades.

Prepare for battle! cried Dubrovsky There was a movement among the brigands, then all was silent again

Then the noise of an approaching column was heard arms glittered among the trees and about a hundred and fifty soldiers dashed ou or the forest and rushed with a wild shout toward the earthworl's Dubrovsky applied the match to the cannon the shot was successful-one soldier had his head torn off and two others were wounded The troops were thrown into confu sion but the officer in command rushed forward the soldiers followed him any jumped down into the ditch The brigands fired down at them with muskets and pistols and then with axes in their hands they began to defend the earthworks up which the infurnited sol diers were now climbing, leaving twenty of their com rades wounded in the ditch below A hand to hand struggle began The soldiers were already upon the earthworks the brigands were beginning to give way, but Dubrovsky advanced toward the officer in com mand placed his pistol at his breast and fired The officer fell over backward Several soldiers raised him in their arms and hastened to carry him into the forest the others having lost their chief stopped fighting

The emboldened brigands took advantage of this moment of hesitation and surging forward hurled their assailants back into the dirth. The besiegers began to run the brigands with fierce yells started in pursuit of them. The victory was decisive Dubrovsky trusting to the complete confu ion of the enemy stopped his men and shut himself up in the fortress doubled the sen untels forbade anyone to absent himself and ordered the wounded to be picked up.

This last event drew the senous attention of the government to Dubrossky a veyloits Information was obtained of his whereabouts and a detachment of soldiers was sent to take him d and or alive. Several of his band were captured and from these it was a certained that Dubrows'y was no longer among them. A few days after the battle we have just described he had collected all his followers and informed them that it was his in tention to leave them for ever and advised them too, to change their mode of life.

You have become rich under my command. Each

100 nave become refer that all a life to distinguish that of you has a passport with which he will be able to make his way safely to some distant province where he can pass the rest of his life in ease and honest labor But you are all rascals and probably do not wish to abandon your trade

Thereupon he had left them taking with him only one of his men Nobody knew what became of him At first the truth of this account was doubted for the devotion of the brigands to their chief was well known and it was supposed that they had concoted the story to secure his safety but after events confirmed their statement. The terrible visits burnings and robberres ceased the roads again became safe According to an other report Dubrovsky had escaped abroad.

[18,2 33] [Published posthumously 1841]

EGYPTIAN NIGHTS

3

Quel est cet homme?—Ha c est un bien grand talent it fait de sa voix tout ce qu'il veut—Il decroit bien me dame s'en faire une culotte

CHARSKY vas one of the native born inhabitants of St Petersburg He was not yet thirty years of age he was not married the service did not burden lim. His late uncle having been a vice governor in the good old days had left him a respectable existe. His life was a very agreeable one but he had the misfortune to write and print verse. In the journals he was called poet and in the servants quarters scribbler.

In spite of the great privileges which versifiers enjoy (we must confess that except the right of using the arcusative intend of the genitive, and other so-called poetical licenses we fail to see what are the particular privileges of Russian poets) in spite of their excry possible privilege these persons are compelled to suffer a great many disadvantages and much unpleasanties. The butterest misfortune of all the most intolerable for the poet, is the appellation with which he is branded and which always clings to him. The public look upon him as their own property in their opinion he was created to their especial benefit and pleasure Should

he return from the country the first person who meets him accosts him with

Haven t you brought anything new for us?

Should the derangement of hi affairs, or the illness of some being dear to him cause him to become lost in reflection immediately a trite smile accompanies th title evelamation

No doubt you are composing something!

Should he happen to fall in love his fair one pur chases an album at the English shop and expects a poem

Should he call upon a man whom he hardly knows to tilk about serious matters of busine's the latter quickly calls his son and compels him to read some of the verses of so and so and the lad regales the poet with some of his lame productions. And these are but the flowers of the calling what then must be the thorns! Charsky acknowledged that the compliments the questions the albums and the little boys bored him to such an extent that he was constantly compelled to restrain himself from committing some act of rudeness

Charsky endeavored in every possible way to rid

Charsky enlocavited in every possible way to rule immedit of the intolerable appellation. He avoided the society of his literary brethren and preferred to them men of the world even the most shallow minded His conversation was of the most commonplace character and never turned upon literature. In his dress he all ways observed the very latest fashion with the timid ity and superstition of a joung Moscovite arriving in SC Petersburg for the first time in his life. In his study furnished like a lady's bedroom nothing recalled the writer no books littered the tables the divan was not stained with ink. there was none of that disorde, which denotes the presence of the Misse and the absence of broom and brush Charsky was in despair; it

any of his society friends found him with a pen in his hand It is difficult to believe to what trifles a man, otherwise endowed with talent and soul can descend At one time he pretended to be a passionate lover of horses at another a desperate gambler, and at another a refined gourmet, although he was never able to distinguish the mountain bre d from the Arab could nes r remember the trump cards and in secret pre ferred a balled potato to all the inventions of the I rench cui ine He led a life of dissipation was seen at all the balls over ate at all the diplomatic dinners and at all the sources was as mevitable as the Rezanov ices For all that he was a poet and his pass on was invincible When the "silly fit (thus he called inspira tion) came upon him Charsky would lock himself up in his study, and write from morning till late into the night He confessed to his genuine friends that only then did he know what real happiness was The rest of his time he strolled about dissembled and was as sailed at every step by the eternal question

Haven t you written anything new?

One morning Charsky felt that happy disposition of the spirit when the dreams shape themselves clearly before your eyes and you find vivid unexpected words to body forth your visions when verses flow easily from the pen and sonorous rhythms fly to meet har monious thoughts Charsky was mentally plunged in and the world and the opinions to su cet oblivion of the world and his own particular whims no longe existed for him. He was writing verse

Suddenly the door of his study creaked and a strange

head appeared Charsky started and frowned Who is there? he asked with sexation inwardly cursing his servants who were never in the ante room when they were wanted

The stranger entered He was tall and spare and 2-

peared to be about thirty years of age. The features of his swarthy face were very expressive his pale lofty forehead shaded by loc! s of black hair his sparkling black eyes aquiline nose and thick beard surrounding his sunken tawny cheeks showed him to be a for eigner He wore a black dress-coat already whitened at the seams and summer trousers (although the sea son was well into the autumn) under his threadbare black cravat upon a yellowish shirt front glittered an imitation diamond his shaggy hat seemed to have seen good and bad weather Meeting such a man in a wood you would have taken him for a robber in societyfor a political conspirator in an ante room-for a char latan a seller of elivirs and arsenic

What do you wish? Charsky asked him in French Signor replied the foreigner with profound bows

Les toglia perdonarmi se

Charshy did not offer him a chair and he rose him self the conversation was continued in Italian

I am a Neapolitan artist said the stranger cir cumstances compelled me to leave my native land I have come to Russia trusting to my talent

Charsky thought that the Neapolitan was preparing to give some violoncello concerts and was disposing of his rickets from house to house. He was just about to give him twenty five rubles in order to get rid of him as quickly as possible when the stranger added

I hope signor that you will give friendly support to your confrere and introduce me into the houses to

which you have entree

It was impossible to offer a greater affront to Char sky s vanity. He glanced manghtily at the individual who called himself his confrere

"Allow me to ask what are you and for whom do you take me? he said with difficulty restruining his

indignation

The Neapolitan observed his vexation

Signor he replied stammering Ho creduto ho sentito la vostra Eccelenza mi perdonera

ho sentito la vostra Eccelenza mi perdone
What do you wish? repeated Charsky drily
Lhave heard a great deal of your wonderful

I have heard a great deal of your wonderful talent I am sure that the gentlemen of this place esteem it an honor to extend every possible protection to such an excellent poet, replied the Italian and that is why I have ventured to present myself to you

You are mistaken signor, interrupted Charsky The calling of poet does not exist among us Our poets do not solient the protection of gentlemen, our poets are gentlemen themselves and if our Mixenases (devil take them!) do not know that, so much the worse for them Among us there are no ragged aboes whom a musician would take off the streets to write him a libretto Among us, poets do not go on foot from house to house begging for help Moreover, they must have been joking when they told you that I was a great poet. It is true that I once wrote some wretched engrams but thank. God, I haven t anything in common with versifiers and do not wish to have.

The poor Italian became disconcerted He looked around him The pictures marble statues bronzes, and the costly baubles on Gothic what nots, struck him He undersvood that between the haughty dandy standing before him in a tufted brocaded cap gold-colored Chinese dressing gown and Turkish sash—and himself a poor wandering artist in threidbare cravat and shabby dress-corte-there was nothing in common He stim mered out some unintelligible excuses bowed and wished to reture His pittable appearance touched Charsky who in spite of the pettiness of his character had a good and noble heart. He felt sahamed of the irritability caused by the wound to his vanity

Where are you going? he said to the Italian.

I was compelled to decline an unmerited title and confess to you that I was not a poet Now let us speak about your business I am ready to serve you if it be in my power to do so Are you a musician?

No Eccelenza replied the Italian I am a poor

improviser

An improviser! cried Charsky feeling all the cru elty of his reception Why didn't you say sooner that you were an improviser?

And Charsky pressed his hand with a feeling of sin

cere regret

His firendly manner encouraged the Italian He spoke naively of his plans. His exterior was not deceptive. He was in need of money and he hoped some how in Russia to improve his domestic circumstances. Charsky listened to him with attention

I hope said he to the poor artist that you will have success society here has never heard an improviser Curiosity will be aroused It is true that the Ital ian language is not in use among us you will not be understood but that will be no great misfortune the chief thing is that you should be in the fashion

But if nobody among you understands Italian said the improviser becoming thoughtful who will

come to hear me? Have no fear about that—they will come some out of curiosity others to pass away the evening somehow or other others to show that they understand Italian I repeat it is only necessary that you should be in the fashion and you will be in the fashion—here is my hand

Charsky dismissed the improviser very cordially after having taken his address and the same evening he set to work to do what he could for him

II

I am both king and slave both worm and god
Derzhaun.

THE next day in the dark and dirty corrido of a tavern Charsky found number 35. He stopped at the

Or and hocked It was opened by the Italian Victory! Charsky said to him your affairs are in a good way The Princess N— offers you her salon yesterday at the rout, I succeeded in enlisting half of St Petersburg, get your tuckets and announcements printed If It cannot guarantee a triumph for you, I II answer for it that you will at least be a gainer in poc

And that is the chief thing eried the Italian show ing, his delight in lively gestures characteristic of his Southern origin. I knew that you would help me Corpo di Baccol You are a post like myself and there is no denying that poets are excellent fellows! How can I show my gratitude to you? Wait Would you like to hear an improvisation?

An improvisation! Can you hen do without public without music and without sounds of ap-

plause?

Nonsense nonsensel Where could I find a better public. You are a poet you will understand me better than they and your quiet approbation will be dearer to me than a whole storm of applause of the somewhere and give me a theme

Charsky sat down on a suntease (of the two chars in the narrow cubicle one was broken and the other piled with papers and linen) The improviser took a guitar from a chair and stood before Charsky touching the strings with bony fingers and awaiting his order.

Here is your theme then Charsky said to him the poet himself, chooses the subject of his songe the croud has not the right to command his inspiration. The eyes of the Italian began to sparkle he tried a few chords raised his head proruly and passionate strophes—the expression of instantaneous feeling—fell

With open eyes the poet marches But seeing no one seeming blind Now someone clutches at his garment And pulls him sently from behind!

rhythmically from his lips

The fool! Where to? He must be dreaming They cry This way—the road is clear It is in an they seek to guide him The heedless poet does not hear

Such is the poet like the usind That man can neither call nor bind— His flight is free as any eagle s He asks no counsel in his art But like another Desdemona Chooses the idol of his heart

The Italian ceased Charsky was silent, amazed and touched

Well? asked the improviser

Charsky seized his hand and pressed it firmly
Well how was it? asked the improviser

Wonderful! reolied the poet Another's thought has scarcely reached your ears and already it has be come your own as if you had nursed fondled and developed it for a long time. And so for you there exists neither toil nor disenchantment nor that uneasiness which precedes inspiration? Wonderful! wonderful!"

The improviser replied Every talent is inexplicable.

How does the sculptor see in a block of Carrara man

velope? Why does the idea issue from the poet s head

884 ble the hidden Jupiter, and how does he bring it to

already equipped with four thymes and measured off in ordered regular feet? Thus, nobody except the improviser himself can understand that rap dity of impression that close connection between his own in spiration proper and the will of another I myself would try in vain to explain it But I must think of my first evening What is your opinion? What price could I charge for the tickets so that it may not be too much for the public and so that at the same time I may not be out of pocket? They say that La Signora Catalani 1 charged twenty five rubles It s a good trice It was very disagreeable for Charsky to fall suddenly from the heights of poesy down to the bookkeepers desk but he understood wordly necessities very well and he plunged into commercial calculations with the Italian The latter during this part of the business ex hibited such savage greed such an artless love of gain that he disgusted Charsky who hastened to take leave of him so that he might not lose altogether the feel ing of esstasy awakened within him by the brilliant improvisation. The preoccupied Italian did not observe this change, and he conducted Charsky into the cor-

ridor and out to the steps with profound bows and assurances of eternal gratitude A el b a ed Italian singer fl 1779 1849 EDITOR & NOTE

ECYPTIAN NIGHTS

The price of a ticket is 10 rubles the performance starts at seven o clock

Play bill

THE ballroom of Princess N- had been placed at the disposal of the improviser a platform had been erected and the chairs were arranged in twelve rows On the appointed day at seven o clock in the evenin, the room was illuminated at the door before a small table to sell and receive tickets sat a long nosed old woman in a gray hat with broken feathers and with rings on all her fingers Near the entrance to the house stood gendarmes

The public began to assemble Charsky was one of the first to arrive He had played a large part in ar ranging for the performance and wished to see the improviser in order to learn if he was satisfied with everything He found the Italian in a side room look ing at his watch with impatience. The improviser was attired in a theatrical costume. He was dressed in black from head to foot The lace collar of his shirt was thrown open his bare neck by its strange whiteness offered a striking contrast to his thick black beard his hair was combed forward and overshadowed his fore head and evebrows

All this was not very gratifying to Charsky who did not care to see a poet in the dress of a wandering jug gler After a short conversation he returned to the ball room which was now rapidly beginning to fill up Soon all the rows of seats were occupied by brilliant ladies the gentlemen crowded round the sides of the platform along the walls, and behind the chairs at the back the musicians, with their stands occupied two

886 PROSE

sides of the platform. In the middle upon a table stood a porcelain yase.

The audience was a large one Everybody awated the commencement with impatience. At last at half past seven the musicians made a stir, prepared their bows and played the overture from Tancredi All tool their places and became silent The last sounds of the overture ceased. The improviser welcomed by deafening appliause which rose from all sides ad vanced with profound bows to the very edge of the plutform.

Charsky waited with uneasiness to see whit would be the first impression created, but he perceived that the costume which had seemed to him so unseemly did not produce the same effect upon the audience even Charsky himself found nothing ridiculous in the Italian when he saw him upon the platform with his pale face brightly illuminated by a multitude of lamps and candles. The applause subsided the sound of voices ceased.

The Italian expressing limself in bad French re quested the gentlemen present to indicate some themse by writing them upon separate pieces of paper Ar this unexpected invitation all looked at one another in silence and nobody responded The Italian after wan ing a little while repeated his request in a timid and humble voice Charsky was standing right under the platform a feeling of uneasine's took possession of him he had a presentiment that the business would not be able to go on without him and that he would be compelled to write his theme Indeed several ladies turned their faces toward him and began to pronounce his name at first in a low tone then louder and louder Hearing his name the improviser sought him out with his eyes and perceiving him at his feet he handed him a bencial and a piece of paper with a frendly smile. To

play a role in this comedy seemed very disagreeable to Charsky but there was no help for it he took the pen cil and paper from the hands of the Italian and wrote some words The Italian taking the vase from the ta bl- descended from the platform and presented the urn to Charsky who dropped his theme into it His example produced an effect two journalists in their capacity as literary men considered it incumbent upon them to write each his theme the secretary of the Neapolitan embassy and a young diplomat recently re turned from a journey and in ecstasies over Florence, placed in the vase their folded papers. At last a very plain looking girl at the command of her mother with tears in her eyes wrote a few lines in Italian and blushing to the ears gave them to the improviser, the lades in the meantime r garding her in slence, with a scarcely perceptible smile Returning to the plat form the improviser placed the urn upon the table, and began to take out the papers one after the other reading each aloud

La famiglia des Cencs Lultimo giorno di Pompeia Cleopatr. e i s oi amanti La pri mavera seduto da i na frigione il trionfo di Tasso

What does the honorable company command? asked the Italian humbly Will it indicate it all one of the subjects proposed or l t the matter be decided by lot?

By lot! said a voice in the crowd By lot by lot! repeated the audience

The improviser again descended from the plat form holding the urn in his hands and easting an im ploring glance along the first row of chairs asked

Who will be kind enough to draw out the theme?
Not one of the brilliant ladies, who were sitting

there stirred The improviser not accustomed to

PROSE

888

Northern indifference was obviously in distress Suddenly he perceived on one side of the room a small white gloved hand held up he turned quickly and ad vanced toward a majestic young beauty, seated at the end of the second raw. She rose without the slightest embarrassment and with the greatest simplicity in the world plunged her aristocratic hand into the urn and drew out a rolled slip of paper

Will you please unfold it and read said the im

proviser to her

The young lady unrolled the paper and read aloud Cleopatra e i suoi amanti

These words were uttered in a low voice but such a complete silence reigned in the room that everybody heard them The improviser bowed profoundly to the young lady, with an air of the deepest gratitude and returned to his platform

Gentlemen said he turning to the audience the lot has indicated as the subject of improvisation Cleo patra and her lovers I humbly request the person who has chosen this theme to explain to me his idea what lovers are in question perché la grande regina aveva molto?

At these words, several gentlemen burst out laugh ing The improviser was somewhat embarrassed

I should like to know he conunued to what his torical topic does the person who has chosen this I should feel very grateful if this theme allude? person would kindly explain

Nobody hastened to reply Several ladies directed their glances toward the plain looking, girl who had written a theme at the command of her mother The poor gurl observed this hostile attention and became so embarrassed that the tears came into her eyes Charsky could not endure this and turning to the im r oviser he said to him in Italian

It was I who proposed the theme I had in view a passage in Aurelius Victor who alleges that Cleopatra named death as the price of her love and that there were found adorers whom such a condition neither frightened nor repelled It seems to me however, that the subject is somewhat difficuat Could you not choose another?

But the improviser already felt the approach of the god He gave a sign to the musicanis to play His face became terribly pale he trembled as if in a fever his eyes sparkled with a strange fire he pushed his dark hair off his forehead with his hand wiped his lofty brow covered with beads of perspiration with his handkerchef then suddenly stepped forward and folded his arms across his breast The music ceased The improvisation began

ascu The hiptovisation began

The palace shone Sweet songs resounded To lyree and futer. The daz-ling queen Bith soice and look inspired the fasters. And kindled the resplication scene Her skrone drew all mens hearts and glances But suddenly her ferror file. Pensue she held the golden goblet. And over the nike wondrows head.

The regal feast seems hushed in slumber The guests the choir are still But she Now lifts her head up to address them With an assured serenity

My lose brings bliss have you not sworn it? That bliss the man who wills may buy Attend me I shall make you cayad Bid if you done the boom am I Who starts the auctor sule of parson? I sell my lose but at a fee Who at the count of life until purchase

The guerdon of a night with me?

She spoke—and all are seized uith horror Each heart with pastion waxes bold Unmoved the hears the troubled murmur Her Jace 11 insolent and cold Her gave contemptiously circles The thronged admiters gathered there Now one step forth two others follow Who greatly love and greatly date As they approach her throne the ries— Their eyes are clear their step 11 free The bargain s sealed three nights are purchased And death will take the lowers three

And death will take the lovers three The hall is frozen into silence Still as a statue sits each guest As lots are drawn in slow succession From the dread urn the priests have blessed First Flavius face sternly chiseled Who in the legions had grown grizzled-Not readily the Roman bore Affront was life so dear a treasure? The cost he did not stop to measure Accepting as in time of war The challenge that was flung by pleasure Next Crito came a sage though young Born in the groves of Epicurus The Graces he had loved and sung And Aphrodite too and Eros The last who charmed both heart and eye Was like a flower scarce unfolded It was his lot to love and die Unknown alas his cheeks were shaded With tender down his eyes were bright With youthful ecstasy alight The violence of virgin passion Was surging in his boyish breast O- him the scornful queen permitted Briefly a grieving look to rest

EGYPTIAN NIGHTS

Ivou Mother of 10y to serve you And strangely since for man and boy I play the harlot and surrender Myself unto a purchased joy Then hear my tow great Aphrodite Kings of the nether regions hear You gods who govern dreadful Hades I tow-till dawn s first rays appear I shall delight my masters wholly And show them every shape of bliss That satisfies the lover's ardor With soft caress and curious kiss-Bt t when eternal Eos enters In morning purple then-1 tow-The lucky ones will preet the headsman And to he ax their necks will bow And lo! the fevered day has passed The volden horned moon is rising About the Alexandrian palace The tender shade of night 1 ca t Rare incense smoke the lamps burn softly The fountains play with sounds of mirth The darkness brings voluptuous coolness For those who shall be gods on earth Midst mariels of a queen's designing

In a luxurious dim room Behind the curtains purple gloom The aureate couch is softly shining

18351 [Published posthumously 1837]

POSTSCRIPT

THE TEXT

In the preparation of this volume the original Publish text followed has been that edited by B Tomashevsky and published in Leningrad in 1935 In the case of the postimuously published tale. Dubrowsky of which only a rough draft is extant a compromise was effected between the text as it appears in S A Vengerov's edition of Pushkins works (SF Petersburg 1910 v 4) and the more recent one made by Y G Oxman (v 4 of the nix volume edition of Pushkins works Moscow 1932) Ven serov's edition has also been relied upon for the final stanza of the poem which concludes Egyptian Nights

Maurice Baring's translation of I ve Lived To Bury My Destree first appeared in The Statemic and East European Renew London July 1935 Thomas B Shave vertican revised by the editor of The Lay of the Wise Oleg was published in Blackwood's Magarane Edin burgh 1835 v 35 Constance Garnett's translation of To The Poet was taken from The Nation London June 13 1908 The following lyrics are reprinted from Russon Poetry An Anthology chosen and translated by Babtetic Deutsch and Avrahm Yarmolinsky New York International Publishers A Nered The Coach of Life, For One Last Time "With Freedoms Seed The Prophet Message to Steine Gransland by May Fait."

For One Last Time. With Freedom's Seed The Prophet Message to Siberia (translated by Max East Minn) Three Springs Casual Gift Antiar Madonna Verses Written During. a Sleeples Night

Work Autumn The first three as well as Antuar have been slightly revised for the present volume Clover Elions translation of The Bronze Horseman and of "The Tale of the Pope and his Workman Balda"

originally appeared in The Slavonic Review London 1034 35 V 13 and were reprinted in his volume Verce from Pushkin and Others Edward Arnold & Co Lon don 1935 Alfred Hayes's version of Boris Godunov appeared in a volume published in London by Kegan Paul and in New York by Dutton The text has been revised for the present edition A F B Clark's transla tion of Mozart and Saliers first appeared in The Uni tersity of Toronto Quarterly July 1933 The translator wishes to express his indebtedness to Prof G R Noyes Dr Isabel MacInness Mr Jacob Biely and the editor of this volume for valuable corrections and emendations most of which have been incorporated in the text as reused for this volume T heane's translations of the stories (from The Pros Tales of Alexander Pushkin London) have been subjected to a thorough revision by the editor The verse in Egyptian Nights was translated by Babette Deutsch The present edition of Natalie Duddington s rendering of The Captain's Daughter differs from the earlier ones in that the so-called Omitted Chapter instead of being incorporated in the text is printed separately in order to give the reader the story a Pushkin himself pre pared it for the press In Chapter XIV a paragraph left out by the translator was restored to its proper place for the translation of this paragraph the editor alone is re sponsible

The editor wishes to thank the translators whose work appears in these pages particularly Babette Deutsch as well as Messrs Alfred Hayes and A. F. B. Clark

AY



Index of Titles

*** 1	PAGE
"Abandoning an Alien Country	7>
Arion	63
Autumn	78
Beneath Her Native Skies	60
Boris Godunov	332
Bronze Horseman The	9
Captain's Daughter The	599
Casual Gift	65
Coach of Life The	58
Covetous Knight The	412
Dubrovsky	78~
Egyptian Nights	876
Elegy	72
Epi_rams	59
Eugene Onegin	111
For One Last Time	74
Funeral Song	82
Gay Feast	53
Grapes	54 68
Here's Winter	68
I Loved You Once	6º
In Vain I Seek to Flee	86
"I ve Lived to Bury My Desires"	54
I Visited Again	83
Kırdjalı	590
Lay of the Wise Oleg The	55 67
Lovely Youth	67
Madonna	7 ² 6 ₅ 62
Man I Was of Old The"	6,
Message to Siberia	62
Mistress into Maid	530
Mozart and Salien	428
My Critic Rosy Gilled	72

895

To Chaadayev To N N

To the Poet

Undertaker The

Upas Tree The

When in My Arms

"When Lost in Thought Winter Evening "With Treedom's Seed Work

Unto Myself I Reared a Monument

Verses Winten Doring a Skepless Night

INDEX OF TITLES

PINE

52

71 501

85

66

74

778760 5976

	E TOE
Negro of Peter the Great, The	745
Nereid A	5.3
No Never Think	77
Old Man	51
On the Translation of the Iliad	75
Poltava	93 67
Portrait	67
Postmaster The	514
Prophet The	61
Pure Men and Women Too	86
Queen of Spades The	5,6
Remembrance	54 85
Secular Power	8>
Shot The	477 483
snowstorm The	
Stanzas	70
Stone Guest The	438
Tales of Belkin	467
Tale of the Pope and His Workman Balda The	315
Tale of the Golden Cockerel The	322
Three Springs	6.4
Ts Time My Friend	84
To Chaadayey	51

